Anxious Italy
Andre Vulliet, Post correspondent, reports increasing skepticism toward Ethiopian campaign. Page 7.

The Washington Post

The Weather
Today—Fair; slowly rising temperature.
Tomorrow—Cloudy; probably rain.
Yesterday—High, 31; low, 22.
Details on Page 16.

NO. 21,768 | Entered as Second-Class Matter, Postoffice, Washington, D. C. | WASHINGTON: TUESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1936 **** | Copyright, 1936, By The Washington Post | THREE CENTS

King George V Dead at 70 After Gallant Fight; Prince of Wales Ascends British Throne Today

Senate Votes Bonus, 74-16; Shows Power To Block Veto

House Expected to Act Tomorrow on Bill to Pay by Bonds.

Attempts to Alter Terms Are Beaten

Upper Chamber Sweeps Aside Foes; President Held 'Powerless.'

By Robert C. Albright.

Payment of the bonus in $50 Government bonds, immediately redeemable at full value in cash, yesterday was approved by an unprecedented Senate bonus majority, carrying sufficient strength to override a Presidential veto.

The final ballot was 74 to 16. Sixty-four votes is the maximum necessary to override a veto, if one is forthcoming. The bill was sent back to the House, which tomorrow is expected to toss overboard its own cash payment plan and accept the Senate substitute.

Organized veterans hailed the Senate action as virtually ending the 17-year struggle to prepay the bonus not legally due until 1945. Congressional leaders and veterans' spokesmen boldly asserted the measure will become law with or without the President's signature.

Changes Rulked.

Attempts of conservatives to moderate its provisions and a drive by expansionists to pay off the soldier "debt" in inflated currency were rejected with equal impartiality, as the Senate speeded the bill to passage in substantially the same form it was reported by committee.

Only two amendments were adopted, and these were sponsored by Senator Pat Harrison, of Mississippi, who was in charge of the measure. They were:

A penalty provision imposing a maximum fine of $1,000 or five years in jail for fraud in obtaining the bonus.

A requirement that the "baby" bonus bonds be in only $50 denominations, instead of "$50 and multiples thereof."

In the end, 55 Democrats, including all Administration leaders, joined with 16 Republicans, 2 Farmer Laborites and 1 Progressive in support of the completed bill, with only 9 Democrats and 7 Republicans voting "No."

Briefly, the bill provides for payment of the bonus in non-negotiable bonds dated June 15, 1936, which would be non-transferable, non-assignable and not subject to attachment, levy or seizure.

Interest Is "Inducement."

These could be cashed on demand through the Federal Government at some designated place, probably the local postoffice, but veterans would be encouraged to hold the bonds by a 3 per cent interest rate, payable to the date of redemption. No interest would be paid to veterans who cashed their bonds the first year.

As of September 30, 1931, unpaid interest accruing to the Government on loans to veterans, amounting to some $263,000,000, would be cancelled.

For the second time in three days, the currency inflation issue bobbed up in midafternoon and again was overwhelmingly sidetracked. Senator Matthew Neely (Democrat), of West Virginia, proposed an amendment embodying the familiar Patman greenback plan as a means of financing the bonus. Senators crushed it under a 65-to-23 roll-call vote. An alternative inflation plan proposed Saturday by Senator Elmer Thomas (Democrat), Oklahoma, was turned down, 64 to 27.

An amendment by Senator William H. King (Democrat), of Utah, to save the Government an esti-

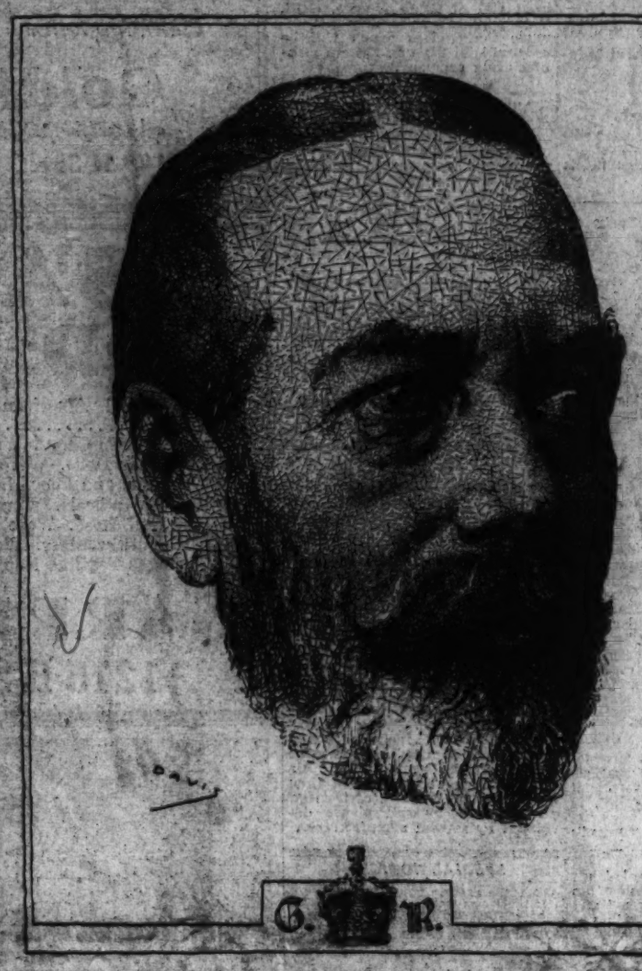
Continued on Page 4, Column 6.

How Can Traffic Deaths Be Reduced?

Last year 36,400 persons were killed by automobile accidents in the United States. No one seems to know how to reduce this toll. But next Sunday a Nation-wide poll will reveal which preventive measures the American people believe would help most. Exclusively in

The Washington Post

'The King Is Dead' — *'Long Live the King'*



GEORGE V, 1910-1936.

Drawing by Herndon Davis, Post Staff.

EDWARD VIII, 1936—

Mystery Man, Woman Heard Under Guard at Wilson Inquiry

Nine Witnesses Testify as Officers, Armed With Rifles, Balk Gangland Vengeance; County Seeks to Hang Four in Slaying.

By Frederick B. Tuttle,
A Staff Correspondent.

Rockville, Md., Jan. 20.—A man and a woman, both held in police custody in Washington as material witnesses in the "mistaken identity" murder of Allan B. Wilson, newspaper route carrier, October 23, 1934, appeared before the Montgomery County grand jury here today and told what they knew of the brutal slaying, which started the District's war on organized gambling.

The two are regarded as key witnesses in the case, it was learned tonight. Identities of both remained veiled, as have the rest of the proceedings of the special venire.

By their testimony and the testimony of ten other witnesses the county hopes to indict four men, already under arrest, for the murder, which occurred in front of the home of Edward (Mickey) McDonald, "big shot" gambler, in Takoma Park more than a year ago.

Convenes Under Armed Guard.

The grand jury convened this morning under an armed guard. Equipped with high-powered rifles and revolvers, county officers guarded the third floor of the courthouse. Every precaution has been taken to prevent gangland from trying to protect its own—either by threats of harm to the witnesses or by attempts to quiet their tongues and tinge their testimony.

Among the witnesses this afternoon was believed to have been Dewey Jenkins, small shot in the gambling world howitzers. He also was regarded as a key witness.

Detective Sergt. Earl Hartman, of the Washington police, was in the grand jury room when recess was taken for the night. It is believed he will resume his testimony tomorrow morning.

Hartman was a member of the special Wilson squad which has been working on the case ever

Continued on Page 5, Column 3.

Supreme Court Orders Return Of AAA Taxes

Ruling Makes Its Previous Decision Effective Immediately.

Swiftly rejecting a Government move for rehearing of the now famous rice millers' processing tax case, the Supreme Court yesterday, with unexpected finality, struck again at the New Deal farm plans by ordering into immediate effect its AAA and rice millers' rulings.

The unheralded action came more than two hours after the court was believed to have adjourned for a two-week recess. By so doing it released to the processors some $180,000,000 in impounded processing taxes, and shut the door to further hearing of farm-tax arguments.

A second move by the Government—to dismiss a Bankhead cotton act invalidation suit by Gov. Eugene Talmadge and the State of Georgia—met with gentler treatment. The court set February 4 for arguments on this motion.

Curious throngs which gathered in the new court structure, expecting a ruling on TVA validity, left disappointed. It is possible for the court to rule on this Tennessee Valley power issue when it reconvenes in a fortnight.

Before the justices assembled at noon yesterday, Solicitor General Stanley Reed filed his surprise Government petitions with the court, asking another opportunity to state the New Deal's case in opposition to release of impounded process taxes.

Denying any court's right to restrain tax assessments, he asserted such a move "would destroy essential safeguards to the orderly and uninterrupted collection of all Federal taxes and imperil the normal functioning of government."

Reed said his petition was filed in good faith and not for purposes of delay. He asked that the petition be granted, the mandate stayed and a lower court decree denying the rice millers' injunction be affirmed.

This the court, in its unannounced

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

D.C. Committee Of House Gets Bill for Racing

Hearings Likely Soon on Norton Measure Setting Up Board of Three.

The Norton horse racing bill was introduced in the House yesterday and immediately referred to the House District Committee, of which its author, Representative Mary T. Norton (Democrat), of New Jersey, is chairman.

Hearings probably will be held by a sub-committee in the near future, after which the bill is expected to be reported favorably. While facing a sympathetic or indifferent House, the measure already has aroused serious opposition in the Senate.

A similar bill passed the House two years ago, only to be blocked in the Senate by Senator Arthur Capper (Republican), of Kansas. His position is now supported by Chairman King, of the Senate District Committee, and Senators Gore (Democrat), of Oklahoma, and Tydings (Democrat), of Maryland.

The major provisions of the bill are:

It creates a District racing board to be composed of three members, appointed by the District Commissioners. The board members will be paid salaries of $2,000 each and be named for terms of three years.

The board members must post bonds of $50,000 each with the Commissioners and may be removed by the District heads after full hearing "for neglect of duty or any other just cause."

The way is paved for the establishment of a track at the old Benning track by a provision which states that the act for the widening of Benning road shall not apply to any person who is licensed to conduct horse racing on the pari-mutuel system in the District.

Applications for licenses to operate a pari-mutuel track in the District must be made to the board,

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

Workers Dig in Tons of Debris To Rescue 8 in Blasted Mine

By the Associated Press.

Lafayette, Colo., Jan. 20.—Rescue workers tore doggedly at tons of debris in the Monarch Coal Mine tonight where eight miners were entombed by a mysterious blast a mile below the surface.

"As far as we could see, the whole place down there is wrecked," Deputy Coal Mining Inspector J. W. Graham told distracted wives and children of the trapped men after a trip down the main shaft. The families kept in anxious vigil at the mine entrance.

The explosion occurred at 6:30 a. m. Rescue crews were without a hint as to the fate of the men. Hope was maintained because of the continued operation of the mine's ventilating system. It was impossible to determine, however, whether the air was reaching the entombed miners.

Six of the eight were working on fire walls, concrete slabs cemented against a part of the mine where a fire has been burning for years, the other two were mining.

"I don't know what happened," said William Jenkins, who, with Nick Delpizzo, escaped from the shaft after a explosion. "I just heard a big blast that shook me and I ran for the shaft."

Sheriff George Richart, of Boulder, said it would be hours before

Continued on Page 14, Column 3.

Privy Council Will Proclaim Edward King of Britain Today

War's Slaughter and Ruin Made a Man of New Sovereign, Who 'Could Walk With Kings Nor Lose the Common Touch.'

By the United Press.

London (Tuesday), Jan. 21.—With the last heartbeat of George V., a 41-year-old bachelor became "Edward VIII, King of England, Ireland and the British Dominions Beyond the Sea, Defender of the Faith and Emperor of India."

The Prince of Wales stepped into the role that destiny and birth had designed for him.

The Prince will formally be proclaimed King at a meeting of the Privy Council at 4 p. m. today, according to present arrangements.

He is the most popular man among the 500,000,000 persons who swear allegiance to the British flag. In the words of another great Briton, the late Rudyard Kipling, Edward of Wales "could walk with kings nor lose the common touch," and it is that attribute that endears him to his subjects.

Before the World War he was a high-spirited boy who made the world his playground, moving through Europe and the Americas as a pleasure-loving youth without a care in the world. The sight of slaughter and ruin on the Western Front made a man out of Edward of Wales, and after the war he began to live up to the motto on his crest: "I serve."

If Kipling was the poet of the empire, Edward of Wales was its salesman. Economists say he did more than any other Briton to bring the empire back from the brink of the world's worst depression. He toured everywhere, preaching the gospel of "Buy British" and laying a path

Continued on Page 7, Column 7.

Roosevelt Feels 'Deep Sorrow;' Cables Edward

Hull to Make Calls Today at Mourning Embassy, Legations Here.

President Roosevelt last night sent a cablegram to Great Britain's new sovereign, King Edward VIII, expressing the "deep sorrow" of himself and the American people over the death of King George.

He also sent a message of sympathy to Queen Mary.

Mrs. Roosevelt was preparing to go to the National Theater when news of King George's death was received at the White House. She canceled the engagement.

It was announced at the White House that the annual reception to Congress, scheduled for Thursday evening, had been postponed out of respect to the memory of King George.

The British Embassy and the legations of Britain's dominions canceled all social engagements, official and unofficial. Diplomats of some other countries did likewise. Those of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics decided to forego attendance at last night's Bal Boheme.

Hull to Make Calls.

Secretary of State Cordell Hull this morning will call at the British Embassy, the Canadian Legation, the Legation of the Irish Free State and the Legation of the Union of South Africa to express sympathy on behalf of the President, the Government and the people of the United States.

President Roosevelt is expected to name a "special ambassador" to attend the funeral of King George. When King Edward VII was buried in May, 1910, former President Theodore Roosevelt, then on a visit to Europe, was designated special ambassador by President William Howard Taft.

The President's message to Brit-

Continued on Page 8, Column 5.

Articles on the life of King George, pictorial highlights of his career and a sketch of the Prince of Wales appear on pages 7, 8, 9 and 10.

Empire Hushed At Tragic News; End Is Peaceful

Queen Weeps With Sons and Daughter at Bedside as Bronchial Illness Takes Life of Kindly Monarch.

LAST WISH GRANTED AS DEATH COMES AT SANDRINGHAM HOUSE

Night Clubs Emptied, Cannon Boom, Cathedral Bells Toll Throughout Night; Radios Flash News, Quit.

Copyright, 1936, by the United Press.

Sandringham House, Norfolk, England (Tuesday), Jan. 21. King George V, British sovereign for 25 years, died peacefully at his beloved country seat here last night at 11:55 (6:55 p. m. E. S. T.). He was 70 years old.

Preparations were made immediately to proclaim his eldest son, the Prince of Wales, his successor on the throne as King Edward VIII.

Shortly before midnight his physicians observed that the King's gallant fight against bronchial catarrh and a weakening heart had ended and that the monarch was about to die. With sad eyes, Lord Dawson of Penn, the King's physician since 1907, and his associates stood looking down on the tired, frail figure of the king.

Then they summoned to the bedside Queen Mary, the Prince of Wales and other members of the royal family from an adjoining room. Together they walked into the King's room and stood at his bedside. Death came peacefully a few moments later.

Was in Coma for Hours.

The King, in a deep coma for hours, did not regain consciousness.

The King was not in pain as he died.

The Queen stood beside the bed, a regal figure, with the family, as the King breathed his last. Tears welled in her eyes.

The end came so peacefully they were unaware the King was dead until one of the doctors informed them. The Queen turned to the Prince of Wales—the new King—and he affectionately embraced her. The family then withdrew, comforting each other.

Just as they reached the door the Queen halted and glanced back at the still, small figure on the great four-poster bed.

Prime Minister Stanley Baldwin, informed of the death a few minutes after midnight, immediately instructed his secretary to prepare notices summoning both houses of Parliament to convene at 6 p. m. today. Baldwin and four high government officials had awaited news of the King's death at his official residence, No. 10 Downing street.

Under the reform act Parliament does not dissolve and the ministers remain in office. If Parliament follows precedent the House of Commons will pass a motion conveying felicitations to the new King, along with condolences on the death of his father.

King's Third Son Also Ill.

News of the King's death was conveyed to the Duke of Gloucester, the King's third son, ill at Buckingham Palace; the Duke of Connaught, the Duchess of York and to foreign courts and ministers.

A bulletin was telephoned from Sandringham House to the press, gathered at nearby Feathers Inn, and distributed to newspapermen. A few minutes later a death notice was posted at the gates of Sandringham.

The British Broadcasting Co. broadcast the news on a hook-up to all parts of the far-flung empire as Big Ben struck 12:15 a. m.

"It is with great sorrow we make the announcement that His Majesty the King passed away a few minutes before midnight," the announcement stated. "He whom we loved as king has passed from our midst. We hasten to express to Her Majesty the Queen and members of the royal family our love and, with members of the empire, our deep-felt loyalty."

The announcer added that the station, in common with all in England, was closing down for the night.

Cannon were fired from St. James Park and the Tower of London announcing the death. The announcement was read in London night clubs, theaters and restaurants, where orchestras played the national anthem and the crowds dispersed.

Wanted to Die at Sandringham.

The King's last wish was granted. He always hoped his last hours would be spent at his beloved Sandringham. He loved the quiet peace of his country seat, the spacious halls and rooms, the beauty of the flowered gardens, the broad acres of parkland studded with magnificent trees, and the stately lawns.

It was here at the residence that he called home where the cares of state were put away on all holidays. It was also where his gentle mother, Queen Alexandra, died.

It was at Sandringham the King always spent Christmas with his family. As the recent new year dawned with a promise of increasing prosperity for the people whose

Continued on Page 8, Column 1.

Proclamation of Accession

By the Associated Press.

London, Jan. 21 (Tuesday).—A 216-word proclamation of accession of Britain's new King will be drawn up at a meeting of the new sovereign with the privy council, when the title he selects will be made known officially.

The text of the proclamation follows:

"Whereas it has pleased Almighty God to call to His mercy our late sovereign and lord, King George V, of blessed and glorious memory, by whose decease the imperial crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland solely and rightfully has come to the high and mighty Prince Edward Albert Christian George Andrew Patrick David;

"We, therefore, the lords spiritual and temporal of this realm being here assisted with these of his late majesty's privy council, with the members and other principal gentlemen of quality, with the lord mayor, aldermen and citizens of London, do now hereby with one voice and consent of tongue and heart, publish and proclaim that the high and mighty Prince Edward Albert Christian George Andrew Patrick David is now, by the death of our late sovereign, of happy memory, become our only lawful rightful liege, Lord Edward VIII, by the grace of God, King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the British dominions beyond the seas, defender of the faith, Emperor of India;

"To whom we do acknowledge all faith and constant obedience with all hearty and humble affection, beseeching God, by whom kings and queens do reign, to bless the royal Prince Edward VIII with long and happy years to reign over us."

Today's Index

	Pages
Classified Advertisements	21, 22
Comics	23
Culbertson on Bridge	13
Editorials	8
Federal Diary	12
Financial News	19, 20, 21
Food News	11
On the Hustings	2
Pegler	7
Picture Page	9
Povich	17
Radio Time Table	13
Schriftgiesser	7
Society News	14
Sports	17, 18
Stage and Screen	16
Woman's Page	15

Hull Acts to End Further Expose Of State Papers

Issues Veiled Warning, Evidently Aimed at Munitions Committee.

By Felix Bruner.

Secretary Hull yesterday issued a veiled warning, obviously directed to the Senate Munitions Committee, that the State Department expects confidential documents turned over to Congressional committees to be kept confidential.

Chairman Nye (Republican), North Dakota, who is directing the affairs of the committee, replied with a statement that members and employes of the committee have "turned in" their copies of the "memorandum not released by the State Department."

While both statements carefully avoided revealing just what memorandum or document was referred to, it was understood that reference was made to a memorandum filed with the State Department shortly after the United States entered the World War by Arthur Balfour, who headed a British mission to this country. The memorandum is understood to reveal some details of secret treaties entered into by the Allies.

Denies Exhibiting Document.

The document was turned over to the Nye committee with the understanding that its contents not be made public. Repeated reference has been made to the memorandum by Nye and others, but Nye said emphatically that "no newspaper has seen a coup of this document." Nye also denied reports that the State Department had asked for its return, but he added that all documents not released in the near future would be returned to the department.

Nye Faces Funds Fight.

Meanwhile, Nye was making plans for a battle for more funds to continue the hearing and to make a final report. The committee, divided among themselves on the advisability of going on, will meet tomorrow. Nye also revealed that the committee already is in debt. Some employes and stenographers who have been reporting the proceedings have not been paid for January. Nevertheless, the chairman said, the hearings can be completed and the report written for less than $10,000.

Nye said that he had received hundreds of letters of encouragement and support from all over the country since leading members of the Senate began expressing their opposition to the tactics of the committee in "smearing" war-time officials. The Senator added that the committee could not accept the offer of the Rev. Father Charles F. Coughlin to finance its investigation.

Assuming that a majority of the Munitions Committee agrees to ask for a further appropriation, the request is expected to be made Thursday. This request is expected to precipitate another battle over committee tactics.

Nye officially announced yesterday that hearings had been suspended and made public a list of witnesses who had been requested to appear, but whose appearances have been at last temporarily called off. Among them are partners of J. P. Morgan & Co., who were to have resumed their testimony Thursday.

Those on Witness List.

The list of organizations and individuals Nye hoped to call follows: Colt's Patent Firearms Co.; Charles G. Spencer, chief of the Bureau of Valuation of the Interstate Commerce Commission; the Navy League, the Army Ordnance Association, Samuel Gordon Green, Cherrydale, Va.; William Ray Baldwin, president and director of Automatic Guns, Inc.; Cortland Gross, New York representative of the Lockheed Aircraft Co.; Carter Tiffany, New York; James F. Murray, representative of the Boeing Aircraft Co.; J. Carson Adkerson, of the American Manganese Association; the Sperry Gyroscope Co.; Fred I. Kent, New York; Russell Leffingwell, New York; J. P. Morgan, New York; Thomas W. Lamont, New York; Albert Rathbone, New York; George Whitney, New York; Eugene Grace, president of the Bethlehem Steel Co.; H. L. Frevert, of the Midvale Steel Co., and Benjamin F. Fairless, of the Carnegie Illinois Steel Co.

The State Department undertakes to co-operate with Congressional committees to the fullest extent possible," Secretary Hull said in his statement.

Cannot Reveal Secrets.

"Among the important documents coming into the files of the State Department from time to time are confidential communications from other governments which in many instances contain subject matter of vital concern to third governments. It is manifest, therefore, that this Government cannot undertake to make public confidential communications without the permission of the Government which reposed confidence in this Government.

"It is important that this long established rule of universal application among civilized nations should be observed if we are to have the respect and confidence of other governments, so essential to the conduct of international relations. The department has steadily observed this rule in its co-operations with Congressional committees. The department has scrupulously kept faith with foreign governments and in its co-operation with Congressional committees has necessarily trusted and relied upon such committees to, in turn, keep faith with the department.

"The extent to which the State Department can thus co-operate with Congressional committees must depend upon the extent to which such committees co-operate with the State Department."

Nye's statement said:

"I wish to state most emphatically that every Senator on the committee and every member on the staff has turned in to the committee his confidential copy of the memorandum not released by the State Department. It has been the intention of the committee to turn back to the State Department all the documents not released to the committee and these are now being assembled for that purpose.

"No newspaper has seen a copy of this document.

"The State Department has not asked for the return of the documents, but will receive all these not released in the near future."

On the Hustings

Democratic Chiefs Unconcerned at Split in 3 States; Disaffection in West Worries Them.

STRANGELY enough, the National Democratic managers are less concerned over President Roosevelt's prospects in three States where the rebel yells within the party are loudest than in some other parts of the country where the dissatisfied Democrats have been comparatively inarticulate.

The loudest Democratic cries recently against the New Deal have come from Louisiana, which holds a primary election today; Georgia, whose Democratic Governor is trying to organize the South against President Roosevelt, and California, where Upton Sinclair's EPIC followers want the Democrats nationally to embrace their "production-for-use" theory.

* * * *

The Louisiana primary contest, being held for the selection of Democratic candidates for State and Congressional offices, has been fought over the New Deal. Followers of the late Huey P. Long have been bitter in their denunciation of President Roosevelt and the New Deal, while the old anti-Long faction has taken the other side of the question.

It is generally believed here, even among Administration leaders, that the Long faction will win this battle—but it is whispered Democratic National Chairman James A. Farley confidently expects he will be able to make peace with the Long leaders before the time arrives for the selection of delegates to the Philadelphia convention.

The spirit of Huey Long and his "every man a king" slogan dominates the Louisiana fight. Reports from New Orleans are to the effect that many voters believe this literally, as well as figuratively, since a phonographic reproduction of a speech made by "the Kingfish" before his death was broadcast by radio a few days ago. Rumors are said to be current in Louisiana bayous that it was Huey speaking from heaven.

* * * *

There is nothing ethereal, however about the campaign which Gov. Eugene Talmadge is waging against President Roosevelt in Georgia. Chewing a thick, black cigar, and occasionally giving a hitch to his red galluses, Georgia's chief executive is working day and night to make successful his grass roots convention of Southern Jeffersonian Democrats at Macon on January 29.

The Georgia situation also differs from that in Louisiana in that the Roosevelt Administration has abandoned all efforts to reconcile Gov. Talmadge to the New Deal. Instead they propose to fight him tooth and nail. The first New Deal shot at him was the unusual action of "Jim" Farley in naming Wiley Moore, Atlanta oil man, to take charge of the Roosevelt campaign in Georgia. But the fine hand of Gov. Talmadge is seen here in the subsequent declination by Mr. Moore of the appointment, after it had been understood he would accept. Mr. Moore, formerly on the Governor's staff, pleaded the illness of his wife as an excuse. The Georgia delegation in Congress will meet today to recommend someone else to manage the Roosevelt campaign in their State.

Californians who march under the Upton Sinclair banner feel friendly enough toward President Roosevelt—so far—but they want him to adopt their "production-for-use" program. As a step toward that goal they decided in convention over the week-end to issue an ultimatum to the President to select by February 10 a slate of delegates to the national convention containing a majority committed to the EPIC plan.

If he does, Mr. Roosevelt's action will be taken as an indorsement of the Sinclair scheme—if he does not, the EPIC followers will put a slate of their own in the field. In the latter eventuality, it is reported, admirers of Alfred E. Smith may back a delegation committed to him, hoping to slip through with victory as the Sinclair organization battles away with the followers of Senator William Gibbs McAdoo and George Creel. In an effort to escape from the horns of this dilemma, the President has summoned here Democratic State Chairman Culbert L. Olson, a Sinclair man.

* * * *

One might suppose Mr. Roosevelt's managers would be greatly concerned about these disruptions to Democratic harmony. But they are not. They contend that whatever happens Mr. Roosevelt will carry California, Georgia and Louisiana. They contend that their private polls and reports indicate that in those States the New Deal is as strong as ever and they point to results recently published of several nation-wide polls to substantiate them.

The America Speaks poll in The Washington Post on Sunday, for instance, showed all three States safely in the Democratic column. In California, 58 per cent of those participating in the poll favored President Roosevelt for re-election; in Louisiana, 80 per cent, and in Georgia, 83 per cent. Among those three States, it is contended, the President has lost more ground in Louisiana than in the other two—and that State is regarded as safely Democratic this year.

* * * *

The Democratic managers, however, are somewhat perplexed over the falling-off of Roosevelt popularity in the bloc of so-called progressive States comprising Minnesota, Wisconsin and the two Dakotas. One explanation offered was that perhaps the progressives do not believe the President is as progressive as he should be. A rejoinder to that was that no progressive can ever be convinced that anyone is as progressive as he is.

Roosevelt Calls Meeting Today On Farm Bill

Glass Says Senate Rules Must Be Suspended to Attach Rider.

President Roosevelt last night called a conference of his advisers for today at 2 p. m. at the White House, apparently a final meeting to perfect the Administration's new stopgap farm program before legislation is sent along the Congressional road to enactment.

Agreement is not yet complete, it was authoritatively reported, on a number of details of the program to replace the AAA temporarily. Those invited include Secretary Wallace of Agriculture, Secretary Morgenthau of the Treasury; Attorney General Cummings, Speaker Byrns, Senator Robinson, Arkansas, Democrat and majority Senate leader; AAA Administrator Chester Davis, Solicitor General Stanley Reed, Mastin G. White, Agriculture Department solicitor; Senator Ellison D. Smith, chairman of the Senate Agriculture Committee, South Carolina, Democrat; Representative Marvin Jones, chairman of the House Agriculture Committee, Texas, Democrat, and Senator John H. Bankhead, Alabama, Democrat.

Inadmissible, Glass Says.

An unexpected obstacle was placed yesterday in the path of the legislation when Senator Carter Glass served notice that the soil conservation act amendment which Senator Bankhead plans to introduce tomorrow as a rider on the independent offices appropriations bill will be "inadmissible" unless the Senate rules are suspended—a process requiring a two-thirds vote.

Senator Glass, who is chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee, said:

"If the amendment is legislative, of course, it's inadmissible on an appropriations bill unless he comes in and moves to suspend the rules—which requires a two-thirds vote."

Bankhead, Jones Confer.

This technical obstacle came just as the Administration legislation to provide a substitute for AAA had been submitted to a few last-minute revisions and before being introduced.

Senator Bankhead, chairman of the Senate Agriculture Committee, and Representative Marvin Jones (Democrat), Texas, chairman of the House Agriculture Committee, both of whom have attended recent White House conferences to arrange the Administration program, met yesterday morning to confer on details of respective bills they plan to introduce tomorrow.

Representative Jones said the bills are "much the same," although his bill includes a provision for use of the domestic allotment plan, in which farmers are paid a premium on the domestically consumed portion of their crops.

Both Senator Bankhead and Representative Jones plan amending the soil conservation act of 1935 to allow Federal funds to be paid to farmers on land rentals and for soil conservation.

The point raised by Senator Glass may prove a serious hadicap to enactment of the Bankhead bill. The Administration strategy had, apparently been to push the program through as a legislative rider on the independent office appropriation bill in order to meet Secretary of Agriculture Wallace's February 15 deadline and to avoid the long delays incident to formal drafting and enactment of a permanent program, which is to come later.

Third Deficiency Suggested.

Speaker Byrns said yesterday he thought a more appropriate vehicle for the rider might be the deficiency bill coming up in the House tomorrow. Such details may be considered at the White House conference today, it was believed.

Plans to finance the substitute AAA program were yet shadowy in the background, with most estimates of the 1936 cost of a Soil Conservation program ranging around $450,000,000.

Serious study was begun at the Justice Department yesterday of proposals originating with Senator Bankhead to re-enact the AAA's processing taxes retroactively to prevent the Government's losing the $1,200,000,000 of taxes levied under the AAA and to adjust inequities resulting to some processors who absorbed processing taxes themselves while others passed the taxes on to the consumer.

Edward A. O'Neal, American Farm Bureau Federation president, said yesterday hundreds of requests have come to him to prevent processors "who passed the taxes on" from "making a raid on the Treasury."

Criticism of the entire New Deal farm aid came last night from a Republican Presidential possibility, Senator L. J. Dickinson, of Iowa, who charged that "the only definite conclusion" of the Roosevelt Administration since the Supreme Court's adverse AAA decision was a determination to continue subsidizing farmers until after the election. He outlined his own program, one not to include "political miracles," of six points, including:

1. Elimination of contradictory policies, such as limiting crop production while subsidizing competition by opening vast new public domain tracts.

Urges Co-operation.

2. A return to Federal assistance in developing co-operative production and marketing organizations and an end of attempts at "artificial bureaucratic regulation relating to crop limitation."

3. Fulfillment of the Government's moral obligation to farmer-signers of 1935 AAA contracts.

4. Retirement of marginal lands from cultivation, substitution of an "intelligent land use program" and stimulation of crop diversification in order to stabilize production.

5. Restoration of farm markets, allocating part of import duties to this purpose.

6. A stabilized currency and a fixed tariff policy with reciprocal trade agreements repealed, especially those lowering import duties on farm products.

In Congress

YESTERDAY

Senate.

Met at noon and recessed at 3:25 p. m. until noon tomorrow.

Passed "baby" bond payment bonus bill, 74 to 16; next move up to House, which tomorrow can accept or reject Senate substitute.

Nye munitions committee receives warning from State Department to keep confidential state documents confidential.

Senator Bankhead (Democrat), of Alabama, delays presentation of "Administration" farm plan.

House.

Met at noon and adjourned at 3:15 p. m. until noon today.

Considered consent calendar.

Appropriations Committee considered deficiency appropriation bill.

Chairman Jones of House Agriculture Committee conferred on substitute plan for AAA.

TODAY.

Senate.

Not in session.

Banking and Currency Committee meets.

Senator Bankhead expected to introduce new AAA bill.

House.

Meets at noon.

Considers private calendar.

Labor sub-committee resumes silicosis investigation.

Appropriations Committee meets on deficiency bill.

Navy Buys 114 Bomb Planes For $3,636,000

Program to Double Air Force in Six Years Is Pushed.

Pushing forward with a program to double the Navy's air power in the next six years, Secretary Swanson yesterday announced the purchase of a fleet of 114 dive bombing planes.

Constructed as monoplanes, the new ships are equipped to carry on bombing or can be used for the release of torpedoes. They will replace obsolete equipment now being flown from the decks of present carriers and to build up the flying units on the Yorktown and Enterprise when these vessels are completed and added to the fleet.

The ships will cost $3,636,000 and will be built by the Douglas Aircraft Co., of Santa Monica, Calif. This purchase price does not include the engines which will be ordered later from an Eastern manufacturing company.

No Details Offered.

Although officials of the Bureau of Aeronautics refused to give out details concerning the performance of the planes, it was stated that the new torpedo bomber "is a new type of low-wing monoplane construction. It will have markedly greater speed, considerably greater range, as well as many other improved characteristics of performance over previous types of this class used on carriers," it was added.

In winning the competition for the big order, the Douglas bomber was judged superior in design, flight performance and in price features.

Equipped with a single engine, the new plane is reported to have a speed of 200 miles an hour. A crew of three men is carried in the new ship.

Yesterday's order marked the biggest step taken in months to build up the naval aviation units to a total of 1,910 planes as allowed under present treaties.

Bureau of Aeronautics officials estimate that if funds are provided it will take "roughly six more years to accomplish this."

At the present time the Navy has about 1,000 planes in service with 472 on order, not counting the fleet ordered yesterday. Manufacturers now are delivering six ships a week to naval aviation units.

The expansion of the Navy's flying units comes less than a month after Assistant Secretary of War Woodring announced the purchase of 218 planes for the General Headquarters Air Force. These will cost about $12,000,000, including spare parts. More Army planes are to be ordered in the near future. Air Corps officers at the present time are conducting a series of tests on a number of pursuit planes developed by several manufacturers.

Report of Flares Raises Hope for Missing Flier

Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 20 (AP).—A report today that flares were seen last night south of Granger, Wyo., raised hopes that Howard Stark, Department of Commerce flier, was still alive. He has been missing since Thursday when he took off from Rock Springs for Salt Lake.

Checking the flares report, Fred Greime, another department representative, dispatched searchers on horseback to Granger.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SPECIAL RETURN-LOAD RATES ON full and part loads to all points within 1,000 miles; padded vans; guar. service. local moving also. Phone NA. 1455. NAT'L. DEL. ASSO., INC., 731V N. Y. ave.

SUCCESS COMES MUCH EASIER

When you are BOYD Trained. Beginners' and Review Courses in Secretarial, Office Machine and Jr. Accounting. New Classes now forming. Inquire BOYD BUSINESS UNIVERSITY, 1333 F St.; NAt. 2338.

STATEMENT.

We, the Vice President and a majority of the Board of Trustees of the

United States Corporation Company

Of the District of Columbia, do hereby certify that the authorized capital stock of said company is $1,000.00, of which $1,000 has been paid in, and that there are no debts of said company.

ARTHUR W. BRITTON, Vice President.
SIDNEY A. ANDERSON,
RICHARD A. FORD,
Trustees.

I, ARTHUR W. BRITTON, Vice President and Secretary of the United States Corporation Company, of the District of Columbia, do hereby swear that the facts stated in the above certificate are true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ARTHUR W. BRITTON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 6th day of January, A. D. 1936.

EDWARD S. WILLIAMS,
Notary public for the State of New York. Kings Co. Clk's No. 486. Rec. No. 7203. New York Co. Clk's No. 537. Reg. No. 7-W-354. Commission expires March 30, 1937.

CRUISE CLOTHES

Customized by

Hickey-Freeman

Dawn Grey Tuxedo

On the promenade deck at sea, or on the dance floor of a Florida hotel, the new dawn grey double-breasted Tuxedo Jacket with black trousers, will have a prominent place this winter season.

$65

Correct, New Accessories for Southern Evening Wear

Goldheim's

Apparel for Gentlemen... Established 1875

1409 H Street NAtional 1409

SALE
ODD LOTS

All Lionel and American Flyer Electric Trains ..... 33 1-3% off
49 Ladies' Rain Capes. Were $1.00 ..... 59c each
102 Character Dolls. Were $1.00 ..... 69c each
52 Wahl Pen and Pencil Sets. Were $1.95 .. $1.45 each
9 Roulette Wheels. Were $3.00 ..... $1.50 each
24 Pair Golf Hose. Were 95c ..... 69c pair
60 All Wool Sweaters. Were $4.75 ..... $2.79 each
420 Packages Teatime Napkins. 50 in pkg. 6 pkgs., 25c

GARRISON'S
1215 E St. N.W.

Get Your MAN - *tailored Suit* NOW

—The newest, smartest "steal" from men! Meticulously tailored suits of flannels, gabardine and menswear fabrics with the very new Amazonian shoulders, softly rolled lapels and plain, pleated or gusset backs. Wear them under your sports or fur coat now . . . later on, you'll fairly live in them. Gray, navy, oxford, gray-blue and brown. Sizes 14 to 20.

$16.95 and $19.75

Suits—Second Floor

Kann's

Senator Junior

You Are Criticized By the Clothes You Wear, Favorably So If They Bear The FREENY Label

Have your measure taken today for a Suit, Topcoat and Overcoat, individually tailored to your order in our JANUARY 1-3 OFF sale

ALL OF OUR FALL AND WINTER SUITS, TOP COATS, OVERCOATS, TAIL COATS, TUXEDOS AND CUTAWAY FROCKS ARE NOW REDUCED AS FOLLOWS:

	$40.00 suits and coatings	$26.67	
	$42.50 suits and coatings	$28.34	100%
	$47.50 suits and coatings	$31.67	Values
1/3	$57.50 suits and coatings	$38.34	at
OFF	$77.50 suits and coatings	$51.67	33 1-3%
	$87.50 suits and coatings	$58.34	
	$100.00 suits and coatings	$66.67	Dis.
	$125.00 suits and coatings	$83.34	

NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS. NO ALTERATIONS TO CHARGE FOR FREENY'S CLOTHES ARE CUSTOM TAILORED TO YOUR PERSONAL ORDER. THEY FIT.

We service all clothes bearing the Freeny label; call for, hand press and deliver FREE OF CHARGE. This service our customers have enjoyed for 27 years.

FREENY'S, INC.

1006 Connecticut Avenue, near K

Tailors and Direct Importers of Exclusive Woolens

Graduate

In One of These Lovely White Crepe Frocks

$5.95 and $7.95

—For that "thrilling-est" of all thrilling events . . . GRADUATION . . . we offer an irresistible group of fresh, young frocks, guaranteed to make the "sweet girl graduate" her sweetest! Tailored or dressy styles with wide, graceful sleeves, youthful necklines, pleated frills, flowers tucked under the chin . . . they're the type of dresses she'll wear this summer after the diploma has been tucked lovingly away. Sizes 11 to 17.

Junior Miss Shop—Second Floor.

Kann's

A SAILING A WEEK TO EUROPE

ON THESE GREAT AMERICAN SHIPS

To Cobh, Plymouth, Havre, Hamburg

MANHATTAN . Jan. 29; Feb. 26; Mar. 25
WASHINGTON . Feb. 12; Mar. 11; Apr. 8
Cabin, Tourist and Third Class accommodations
Pres. HARDING . . Feb. 5; Mar. 4; Apr. 1
Pres. ROOSEVELT Feb. 19; Mar. 18; Apr. 15
Cabin and Third Class accommodations

Also sturdy, comfortable "American One Class" liners direct to London. Weekly sailings. Fares from $100, one way.

AMERICAN MERCHANT LINES
Agents everywhere

UNITED STATES LINES

Company's Office, 748 14th St. N.W. Tel. National 1645

Storm Repair Work Slowed By Bitter Cold

Hurricane Batters Virginia Coast; Maryland Digs Out of Snow.

Virginia and Maryland strove last night to recover from the winter's worst storm. Floods faced residents in some sections, while in others workmen labored in near zero weather to restore wreckage of a hurricane that battered homes and communication lines with losses running as high as $200,000.

Marylanders dug themselves out of a snow that in some areas was the heaviest since 1917. Emergency crews working in 24-hour shifts returned telephone and power lines to service in most sections.

In Washington a bright sun yesterday thawed some of the ice and snow that made the Capital's streets a nightmare for motorists, but by night all temperatures again fell below freezing and the icy hazard to traffic remained.

The Weather Bureau here said the thermometer would slip to 15 above before morning, but that today would be fair and warmer.

Near zero cold numbed the fingers of workmen in Norfolk which took the brunt of Sunday's hurricane and suffered a heavy toll in demolished homes, disrupted communications and live stock killed.

Gales' Sweep Coast.

Gales tore along the entire Virginia coast. Seaford, Dandy and Hornsbyville communities in York County last night were attempting to restore homes and other buildings struck down by a tornado.

Disrupted communication systems along the coast and in other sections of Virginia delayed details of the storm's havoc.

Snow in southwest Virginia and the Shenandoah Valley ranged from 2 to 9 inches in depth, it was reported by the Associated Press. Most roads were unusually slippery.

The Dan River was 17 feet above normal at Danville and was still slowly rising last night.

On the heels of the wind and the downpour of rain and snow that fell in many communities a cold wave rode in from the northwest to add to the general discomfort by turning thermometers well below freezing and turning rain-drenched roadways to ice.

Three persons were injured in the city, one critically, in accidents caused by the slippery condition of the streets. Two others were hurt in a sledding mishap.

Official Near Death.

John Campbell, 67, of 224 Eleventh street northeast, captain of the day watch at the District Jail, was reported near death at Casualty Hospital with a fractured skull.

Campbell, police said, slipped into the side of a moving auto near his home. The car, it was said, was operated by Samuel Hendrix, 35, of the 200 block of Ninth street southeast.

Rachel Leenou, 44, of 415 M street northwest, and Ethel M. Davis, 34, of 1430 Belmont street northwest, both sustained fractured right ankles when they slipped on icy pavements near their homes.

Lucius Seargent, 9, of 3033 Fifteenth street northwest, lost control of his sled on Harvard street near the Zoo entrance. He crashed into a tree, breaking his left hip.

Louise Rupp, 18, of 2022 Decatur street northwest, suffered a possible fracture of the left shoulder. She fell from a sled while sliding down hill near Twenty-fourth and Calvert streets.

During the height of yesterday morning's rush, a horse-drawn milk truck skidded into a fire alarm box at Massachusetts avenue and Twenty-first street northwest. The truck was demolished and a fire alarm was sounded when the alarm box was knocked down.

Robert Lutz, 24, of 1230 North Capitol street, the driver, and his horse escaped injury. Lutz said the brisk winter morning inspired the horse to run. Firemen arrived in time to help Lutz raise the horse to his feet.

Sixteen inches of snow fell in western Maryland, bringing the total fall for the winter to 50 inches in Oakland, where, according to the Associated Press, the storm was described as the worst since 1917.

Hagerstown Coldest.

Road crews worked steadily at mountain-like drifts and all highways were kept open.

Hagerstown was the coldest city in the State with a temperature of 3 degrees above zero. At Oakland it was 6 above. There was scarcely a section of the Nation had escaped storm ravages last night. In the East and Middle West the storm made itself felt in the form of paralyzing blizzards. In the South there were heavy rains and tornadoes.

The Associated Press tabulated the deaths attributable to weather conditions at 170. Most of these found their direct cause in auto accidents on icy streets and highways. Others were laid to gales on land and sea, fire, exposure.

The Weather Bureau said virtually all of the country except the frigid Northwest and the deep South would have relief today.

Nungessor, Lost on Hop, Declared Only 'Absent'

Paris, Jan. 20 (AP).—A court ruled today that Capt. Charles Nungesser, lost nearly nine years ago in an attempted transatlantic flight, was not legally dead but was merely "absent."

The ruling was made when creditors sought to collect from his estate a payment for cars sold the famous aviator when he was an automobile dealer. The suit was thrown out, the judges ruling that 30 years must pass before Nungesser legally can be considered dead.

Capt. Nungesser set out May 8, 1927, from Paris with his close friend, Capt. Francis Coli, in an effort to reach New York non-stop. Nothing was ever heard from them.

Perfect Diamonds
The Perfect Gift
Chas. Schwartz & Son
708 7th Street N.W.
The House of Perfect Diamonds

Buy the Best—
20c A Day
Buys
QUIET MAY
Automatic Oil Burner
COLUMBIA SPECIALTY COMPANY

Wirephoto: Jack Frost Holds Up Times Square

Copyright by A. P.

So you thought traffic conditions were bad here last night? Well, Jack Frost was responsible for this tie-up in Times Square, New York's busiest corner. The bright lights were burning, but the citizens all stayed home.

Judge Rejects Move to Send Grayson Here

Virginia Ruling Is Issued as Physicians Examine Former U. S. Aid.

Federal Judge John Paul, at Roanoke, Va., yesterday refused to order the removal of John Cooke Grayson from the University of Virginia Hospital at Charlottesville to this city to stand trial on conspiracy charges in connection with the failure of the Park Savings Bank.

The judge ruled against the Government after he had heard six physicians testify that Grayson might die if he were forced to come to Washington. The physicians stated that the Virginian was suffering from an enlarged heart, generalized hardening of the arteries, high blood pressure, angina pectoris and possibly pulsus alternans.

"I am certainly not going to take the responsibility of jeopardizing a man's life," said Judge Paul. "In a matter of this sort you have to depend on doctors. They are the only ones who know. I have to depend on them. I believe in their integrity and honesty in giving their professional opinion.

"In view of the testimony I cannot move him to Washington. They all seem to feel that if he were their patient it would be a matter they would protest strongly. Of course, the court must respect their opinion, and I would not want to run the risk of his dying as a result of that movement, or have his death accelerated.

"In view of what these physicians say, I do not think I can enter your order. It will simply have to wait. I cannot be definite about it, but will have to await developments."

Grayson's counsel, William Leahy, of this city, represented his client.

The physicians who testified were Dr. James W. Esler, of Washington; Dr. Edwin Wood, of Charlottesville; Dr. John E. Lind, of Washington; Dr. Walter Andrew Bloedorn, of Washington; Dr. Frank Leech, of Washington, and Dr. Henry Mullholland, of Charlottesville.

Troops on Way to Quell Riots After Slaying in Coal Fields

Detachment Ordered Out by Governor After Sheriff Reports Killing and Several Injuries.

By the Associated Press.

Morganfield, Ky., Jan. 20.—Troops headed today for Union County, northern tip of western Kentucky coal fields, where the United Mine Workers of America and independent operators and unions have been struggling for supremacy.

Detachments from Hopkinsville and Marion were ordered out by Gov. A. B. Chandler after Union County's sheriff, John Luttrell, reported "one man has been killed, several hurt, automobiles and motor trucks wrecked or damaged" and "men are roaming the county with high-powered rifles."

Gov. Chandler, who had the support of organized labor in his November election, emphasized that he was assigning troops as a "last resort" because officials claimed the situation beyond their control.

Troops moved toward Union County as funeral services were held at the Salem Methodist Church, 5 miles from here, for Paul Meadows, 24-year-old Morganfield miner, who was shot from ambush Friday. Snipers fired on four automobiles and a truck carrying Meadows and other miners to work at the Kington Coal & Coke Co. mine, 2½ miles from here.

Three men were held in jail here today charged with the murder of Meadows. They were listed as Joe Carroll, 32; Jesse Ford, 27, and Logan Price, 30. Another man, booked as Kitty Estes, 58, was held for questioning.

Maj. Oren Coin, of Livermore, who has been acting as an observer here, was directed to take command of the troops, including a machine gun unit. Arrangements were made for the troops to make the Kington mine base of operations.

The Kington mine, which formerly worked U. M. W. A. members, was operating today with members of the Independent Miners' Union, a rival organization. Meadows was a member of the I. M. U., which has offered a $300 reward for information leading to the conviction of his slayers.

Trouble occurred at the Kington mine when it attempted to reopen recently. It was shut down last September during the strike called by the U. M. W. A.

Martial Law in Force.

New Albany, Ind., Jan. 20 (AP).—Clark and Floyd counties, Ind., were placed under martial law at 3 p. m. today following disorders and picketing at the M. Fine & Sons shirt manufacturing plants here and at Jeffersonville.

The martial law proclamation, signed by Gov. Paul V. McNutt, was rushed here from Indianapolis by airplane.

Col. Paul W. Fechtman, commanding officer for this district, immediately read the proclamation to officers and newsmen assembled at the New Albany Armory.

The proclamation forbade any assemblage and prohibited anyone, except policemen, military authorities and troops from carrying arms or weapons of any type. Only persons authorized by the military authorities will be allowed to enter or leave the area and all crowds and pickets were ordered to disperse immediately.

Col. Fechtman said he would put the last order into effect as soon as the troops arrived. He said also that unless he found it necessary he would not close the theaters.

The order prohibiting persons from entering or leaving the area Col. Fechtman said would not be enforced, but was merely included in case of necessity.

Court Orders AAA Tax Return

Continued from Page 1.

mid-afternoon conference, refused to do. Instead, it granted the mandates sought by Hoosac Mills' receivers as a result of AAA invalidation, and the mandate asked by eight Louisiana millers in the rice processing tax case.

While declining, in effect, to dismiss summarily Gov. Talmadge's Bankhead law suit, in compliance with the Government's request, the court postponed action on this petition until arguments are heard on Reed's motion. Arguments will be confined to the motion, and will not extend to the merits of the Bankhead law.

While clearly indicating in its AAA decision two weeks ago that it regards the Bankhead act as unconstitutional, the justices last week dismissed one suit to test its validity (filed by Lee Moor, a Texas cotton farmer), on the grounds it lacked jurisdiction. In his motion for dismissal of the Georgia suit yesterday, Reed again claimed jurisdiction was lacking.

Echoes of the high court's testing last year of the New Deal's gold laws were heard in the court when the justices ruled in effect that international obligations providing for payment in United States gold dollars were subject to the terms of the gold clause contract abrogation resolution passed by Congress in 1933.

The court denied a petition by Compania de Inversiones Internacionales, a Colombian corporation, seeking to collect $5,307.99 alleged to be due on three $1,000 first mortgage collateral 7 per cent sinking fund gold bonds of the Industrial Mortgage Bank of Finland.

The possibility of another test of the constitutionality of a New Deal act arose yesterday when J. Carson Adkerson, president of the American Manganese Producers Association, announced in Washington the formation of a committee to complete organization of the Raw Materials National Council to seek an early test of the constitutionality of the reciprocal trade agreements act.

Mr. Adkerson said:

"Through reciprocal trade agreements, tariffs on American raw materials are being bartered away and advantages given to manufactured products. Products of the farms, mines and forests generally have been adversely affected by this policy . . . Such a policy can mean only ruin for American enterprise."

Names on the committee include Mr. Adkerson as chairman; O. L. Brownlee, of Sioux City, Iowa, secretary; J. J. Underwood, Seattle, treasurer, and former Senator Clarence C. Dill, of Washington, general counsel.

Only eight of the nine justices were present yesterday. Justice Willis Van Devanter, one of the majority of six which invalidated AAA, is confined to his bed with a bronchial infection.

The court's rapid action in granting mandates to Hoosac Mills and the Southern rice millers was viewed by many as unusual. Generally, the court's mandate is not issued within 25 days after rulings. Release of impounded taxes to the millers came as the Administration was seeking means not only to cover these funds into the Treasury but to safeguard the $1,000,000,000 in processing taxes already collected, against which refund suits may be launched.

In seeking rehearing of the tax case, Solicitor General Reed's brief called attention to the revised statutes section reading "No suit for the purpose of restraining the assessment or collection of any tax shall be maintained in any court." Citing the Bailey vs. George case, in which the court previously held this statute prohibited injunction against collection of a Federal exaction, Reed said a similar situation exists in the rice millers' case.

In asking dismissal of Gov. Talmadge's suit to invalidate the Bankhead act, Reed contended the Government cannot be sued without its consent, and, regardless of that fact, the Georgia suit fails to state a proper basis for Supreme Court jurisdiction.

Talmadge had claimed "irreparable damage" resulting from quota limitations on cotton produced on two Georgia State prison farms.

Reed contended the suit is "wholly unnecessary and inappropriate" because the Government has concluded that the prison farm cotton is exempt from the tax "because produced in the exercise of an essential State function."

Reed was granted an opportunity to argue this motion more fully before the court orally on February 4. Spectators who crowded the tiny courtroom were not aware that the briefs had been filed, and left under impression the court had taken no action on any New Deal cases.

Schenley's
CREAM OF KENTUCKY
KENTUCKY STRAIGHT WHISKEY
"A Schenley Whiskey of Character" Invites the Mark of Merit

Of Special Significance to Property Owners

THE INSTITUTE of REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT of the NATIONAL ASSOCIATION of REAL ESTATE BOARDS HAS ELECTED US ITS FIRST WASHINGTON MEMBER

THIS MEANS . . .

THAT we conform to the By-Laws, Code of Ethics, and Standards of Practice established by the Institute.

THAT our assurance of positive security to clients embraces placing of clients' funds in Trustee Bank Accounts which at all times cover entire amount due clients.

THAT we give further protection to client by maintaining substantial Fidelity bonds on all employees handling client's funds.

THAT we perform all property management duties for client without rebate, discount or benefit except with client's full knowledge and consent.

THAT we establish co-ordinated standards and units for the scientific recording of experience in property management.

For the Most Income From Your Building Consult an Executive Today.

SHANNON & LUCHS COMPANY
Realtors
Property Management Specialists for 30 Years
1505 H Street N.W. NAtional 2345

Hoffman Aims To Seek Whole Kidnap Story

Governor's Desire in Case Is Given as Removal of Mystery.

By the Associated Press.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 20.—The "whole story" of the Lindbergh kidnaping was described tonight as the sole aim of Gov. Harold G. Hoffman's personal investigation of the case, whatever effect it may have upon Bruno Richard Hauptmann's fate.

Should this convince him that Hauptmann was the sole perpetrator of the kidnap-murder of the Lindbergh baby, the Governor let it be known he would have no further desire to save the condemned man's life.

The 30-day reprieve granted Hauptmann last week and the continued investigation of various phases of the case were said to be based solely on a desire by the Governor for a complete solution.

All Angles Investigated.

Gov. Hoffman made it known he was investigating all angles of the kidnaping in the hope that ultimately the results would be of value in removing any mystery still existing.

The Governor has not as yet asked State police to pursue an investigation to determine whether other persons might have been involved but intends to do so.

Another visit would be made by the Governor to Hauptmann in his death cell if he felt any good could be accomplished, but Hauptmann has given no indication he has anything further to say.

Gov. Hoffman's position on various phases of the case was made known as the New Jersey Legislature assembled to hear a personal message from him on "social security."

Before the legislators also was a virtual challenge from the 39-year-old Republican Governor to try to impeach him for granting the reprieve.

But impeachment talk among his political enemies had subsided to some extent.

Records Checked.

Akron, Ohio, Jan. 20 (AP).—Sheriff's deputies examined official records today for information which might disclose whether a former asylum inmate was truthful in relating that 5-year-old Bobbie Dolfen is in fact Charles A. Lindbergh, jr.

A 60-year-old Barberton woman, a relative of Mrs. Lindora Dolfen, told the fantastic story that Bobbie's dead mother obtained the child shortly after the Lindbergh kidnaping, following the death of her own baby of about the same age.

Mrs. Dolfus, she said, received monthly payments from the "kidnap gang" for caring for the child. The woman claimed Mrs. Dolfen was a friend of Violet Sharpe, a maid in the Dwight Morrow home who committed suicide.

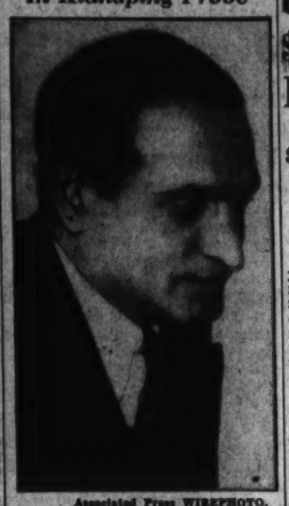
2 Die, 8 Hurt as Police And Stevedores Battle

Vera Cruz, Mex., Jan. 20 (AP).—Two were killed and eight wounded today in a free-for-all fight between police and stevedores at Villa Cardel.

The police commandant and the secretary of the labor union were killed. Six of the fighters were wounded. Two babies in arms were wounded by gunfire.

The trouble arose over a long-smouldering labor feud.

In Kidnaping Probe



Associated Press WIREPHOTO.

MORRIS ROSNER, named as intermediary soon after the Lindbergh kidnaping, and whose part in the case was reported last night to be under investigation by Gov. Hoffman of New Jersey, who reprieved Bruno Hauptmann.

Racing Bill

Continued from Page 1.

which may refuse to grant a license for due cause or may revoke or suspend a license previously granted. Appeals in such cases may be made to the District Commissioners, whose decision shall be final.

Every licensee will be held responsible for sums deposited on wagers at his track and shall return all winnings "less 10 per cent of the total amount so deposited by the patrons wagering and less the so-called 'breaks' as defined in this section."

The bill further explains that 3½ per cent of the total amount must be paid to the District government on the day following collection. The remaining 6½ per cent of the ten per cent withheld by the track may be retained by the licensee as profit.

The word "breaks" as defined "shall mean the odd cents over any multiple of 5 cents otherwise payable to the patron so wagering, which may be retained by the licensee."

Licensees must, in addition, turn over to the District 10 per cent of all paid admissions to the track.

The racing board is authorized to compel production of any books or accounts or to send in expert accountants to check returns.

All wagering on the pari-mutuel system is limited to the tracks by a specific provision prohibiting it at any other location. Licensees are barred from permitting any minor to "be a patron of the pari-mutuel system of wagering."

U.S. Court Rules $100,000 Grave Is Too Costly

$1,500-a-Year Clerk Did Not Intend to Spend Sum for Parents.

Miss Mary Ann Spencer, $1,500-a-year clerk in the Treasury Department, did not intend to spend $100,000 in erecting a monument over the graves of herself and her father and mother, the United States Court of Appeals ruled yesterday in affirming a recent decision of the District Supreme Court.

Miss Spencer died in 1919, leaving a will dated 1907. She asked that after certain minor bequests had been met, the balance of the estate should be expended "on vault and suitable monument." At the time she drew up the will her estate was valued at slightly more than $30,000, but when she died it had increased to $140,000.

Following out the terms of the document, the American Security & Trust Co., executor of the estate, asked the court for instructions as to how much should be expended, since Miss Spencer anticipated that the Arlington National Cemetery would eventually be thrown open to the general public and she expressed a desire to have her parents' bodies removed from Congressional Cemetery to Arlington, where she also wished to be placed.

Holding that the Arlington Cemetery would probably never be opened to the public, the court ruled that no more than $17,500 shoud be spent on a vault and monument in such a burial ground as should be picked by the executor. The rest of the $100,000 will be given to Miss Spencer's heirs.

U. S. Sues Ralph Capone For Unpaid Income Tax

Chicago, Jan. 20 (AP).—Ralph Capone, brother of Al Capone, was one of six defendants against whom alcohol tax liens were filed in the United States District Court today by Carter H. Harrison, collector of internal revenue for the Chicago district.

The suit seeks to collect from the defendants a total of $127,439 in unpaid taxes, covering the years from 1921 to 1932. The suit is a continuation of similar actions against Al Capone, now in prison at Alcatraz Island, and Hymie Levin.

Distinctively "Paulina"!

BE THE FIRST TO WEAR THE BOLERO DRESS

$35

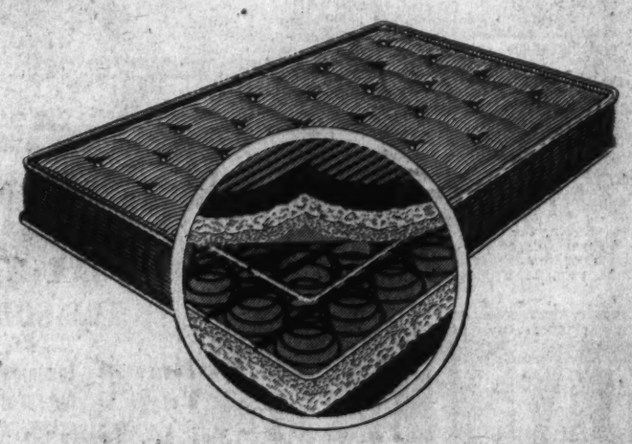
WHEN you throw off your coat these winter days, let there be revealed this Bolero Dress of black crepe. It's the last word in its interpretation of what smart young fashionables prefer for mid-season chic. Definite style interest is achieved and maintained by its winsome bolero jacket, red patent leather belt and printed taffeta blouse with flattering ruffled neckline. Misses' sizes.

Charge Accounts Invited

THE WOMEN'S SHOP
RALEIGH HABERDASHER
1300 F Street

FEBRUARY SALE
OF LIFETIME FURNITURE
Now in Progress

A distinguishing feature of the February Sale of Lifetime Furniture is that our ENTIRE STOCK is included at the special reductions. Only three or four factory-priced articles which we are not permitted to change are excepted. Thousands of pieces and suites are available to you now at low sale prices. Participate in the remarkable savings on Lifetime Furniture.



A Special Value!
KARPEN HAIR-TOP MATTRESS . . . $29.75

A remarkable value in a QUALITY Mattress! Karpen made with springy hair top over a fine innerspring mattress construction and further enhanced with protecting sisal padding and felt over the springs. See this and the hundreds of other special sale values at the Lifetime Furniture Store now.

Store-wide Reductions Now

MAYER & CO.
Seventh Street Between D and E

Geneva Denies Selassie's Plea; Waits on Duce

Peace Talk Is Avoided as Council Refuses Funds to Ethiopians.

By the Associated Press.

Geneva, Jan. 20.—The League of Nations Council met in a long-awaited session today, but made no move to settle the Italo-Ethiopian war.

Despite a new protest from Ethiopia for aid, the Council rejected a plea from Emperor Haile Selassie to send a commission of inquiry to the war zone and to give the empire financial aid.

In its note, Ethiopia said: "Ethiopia is learning the cruel lesson that small peoples must rely chiefly upon themselves to defend their independence and integrity."

The impression prevailed tonight that the Council, dismayed at the collapse of previous peace efforts under its auspices, now waits for Mussolini to make a move.

Il Duce Holds Back.

Baron Pompeo Aloisi, the Italian delegate, attended the Council session, but was silent. Premier Mussolini disclosed no signs of coming forward with a new peace proposal.

One Italian said: "Italy herself will arrange the Ethiopian question. We shall not accept any League-imposed peace."

Emperor Halie Selassie, in a dolorously worded plea, asked for new economic sanctions against Italy and for funds.

The Committee of Thirteen—which is the Council without Italy and Ethiopia—turned down his financial request on the ground that the League convention providing for financial aid for the victim of aggression has never gone into force.

It characterized as "inopportune" the Negus' request for a commission of inquiry.

Sanction Plea Put Off.

Ethiopia's request for stronger sanctions was turned over to the Committee of Eighteen, which will meet Wednesday to discuss the general sanctions situation. This group was created to handle all sanctions.

Leaders believe the committee will appoint experts to determine the effect of existing sanctions and whether a boycott of oil, coal, iron and steel could usefully come into force and hasten the end of the war.

It was officially reported that Nazi defiance of the League in Danzig is causing considerable uneasiness among council members. A report by the League commissioner in Dazig today said the Danzig senate's ideas seemed based on Nazi principles instead of the Danzig constitution.

"The authorities appeared to be guided more by what is legally possible in a Nazi state than by what is legally right under the constitution," said the report, by Sean Lester, the high commissioner.

Ethiopia Charges Atrocities.

In its new protest Ethiopia said "laws of humanity have been flouted by the aggressor, ambulances consistently bombarded and prohibited poison gases profusely used."

Ethiopia asked "if the League considers that the aggressor must not be allowed to succeed, should not members of the League, acting in concert, show their force in such a way as to demonstrate that aggression does not pay?

"Ethiopia is aware that certain governments hesitate to take steps which might involve them in a conflict that does not seem to concern them directly; they fear to come up against a powerful aggressor who declares himself determined to let loose a universal war.

"A Cruel Lesson."

"Ethiopia is learning the cruel lesson that small peoples must rely chiefly upon themselves to defend their independence and intergrity."

Il Duce sent a telegram to the International Red Cross headquarters here, expressing the wish that a Red Cross committee would be sent to the war area to investigate if Red Cross regulations are being observed.

He accused the Ethiopian soldiers of "horrible atrocities upon the wounded Italian prisoners in defiance of the elemental principles of civilization and humanity."

District Group in House Sets Dates for Hearings

Three sub-committee hearings were scheduled yesterday by the House District Committee.

The bill to license beauty shops will be the subject of a hearing at 10 a. m. today in the committee room. Thursday morning the eight-hour law for women will be discussed, while the small-loans bill hearings will be resumed Friday morning.

Trolley Stowaway

Associated Press WIREPHOTO.

SKIPPY,

who had a ride in Denver yesterday terrifying enough to turn any fox terrier's black spots white. She hopped onto motor casing above wheels of a street car and rode for 13 hours, traveling about 160 miles before being rescued unhurt by R. K. Frisbee, shown with her.

Selassie's Army Now Encircling Aksum, Makale

Thousands of Troops Ring Cities Held by Italians; Rebels Are Beaten.

By the Associated Press

Addis Ababa, Jan. 20.—The holy city of Aksum and Makale, for weeks in the hands of Italian invaders, were said by high government sources today to be practically ringed with thousands of Ethiopian warriors.

While a formal communique claimed many rebels had been slain and "half of them" taken prisoners in the western Province of Gojjam, unconfirmed reports to the capital said Aksum already had been partly re-occupied.

The city is the supposed shrine of the true Ark of the Covenant and the Ten Commandments, which, however, apparently never have been seen by mortal eyes. It stretches through the northern mountains for several miles.

Makale was the last northern town of importance captured by the Italians.

Ras Forbidden to Enter.

Ras Ayale, one of Emperor Haile Selassie's northern chieftains, was reported only 30 miles from Aksum a month ago, but informed Ethiopians said he could not be permitted the honor of entering the holy city because he once was a bandit.

The Gojjam communique said the rebels in that province, whose activities have been blamed on Italian agitation, had been defeated in a battle near Debra Markos. Their leader, Dedjazmatch Gasasa, escaped with two servants, the announcement added.

Forced to delay his trip for an hour because an Italian plane was overhead, Everett Andrews Colson, the Negus' American adviser, reached here by plane from Dessye.

He conferred with Selassie for what was believed to be the last time prior to the emperor's departure for the northern front.

Today's communique also claimed that Korem, situated at the end of one of the motor roads north of Dessye which the Emperor is expected to take on his trip to the front, had been bombed Thursday, Saturday and Sunday, with four civilians killed and seven wounded.

"New Bombs Used."

"The Italians now are using new bombs, all of which are exploding with terrible effect," said the communique.

Of the Gojjam rebels the announcement added:

"The Emperor's troops from Shoa were set against Gasasa, who, profiting by frequent Italian bombing raids in Gojjam, invaded the province from his post on the blue Nile.

"The troops now are searching for Gasasa along the frontier of Gajjam and Beguemder Provinces."

Tax Refunds Increased 20% During Year

U. S. Internal Bureau Reports Advance of $59,794,173.

By the Associated Press

Two Treasury reports showed yesterday that internal revenue collections climbed 4 per cent in the first half of the present fiscal year and that tax refunds in the past fiscal year jumped nearly 20 per cent over the year before.

The Internal Revenue Bureau reported it took in $1,597,273,101 between July 1 and December 31, or $59,794,173 more than in the comparable period of the past fiscal year.

Coincidentally, it reported to Congress that it had turned back more than $56,000,000 in the year closed June 30 to taxpayers who had been overassessed. That was $9,000,000 ahead of the previous year.

Treasury officials said they were counting on better business to swell income tax collections in March and boost collections toward the $4,410,793,946 estimated for the entire year by President Roosevelt in his budget message to Congress.

Seeking to tighten up the tax-gathering machinery, the department yesterday opened a three-day conference of tax collectors from all corners of the country.

Addressing this group, Secretary Morgenthau specifically requested a speeding up in the movement and examination of income tax returns.

"I believe taxpayers are entitled to have earlier notice that their returns are being questioned and there is the possibility of additional tax liability," Morgenthau said. "Further, collection of deficiencies may be jeopardized by delayed determination of deficiencies for so long a period after the income to be taxed has been received."

The Treasury head said the present average examination of income tax returns is 15 months after filing. He advocated shortening this to nine months.

The advance in the Government's income for the first half of the year was chalked up in the face of a huge decline in processing taxes under the farm program. Treasury experts attributed the reduction from $269,448,517 to $68,491,494 to the impounding of taxes, which the Supreme Court has ruled must be returned.

Federal Reserve Group Will Meet

The open market committee of the Federal Reserve Board will meet here today in its last session before reorganization of the board on February 1.

The meeting, arranged for at the committee's December session, will provide an opportunity to consider recent changes in the Government's financing situation and to study further the problem of excess reserves.

Since the December meeting the financing situation has been altered by the Supreme Court ruling holding AAA unconstitutional, and by imminence of payment of the veterans bonus. Little significant change has occurred in the past month, apparently in the problem caused by the excess bank reserves, amounting to more than $3,000,000,000.

Trade Best Since 1929, Dry Goods Head Says

New York, Jan. 20 (AP).—Channing E. Sweitzer, managing director of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, today pronounced business in "a stronger position than at any time since 1929."

"Adherence to certain fundamental principles of economics" is leading the Nation out of the depression, he said in an address at the annual meeting of the National Association of Retailers.

FLORIDA

HAVANA • NASSAU

THE SOUTH

5 LUXURIOUS AIR-CONDITIONED TRAINS DAILY

THE ORANGE BLOSSOM SPECIAL
Lv. Washington daily at 5:10 P.M. All Pullman train to Florida.

FASTER THAN EVER BEFORE

Two other trains leave Washington at 1:50 P.M. and 2:40 A.M. for the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida resorts. Coaches, sleeping, dining, lounge cars.

Two other trains leave Washington at 1:50 P.M. and 10:40 P.M. for Athens, Atlanta and Birmingham. Coaches, sleeping, dining, lounge cars.

Write or inquire about American Express Company 8-day Circle Tours of Florida, with hotel accommodations assured.

For information and reservations consult your local ticket agent or

EDWARD PLACK, A.G.P.A.
714 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Tel. National 0637-38

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

THE ONLY COMPLETELY AIR-CONDITIONED TRAINS TO FLORIDA

Vote on Bonus

The Senate roll call on the bonus bill yesterday follows:

FOR THE BONUS BILL, 74.

Democrats, 56.

ADAMS	MALONEY
ASHURST	McADOO
BACHMAN	McCARRAN
BAILEY	McGILL
BANKHEAD	McKELLAR
BARKLEY	MINTON
BILBO	MOORE
BLACK	MURPHY
BONE	MURRAY
BULOW	NEELY
BYRNES	O'MAHONEY
CARAWAY	OVERTON
CHAVEZ	PITTMAN
CLARK	POPE
COOLIDGE	RADCLIFFE
COPELAND	REYNOLDS
COSTIGAN	ROBINSON
DIETERICH	RUSSELL
DONAHEY	SCHWELLENBACH
DUFFY	SHEPPARD
GEORGE	SMITH
GORE	THOMAS (Okla.)
GUFFEY	THOMAS (Utah)
HARRISON	TRAMMELL
HATCH	TRUMAN
HOLT	VAN NUYS
LEWIS	WALSH
LOGAN	
LONERGAN	

Republicans, 15.

AUSTIN	GIBSON
BARBOUR	McNARY
BORAH	NORBECK
CAPPER	NORRIS
CAREY	NYE
DAVIS	STEIWER
DICKINSON	WHITE
FRAZIER	

Farmer-Labor, 2.

BENSON	SHIPSTEAD

Progressive, 1.

LA FOLLETTE

AGAINST THE BILL, 16.

Democrats, 9.

BROWN	GLASS
BULKLEY	HAYDEN
BURKE	KING
BYRD	WAGNER
GERRY	

Republicans, 7.

COUZENS	KEYES
HALE	TOWNSEND
HASTINGS	VANDENBERG
JOHNSON	

Pairs: METCALF, for, with CONNALLY, against; and WHEELER, for, with FLETCHER, against.

Not voting: TYDINGS.

Vacancy: One.

Bonus Bill

Continued from Page 1.

mated $1,200,000,000 by paying veterans only the present cash surrender value of their certificates was lost before it was voted upon. The proposal was killed by a voice vote and King did not insist on a roll call.

A futile fight to extend bonus benefits to 2,257 "provisional" lieutenants who served in the Regular Army, but resigned the first year after the armistice, was waged by Senators Tom Connally, of Texas, and Richard B. Russell, of Georgia (Democrats). This amendment was defeated by the Senate Saturday. A move by Russell to get reconsideration yesterday failed, 50 to 38.

Among Senators up for re-election who voted last year to sustain the President's veto of the Patman bill last session, but who cast their ballots for the "baby" bond payment plan yesterday, are Senators Bailey, of North Carolina; Coolidge, of Massachusetts; Gore, of Oklahoma; Harrison, of Mississippi, and Robinson, of Arkansas (all Democrats), and Barbour, of New Jersey; McNary, of Oregon, and White, of Maine (Republicans).

Only one of the Democrats up for re-election this fall—Senator Glass, of Virginia—voted "no" on the Senate bill. Three Republicans who must go to the polls this year—Senators Couzens, of Michigan; Hastings, of Delaware, and Keyes, of New Hampshire—voted "no."

The general defection from the Patman monetary expansion bonus movement of a year ago was apparent in the vote on Neely's effort to revive the plan. Senator William E. Borah (Republican), Idaho, who voted for the Patman plan last year, was among those who crushed it yesterday. He said he was anxious to get the bonus out of politics and thought the bond-payment plan would serve that purpose, but he added:

"I do not vote for this bill with any degree of enthusiasm."

Leading an unsuccessful fight to pay the veterans only the present cash value of their bonus certificates, Senator King charged the Government already has paid veterans $9,049,810,000 for pensions, hospitalization and other benefits. He predicted the cost ultimately will total more than $125,000,000,000.

Senator Edward R. Burke, of Nebraska, one of the nine Democrats who voted "no" on the bill, assailed its provision for paying "hundreds of thousands of men of wealth" along with the needy veterans.

The "penalty" amendment added by Senator Harrison was altered on motion of Borah to bar penalties for infractions of regulations.

"The bill carries penalties, all right," King said in an aside—"penalties to the taxpayer."

71 in District Get $473,125 Tax Refunds

B. F. Saul Estate Here Given Biggest Sum of $128,407.

Seventy-one Washingtonians received Federal tax refunds aggregating $473,125.46 from the Internal Revenue Bureau during the fiscal year 1935, according to data made public yesterday by the House Committee on Expenditures in executive departments.

Most of the refunds were on excess collections of income taxes, but a few others were adjustments of estate, gift and sales taxes.

The estate of B. F. Saul received the largest refund amounting to $128,407.30.

Topped by $3,366,666 for Swift & Co., Chicago Packers, a list of national refunds showed that the Treasury handed $56,122,153 back to taxpayers in the last fiscal year.

Cover Processing.

Refunds cover processing, capital stock, distilled spirits, estate, income, narcotics, sales, silver and tobacco taxes.

Movie stars, authors, a former prizefighter, and a poet were on the national list beside men well known in business and finance and former Cabinet officers.

Some of the Nation's biggest business and industrial firms were there besides a cemetery association, a policemen's benevolent organization and a "polo series."

To Ogden L. Mills, of New York, Secretary of the Treasury under President Hoover, the Treasury handed back $11,449. Roy D. Chapin, of Detroit, who served in the Cabinet with Mills as Secretary of Commerce, got $7,306. Newton D. Baker, of Cleveland, war-time Secretary of War, drew $4,603.

Among Largest Rebates.

J. P. Morgan pocketed $1,089. James J. Tunney, one-time heavyweight champion, received $20,903 and 586. Listed at the same Park avenue address with Tunney was William K. Vanderbilt. He got back $2,424.

Among the largest rebates were $2,184,532 to Armour & Co., of Chicago; $1,679,979 to John Morrell & Co., Ottumwa, Iowa, packers; $1,196,436 to the Western-Austin Co., Aurora, Ill.; $1,130,920 to the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., of New York; $919,293 to the Cudahy Packing Co., Chicago; $603,248 to Rath Packing Co., Waterloo, Iowa; $506,200 to Kingan & Co., Indianapolis, packers; $498,471 to Cudahy Bros., also packers, of Milwaukee, and $494,586 to Neuss, Hesslein & Co., New York.

Other refunds to Washington companies and individuals follow:

Alabama Great Southern Railway Co., $4,313.34; Christopher Andreae (trust), $3,906.69; Ferdinand Hermann Arnold (trust), $11,175.27; Summerfield Baldwin, Jr., $3,389.33; Barber & Ross, Inc., $1,696.14; Mrs. Grace Hubbard Bell, $2,286.90; Peter Paul Buehler (trust), $3,073.91; M. Landon Burchell, under will of Lewis R. Burchell, executrix (estate tax), $2,247.03; Charles A. Carry, $1,236.06; Mrs. Kate Dumas Cecil, $774.24; Mrs. Hallie Cissel (trust), $1,070.24; Admiral E. D. Cox, $987.96; estate of Charles I. Curtis, $1,-178.26; Mrs. Corby, $1,360.15; Wilbur E. Davis, $671.86; De Jersey & Co., Limited (trust), $2,856.68; Deutsche Australische Dampfschiffe (trust), $1,768.91; Deutsche Dampfschiffahrts Gesellschaft (trust), $2,244.36; under will of Mildred Dewey, $2,744.25; under will of Diamond Service Co., Inc., $1,227.62 (sales tax); Frank Dorsey Co., $7,767.45; trust of Carl Engelhard, Richard and Walter Frames, $14,236; Franklin Investment Co., $3,867.50; trust of Martin Geiger, $511.46; trust of Frederick Goetze, $3,309.55; Louise Rogers Hall, $813.64; James Hamilton, $947.44; estate of and trusts of Johanne Hamnacher, $7,279.20; Margaret L. Hayes, $537.76; J. Philip Hermann, $7,646.15; estate of Sigmund Kann, $1,615.10; under will of William B. King, $668.02; trust of Oetterder Kuhlenkamp, $2,467.43 (estate tax); trust of George Rudolf Laurens, $1,960.48; trust of Robert Linemann, $2,-122.61; trust of Dr. Leon Lilienfeld, $2,-486.56; estate of Isaac P. Mann, $530.64; trust of Martin March, $13,740.32; trust of Paul Messer, $662.94; W. G. Miller, $2,980.05; C. Mollet, $3,630.70; Mobile & Ohio Railroad Co., $21,831.11; estate of Ferdinand Musthena, $1,682.92 (estate tax); Frank B. Noyes, $811.54; Algernon A. Osborne, $788.74; Park Savings Bank (John Moran, receiver), $895.69; Thornton J. Parker, Jr., care of W. M. Parker, $1,664.52; trust of C. H. Bertram Rosenbaum, $4,040.01; estate of Cuno H. Rudolph, $1,578.36; trust of Johann Wilhelm Schmidt, $1,010.12; trust of A. Munster Schultz, $2,021.19; Southern Industrial Loan Corporation, $576.18; Sterrett Operating Service, Inc., $858.91; Steuart Brothers, Inc., $1,850.67; Guy T. Steuart, $1,044.74; Leonard P. Steuart, $1,421.29; under will of Thomas W. Stubblefield, $2,-724.75 (estate tax); Leon Tobriner, $1,886.80; Edward R. True, jr., $2,-708.38; Union Trust Co., $2,173.04; estate of Arthur von Bohuszewicz, $3,-131.50; estate of Frances Clara von Bredow, $11,955.29; trust of Fredericka Frances Adelheid von Bredow, $6,584.21; trust of Waldemar Leopold von Bredow, $75,-906.02; trust of Werner and Friederer, $5,047.99; estate of Henry K. Willard, $12,296.35; trust of Henry Willink, $3,-344.12; trust of Carl Wohlenberg, $42,-305.93; Woodward & Lothrop, $17,328.43; Arthur R. Bryant, $2,914.72.

In nearby Maryland and Virginia refunds were reported as follows:

Alexandria Trust & Mortgage Corporation, Alexandria, Va., $709.31; George B. Furman, Hyattsville, Md., $576.80; Charles B. Hawley, Bethesda, Md., $2,330.87.

Soviet's Arming In East Siberia Cited by Hirota

Japanese Minister Tells of Plans to Readjust Foreign Relations.

By the Associated Press.

Tokyo (Tuesday), Jan. 21.—Foreign Minister Koki Hirota, speaking before the reconvened Japanese diet, expounded today a program for the "readjustment of relationships among Japan, Manchukuo and China."

He urged, too, the "proper adjustment" of relations among Japan, Manchukuo and the Soviet Union; called attention to the "excessive military works" which, he said, Russia has erected in eastern Siberia, and promised the "friendly policy" of Japan toward the United States and Great Britain would not be changed by developments at the London naval conference.

Japan last week withdrew from the five-power parley when her demand for fleet parity was refused.

The Japanese foreign minister also expressed hope for the "smooth progress" of the new Philippine commonwealth.

Hirota said a three-point Japanese policy toward China was:

1—Halting by China of "all unfriendly acts and measures" "and the beginning of China's "active and effective collaboration with Japan."

2—Chinese recognition of Manchukuo—"the two countries should open diplomatic intercourse and harmonize their interests."

3—Suppression of communist activities and "liberation of China from the Red menace."

Hirota said China already had indicated its willingness to negotiate for a rapprochement "along these lines stated above."

In brief reference to the Soviet Union's "excessive military works" in eastern Siberia, the foreign minister asserted they had aroused public feeling "strongly—not only in Manchukuo, but also in this country," and that Japan was most concerned about them.

ITCHING AND BURNING OF RASHES ECZEMA CHAFING and PIMPLY SPOTS

The soothing medication in Resinol Ointment and Soap quickly relieves these and other skin irritations or outbreaks due to external conditions. Don't continue to suffer—try Resinol today, and see how gentle it is—how comforting, and how it quickens the healing of your sick skin. For careful skin cleansing use Resinol Soap.

Sample Free. Write Resinol, Dept. 6G, Baltimore, Md.

Resinol

Special

2 FOR ONE

OFFER $24.95

A $30.90 Value

G. E. Sun Lamp 24.95

G. E. Heat Lamp 5.95

Both For 24.95

You know why you feel better in the Summer than you do in the Winter . . . because you get plenty of sunshine. This G. E. Sun Lamp (and the table model) gives you every curative property of sunshine. It may prevent illness and that is better than curing it.

For a limited time only—a $5.90 Penetrating (Infrared) Heat Lamp with every purchase of a $24.95 General Electric Sun Lamp.

NATIONAL ELECTRICAL Supply Company
1328-30 NEW YORK AVE.
NATIONAL 6800

Chest Colds . . . Yield quicker to the Poultice-Vapor action of VICKS VAPORUB

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Plates, $10, $15 and $20.
Plates Repaired While You Wait.
All Work Done in My Own Laboratories.
No Long Waiting. No High Prices.
CROWNS AND BRIDGE WORK.
$5 and $5
Extraction, $1—By Gas, $2.
Dr. SMATHERS
DENTAL SPECIALIST.
622 I St. N.W.
Over Riggs National Bank.
Seventh and Eye Streets N.W.
Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Ph. MEt. 3889.

MARTELL COGNAC Brandy

BOTTLED IN COGNAC, FRANCE

Preferred by each generation —for over 220 years

PARK & TILFORD IMPORT CORP., New York

Exclusive U. S. Representative

ALSO IN HALF-BOTTLES AND FLASKS

THE HOUSE OF STOVER, 1730 I St. N.W. (District 1513). Exclusive Representative for the District of Columbia.

SEAGRAM PRICES REDUCED

DISTILLERS SINCE 1857
Seagram's
90 PROOF
"V.O."
Rare Old Canadian Whiskey
BOTTLED IN BOND
UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT
6 Years Old
DISTILLED & BOTTLED BY JOSEPH E. SEAGRAM & SONS LIMITED WATERLOO ONTARIO CANADA
"There Works Wonders"

SEAGRAM'S "V.O." 6 Years Old Bottled in Bond UNDER CANADIAN GOV'T SUPERVISION

WAS $2.49 NOW $1.99 PER PINT

Now you can enjoy the LUXURY OF THESE FINER WHISKIES

A Statement of Policy from the House of Seagram

Every penny of tariff saving is passed on to you. And in addition, substantial further reductions in price have been made to place these finer whiskies *within the reach of all.*

WAS $1.33 Now $1.14 PER PINT

WAS $1.59 Now $1.44 PER PINT

Similar Reductions on:

SEAGRAM'S "83" • SEAGRAM'S "ANCIENT BOTTLE" RYE
SEAGRAM'S PEDIGREE • SEAGRAM'S STRAIGHT BOURBON

Bottled in Bond under Canadian Gov't Supervision

Seagram-Distillers Corp.—Executive Offices: N. Y.

Say Seagram's and be Sure

Fairfax Court Sentences Trio To Jail Terms

$5,000 Bond Is Set for Fred Martin, Slayer of His Brother.

FAIRFAX BUREAU OF THE POST.
P. O. Box 245, Fairfax, Va.
Phone Alexandria 43-F-21.

A grand jury in the circuit court of Fairfax County, Va., yesterday returned six indictments against four defendants and all of the indictments except one were disposed of by Judge Walter T. McCarthy on pleas of guilty.

All of the presentments of the new Commonwealth's Attorney Paul E. Brown were returned by the grand jury as indictments. The members of the grand jury were S. Cooper Dawson, foreman; C. B. Fansler, Edward DeHaven, T. Bently Mason, R. G. Buckelew, Jesse Dailey and William E. Demory.

The indictments returned were against Marvin B. Pinn, of Fairfax, for jail breaking; Andrew Swann, three indictments for larceny; Ernest G. Edmondson for larceny, and Fred Martin for the murder of his brother, Isaac Martin.

Martin has been confined in Alexandria Hospital suffering from a gunshot wound inflicted in an attempt at suicide after shooting his brother. Attorney Charles Henry Smith yesterday asked the court to fix bond for Martin so that as soon as bond can be given the sheriff's office will be relieved of maintaining a guard over him. Judge McCarthy fixed bond at $5,000.

Edmondson pleaded guilty to petty larceny of $40 from R. J. Clatterbuck and was setnenced to six months in jail. Pinn was sentenced to one year for breaking jail and Swann was sentenced to one year on each indictment of larceny, the sentences to run consecutively.

The trial of Henry Edwards and Hugh Hummer, under indictment for the murder of Truman Bush, aged Falls Church recluse, was set for next Tuesday, when both pleaded not guilty to the two indictments, one charging murder and the other robbery and murder. They will be tried separately. The trial of Edwards will be held first.

Two Washington men are being held under bond for an alleged assault on a constable Alton Money of Providence District, Fairfax County, resisting arrest and being drunk and disorderly. They gave 1511 Irving street northwest, and their names as John Ross, 34, of Turner J. Ross, 38, of 734 Rock Creek Church road, Washington.

According to Sheriff E. P. Kirby, the two men were being disorderly in a place at Tysons Cross Roads, when Money entered and warned them. They defied him to arrest them and when Money attempted to place them under arrest they attacked him with beer bottles inflicting severe cuts about his head and face.

Despite his injuries and with the help of several presons he was able to place them under arrest. They were taken to Fairfax and later released on $1,000 bond each. Money was unable to appear in court yesterday and the case was set for hearing on January 29 before Trial Justice A. C. Ritchie, at Fairfax.

Police have also summoned Albert Wickline, of Kenmore, to appear at the same time on charges of interferring with an officer. It is alledged that Wickline attempted to hold an officer's arm during the conflict.

Luther Gilliam has been installed as the new noble grand of Falls Church Lodge, No. 11, I. O. O. F., Howard E. Middleton, as vice grand; W. H. Herman, financial secretary; J. Swift, recording secretary, and James Anderson, treasurer.

The McLean Parent Teacher Association will meet this afternoon at 3 p. m. in the school auditorium. A representative from the Better Housing Bureau will speak.

Services Today For Clarence Noyes

Funeral services for Clarence Noyes, 86, who died Saturday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Roger Whiteford, 101 Leland street Chevy Chase, Md., will be held at the Lee funeral home today at 2 p. m. Burial will be private.

Mr. Noyes was a native of the Washington area. He operated a farm near Washington Grove, Md., and for several years was in business in the Capital.

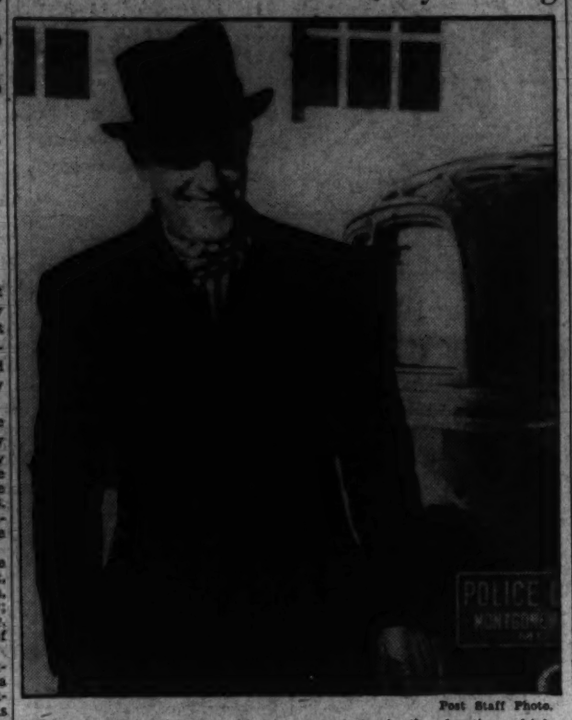
He is survived by another daughter, Mrs. George E. Hubbard, of Manchester, Conn.; two sons, Milton T., of Manatee, Fla., and George E., of Washington, and four sisters, Mrs. Herbert Ruddock, of Baltimore, and Mrs. J. William Lee, Mrs. Henrietta Pist, Mrs. Almira West and Miss Minnie Noyes, all of Washington.

District Board to Clear Oehmann of All Charges

District Building Inspector John W. Oehmann will be exonerated today by the Board of Commissioners of malfeasance in office, as charged by a union official.

After a study of the 16 charges, Commissioner George E. Allen announced yesterday he found no "justification in them and I will recommend that they be dropped without further action."

Intended Victim at Grand Jury Hearing



Post Staff Photo.

Edward "Mickey" McDonald, intended victim in the shooting which cost Allen B. Wilson his life, appears at Rockville apparently to testify.

Wilson Grand Jury Guarded

Continued from Page 1.

since the murder was committed. Lieut. John Fowler, ballistics expert, also will appear before the grand jury tomorrow. Detective Sergt. Floyd Truscott, third member of the Wilson squad trio, is ill in a Washington hospital.

Dr. Hawks to Testify.

Dr. C. E. Hawks, who performed the autopsy on the body of Wilson, will conclude the testimony of all the witnesses tomorrow.

A tragic figure at the session this morning was Mrs. Margaret Wilson, mother of three young children and widow of the man whose life was snuffed out by the bullets of gangsters who hid in ambush outside McDonald's home.

A Government worker since her husband's death, Mrs. Wilson appeared in a dark, tailored suit. It was understood her testimony was routine.

Mrs. McDonald, wife of the gambler whose home was the locale of the tragedy, also is understood to have appeared. She saw from the window the blazing guns that brought death to Wilson that October morning.

The grad jury will convene today at 9:30 a. m. to hear the thres more witnesses.

Then, it is expected, if indictments are returned, they will be presented to the court.

Hopes to Hang Four Men.

For the murder of Wilson, which brought a concentrated drive by authorities on gambling in Washington, this county hopes to hang four men.

It hopes to convict and send to the gallows John "Slim" Dunn, now a prisoner at isolated Alcatraz Penitentiary, in California.

It hopes to place beside him Ernst S. Myers, a prisoner at Lorton Reformatory; Albert S. Sutton, now in District jail and William Thomas Cleary, under arrest in Washington.

Meanwhile, apparently convinced the grand jury will indict their four companions, Washington's underworld characters began gathering a defense fund, it was learned today.

In this county several attorneys have been approached to represent the quartet in case they are indicted.

Among them is State Senator Stedman Prescott, who has refused because he was State's attorney when the murder occurred.

Nine Witnesses Heard.

In the witness chair today sat nine persons—men and women who told their stories.

Amonk thme were believed to have been Montgomery County Sergts. Joseph Nolte and Earle H. Burdine; former Chief of Police Alvie A. Moxley, who was in command of the force at the time of the sensational killing; Dr. Owen Parret, of the staff of Washington Sanitarium, at Takoma Park, where Wilson died without regaining consciousness, and an unidentified Negress,w hose round eyes are alleged to save seen the newspaper carrier shot down.

As this grand jury convened this morning, the Federal Bureau of Investigation was represented by a Federal agent, but his identity was not revealed by State's Attorney James Pugh.

Pugh would not discuss the interest of the Department of Justice had in the quartet of hoodlums against whom the first degree murder indictments are sought.

The wienesses were brought into the courthouse here this morning about 7:30 o'clock, under close guard. They were taken immediately to the top floor of the courthouse and lodged in the jail.

Witnesses Under Guard.

One by one they were summoned to the grand jury room. Each went under guard as far as the door.

Three of the witnesses were taken back to Washington under guard. The rest, after testimony, went to their homes. Some of the witnesses had thier meals in the jail.

Late tonight Pugh denied that Mrs. nthony Cugino, widow of the notorious "Tony the Stinger" Cugino, Philadelphia gunman, supposed to hae been the trigger man in the ilson killing, would appear. Marie McKeeer, sweetheart of the Tri-State gangster Robert Mals, who died in the electric chair at Richmond, has not been called into the case as a witness, Pugh added.

Judge Hammond Urner officially conened the jury.

New Club Causes Frederick Dispute

Special Dispatch to The Post.

Frederick, Md., Jan. 20.—Preliminary organization here Saturday of a club of Democratic women brought conflicting statements from the organizer of the new group and the president of the Young Women's Democratic League of Frederick County.

Mrs. Alban M. Wood, organizer of the new group and wife of Alban M. Wood, chief political ally of Dr. Charles H. Conley, said the new club is nonfactional and that members are unaware that there is another organization of Democratic women in the county.

Mrs. Alfred W. Gaver, president of the Young Women's Democratic League, pointed out in reply that her organization is still in existence and will continue to exist.

Between 35 and 40 women from various sections of the county made plans Friday for a permanent organization. A meeting was set February 15 for election of officers. Most of those attending were active in the Conley-for-Governor movement in 1934 when Young Women's Democratic League supported former Gov. Ritchie.

DeMolayGroup Plans to Induct New Officers

Ceremonies Will Be Held Tonight in Clarendon Masonic Temple.

ARLINGTON COUNTY
BUREAU OF THE POST.
Tel. Cla. 509. Clarendon, Va.

The newly elected officers of the George Washington Chapter, Order of DeMolay will be installed at a special meeting held tonight in the Masonic Temple at Clarendon. The ceremonies will be conducted by Henry Woods, director of the alumni association degree team assisted by John Green, T. Reppen, Edward Schaffner and Albert Reppen, members of the team.

Those who will be installed are Ernest Wilson, master councilor; Dowie Hutchins, junior councilor; Eugene Alexander, chaplain; Roy Chilton, marshal; Dee Ross, senior deacon; Edward George, junior deacon; Louis Craver, senior steward; Gilbert Rough, junior steward; Walter Handy, Arthur McMillan, jr., William Dagger, Morris Vale, Edward Skillman, Stewart Wells and Donald Cost, preceptors.

Owing to existing crowded conditions in the Washington-Lee High School, classrooms, the inadequate library, and the lack of proper certification and experience of some members of the faculty, Principal S. P. Vanderslice said yesterday that the school is in danger of losing its rating as an accredited school with the Southern Association of Secondary Schools and Colleges.

C. C. Lamond has been re-elected president of the Federal Savings and Loan Association at Clarendon. Other officers are George M. Yeatman, vice president; Maj. J. T. Kingsley, secretary, and Ashton C. Jones, sr., treasurer. Members of the board of directors are C. C. Lamond, Maj. Kingsley, W. E. Murray, Mr. Jones, Mr. Yeatman, Col. Charles T. Jesse and Max Hoffman.

Miss Christine Jackson, councilor of Cherrydale Council, No. 11, Daughters of America, announces appointment of the following committee chairmen: Mrs. B. S. Hutson, good of the order; Mrs. Grace Donaldson, ways and means; Mrs. William D. Topley, flower; Mrs. Rhea Christenson, dances; Miss Sophie Mann, orphans, and Miss Bessie Blincoe, publicity.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Colonial Mortgage and Investment Corporation will be held at 1 o'clock this afternoon in the Arlington Trust Building, at Rosslyn.

Funeral services for Mrs. Eleanor Weber Ingram, 76, who died at her home, 2521 North Eighteenth street, Clarendon, yesterday, will be conducted at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon by the Rev. Walter Lockett, pastor of the Community Methodist Church at Aurora Heights, from C. J. Ives funeral home in Clarendon. Burial will be in Glenwood Cemetery, in Washington.

She is survived by two sons, Charlton W. and Frederick W. Ingram, and one brother, William Frederick Weber.

Officer Gives Bail In Virginia Death

Culpeper, Va., Jan. 20 (AP).—Town Officer H. W. Hawkins, of culpeper, was today released on a $1,000 bond to await a preliminary hearing on January 29 on chrages of felonious shooting in connection with the death of W. J. Elliott, 60, here Saturday night.

Commonwealth's Attorney Roger A. Bickers, of Culpeper County, who headed the investigation into the case, said that Hawkins declares he shot when Elliott interfered with the officer's attempt to arrest Gid Elliott, his son, on a charge of speeding through the streets of Culpeper. Hawkins had been suspended from the Culpeper police force as a result of the affair, the prosecutor said.

Funeral services were held for Elliott this afternoon. He is survived by his wife and 11 children.

Hearing for Gid Elliott on charges of reckless driving and disorderly conduct has been set for tomorrow.

11 Sportsman Pilots Take Off At College Park on 1936 Cruise

Fliers Hop After Two Days' Delay Awaiting Clear Weather for Annual Winter Flight South; Florida Cities Plan Honors for Them.

After two days of waiting for a clear sky, 11 planes took off from the College Park airport yesterday on the National Sportsman Pilots' Association's annual winter cruise. More than 30 planes had originally been scheduled for the trip.

Chester H. Warrington, of Washington, newly elected president; Mrs. Warrington and William Enyart, treasurer of the association, were the last to take off. Before leaving at 11 a. m., they said they would probably stop at Raleigh, N. C., for lunch.

The flyers expected to stop for the night at Charleston, S. C., where a dinner and ceremonies were to be held at a local hotel. Awards were to be made for the first leg of the flight. Should they arrive in Charleston early enough, the group might continue to Jacksonville, Fla., for the night, Warrington said.

From Jacksonville they will fly to Orlando, from there to Tampa, and from Tampa to St. Petersburg. In each city there will be dinners and ceremonies. Various awards will be made for flying skill. The flight will officially end at St. Petersburg, although some individual flyers will continue to Miami, and from there to Nassau by way of a Pan American plane.

The newly formed "Luncheon Club of the University of Maryland Alumni" will hold a meeting today at 12:15 p. m., at the Harrington Hotel. Six committee chairman will be elected, and changes in the proposed constitution will be discussed.

Two Are Indicted In Farmer Slaying

By the Associated Press.

Harrisonburg, Va., Jan. 20.—Carl Turner, 26, and Lester Loker, 20, were indicted on first-degree murder, robbery and housebreaking charges by a Rockingham Circuit Court grand jury today for the robbery-slaying of John Loker, 66, recluse farmer, in East Rockingham, early in December.

They will be arraigned before Judge H. W. Bertram tomorrow and the date set for trial. They were about to be arraigned today when George N. Conrad, engaged as counsel for Turner, asked leave to study the indictments. Charles A. Hammer, counsel for Loker, united in the request, which was granted.

The attorneys also asked permission to interview the prisoners in Rockingham County Jail and to talk to Mrs. Nellie Williams, her daughters, May and Christine, and her niece, Virginia, who are held as material witnesses. The court informed the counsel to make the arrangements with Sheriff Joseph W. Bassle.

The courtroom was crowded when the grand jury made its report. Turner confessed firing the fatal shot, but insists that Loker was a conspirator.

Stealer of Bible Sentenced to Jail

ndrew Swann, colored, of Chesterbrook, appeared in the Fairfax (Va.) Circuit Court yesterday to answer charges of stealing a Bible and a silver Communion service from the First Baptist Church at Chesterbrook, Va.; 11 cans of sardines from the store and a clock from the school.

Judge Walter T. McCarthy decided, upon Swann's plea of guilty, that each burglary the defendant should serve a year in the Virginia State Penitentiary at Richmond.

Records of the Department of Justice disclosed that Swann, who lives in a small shanty in Chestertown, had been spending most of his time since 1931 in various jails, serving sentences for burglary.

Mills Is Arraigned In Holdup Slaying

Special Dispatch to The Post.

Hagerstown, Md., Jan. 20.—John Mills, alias John Pappas, 40, confessed slayer of David L. Buchanan, 80, rooming house proprietor, was held without bond for action of the February grand jury when he was formally arraigned today before Magistrate C. Edward Heard.

Dr. J. W. Layman, who examined Buchanan's body last June, testified today that a cerebral hemorrhage, caused by two skull fractures, caused death.

Seeking to show robbery was the motive, Welty Rudy, of the Green Ridge, Md., CCC camp, testified that the day before the murder Mills had asked him to assist him in robbing Buchanan, saying the aged man had between $300 and $400. It was Rudy's description given a weke after the murder that led to Mills' arrest last week in Philadelphia, officers testified they found but 5 cents in Buchanan's pockets.

Mills' confession made to police said he struck Buchanan when he assaulted him.

Specializing in MATTRESSES, SPRINGS, BEDS and STUDIO COUCHES
OVER 70 YEARS
Serving Washingtonians Since 1866
H. A. Linger, 925 G St.

VISIT OUR ECONOMY FLOORS
Floor Samples and Slightly Used Furniture
Convenient Terms Arranged
Nachman
512 9th St. N.W.

Corner Cabinets
Eisinger
Mill and Lumber Co., Inc.
Bethesda Wi. 2400

POST WANT ADS PAY.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP
10TH 11TH F AND G STREETS PHONE DISTRICT 5300

We turn you out in
BENGALINE DRESS SUITS

—and as Harper's Bazaar says, "You wear them at big dinners just to be different—you wear them to the restaurant for a little dinner early—and to the indiscreet night club for a little supper late." You wear the short length from afternoon on—this one sketched is in a new pecan brown with a golden blouse and boutonniere, $55. And you slip on one of these bengaline dinner jackets over your smartest evening dress, and turn it into a full-fledged dress suit for formal dining (white or black, $12.95).

This just gives you an idea of how really resplendent you can be this season—and an idea of the smart dinner suits (crepes, taffetas, pique touches) to be had here.

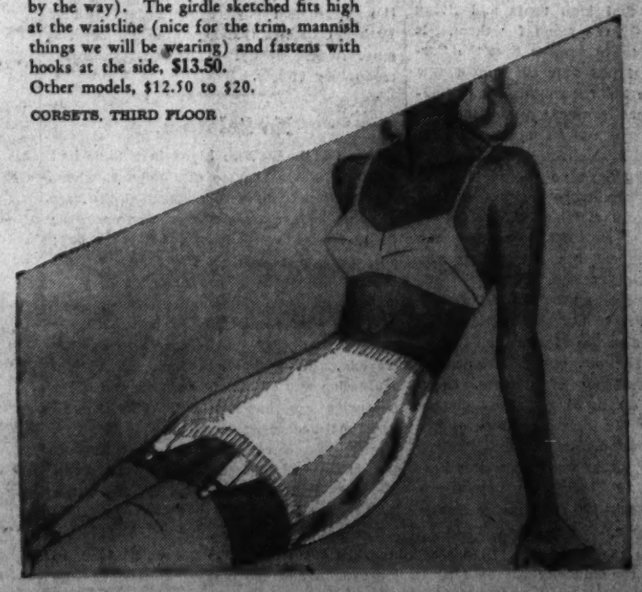
MISSES' DRESSES, THIRD FLOOR
FORMAL ROOM, THIRD FLOOR

Many smart women say there is nothing quite like the
English Elastic STEP-IN

—It does one's figure so much credit—moulding it here, controlling it there—eliminating all the bad points—emphasizing the good ones.

A new importation of these English elastic step-ins has just arrived (exclusively here, by the way). The girdle sketched fits high at the waistline (nice for the trim, mannish things we will be wearing) and fastens with hooks at the side, $13.50.
Other models, $12.50 to $20.

CORSETS, THIRD FLOOR



WOODWARD & LOTHROP
10TH 11TH F AND G STREETS PHONE DISTRICT 5300

Re-Style Your Rings with
MODERN RING MOUNTINGS
At Very Reasonable Prices

The latest designs in both conservative and more elaborate styles, diamond set or plain, and sized to your individual taste and finger requirements. Perhaps you have some precious stones lying idle and unwearable in their present settings, that could be transformed into beautifully mounted rings—or have your old rings reset. Platinum mountings from $35—up. White gold mountings from $12 up.

JEWELRY REPAIR DESK, FIRST FLOOR

3 8x10 Photos (Unmounted) One Oil Colored FREE $3
4 proofs furnished.
GEORGETOWN STUDIO
1307 Wisconsin WEst 2285

EYESIGHT SERVICE
Eyes examined — glasses fitted. Efficient, trustworthy professional service. Established 1909.
KINSMAN OPTICAL COMPANY
DI. 4343. 1320 F St.

Winter is the season for fishing the waters of Florida, Havana, Nassau, the South. Go the quickest way—in comfort. 3 trains daily afford one-night-out service to *The Empire of Sunshine.*

GET ABOARD! Afternoon, Evening and Night Departures from Washington

*FLORIDA SPECIAL—Lv. 6.35 P.M. GULF COAST LTD.—Lv. 7.20 P.M.
*THE MIAMIAN —Lv. 3.40 P.M. PALMETTO LTD.—Lv. 7.10 P.M.
*HAVANA SPECIAL—Lv. 2.15 A.M. *S.A.L. Ry. Jacksonville to East Coast points.
Sleepers ready 10 P.M.

TAKE YOUR AUTO—One additional R. R. ticket carries it.

● A CLEAN RIDE ON A DOUBLE-TRACK, ROCK BALLASTED RAILROAD; PROTECTED by AUTOMATIC SIGNALS and TRAIN CONTROL

GEO. F. JAMES, Gen. Pass. Agt., 733 15th St., N. W., Washington, D. C. Tel. National 7933

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
The Standard Railroad of the South

Choice of the Travelwise
HOTEL VANDERBILT
PARK AVENUE AT 34TH STREET
NEW YORK
One of New York's most distinguished hotels, yet rates are extremely moderate.
Spacious Room with bath from $3

The Washington Post

Registered in U. S. Patent Office.
An Independent Newspaper.
(Published every day in the year.)

Eugene Meyer, Publisher.
Floyd R. Harrison, Comptroller.

The Associated Press is entitled exclusively to use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and local news of spontaneous origin published herein. Rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

OFFICES OF THE WASHINGTON POST.

New York, N. Y. ..... 270 Madison Avenue
Chicago, Ill. ..... 360 North Michigan Avenue
Detroit, Mich. ..... 8-24-1 General Motors Building
St. Louis, Mo. ..... 205 Globe-Democrat Building
San Francisco, Calif. ..... 742 Market Street

DELIVERED IN WASHINGTON.

Daily, Sunday, 1 yr.	$7.80	Daily, Sunday, 1 week	15c
Daily only, 1 yr.	5.20	Daily only, 1 week	10c
Sunday only, 1 yr.	2.60	Sunday only, per copy	5c

BY MAIL—MARYLAND, VIRGINIA, WEST VIRGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA.

Daily and Sunday		Sunday Only		Daily Only	
One month	.85	One year	$4.00	One year	$6.00
Six months	5.00	Six months	2.00	Six months	3.50
One year	10.00	One month	.40	One month	.60

OTHER STATES, MEXICO AND CANADA.

Daily and Sunday		Sunday Only		Daily Only	
One year	$11.00	One year	$4.50	One year	$7.50
Six months	6.00	Six months	2.50	Six months	4.00
One month	1.00	One month	.45	One month	.70

All Subscriptions by Mail Payable in Advance.

Entered at the Postoffice, Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter.

TELEPHONE NATIONAL 4200.

Tuesday, January 21, 1936.

Vigilance Is Removed.

In his New York speech on Sunday, President Roosevelt admonished his audience that "eternal progress is still the price of liberty."

This is a new and somewhat puzzling variant on an old theme. Back in the old horse and buggy days of Thomas Jefferson, liberty had a different price. According to him, "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."

Until March 4, 1933, that was the general consensus of opinion among Democrats. Jefferson's thesis was only clarified by Woodrow Wilson, in 1912, when he said that: "Liberty has never come from the government. The history of liberty is a history of limitations of governmental power, not an increase of it."

What President Roosevelt means by saying now that "eternal progress is still the price of liberty" may be clear to him. But the more we look at it the more utterly meaningless the expression seems. All that is clear about it is that the significant word "vigilance" has quietly been removed from one of the finest slogans in our political history.

A Good Reporter.

The death of Theodore Clifford Wallen, chief of the Washington bureau of the New York Herald Tribune, leaves a painful void in the Capital newspaper corps. His colleagues know that this is not only because an excellent reporter has gone, but also because one of their finest representatives has been struck down in the full bloom of life, in the early stage of what was already an outstanding career.

Ted Wallen possessed absolute integrity, honesty of purpose and objectivity, characteristics essential to any successful career in journalism. But in addition, he brought to his work an overpowering enthusiasm. This enthusiasm, coupled with an insatiable curiosity regarding public men and events, and an unflagging energy and vitality, soon placed him in the front rank of Washington correspondents. Huge in size, there was nothing small about him. He constantly strove for exclusive stories but always fairly. He quickly forgot grievances, except that he always detested the eavesdropping newspapermen who devote themselves to the petty details of men's private lives.

Perhaps the finest tribute which can be paid to any newspaperman is that he has been a "good reporter." That is the unanimous verdict of Ted Wallen's colleagues.

To Kill Off The Sharks.

For 20 years or more the District small loans act has been a dead letter. If it could be enforced, it would close most of the small loans institutions of the city, in as much as the limitation of interest charges to 1 per cent monthly does not allow of a reasonable profit. This, in turn, would work a severe hardship on Washingtonians who, having no security, are forced, from time to time, to borrow small sums to tide them over emergencies. For they could then obtain small loans only from "sharks" in the District or from neighboring States where the laws permit interest charges ranging as high as 42 per cent annually.

Loan sharks prey particularly on the thin pocketbooks of the many Government employes who find high rents and living costs occasionally too much for them. It was to protect these persons that the Corporation Counsel last year drew up a new and enforceable bill for submission to Congress. In essence, it would permit licensed lenders to charge interest of 2 per cent monthly with additional small fees on loans under $35 for 30 days, on character loans, etc. This measure, however, was blocked in the House by a member who raised an irrelevant cry of malfeasance against the Corporation Counsel for not having enforced the existing statute.

With the 2-per-cent proposal still before Congress, Mr. Prettyman has drawn up as an alternative, a series of amendments for the existing 1-per-cent law. Designed to stiffen the regulation of lenders, these changes could do nothing but emphasize more insistently the impracticability of the 1-per-cent restriction. In the end, lenders would surely be forced out of business and residents needing temporary assistance compelled to turn to the suburbs for money at exorbitant rates.

Two days ago the 2-per-cent bill passed the Senate. If the minority of the House can be induced to consider the utter impossibility of small loans on a 1-per-cent basis, similar welcome action can be expected from that chamber.

King George V.

It was appropriate that death came to King George at Sandringham, the country estate which he favored above all others because it lies in the midst of a peaceful countryside, unspoiled and typically English. The County of Norfolk is a small area, measured in square miles, and the hamlet of Sandringham is only one of many little villages which dot the East Anglian heath. But from that county, as the prevalence of its name in our own country attests, have come men and women who have spread the Anglo-Saxon tradition to the far corners of the earth. That is a fine tradition, and one of the best of its exemplars was the man who died in the heart of its homeland yesterday.

"There's such divinity doth hedge a king," no matter how democratic he may be. Yet under the trappings of royalty it was never really difficult to estimate the man who was George Windsor. Simple and unaffected, conscientious and hard-working, decent and always honorable, King George embodied in his personality the quiet virtues which have made his country great.

Moreover, there was in him that sense of personal limitation—not always an English characteristic—which distinguishes the true from the false aristocrat. It was particularly apparent in his address to Parliament on the occasion of the silver jubilee last May. "The complex forms and balanced spirit of our constitution," he told his people then, "were not the discovery of a single era, still less of a single party or of a single person. They are the slow accretion of centuries, the outcome of patience, tradition and experience, constantly finding channels, old and new, for the impulse toward liberty, justice and social improvement inherent in our people down the ages."

George V had these virtues naturally. But undoubtedly they were sublimated by the perils of his reign, a period which tested to the utmost the qualities of his people and thereby the metal of his own character. It would be false to say that the king did more than many humbler Englishmen to bring his country through upon an even keel. But never once did he fail either his high office or his even higher sense of duty. With characteristic modesty he did his bit, and for that the natural respect of his people turned to enduring love.

The titular head of the British Empire is an institution as well as a man. And the Crown, as an institution, gives stability, unity and continuity to the great family of nations and races, of cultures and tongues and ways of life, which has sprung from the loins of this little northern island.

But on the quality of the man, circumscribed though he is by traditions and by laws, depends to no small extent the smooth functioning of the tremendous commonwealth which the British crown unites. When George V was weighed in the balance as a man he was not found wanting. And so he is honored, in death as he was in life. And so he will continue to be honored, for his record in a most critical quarter-century will always stand out amid the long line of English monarchs.

To all mankind the value of tested institutions has become more clear as the storms have raged, and the lightning has struck, and whole communities have been tumbled like overturned ant-heaps before the blast. The scepter has passed from the tired hands of George V. His eyes have closed on that portion of the majestic pageant of English history vouchsafed to him. But he could die happy, last night, knowing that he had played his part well, and that not merely his own people, but all mankind, will join in saying to his successor:

"Long Live The King!"

Logical Suggestion.

Father Coughlin would like to rush in where Senator Nye's Munitions Committee can no longer afford to tread. The Senator has a very reasonable premonition that the reckless rummaging, which he has dignified by the term investigation, is about to end. But he does not feel it constitutionally possible to accept the radio priest's offer to find the funds to continue it.

In a way, this is unfortunate. For of late the inquiry has been so completely in the Coughlin technique that to have his name formally attached as a sponsor would seem altogether right and fitting. However, the Detroit broadcaster may perhaps be prevailed upon to continue the probe over the radio, as an unofficial enterprise.

The Nye committee's methods have already shown that the presence of witnesses is virtually superfluous. And to continue the exhibition by broadcasting, under Father Coughlin's auspices, would seem a most logical sequel to Senator Nye's introductory efforts.

No Solution.

The Old Lady Who Lived in a Shoe had nothing on the Library of Congress, where new books continue to pour in at the rate of some 500 volumes a day. Here may be found genealogies from Abel to York; periodicals ranging in subject matter from female accountancy to unaccountable females, and authoritative directions on how to build everything from a pyramid to a better mousetrap. All the humor, the tragedy, the destruction, the construction, the fiction and the science of this and other centuries are handled automatically and arranged according to their classification. The sewerage report of Kennebunkport, Me., is catalogued with no less respect than the findings of the Supreme Court on the AAA.

The national library of the United States now has some 5,000,000 volumes under its supervision and "so many manuscripts that a statement of their number is not regarded as feasible." However, these facts are not as depressing as they would have been in 1929, before an annex to the library had been authorized. The solemn thought now is the optimism of those early planners who thought the problem had been solved by placing the tabulated knowledge of the world at the door of Congress.

Challenge To The President.

The Senate has passed the so-called compromise bonus bill by a majority which indicates that it would be sustained over a veto. Yet the President, to be true to his convictions, must refuse to sign any bill anticipating payments due to veterans on their service certificates.

In numerous speeches and addresses and in his veto message last May, he has roundly condemned such payments in principle. His general objections are strengthened by the knowledge that the Treasury, even without this burden, must finance an extraordinarily heavy relief program, putting a severe strain upon the Federal credit during the coming months.

If Congress insists upon voting fresh appropriations for unnecessary and unjustifiable purposes, the President is under double obligation to voice a formal protest against such folly in the most decisive way possible. The Senate record on bonus legislation is an eloquent and painful commentary upon the breakdown of resistance to this unwarranted raid upon the Treasury by a determined lobby. Last year it approved the Patman bill by 55 to 33, but sustained a Presidential veto by 54 to 40. The vote by which the present bill passed shows what pronounced gains have been made by the bonus advocates in recent months.

While the shift may be attributed in part to the fact that the present Senate bill is not so crudely inflationary as preceding proposals, the difference is more superficial than real. Whether the payments are financed by fiat money or by borrowing the result will be an addition to uncovered expenditures reflected in note circulation or in an increase in deposit currency. In either case, the Government will be forced to assume heavy liabilities without means of meeting them out of current revenue.

If the President vigorously denounces such practices, it will at least help to clarify thinking among those who do not yet realize the dangers inherent in the present fiscal situation. An appeal for upholding a Presidential veto would carry much greater weight, however, if the Administration's own record were not so vulnerable.

Its spending policies have done a great deal to overcome the opposition of some of the resolute members of the Senate to passage of bonus legislation. If they were given positive assurance that a general retrenchment is seriously contemplated, it would stiffen their courage to sustain a veto.

Plaque Marks The Spot.

A laconic dispatch from London states that the "historic house at 50 Wimpole street" is being torn down. It briefly recalls that this was the home of Elizabeth Barrett before her marriage to Robert Browning. And we are informed that the new building to be erected in its place "will bear a plaque to mark the site."

It would be interesting to know what the tempestuous Browning and the sentimental "Ba" Barrett would have thought of this means of recording the location of their romance. For it was at 50 Wimpole street that the two Victorian poets met; there also that Henrietta Barrett fell in love with her "darling Surtees;" and there that the body of Ba's beloved brother was brought after he drowned at Torquay. True, it was often less a home than a prison under Mr. Barrett's iron-fisted rule. But even after 11 years of happy married life in Italy, Elizabeth Browning wrote back to London: "I take up books—but my heart goes walking up and down constantly through that house on Wimpole street." And now all its associations are to be reduced to "a plaque to mark the site."

It is not only in England that the old places where history was made are coming down under the wrecker's hammer. Washington is more of a vandal than London in this respect. Changes, not always for the better, in settings like Lafayette Square are not compensated by aggregations of plaques "to mark the site."

A necessity is something you buy on credit because you've spent your cash for luxuries.

There are always certain people who yell so loud that the Government thinks an emergency exists.

Many a man has dulled his wits scratching out a living.

The Bonus Of The Unknown.

I am but one Unknown;
Who, when the tragic summons came,
Did heed the war drum's doleful beat,
And gave my all! Though lost to fame,
My bones find rest and peace complete
Where wrecks of war are strewn.

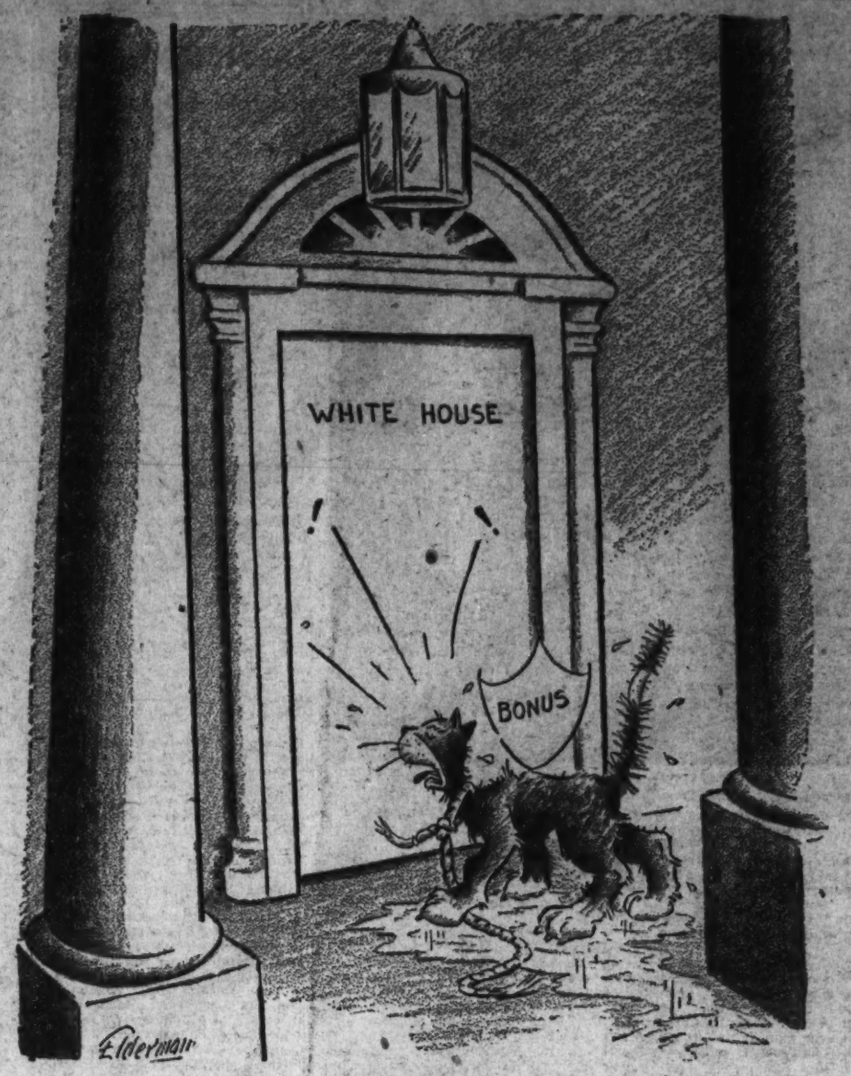
I am but one who died
With love of country in his breast;
Fresh from a mother's flowing tears—
Sent forth to stand the acid test
Of ideals coming down the years—
Set for a Nation's guide!

I boast not noble blood;
Yet, that which spilled was sanctified
By love of life—'twas sweet to live!
But, if my countrymen take pride,
Content am I that all I give
Should rot in Argonne mud!

At Arlington, one sleeps
Close by where orators would pay
In gold, the ones allowed to live;
Yet, in his mute and silent way,
He boasts a fame he'd spurn to give
For that which fawning reaps!

He is of those, the slain!
To you that live his spirit calls—
"Be true!"—No ghost of his descends
To haunt yon legislative halls;
But rather roams with winter winds,
In Flanders' sleet and rain!

W. F. E.



Back Again.

Letters To The Editor.

All communications must carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the Editor's discretion. In fairness to other correspondents, brevity is requested. Letters are subject to condensation.

Takoma Park Buses.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Will you please give the writer space enough in your valuable paper so I can explain the transportation situation in the Takoma Park, Kennedy street and Georgia avenue section of our city and the future outlook to those patrons who must rely on what service the Capital Transit Co. and the Public Utilities Commission care to give us whether we will like it or not.

Since the Ninth street car line has about been put out of service and lots of cars are running on the Seventh street line, it has become one of the worst lines in the city, and if the contemplated elimination of the Kennedy street line to Takoma Park is soon to come to pass, anyone can see what is going to happen when all cars run on Seventh street and the Fourteenth street cars stop at Colorado avenue.

Buses are now running from Takoma Park as early as 7 a. m. and without any notification to the public. As I understood it, these buses were only to be run during rush hours, but they are running early and late. That is being done to make the people ride the bus whether they like those unsafe and insanitary vehicles or not.

FELIX A. URY.

Washington, Jan. 18.

Bare Streets 'Unprogressive.'

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: This fall, two east and west roads were opened to traffic in the Mall and immediately "No Parking" signs sprang up like weeds. These roads are an improvement but they certainly don't clarify the parking situation. The reason for the parking ban, it seems, is that it would spoil the view of the Capitol. Personally I think that is bosh.

Would the view of the Capitol, looking East on Pennsylvania avenue, be improved by removing the parking cars and making it look like a deserted village? Of course, cars should not park on a narrow street, but we are so accustomed to seeing them parked on wide streets that it actually looks out of place and unprogressive to see a wide street absolutely bare of cars.

G. R. C.

Washington, Jan. 16.

Pendulum Swinging Back.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Perhaps the Constitution of the United States is not so bad after all. For some time I heard so much about remaking it that I began to wonder whether the Bible itself was any too secure. To me the Constitution had been from my boyhood days a sacred instrument. I even felt that God had had a hand in making it. I just wondered whether He would extend the same degree of help to the would-be leaders of today that He gave to the true and tried of the early day.

Is the pendulum actually swinging back again? Only two or three years ago the craze to change constitutions swept over the country. It seemed to be in the air to make both wise and unwise changes in charters and by-laws of local and national associations as well as to change the Constitution of the United States; but there is plainly an easing up all along the line at present.

In fact, the pendulum has swung back so far that on September 17 the Nation witnessed in the pulpit, in the press, and in celebrations of the people one of the finest showings of loyalty to the flag and to the Constitution that has taken place in recent time.

Such an exhibition of faith gives new impetus to the prosperity which recent Federal legislation has made possible. It further evidence that we are getting back to normalcy. It does not mean that amendments will not be adopted, but it does mean that reckless action has been averted. Little value can be expected from changes taking place in the path of a hurricane.

J. W. CRABTREE,
Secretary-Emeritus,
National Education Association.
Washington, Jan. 18.

Competition In Safety.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: It has finally come, after too long dawdling, dependence on safety pledges and nostrums, and failure to follow the example of New England: A hard-boiled effort to stop traffic fatalities.

The best regulation of all was the curb on taxicabs, which still hog the streets, skip lights, race to stop lines, delaying walkers waiting to cross, swerve corners at speed and all angles, pass a la Barney Oldfield with violent blat of sirens, and generally, especially late at night, blow their horns to the point of idiocy.

Some action may be necessary in Congress against manufacturers. They encourage accidents by lure of their speed boastings to the irresponsible; and to them must accrue heavy credit for the toll of slaughters. Let them now satisfy their incurable mania for increased production by competitive claims of safety.

EDW. A. S. HUGHES.

Washington, Jan. 17.

"The Entire Community."

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I have been a subscriber and admirer of The Post for a great many years but nothing you have ever published has pleased me more than your editorial this morning on the death of Mr. Benjamin L. Gaskins.

It stamps The Post as a broad-minded journal, in touch with the pulse of the people and ready to give praise where praise is due, irrespective of class or racial affiliations. As you well said in the closing remarks of your editorial, "the entire community suffers a real loss in his premature death."

WALTER A. PINCHBACK.

Washington, Jan. 18.

The Hauptmann Reprieve.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I was hoping that The Post would give to the reading public some such editorial on the Hauptmann case (more specifically now the Hoffman case) that it has given in the issue of January 18. In speaking to a very well-informed lawyer recently, he said to me he had found but one of his profession in Washington who thought that the case against Hauptmann, for which he was indicted, had been proved beyond reasonable doubt. That there was some involvement, consciously or otherwise, no one doubts; that Hauptmann kidnaped or killed the child, many of our best people doubt.

Those who would think justly and sanely on this case must remember the ballyhoo which attended the trial; the grandstand playing; the ferocity to find a victim (a goat) to wipe out the State's disgrace. But to this we should add that, at the time of this trial, the American public was so inflamed against everything which was German, because of our national attitude to Hitler, that an accused German who had a criminal record at home and who was faced with damaging, almost deadly circumstantial evidence, was as good as condemned before he was tried.

It must not be forgotten that the newspapers of a certain sort had tried, condemned and executed Bruno Hauptmann before he ever faced the criminal court. Gov. Harold Hoffman has risen above the superficial cry of the multitude for blood and has shown that New Jersey has a Governor who fears God rather than man. J. O. KNOTT.

Washington, Jan. 18.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: There are at least some of us, and I am glad to say an increasing number of us, who are thankful that a man like Gov. Hoffman is to be found in America; a man with the courage to follow his convictions in spite of the threats of hostile politicians and the menace of the prejudiced majority.

If the State of New Jersey has been disgraced, as one of its newspapers is said to assert, it is not through the action of its Governor, but by the trial itself that would be a reproach to any State. The explanation given by Gov. Hoffman is that of a fearless man who loves justice and is able to separate judgment from prejudice. He realizes his duty to leave no stone unturned in solving the mysterious abduction and death of the Lindbergh child, and in the interest of fair play has given a condemned man a few more weeks during which the true facts may come to light.

From the point of view of abstract justice, it is a crime to impose the death sentence on a man whose trial was conducted with no dignity and who was convicted on evidence quite unconvincing to many intelligent people. When law has reached such a stage that technicalities are of more importance than the discovery of truth—and this can be said of many trials—it is time to revamp our legal system.

One begins to lose confidence in one's own countrymen and their sense of fair play when such a travesty of justice can be enacted by a court and approved by the public. In a country such as ours, where many of the citizens are foreign born or children of the foreign born, it is astonishing to find such prejudice against the foreign born as has been exemplified not infrequently and especially in the Sacco-Vanzetti and the Hauptmann cases. Do people reason or do they simply accept the opinions of their group or of the newspaper they read? A number of fair-minded Americans are certain to rejoice over the independence of thought and action of Gov. Hoffman and to extol his courage. ISABELLE STONE.

Washington, Jan. 18.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I think it is perfectly outrageous to reprieve Bruno Hauptmann, Gov. Hoffman is interested in the case only from a political angle (he can't actually in all fairness believe the man innocent), and is using it as a means to gain himself national prominence. Why give Hauptmann all this publicity anyhow? You would think he was a Roger Casement, or some hero giving his life for a great cause, instead of being the convicted perpetrator of one of the most hideous crimes of the century. He has been proved an illegal entrant into this country. Besides, his story is so thin and so absurd, and the evidence against him so overwhelming, that it is ridiculous to expect American citizens to believe it.

The Lindberghs would be perfectly justified in never entering the United States again, as they have been treated shamefully. I, for one, think Hauptmann should have been electrocuted long ago.

M. O. C.

Washington, Jan. 17.

The Post Impressionist

Eternal Emily.

Post Office, Tuesday.

THE so-called Dickinson Lode is not by any means worked out. Edward Peale, anyhow, alleges that Amherst hiredman Martin alleges that he has dug out some more poems which he attributes to Emily Dickinson.

* * *

Martin, Mr. Peale assures us, has written him:

"I guess you wouldn't hardly imagine that a body could have a poem wrote to him by Miss Emily and just disremember. Now I recollect as good as anything. She handed it to me on this piece of pink paper enclosed, folded up, and I asked her was it to be took to Miss Susan and I can most hear her say No, Mart, this is for you.

* * *

"Well, then," continues Peale's quotation from the Martin epistle, "they want nothing those days and somehow it kind of got put away into that kind of half hid draw in the old dresser that's been in my room man and boy these 60 years and odd, along with a tintype of Althea, who helped in the kitchen once when Maggie was ailing and some odd texts and valentines and etcetera.

* * *

"But I reckon the important feature is how it transpired. If you ain't never lived in an old mansion where there's old fashioned zincs you won't know nothing about mice maybe. My opinion is that's how they get in and cats is not much good lest you was to give the whole house over to cats which would be worse. And like all women, Miss Emily she didn't set no store at all by rats.

* * *

"So inasmuch as I chanced to be in the dark passageway when she suddenly come in and screamed bloody murder at a mouse the size of your thumb that was probably scairt to death, but she would have it that I rescued her. Hence the poem. If I could of understood it good I might of set as much store by it always as what I do now. Anyway here it is."

* * *

And here, after the next three asterisks, you will indeed find the poem that Peale sends us from Martin:

* * *

Dark murine contingencies
Dispossessed provide—
Seed and root and Summer—
Bloom of Gratitude.
Valor's mere potential
Maidens to enlarge—
Sainted Martin cloakless
Qualifies as George.

* * *

What's more there's more. Peale says that hardly had he digested the foregoing than he received another poem and another letter from Mart. The letter, he says, began thus:

"When there was xtry work with mowing or along agricultural fair time, Lincoln Burritt got hired by Squire Dickinson and Miss Emily she once and a while give him a little note to carry to the other house. And what did Linc do but forget to deliver some.

* * *

"Well"—so Peale says this letter continues—"Linc being laid up last week, I went over to set with him and visit and told him about how Miss Emilys poems was woth cash though I never seem to get none of it. Well what did old Linc do but fish around and get out some of those old notes.

* * *

"We had a long spell discussing and Lincoln calls it I am close. I would not take nothing under four lines and finally I bid on four of them, and got em for sixty cents him wanting a dollar. And that's moren you've paid me yet. But may be its worth it for the advertising and I guess hes still got others and I don't know who he can sell em to xcept me."

* * *

Whereupon follow four poems.

* * *

1.

Love doth not know geography—
Tis all equators there—
There is not any boundary—
A mile's a continent,
Innocent too of history,
Since nothing did precede,
And one event eternal be
However verified.

* * *

2.

A sunset is a sermon,
Clouds golden apophthegms—
And by innate conversion
Is my belief in them.
Eternity is harder;
But since some found the door,
I read the sign upon it
Through spectacles of tears.

* * *

3.

Maps are the steeds lent Phaeton.
They gallop to the Tropics
Where sleeps Ixtaccihuatl
Dreaming of lava epics
To be or been. But tamer
Than the others, shun the Po;
Unfold the magic carpet
Wherever you would go.

* * *

4.

What joy can there in dainties be
Which threaten no Eternity—
Either above where craving ceases,
Or here where I slice endless pieces?

* * *

What next? Will the Dickinsons' butcher be turning up with Dickinson poems? Or will Martin be discovering new poems by Emerson?

Fair Enough

By Westbrook Pegler

Modern French Politics

Paris, Jan. 20.

IT is impossible to understand the moves in French politics without first memorizing the names of the parties and the principles for which they stand. This being done, the rest is easy.

The old Left Wing is not actually left nowadays, but is situated to the right of the Center. This phenomenon is explained by the fact that several additional Left Wings have been added to the political line-up since the original Left Wing was established. The furthermost Left Wing at the present writing is not known as the Left Wing because the members of this group do not wish to be confused with the old, original Left, which today is left in name only. Therefore, the actual Leftist group of the moment prefers to call itself the Right merely to escape odium attaching to the term "Left." The old original Right, on the other hand, has been compelled to yield the wing position to a radical conservative group calling itself the Moderate Extremists and has shifted over to a place roughly corresponding to left tackle.

The French Center, by the same process, has abandoned its position in the middle and, with the introduction of the new, open game has become a roving center with leanings toward the principles of that growing element of malcontents who advocate the restoration of the King on a straight Communist platform. This group, in turn, is divided into three elements—A, B and Z. The Z group selected that letter to show how widely it disagrees with groups A and B. These elements demand, respectively, the devaluation of the franc, the nondevaluation of the franc and a compromise policy of letting the franc alone awhile for God's sake. Although not in general agreement, this party may be said to hold the balance of power in the Chamber because Premier Laval, a hidebound anarchist of the most reactionary type, is firmly opposed to all three propositions and looks to the small but influential Socialist-Bourbon coalition for support.

• • • •

FROM this brief summary it will be seen that France has adopted the double wing-back and the unbalanced line, employing the shift on defense especially for left field hitters. The reverse is also true, but on the other hand the Labor Party, composed of rich industrialists and the survivors of the old aristocracy, often is found in the center, which is neither here nor there.

The Labor Party was organized by a group of old-fashioned kiver-to-kiver Anarchists on a straight piecework basis of so many francs per head. These organizers recruited 300,000 members to their rolls and delivered the party, whole, to a group of capitalists in the munitions and automobile industries for a price roughly estimated at 300,000 francs. They also built up a thriving Anarchist newspaper with a blackmail department second to none and the envy of all the other journals in Paris. This, too, was sold to the capitalists as a going concern to serve as a mouthpiece for their principles. The same group of Anarchists is now engaged in organizing a religious party under contract with an ambitious group of Athiests. It will be known as the Religious Alliance. This may sound paradoxical, but in French politics the first principle is to control your opposition press. And the best way to control it is to own it yourself. Thus, the Atheists are also launching a daily paper to be known as Hooray for Religion, to be conducted as an organ of atheistic propaganda.

• • • •

EVERY party has its own newspaper, and there are about 100 papers in Paris, but, like the political parties, most of them have names which are misleading, for reasons which I have explained.

Labor is divided into many blocs, all of them opposed to the labor party and all adhering to the anti-labor party, the official organization of the workingman. Owing to the fluctuation in the exchange and economic conditions within France it is impossible to lay down a fixed tariff or scale of prices for politicians at the present time. With the frac quoted at 14 for $1, the quotation for a prime political leader with cabinet experience is 100,000 francs asked 65,000 bid, closing at 70,750½. Deputies are 500 francs each in lots of a dozen. Extreme Socialists have been pegged at the nominal price of 1 franc, with no demand.

Patriotic publicity is a matter of individual bargaining. A communist article may be inserted on page 1 of a royalist publication, one column deep, outside column, for 500 francs to the owner, plus 10 per cent to the editor. A pacifist organ will print a euology to a machine gun manufacturer in the same position for 10 francs per 1,000 of circulation, plus the usual commission to the copy desk.

Clip this outline of the French political situation and put it away. The next time they have a crisis or breeze in the Chamber of Deputies, followed, perhaps, by shooting in the Place de la Concorde, it will give you a perfect understanding of the situation.

London Stock Exchange Closes in King's Honor

London (Tuesday), Jan. 21 (U.P.).—The stock exchange, excepting the settling room where Monday's transactions must be cleared, will be closed today in memory of the late King George V., it was announced.

Banks and foreign exchange markets will remain open, and it was understood the commodity market will do likewise.

All will close for the King's funeral, the date for which has not yet been set.

Although the stock exchange closed weak yesterday, it was believed issues would steady when King Edward VIII takes over, and that a wave of empire patriotism might improve stocks.

2,760 Italian Troops Sail.

Naples, Italy, Jan. 20 (AP).—The steamship Sardegna, carrying 2,760 troops to Africa, sailed tonight. The Arabia also departed with supplies.

Anxious Italy

Post Correspondent Reports Increasing Skepticism Toward Ethiopian Campaign, Though Many Accept State Propaganda.

By Andre Vulliet.
Special Correspondence of The Post.

Paris.

IN war-stricken Italy one cannot fail to notice today that the enthusiasm for the Abyssinian campaign and Italy's expansionist policy is of quite a different brand from that which prevailed a few months ago. Anxiety over the final outcome is now slowly creeping into many a mind and, if enthusiasm is still commonly expressed, one feels that it often is being worked up as a sort of craving for collective martyrdom. Fascist Italy is now living through her period of heroic mysticism. But she no longer is as certain of the final victory as she was in August or September.

Clever propaganda and news handling has created utter confusion in the average Italian mind between Italy's colonial ambition, which found a considerable amount of sympathetic support even abroad, and the way she is trying to get what she wants, which hardly meets with any approval at all.

In every bit of official litterature Italy is depicted as a glorious and solitary martyr who stands alone against the whole world. With true Mediterranean romanticism, posters have been stuck all over the country, reading thus: "It is against this people of poets, of artists, of heroes, of saints, of navigators, of explorers, it is against this people that they dare speak of sanctions." Half the people are convinced they are unjustly being pinned down by the selfish conservatism of rich nations.

It takes the experience of old age, a mother's sensitiveness, a peasant's solid common sense to feel that there must be something wrong somewhere. These begin to have a doubt in their hearts and wonder if their country's case is so white as all that. This, of course, leaves out all the younger half of the Italian population, that which has been fed on glory, students without exception, kids who carry a map of Ethiopia in their pockets and stop playing to see where Makale or Dolo are, young unemployed and that part of the bourgeois class which always accounts for nine-tenths of a nation's pride anyway.

Indeed, in Fascist Italy it seems hard to find a man below 35 years of age who is not a blind follower of Mussolini's policies. This is Il Duce's strength. But, on the other hand, it is becoming increasingly apparent, that many women and most elder people are viewing Signor Mussolini's attitude in his African expedition with utter concern. And this is a new development.

• • • •

TO a traveler who speaks the language and knows the country well enough to be taken for an Italian, a trip to that country at this time is most instructive. This correspondent has just been spending a few days in a snowbound village in the Italian Alps, where he has gone regularly for the past 22 years. What struck him this time was the concern evinced by those who asked him this question: "So, you are coming from Paris. Now, tell us, what do they say over there? How is all this business going to end?"

This is the way we were immediately greeted at the barber's shop. After a heated debate, the barber and his one customer concluded: "But—how can we get out without looking like Pagliacci?"

This secret feeling explains why so many people think that, if they must die anyway, a suicidal outburst against Great Britain might save them from the ridicule of being stopped by Ethiopia.

We saw an old woman, whose son was sent to Ethiopia in September. She was proud then; she was crying the other day as she had just received one of her son's rare letters. He was singing small, complaining about the climate and about not having enough to eat. Ten or 12 lines had been scratched out by the censorship.

Asked about his business, the innkeeper showed his empty hall in an enigmatic circular gesture and added with a smile: Si vive (One lives). An old peasant, who had worked in France before the war, told this correspondent: "Enthusiasm? You will see plenty in the press and over the radio, but there is very little among us. We are on the way to ruin. We are living beyond our means, spending our capital to conquer a land in the most expensive way and when, and if, we get there we'll have not a cent left."

• • • •

IN the motor bus we overheard people talking against the government which does this and does that and makes a mess of it all. The price of gasoline had just been raised from lire 3.66 to 3.88 a liter, which corresponds to $1.33 a gallon at the official rate of exchange. The bus was running on naphtha which smelled awfully. An additional tax on the transportation of goods throughout the kingdom had also just been created. This meant an additional expense of 1 cent per ton of merchandise for every kilometer, or 16 cents for every 10 miles, be it by rail or road.

In Como, the Shoemaker asked us after a while: "Now, tell me, what do they think in France? Do they think we are right or do they think we are crazy?" He, too, was an elderly man, but four months ago he certainly would not have asked that question.

This lack of enthusiasm among the lower class of the Italian people was also made clear in private conversations with the country's physician and the village priest, both of whom have daily contacts with hundreds of peasants.

• • • •

IN sharp contrast is the credulity with which many accept simple and extravagant ideas about England in particular and the world in general. We may even venture to say that credulity accounts for 50 per cent of the Italian people's enthusiasm. It is, of course, constantly kept at high pitch by the press and radio.

An extraordinary number of people, particularly among the young, are convinced that Great Britain's strength is nothing but her fleet and they proceed to show you that in modern warfare warships are outdated, that it is the air fleet that counts and that with a couple of hundred plucky aviators who will plunge to their death, they will sink the home fleet and England will be starving.

They believe Marconi has some mysterious death ray that will allow them to stop all motors from a distance and they find something inebriating in the thought that they may be the first people in the world to give a fatal blow to the British Empire.

They believe in Ersatz products, in wool made out of milk, in naphtha, in the possibility of absolute economic independence. They believe Premier Laval will save Italy from the catastrophe of a European war and protect her from a coalition of Free Masonry and bolshevism. They believe France will always side with them because it is her interest to secure Italy's friendship to stave off the German danger. Half the Italian population is skeptical, but the other half is in a disposition to take anything for granted.

• • •

THE press and the radio leave no stone unturned to keep up the morale of the nation and make it martyr conscious. Newspapers carry war mottoes in banner-head type across their front pages every day.

When peace-seeking Pierre Laval referred to the Laval-Hoare peace proposals and to "a certain speech which had not facilitated our task" (meaning a violent speech delivered by Il Duce), that part of Monsieur Laval's address was not reproduced in the Italian press. The "news" was circulated that, because of Italy's counter sanctions, the British had to go without their Christmas turkeys.

The sale of foreign newspapers is practically prohibited in Italy and it is forbidden to tune in on foreign broadcasts in hotels and public places. In private homes, however, everyone is trying to listen in on Italian Switzerland to get unofficial news in Italian.

• • • •

POSTERS, labels and drawings meant to arouse the masses are stuck everywhere, on walls, on trees, on telegraph poles, in railway stations, in street cars. Green, white or red, they read:

"One man only in your heart: Benito Mussolini," or

"Everybody with Benito Mussolini for the grandeur of Italy," or

"To the economic sanctions, we shall oppose our discipline, our sobriety, our spirit of sacrifice," or

"Every lira spent abroad is an arm given to our enemies," and so on.

All shops have been compelled to stick across their windows a large poster bearing the words "*Ce ne freghiamo delle sanzioni*," which means literally "We don't give a damn about sanctions."

This abundance of slogans and posters makes one think of the collective mysticism which lifted the American people at the beginning of the New Deal, when everyone wanted to "do his part" and the Blue Eagle was seen everywhere. Italy is now living through a heroic period much as was the case in Germany during the World War. But this is only a colonial expedition and those who are old enough to know begin to realize that this enthusiasm for it is bound to die out sooner or later.

Don't Mention It.

By Ed Reed

"That actor's son gives me a pain—always taking a bow!"

Bugaboo Returns

By Karl Schriftgiesser

Dry Lobby On Job.

A LARGE number of headaches are reported on the Hill these days, all because the Guyer bill is scheduled to come up for discussion shortly. This, as you may recall, is that particularly rigorous measure designed to make Washington once again a lily-white village, without any grog shops on the main stem, but plenty of them down almost any alley you might want to mention. It is the pride and joy of the old guard drys, who have not swung onto the Townsend band wagon and are using their dwindling energy to revive their dream of aridity for all.

One would think that even a Congressman would not take the diehards seriously, but this does not seem to be the case. Many Monday mornings ago a reporter for The Post revealed the great amount of activity which was going on among the remnants of the greatest repressive organization in recent history and it was amazing to discover how hard their were all working toward the common purpose of drying up Washington. They were concentrating their attention upon this city because its citizens have nothing to say about such matters, and everyone knows that there is nothing a Prohibitionist hates more than a ballot box's getting in the way of his plans.

From a little green-shuttered house mail was going forth at a heavy rate, imploring the faithful in Kansas and elsewhere to write, wire, or phone his (or her) Congressman to save the ininiquitous in Washington from self-destruction in the cocktail rooms and restaurants. These appeals must have been couched in the same fervid phrases of the old evangelism, for it now appears that when the Congressmen went home to check up on their chances of re-election this years the apostles of aridity got them off in the corner and gave them a talking to. Now they are back, and soon the bill, which has the blessings of the old ladies back home, has them exceedingly worried.

ONE gentleman of Congress expressed his dilemma pretty well. Admitting that he came from a wet district, he said: "I can't afford to ignore the requests of the organized drys, especially as most of the wets don't care a hang whether the District is wet or dry." This gives an idea of how difficult it is for a Congressman to be intellectually honest. It also is an excellent explanation of what the poor, voteless Washingtonia is up against.

Here we have a gentleman, who has it in his power to legislate the affairs of some 500,000 persons, taking his cue from what a thoroughly discredited organization miles away has been told, by certain meddlesome individuals, would be "good for" those same 500,000 persons—who have no direct way of answering back. And although his personal beliefs are opposed to any return of prohibition, here or anywhere, he listens to the rumblings of a distant lobby and gets scared at the thunder on his left.

It seems to me that if he has to take his hint on how to run the District from what they think back home, the Congressman might take it from the majority out there, who voted for the repeal of the eighteenth amendment. The majority in the home town probably does not, as he says, care a hang about the drinking habits of Washington. But they do about their own section. And what is good enough for them should have some bearing on the Congressional gentleman's legislating for the National Capital.

NOBODY expects that Congress will be so silly as to dry up the District by passage of the Guyer bill, but that, of course, is no reason why those of us who look with dread upon even the remotest return to the evil conditions attendant upon prohibition should not get a little bit irritated at the tactics of those who would run our lives for us. And the vision of quaking Congressmen listening to the mutterings of a little lobby, which by no stretch of the imagination can be said to be working for the interests of the majority is not a pretty sight.

I realize that many of these misguided ladies and gentlemen, who are holding onto their old dream so tenaciously are moved by a desire to make this world a better place to live in. But they heard the voice of the people who shouted them down and demanded repeal and they could not honestly be proud of drying up the District by legislation in so undemocratic a manner. Such minorities, who would make Washington a model this or a model that, have fascistic tendencies, I think, and should be continually watched. They would rule by dictatorship and intimidation, these little Hitlers, if given half a chance.

Ten Heads, Each Able to Wear a King's Crown

Associated Press WIREPHOTOS

The royal line of succession, in order of their eligibility to succeed to the crown of George V. Top, left to right—The "Bachelor King" Edward VIII, the former Prince of Wales; his brother, the Duke of York, and the latter's daughters, Princess Elizabeth and Margaret Rose. Second row—The Duke of Gloucester, fifth in line; the Duke of Kent; his son, Prince David, and Princess Mary, the late King's daughter. Finally, Viscount Lascelles and Gerald Lascelles, the two sons of Princess Mary and her "commoner" husband, the Viscount Lascelles.

Britain's Ruler Is Sixtieth King Since Year 827

Edward VIII Is Second Monarch in House of Windsor.

By the United Press.

London, Jan. 20.—King Edward VIII is Britain's sixtieth King, in direct descent from Egbert, a Saxon, who ruled on the British Isles in 827.

The new King belongs to the House of Windsor, the dynasty name adopted by British royalty as a result of the World War, when German titles coming from Queen Victoria's husband, Prince Albert, were foresworn. Edward is the second King of that house, his father, King George V, having been the first.

Edward traces his line back to Alfred the Great, William the Conqueror, the Emperor Charlemagne, Rodrigo the Cid, the Emperor Barbarossa and St. Louis, King of France in the thirteenth century. Many races have contributed to his heritage—Saxons, Danes, Normans, German. Traditions behind his throne descend from the House of Normandy, the House of Plantagenet, the House of Lancaster, the House of York, the House of Tudor, the House of Stuart, the House of Hanover and the House of Saxe-Coburg.

List of Monarchs.

A complete list of the monarchs:

SAXONS AND DANES.

Monarchs.	Ascension to the Throne.	Monarchs.	Ascension to the Throne.
Egbert	827	Edward the Martyr	975
Ethelwulf	839	Ethelred II	979
Ethelbald	858	Edmund Ironside	1016
Ethelred	866	Canute and Dane	1017
Alfred the Great	871	Harold I	1035
Edward the Elder	901	Hardicanute	1040
Athelstan	925	Edward the Confessor	1042
Edmund	940	Harold II	1066
Edred	946		
Edwy	955		
Edgar	958		

HOUSE OF NORMANDY.

William I	1066	Henry I	1100
William II	1087	Stephen	1135

HOUSE OF PLANTAGENET.

Henry II	1154	Edward I	1272
Richard I	1189	Edward II	1307
John	1199	Edward III	1327
Henry III	1216	Richard II	1377

HOUSE OF LANCASTER.

Henry IV	1399	Henry VI	1422
Henry V	1413		

HOUSE OF YORK.

Edward IV	1461	Richard III	1483
Edward V	1483		

HOUSE OF TUDOR.

Henry VII	1485	Jane	1553
Henry VIII	1509	Mary I	1553
Edward VI	1547	Elizabeth	1558

HOUSE OF STUART.

James I	1603	William III	1689
Charles I	1625	Mary II	1689
Charles II	1649	Anne	1702
James II	1685		

HOUSE OF HANOVER.

George I	1714	George IV	1820
George II	1727	William IV	1830
George III	1760	Victoria	1837

HOUSE OF SAXE-COBURG.

Edward VII	1901		

HOUSE OF WINDSOR.

George V	1910	Edward VIII	1936

King Fond of Opera.

London, Jan. 20 (U.P.).—George V was passionately fond of Gilbert and Sullivan operas and spent hours listening to them on the phonograph and radio. He also was a regular visitor to the movies, sometimes going two or three times in a single week.

Edward May Remain A Bachelor Monarch

London, Jan. 20.—Many Princesses have had their names linked in newspaper reports and tea-cup gossip as future wives of the new King, Edward VIII, but he mounts the throne as a bachelor, possibly destined to remain so until the end of his days.

Among the royal feminine eligibles thus mentioned have been Princess Victoria Louise of Prussia, several of the former Grand Duchesses of Russia, Princess Yolanda of Italy, the former Princess Astrid of Sweden, Princess Martha of Sweden, two Spanish princesses, Princess Juliana of Holland and Princess Marina of Greece whom his brother George, the Duke of Kent, later married.

One of the outstanding and most persistent reports connected his name with that of Princess Ingrid, daughter of the Crown Prince of Sweden.

King to Follow Thirteen Steps In Coronation

Prince of Wales Will Be Invited to Accept England's Crown.

Copyright, 1936, by the United Press.

London, Jan. 20.—Technical steps necessary before the Prince of Wales succeeds his father, King George V, as King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British dominions beyond the seas, defender of the faith, and Emperor of India, follow:

1. The home secretary announces that the King is dead.

2. The privy council is summoned immediately to issue orders for proclamation of the new King.

Invited to Accept.

3. The Prince of Wales is invited to succeed to the throne; he accepts, and this part of the ceremony is completed within a half hour.

4. The first of several public announcements, signed by the male members of the royal family and officials are issued announcing the late monarch's death and succession of the new King.

5. The Archbishop of Canterbury, the privy councilors in attendance, and the lord mayor, aldermen and other officials of London accordingly proclaim the new King as "our only lawful and rightful liege Lord Edward VIII, by the grace of God King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British dominions beyond the seas, defender of the faith and Emperor of India."

6. The next entry in the official London Gazette gives the text of the new King's speech to the privy council.

7. A notice follows that the King has taken an oath relating to the security of the Church of Scotland.

8. Parliament meets to take the oaths of allegiance and supremacy.

9. The formal public proclamation of the new monarch takes place within two or three days of the late King's death at St. James Palace.

Coronation Follows.

10. The proclamation is read again at Charing Cross following a state procession.

11. The proclamation is read for the third time at Chancery Lane by the Norroy king of arms.

12. At the Royal Exchange, adjoining the Bank of England and the Mansion House, the proclamation is read for the last time by the Somerset herald, while a royal salute is fired from St. James Palace and the Tower of London.

13. The new monarch is completely and officially King upon his public coronation, usually more than a year hence.

King George a Stickler For Son's Punctuality

London, Jan. 20 (U.P.).—The late King was a stickler for punctuality. Once the Duke of Kent was strolling in the gardens when some one reminded him he had a date with the King and Queen. "Good God," said the duke, "I must hurry or I shall never hear the last of it from my people if I am late." He had to skip lunch to keep the appointment.

Beck Declares George V Held Revolt Unlikely

Told Ex-Solicitor General Bolshevism Wave Would Not Reach Britain.

By the Associated Press.

King George of England was recalled by one former Government official last night as the man who told him when European monarchies were toppling:

"I do not think the waves of revolution will reach my throne, for—thank God—I reign but I do not rule."

James M. Beck, former Solicitor General and member of Congress, said that this remark of the British ruler who died last night was his most vivid recollection of an hour's private chat with King George in 1920.

In that chat, Beck said, King George disclosed interesting sidelights on figures of history, some of them currently in the news, including Edward M. House, war-time adviser to Woodrow Wilson.

"For example," said Beck, "he told me that Col. House, as the super-ambassador of the United States, suggested to the King that he would like to meet him privately so that the public would never know the fact. As a result, it was arranged that Col. House, whenever he desired to see the King, should come through the stables of Buckingham Palace and the King would meet him in the gardens.

"On the day after the sinking of the Lusitania Col. House asked for an interview and as usual met him under the trees of the palace gardens.

"Col. House's first words were 'the United States will be in the war within 48 hours' and the King, who apparently knew President Wilson better than Col. House (at least in that instance) smilingly offered to bet the colonel that such would not be the case."

King George's remark that "I reign but do not rule," Beck said, was made at a time when "Bolshevik armies were at the gates of Warsaw." Poland and other European nations were uncertain whether to give aid.

"Commenting upon these events," said Beck, "the King expressed judgment that at that hour, when the fate of Poland had not yet been finally determined, it was an even question whether all western Europe would not follow the example of Russia by overthrowing existing institutions and enthroning the proletariat."

London Crowds Grief-Stricken At Death News

Dowagers, Peddlers Mix Before Buckingham Palace's Gates.

By the Associated Press.

London (Tuesday), Jan. 21.—An anxious crowd waiting outside Buckingham Palace heard its first word of the death of King George early today when a palace servant whispered almost inaudibly to persons in the front row, "His Majesty is dead."

"He's dead, he's dead," the news was murmured through the entire crowd even before the servant, who had come out to remove the bulletin board and prepare it for posting the sad news from Sandringham, had completed his work.

A notice identical with that announcing the monarch's passing at Sandringham was posted by the servant, almost overcome with emotion.

Thousands jammed Piccadilly Circus—the heart of London's theater district—when the first newspaper extras arrived at 12:32 a. m. (7:32 p. m., Eastern standard time.)

Startled exclamations and prolonged groans rose from the massed throng.

A Cockney woman, on her way home, murmured, "the poor dear."

Hundreds of persons, forgetting their schedules, missed the last trains to their homes.

Stamping their feet to keep up their circulation, the thousands in Piccadilly had milled about or stood silently under a huge electric bulletin board which flashed bits of news and gave the time.

At 12:25 a. m. there were only rumors, passed by word of mouth, that "the King is dead," or "he's died." But hundreds still stood by, hoping against hope that when the official word came it would be good instead of bad.

The sidewalks were jammed and hundreds stood, or tried to stand, on the Statue of Eros, the most familiar landmark of that busy section of London.

Flag Lowered.

At Windsor Castle, the standard which flies from the round tower—which is lowered only on the death of the reigning sovereign—was let down by the royal flagman.

The Duchess of York, at the royal lodge at Windsor Great Park, was informed of the sad news by telephone.

Before the monarch died, news that he was about to pass away sent a throng of more than 2,000 persons tonight to the gates of Buckingham Palace.

When the bulletin "The King's life is moving peacefully toward its close" was posted on the palace railings, a small boy climbed the stone base and read it aloud.

Many Weep.

The throng was silent. Tears streamed down the faces of many. All gazed, grief-stricken, toward the few twinkling lights in the high, gloomy facade of the palace.

Inside were the Duke of Gloucester, the King's third son, and his wife, prevented by the Duke's own illness from being at the monarch's deathbed. Gloucester was suffering a sore throat.

The crowd was perfectly silent. Constantly it was reinforced by streams of people, hurrying up the Mall and down Constitutional Hill.

Men bared their heads as they filed past the notice-board; dowagers rubbed shoulders with peddlers in sympathy.

The palace clock chimed the hours across the courtyard; the guards changed duty while the "Last Post" (taps) sounded faintly from nearby Wellington Barracks.

Dancing ceased in many hotels. The national anthem was reverently sung in numerous theaters.

Stamps and Yachting King's Two Hobbies

London, Jan. 20 (U.P.).—King George V was known throughout the world for two hobbies—stamp collecting and yachting.

The King had one of the finest collections of British stamps in the world and spent hours poring over the many albums in which he kept his rare finds.

As a yachtsman, he attended many a regatta at Cowes and Henley, sailing in calm and rough weather aboard his yacht, the Britannia.

New King Once World Playboy

Continued from Page 1.

of good will on which English manufacturers could trod to prosperity by selling their products across the sea.

He was born at White Lodge, Richmond, in the reign of that stern little lady, Queen Victoria. He was christened with seven names, his tiny body covered with Queen Victoria's bridal veil, with water brought from the River Jordan in Palestine.

Early in Edward's boyhood Victoria died and an earlier Edward—Edward VII—ascended the throne. Those were busy years for the youngster. His tutors took up much of his time, and his mother and father insisted he should pay strict attention to his studies. The young Edward became keenly interested in sports and once raised such a terrific racket on the grounds of Sandringham Palace—where his father died—that court officials had to hurry out and break up a cricket game.

Prince of Wales in 1911.

In 1910 Edward VII died, and a year later in the famous old castle of Carnarvon in Wales, Edward was invested with the honors, titles and money belonging to the Prince of Wales.

He went to Oxford for a time and then received the naval and military training that every heir to the British throne must undergo. He was in the midst of that when the World War broke over Europe.

The Prince of Wales' insistent request that he be sent to the front line was referred to Lord Kitchener, war minister. Kitchener said no; it would never do for the heir to the British throne to be killed in action.

"Why should it matter if I am killed?" the Prince asked. "I have plenty of brothers to follow me on the throne."

"That's true," Kitchener replied, "but sppose you should be captured by the Germans? I can't permit it."

The Prince fretted in England for a while, then renewed his request. Heavy sacrifices were being made by all English families, and it was decided to send the young Prince to war, but not too close to the front. He was attached to the staff of Gen. Sir John French, then commanding British forces in France.

Saw Death and Ruin.

It was then that the Prince's real education began. He saw suffering, death and the destruction of property. He learned the unromantic side of war; learned how vital it was to keep trade routes open; how dependent each part of the British Empire was on all the rest; how bread was as vital as bullets.

So by 1920 the Riviera and the London night clubs were seeing less and less of the future King of England. He was on the go now—Canada, Australia, South Africa, India—talking, conferring, building good will for England and England's goods. In America he went down into the depths of Chicago packing houses where Louis Swift taught him how meats are processed. In Detroit, Henry Ford told him how automobiles are made. He bought a ranch near Calgary, Canada, and experimented in raising blooded cattle; he became interested in clearing the London slums and starting housing projects; he visited India in the bloody days of 1921-22, when he was warned that he might not come back alive because of the resentment against the "British Raj" in the peninsula.

Idol of Women.

To women, he remained the most romantic of men. On his trips around the world, debutantes in all countries schemed for months on how they could arrange to dance with him. His clothing was copied by tailors everywhere.

He had less time in these later years for sports, but he kept himself in good physical trim by riding.

Through the years he has been reported engaged to every eligible princess in Europe at one time or another. Always they have married elsewhere, and now it is generally assumed he will remain a bachelor. If he does marry, friends say, it will be an English girl rather than a princess outside the empire.

Great Britain's New Sovereign Visitor Here on Two Occasions

Edward VIII, Great Britain's new sovereign, twice was a visitor to Washington. He first came here in 1919. On that occasion President Woodrow Wilson was gravely ill in the White House. The second visit of the colorful Prince, in August, 1924, was much different.

To begin with, President Calvin Coolidge, famed as "Silent Cal," became a veritable chatterbox in his efforts to entertain the royal guest.

Another result of Wales' visit was the blue shirt fad. Theretofore shirts of such hue were regarded as fit only for the ditch-digger. The heir to Britain's throne wore one to the White House, and within a few weeks blue shirts were the vogue throughout America.

The late Ike Hoover, major-domo of the White House, described the prince's visit in his book, "Forty-two Years in the White House."

"His appearance," Hoover wrote, "was informal, all right. He had on a dark, every-day suit, possibly once navy blue; a much worn gray fedora hat, a blue shirt and a collar of the same color, perhaps attached to the shirt, no cuffs that were visible; low shoes so well worn that it was hard to tell whether they were black or very dark tan; a small dark four-in-hand scarf and socks that were either faded blue or gray in color.

"His clothes generally gave no distinct impression of any particular fashion. On entering he seemed quite at ease, affable and at home. As he walked to the parlor there was quite a slouch in his bearing and he seemed to have a slight limp."

Describing the luncheon, Hoover wrote:

"The prince seemed ill at ease. The conversation took many angles, the President and Mrs. Coolidge doing most of the talking, John (Coolidge) saying nothing, and the prince chiming in occasionally, generally when he was asked a question. I am sure he was glad when the meal was over, even though the President had outdone himself in the talking line. It was remarked afterward, even by the family, that he was never known to be so communicative before. He seemed to realize the prince's embarrassment and did all in his power to make him comfortable."

George V, Modest and Quiet, Ruled England 25 History-Making Years

Became Heir Apparent By His Brother's Death

Cared Little for Ostentation and Got Greatest Pleasure From Being With Family; Earned Love of His People.

By Edward T. Folliard.

King George V was 25 years ruler of Great Britain. He was shy and quiet-spoken, whereas his father, Edward VII, was a noted royal "mixer." George was happiest when he was in his home, with his wife and children around him. He was never touched by the breath of scandal, which blew so hot around the head of his fun-loving father.

Compared to Edward VII, Henry VIII, Edward the Confessor and many others since William the Conqueror, George V was a colorless monarch.

And yet his people loved him. They loved him perhaps because they came to realize that the momentous era through which he led them was no time for color, but rather a time for a man such as he proved himself to be—the most conscientious and hard-working ruler Britain ever had.

Love Shown During Illness.

The depth of that love was demonstrated in 1928, when George V almost died of a cold he caught at an Armistice Day celebration. Great crowds gathered outside Buckingham Palace to await communiques on his condition, and in every quarter of the globe his subjects knelt to pray for his recovery.

This demonstration of affection surprised the British ministers and brought a thrill to the modest George, who afterward said that his one great desire had been realized. That desire was to "gain the confidence and affection of my people."

Again last year, when the Empire celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of George's reign, there was eloquent evidence of the place that the bearded King held in the hearts of his subjects.

Looking back over those years, Englishmen realized that it was a quarter of a century that had seen more history made than any similar period in the Empire's life. And that realization increased their pride in the man who was their King.

He had ascended the throne at a time when the Victorian era was coming to an end and the machine age was beginning. His reign was to witness the development of the automobile, the airplane and the radio; the emancipation of women; trouble in Ireland and India; the agony of the greatest war in history, and the economic crisis that this war bequeated to Britain and the world.

Dying Father Pessimistic.

Historians have related that King Edward, as the time of his death drew near, was pessimistic as to the future of the Empire. But after 25 years of George's reign, historians were able to say that the Empire was stronger than ever.

For all his lack of "dash," George V had plenty of romance in his life. He was not born a crown prince. He was second in the line of succession, and became heir to the throne by the death of his brother, the Duke of Clarence. The brother's death also brought George a bride, the grieving Queen Mary of today, who had been affianced to the Duke of Clarence.

George was the most traveled king in British history. Until he was 27 he was almost constantly at sea with the royal navy and had, up until the time he mounted the throne, traveled more than 150,000 miles by land and sea.

The King's full name was George Frederick Ernest Albert. The second son of King Edward VII and Queen Alexandra, then Prince and Princess of Wales, he was born on June 3, 1865, in Marlborough House, London.

His father, remembering unhappily the restrictions that had been placed around his own boyhood by Queen Victoria, was determined that his own sons should have a more manly education.

When George was only four he was placed, with Prince Albert, under the tutorship of John Neale Dalton, then curate of Sandringham and a brilliant Cambridge scholar. But in 1877 the brother princes joined H. M. S. Britannia as cadets. No special privileges were allowed them, and no easing of discipline.

Later the boys joined H. M. S. Bacchante, and their traveling really began. Their first cruise was to the West Indies and in the course of it they were rated midshipmen. In 1880 they journeyed to South America, South Africa, the Fiji Islands, Australia, Japan, Ceylon, Egypt, Palestine and Greece.

George at this stage of his career had a reputation for being full of fun, and his shipmates gave him a nickname—"Royal Pickle."

During the cruise of the Bacchante, Queen Victoria was horrified when a report reached England that the boys had been tattooed. The report said specifically that their noses had been tattooed with the arrow mark that figures on British property. In Parliament legislators, apprehensive at the notion of being ruled by a King with a tattoo design on his nose, asked the first lord of the admiralty about the report. That official sent off a cable to the Antipodes, and when he received a reply had it published in the London Times. The story was untrue.

Princes Are Separated.

After this cruise, the young princes were separated. In preparation for his expected kingship, the Duke of Clarence went to Cambridge and thereafter into the army. George remained in the navy. He was assigned to the Canada and was made a sub-lieutenant.

Returning from a period of duty in the North American and West Indian stations, George attended the Royal Naval College at Greenwich and the gunnery and torpedo schools. In 1885 he was promoted to lieutenant.

George was now growing a beard. In later years this was to give him a strong resemblance to Nicholas II, last of the Russian czars.

Leaving school, George went back to sea and in 1889 was given his first independent command. His ship was a torpedo boat and he showed his mettle when a sister ship broke down and he towed her into port.

Geore was at home convalescing from enteric fever when he heard of the betrothal of his brother to the beautiful Princess Victoria Mary, daughter of Frederick, Duke of Teck, and Princess Mary Adelaide, Duchess of Teck. The court gossip of the day was that George was very fond of Princess Mary.

George had just recovered his health when his brother was brought down by a cold he had contracted while attending a funeral. This developed into influenza.

In January, 1892, the brother died, and George was catapulted from comparative obscurity to the limelight of a potential monarch.

Queen Victoria still was on the throne, and was to remain there until her death in 1901. In May, 1892, Victoria made George Duke of York, Earl of Inverness and Lord Rothesay.

A year later George became betrothed to Princess Victoria Mary, erstwhile fiancee of his brother. They were married July 6, 1893, and the union was hailed as a real love match. Their first child, Prince Edward Albert, the new British ruler, was born in 1894.

George's naval career was now at an end. He went back to sea as a sailor only once thereafter, and that was merely to qualify for the rank of rear admiral.

Prince George and Princess Mary were in the midst of plans for an ambitious cruise when Victoria died and Edward ascended the throne. Less than two months after this, on the insistence of King Edward, the couple started for Australia, there to open the first commonwealth parliament. Subsequently they journeyed to New Zealand, South Africa and Canada.

They had planned to come to Washington, but the assassination of President McKinley interferred.

On his return to England, George was proclaimed the Prince of Wales. Now he and Princess Mary settled in York Cottage, a small house on the Sandringham estate. They had four children—the Prince of Wales, the Duke of York, born 1895; Princess Mary, born 1897, and Prince Henry, born 1900. Thereafter, they had two other children, Prince George, born 1902, and Prince John, born 1905. The last-named child died in 1919.

Was Well-Informed.

As Prince of Wales, George became one of the best-posted men in England. In his travels as a sailor prince, he had learned much about his country's possessions. This knowledge was further broadened during his tour of Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and Canada.

On his return from that trip, he made his memorable "Wake up, England" speech at the Guildhall, warning that "the old country must wake up if she intends to maintain her old position of pre-eminence in colonial trade."

Queen Victoria had been almost secretive in her relations with Edward. The latter was determined that his son, George, should be under no such handicap, and he kept him thoroughly informed of the political intrigue in Europe.

The time was not far off when Prince George would be in need of such a background.

Visted India.

In 1905 the Prince and Princess journeyed to India, and for four months enjoyed the fabulous hospitality of the Indian potentates. For George the highlight of the trip was the hunting. One of the best shots in England, he amazed his hosts by his ability to bring down large and small game.

They made other trips after that, one to Spain for the marriage of Princess Ena and the King of Spain.

Meantime, events in Europe were giving the conscientious Prince plenty of food for thought. There was sword rattling in Germany and Russia, and the Balkans were in a ferment. England and France had entered into an entente cordiale.

King Edward contracted a cold in April, 1910. It grew worse, and on May 6 he died and George V succeeded to the throne.

"Sailor King."

He was now "George V, by the Grace of God King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British dominions beyond the seas, King; Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India." But he was popularly known as the "sailor king."

For 25 years he was to rule over an empire representing one quarter of the earth's service, inhabited by more than 400,000,000 people—black, white and yellow people, speaking 222 different languages and practicing every religion from Christianity to the voodooism of the African jungle.

His coronation, which took place June 22, 1911, in Westminster Abbey, was made notable when George took an amended oath, leaving out the "anti-popery" words that for centuries had offended Catholics in the empire. These words were:

"The invocation or adoration of the Virgin Mary and the sacrifice of the mass as they are now used in the churches of Rome are superstitious and idolatrous."

To complete the assumption of royal authority, King George and Queen Mary made state visits to Ireland, Scotland and Wales. In 1911 they went back to India, where the great Coronation Durbar was held in the ancient capital of Delhi. It was the first time a King of England had left the homeland to visit a part of the overseas empire.

Democratic Reputation.

George had acquired a democratic reputation while he was Prince of Wales. As King he strengthened that reputation. On one occasion, shortly before King George was to start on a journey, a letter was received at Buckingham Palace from a man whose 5-year-old son had expressed a desire to see the monarch. When the train reached the designated station, the King appeared and waved at the child.

The first crisis confronting King George was a domestic one, growing out of the refusal of the House of Lords to accept Lloyd George's budget. A bill was introduced in Parliament to limit the absolute veto of the lords and to abolish their power over fiscal measures. The lords also opposed this.

Herbert Henry Asquith, the prime minister, announced that the King had consented to use the royal prerogative for creating enough peers to insure passage of the bill. But such exercise of authority was not necessary. The lords capitulated and the bill shearing them of much of their power was passed.

Turmoil in Ireland.

Turmoil in Ireland, reaching a dangerous pitch in 1912, brought furrows to the brow of King George. He was still engaged in trying to bring about "a spirit of generous compromise" when, in 1914, the assassination of the Austrian Archduke Franz Ferdinand at Sarajevo began a war scare through all Europe.

King George made valiant efforts to head off the war. On August 1, 1914, he wrote to the President of France, saying:

"I am, personally, using my best endeavors with the emperors of Russia and of Germany toward finding some solution."

Three days later—three days which saw the mobilization of Russia and the invasion of Belgium by Germany—Great Britain declared war on Germany and her allies, in support of her pledge to aid her weaker neighbors.

King George now became the rallying point of national feeling, the symbol of unity within the empire. In his proclamation mobilizing the British army, he announced an unwavering determination to fight until victorious.

Example for Empire.

King George and Queen Mary set an example for the empire, devoting 15 hours a day to visiting munitions factories, shipyards and, later, hospitals. The King gave up the use of all alcoholic beverages, and the members of his cabinet did likewise. The royal family also foreswore society functions and horseracing.

The King sent his son, the Prince of Wales, straight from school to the battlefields of France.

The Duke of York went with the navy and took part in the battle of Jutland. The King, himself, frequently visited the front in France and Belgium, and alarmed the generals by his lack of caution.

In 1915, while he was in France, a horse he was riding reared and fell on him. While lying on a stretcher, he conferred the Victoria Cross on two British heroes.

It was in that same year that the British royal family renounced its cousins in Germany and Austria. King George ordered the names of the German and Austrian rulers to be stricken from the Order of the Garter. In July, 1917, he abandoned all German titles for himself and family. At the same time, he issued a proclamation to the effect that henceforth the royal house of Great Britain and Ireland would be known as the House of Windsor instead of the House of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.

Celebrated U. S. Entry.

On April 20, 1917, King George attended a cathedral ceremony celebrating the entrance of the United States into the war. In the following year he became the first British sovereign to take part in the commemoration of July 4, America's Independence Day. It was his royal ancestor, George III, whose unwise rule over the colonies had made that celebration possible.

The signing of the armistice precipitated the same tumultuous and joyous scenes in London as it did elsewhere in the allied countries. In London the crowds gathered about Buckingham Palace, where King George, standing on a portico, addressed them.

In a message to President Woodrow Wilson, the King said:

"In this glorious hour when the long struggle of nations for right, justice and freedom is at last crowned by a triumphant peace, I greet you, Mr. President, and the great American people, in the name of the British nation.

"At a time when fortune seemed to frown, and the issues of the war trembled in the balance, the American people stretched out the hand of fellowship to those who on this side of the ocean were battling for a righteous cause. Light and hope at once shone brighter in our hearts, and a new day dawned.

"Together we have fought to a happy end; together we lay down our arms in proud consciousness of valiant deeds nobly done.

"Mr. President, it is on this day one of our happiest thoughts that the American and British people, brothers-in-arms, will continue forever brothers-in-peace. United before by language, traditions, kinship and ideals, there has been set upon our fellowship the sacred seal of common sacrifice."

Bloody Civil War.

The World War was hardly over when King George had to turn his attention to Ireland, a sore spot for 700 years. The bloody civil war, the battles between the Republicans and the Black and Tans, culminated in a new governmental set-up. Southern Ireland was carved out as the Irish Free State and Ulster, or Northern Ireland, cut off and given its own Parliament.

When King George and Queen Mary went to Belfast to open the new Ulster Parliament on June 22, 1921, the sovereign made an impassioned plea to Irishmen for peace. He said:

"I appeal to all Irishmen to pause, stretch out the hand of forbearance and conciliation, to forgive and forget, and to join in making for the land they love a new era of peace, contentment and good will."

But King George approached his death knowing that Ireland remained a troublous land.

Turmoil in India.

The end of the World War also saw turmoil in India, where the demands for independence reached alarming proportions. In December, 1919, King George issued a proclamation putting into effect a new measure which gave India a larger share of self-government.

In post-war years, King George and Queen Mary visited the King and Queen of the Belgians, and also made a pilgrimage to the cemeteries in Belgium and France.

Their last journey abroad was to Italy, in 1923, in the course of which they visited the Pope. They called on His Holiness despite the noisy objections of their Protestant subjects and Protestant organizations at home.

When a Labor government came into power in 1924, most Englishmen were glad that it was George and not his haughty father who was on the throne. But if George demonstrated his democratic spirit in receiving Labor men at Windsor, chief seat of the English kings for a thousand years, he also held fast to that dignity which was his royal heritage.

"We are going to look after the interests of the workers," said one of the new ministers.

"Ah," said the King, "in that case I hope you will not forget my interests."

Everybody laughed and the conference was a huge success.

It was on a raw Armistice Day in 1928 that King George, standing bareheaded at the Cenotaph in London, contracted the cold that nearly cost him his life. So grave was his condition that counsellors of state were appointed, and the Prince of Wales, then visiting Africa, was summoned home.

The English people did not see him in public until January, 1930, when he opened the London naval conference. He was pale and emaciated and his beard was almost white. His heart, the doctors knew, was weakened beyond repair.

Important Depression Figure.

Nevertheless, by carefully guarding his health, King George played a major role in the events that followed his illness. The King of England's constitutional privileges have been summarized as "the right to be consulted, the right to encourage, and the right to warn." He may never have exceeded these privileges, but his wielding of power behind the scenes was of great importance when the great economic slump hit the Empire.

England's gold reserve was being fast drained as foreign investors fled from the pound, threatening the economic stability of the "world's banker." King George was much concerned, and there is no doubt that he advised of and fully approved the suspension of the gold standard in September, 1931.

Thanks to this step, the abandonment of free trade for protection and the "Buy British" campaign, England muddled through again, and the King's silver jubilee last year brought out the Empire's gratitude.

Backed by Dominions.

The dominions united with the mother country in one of the greatest outpourings of affection the world has ever seen. On May 6, when the celebration began, huge crowds, members of which had waited through the night, cheered the passage of the King and Queen from Buckingham Palace to St. Paul's Cathedral, where the royal couple returned thanks for the recovery of the Empire.

On May 9, after a succession of banquets, pageants and reviews, 60,000 persons gathered in front of the palace to cheer King George when he appeared on a balcony.

Elsewhere in the world thrones had toppled. Kaiser Wilhelm was an exile in Doorn, Holland; King Alfonso, of Spain, was a fugitive in France; Mussolini was the real ruler of Italy. But the monarchy in Great Britain not only had survived—its far-flung units were more firmly united than ever.

High Standard at Court.

Throughout his life King George was the irreprochable "family man." His court, while not so rigid as that of Queen Victoria, attained a high standard of wholesomeness. He and Queen Mary frowned on divorce and placed a taboo on bobbed hair and lipstick.

For gossips the King had a profound distaste. In his younger days he himself had been the victim of such a person, and he never forgot the experience.

While he was on a Mediterranean cruise a man named Millius spread a story that George had married the daughter of a naval officer, and that this "wife" was living when he married Queen Mary.

Tried for seditious libel, Millius was unable to prove his charges. But George was not satisfied. He took the unprecedented action of filing with the attorney general a sworn statement denying categorically Millius' allegations.

Pleased by Children' Marriage.

King George was pleased as he saw his children grow up and marry. Conversely he was perturbed by the failure of Wales to take a bride and provide another heir to the throne.

The King really never learned to play. Cards he abhorred, maybe because King Edward once got mixed up in a baccarat scandal. He played billiards, but only half-heartedly.

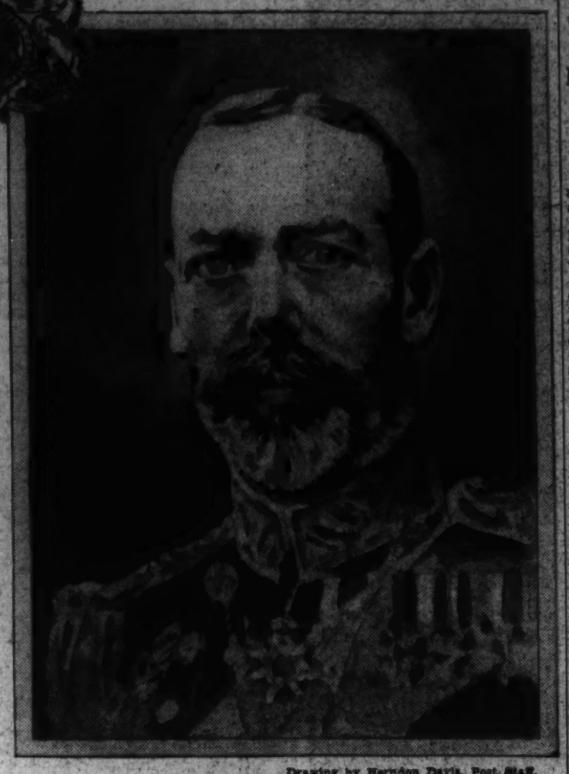
Fishing and hunting were his favorite outdoor sports, with yachting next. His leading hobby was the collecting of rare stamps, and his collection was a notable one.

He had a racing stable, but that was only because tradition demanded that he patronize the "sport of kings."

The Prince of Wales used to delight in telling how his father took up golf and then abandoned it in disgust because, to use the King's words, it made him "so damn angry."

King George was the fifty-seventh monarch to reign in England since Egbert, who died in 839. His reign lasted longer than 41 of these, and he lived to a riper age than all but six.

The Dowager Queen Mary.



The Late King George V.

Drawing by Herndon Davis, Post Staff.

Large Portion of Life Spent at Sea With Fleet

Became Cadet in 1877, With No Special Favors; Empire Loved His Reserve; Father's Pessimism Unjustified.

George V Dead; Wales Is King

Continued from Page 1.

welfare was dearest to the King's heart, the monarch, with horses and dogs around him, spent some of the happiest hours of his life.

The King died at almost the same hour as his father, King Edward VII, who passed away at 11:45 p. m.

According to ancient tradition, the news of the King's death was conveyed to the dean of St. Paul's Cathedral, who gave instructions that the great bell of St. Peter's, popularly known as "Big Tom," be tolled until 8 a. m. today.

Villagers Up Late for Word.

Villagers outside the gates of Sandringham bared their heads when they heard the news, then stumbled wearily through dark lanes to convey the sad tidings to folks at home. In hundreds of cottages in this countryside families were sitting up far past their usual bedtime awaiting news of the King's death. Into the stillness of the few homes having radio came the voice of the radio announcer giving the distressing word that the King was dead.

The King's death filled the simple village folk with a stunning sense of personal loss.

Villagers who familiarly referred to the King as the "Squire of Sandringham" revered him as a kind friend.

The dead monarch's body will be moved to Sandringham church some time today, it was announced.

The Queen was comforted by the princess royal. The Archbishop of Canterbury spoke words of consolation to the sorrowing family. Everyone in the royal household was anxious for the Queen, who bore the strain of the past few days with unwavering fortitude. They insisted that she rest as much as possible, so the strain would not be too much for her. She is 68.

The privy council met immediately to formulate instructions for official mourning. The Lord Mayor of London was informed telegraphically by the new King, Edward VIII, formerly Prince of Wales, that his father was dead. This message was the first to be signed "Edward."

The death chamber was darkened an hour after the King died. His body will lie in state in Sandringham Church, during which a short service will be held there before the remains are taken to London.

The new King's first official act will be when he summons the Privy Council to St. James Palace in London today to swear the oath of allegiance to King Edward VIII. A proclamation then will be issued that King Edward VIII has ascended the throne.

King Edward, the Duke of York, heir-presumptive to the throne, and Lord Wigram, King George's secretary, early today discussed funeral plans for the dead sovereign.

Burial at Forgmore.

It is probable that King George's body will be taken to London by train to lie in state at Westminster Abbey and that after funeral services he will be interred at Forgmore, where the family vault is located.

A short service will be held in Sandringham Church at noon today. The King frequently attended services in this parish church.

Word came from Sandringham House that the women of the royal family went to bed shortly after the King's death, but that the men did not retire immediately.

All the world joined England and the British Empire in mourning the death of the King, whom everyone knew as a kindly old gentleman. Hundreds of messages of condolence poured in from all parts of the world.

Yesterday morning the King's hand was guided by Lord Dawson of Penn as the monarch scrawled his signature, "George, R. I.," for the last time. This act legalized appointment of a council of state to act for the King on affairs of the empire. The council is composed of Queen Mary and the King's four sons.

Duke of York Now Becomes Heir Apparent

Princesses Elizabeth and Margaret Rose Next in Regal Line.

By the United Press.

London, Jan. 20.—Great Britain now has a new heir to its ancient throne in the Duke of York, second son of King George V.

With the succession of Edward VIII to the throne, the next eldest son automatically becomes the heir-apparent. Edward became King at the moment of his father's death. England's constitutional principles provide that there shall be no interval between two monarchs.

The order of succession to the throne, according to English custom, provides that the brothers of the sovereign and their children shall rank as heirs, with the eldest taking precedent. After the brothers come the sisters and their children.

The present line of succession is as follows:

1. The Duke of York, the second son, who is 40.
2. Princess Elizabeth, 9¾, older daughter of the duke.
3. Princess Margaret Rose, 5½, younger daughter of the duke.
4. The Duke of Gloucester, 34, the third son.
5. The Duke of Kent, 33, the fourth son.
6. Prince Edward George Nicholas Patrick, 3 months old, the Duke of Kent's son.
7. Princess Mary (the Countess of Harewood), 38, the King's only sister.
8. Viscount Lascelles, nearly 13, Princess Mary's elder son.
9. The Hon. Gerald Lascelles, 11½, Princess Mary's younger son.

If Edward marries, his children will take precedence over the Duke of York, the sons first, then any daughters.

King George Wasn't Victorian in Speech

London, Jan. 20 (U.P.).—While George was living at York Cottage after he ascended the throne and before his mother, Queen Alexandra, died, the late King was sitting with his gentlemen in the drawing room after dinner.

He felt chilly and sat with his feet in the fireplace, talking.

The Queen came in with two or three ladies and they sat on the outskirts, sewing and chatting. Presently the King looked up. "Hadn't we better have a window open?"

"No," said the Queen.

"But it's so damned hot, my dear."

"If you took your feet out of the fireplace and came and sat where I am sitting, George, you'd feel as I do—damned cold," retorted the Queen.

Death Won't Affect Policies of Britain

London (Tuesday), Jan. 21 (A.P.).—The death of King George V in no way will interrupt the course of the British government or alter its policy in the fields of domestic or foreign affairs.

One of the foundation stones of that policy, as proclaimed by the new foreign secretary, Anthony Eden, is that Britain will "take any and every opportunity of strengthening the bonds of friendship and understanding with the United States."

The historic phrase: "The King is dead—long live the King!" will resound today from the lips of royal heralds to show that the long line of British monarchs has not been interrupted.

Roosevelt Tells U. S. Sorrow

Continued from Page 1.

ain's new monarch last night was addressed simply to "His Majesty, the King."

It said:

"It is with deep sorrow that I learn of the death of His Majesty, your father. I send to you my profound sympathy and that of the people of the United States, in whose respect and affection he occupied a high and unique place. I had the privilege of knowing His Majesty during the war days and his passing brings me personally a special sorrow."

To Queen Mary the President sent this message:

"Mrs. Roosevelt and I extend to Your Majesty and to the members of your family our heartfelt sympathy and join you in mourning the loss of one whose high qualities of kindness and wisdom have been so powerful an influence for universal peace and justice."

Other messages of condolence were sent to the governor generals of Australia, the Dominion of Canada, the Irish Free State, New Zealand and the Union of South Africa.

Secretary Hull sent messages to Prime Minister Stanley Baldwin, to the prime ministers of the dominions and to Eamonn de Valera, president of the executive council of the Irish Free State. The message to Baldwin follows:

"I wish to express to you my sincere sympathy and that of the Government of the United States in the passing of His Majesty. The British people have lost a valiant leader and untiring worker for their welfare and happiness."

Wilson Esteemed Him.

Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to Woodrow Wilson, recalled last night that the war President had the highest regard for King George. While Mr. Wilson was a guest at Buckingham Palace before the Peace Conference in Paris, Mr. Tumulty said, the King told him about visiting American troops at the front in France.

The King said he heard one American doughboy say:

"If that fellow's the King, where in hell is his crown?"

Senator Joseph H. Robinson, the Democratic leader, who spent many weeks in London as a member of the American delegation to the Naval Conference, said:

"The King was a great stabilizing influence for the British Empire and for Europe. He was intensely patriotic and devoted to the welfare of his subjects."

Other comment:

Speaker of the House Byrns: "The whole world will mourn his passing. His whole life was such a clean and wholesome one that he won the esteem and admiration of people everywhere."

"Good King," Says Borah.

Senator Borah, of Idaho: "He was a good king."

Representative Snell, of New York, House Republican leader: "One of the greatest personages of the present age has passed away. He was loved not only by his own people but by everyone throughout the world."

Senator Glass, of Virginia: "It is a great pity that a good ruler like that had to die. I think that he was one of the great characters emerging from the war—another King Albert of Belgium. King George was a human, clean and good ruler, whose death will distress every thoughtful person."

Secretary of the Navy Swanson: "I feel that King George was the most beloved, the most esteemed and, I might say, the most revered of reigning kings. I greatly deplore his passing."

McAdoo Regretful.

Senator McAdoo, of California, war-time Secretary of the Treasury: "I deeply regret to learn of King George's death. He carried his country safely through one of the greatest crises of history, and I think won the general respect and admiration of the world."

Attorney General Homer Cummings: "The death of King George brings sorrow to the whole civilized world."

Senator Pope, of Idaho—"King George was much beloved not only by the people of Great Britain but by the entire English-speaking world. I think that the affection for him in this country was due largely to his steady, wholesome and homelike attitude toward life. There was no serious crisis between Great Britain and the United States during his entire reign."

Senator King, of Utah—"He was the most beloved monarch in all the world. His reign has been one of justice and he has been the cementing force binding the British people. His influence for peace, good will and world unity has been as pervasive and as great as that of any other ruler in the past half century. His loss will be irreparable, not only to his own country but to the world."

Rome Grieves for King.

Rome (Tuesday), Jan. 21 (A.P.).—Grief over the death of King George removed some of Italy's bitterness against Britain because of the sanctions campaign in which Britain has played a major role.

Authoritative sources described Italy's government heads as "extremely sad" because of the British monarch's death. They said King Victor Emanuel, Italy's sovereign, had asked the Italian ambassador in London, Dino Grandi, to keep him informed of the British ruler's condition and to express his wishes for King George's recovery.

These sources said Italy remembers that King George once had been "king to us," and that "his army fought with us in the World War."

Praised in Press.

This thought was reflected in afternoon newspapers, which printed editorials concerning the British monarch's "nobility." They recalled to the Italian people that he had been a "benevolent and faithful" monarch.

Authoritative sources declined to speculate on the political consequences of King George's death.

Vatican circles also mourned the British sovereign. Prelates said the Pope had watched the course of the King's illness with grave concern and stressed the cordial relations which prevailed between the Protestant ruler and the Holy See.

Paris Deeply Moved.

Paris (Tuesday), Jan. 21 (A.P.).—The death of King George made a profound impression in Paris.

Crowds remained at a late hour in boulevard cafes and in front of newspaper offices for news after it was learned he was sinking.

Gaston Doumergue, who knew the King as president, premier and foreign minister, said: "The news brings me infinite grief."

Berlin (Tuesday), Jan. 21 (A.P.).—Special editions of Berlin newspapers were quickly issued today following upon the death of King George V, although the regular morning newspapers already had appeared before he died.

Reichsfuehrer Adolf Hitler telegraphed the new King, saying:

"The sad news of King George's demise grieved me deeply. I beg your majesty to accept my and the German government's sincere condolences with assurances of heartfelt sympathy of the whole German people at the heavy loss sustained by the royal house of the British nation."

Madrid (Tuesday), Jan. 21 (A.P.).—The Spanish government sent a message of condolence early today to the British government upon the death of King George.

Despite the early hour, many officials telephoned the British Embassy to express their grief. Newspapers eulogized the monarch as a "democratic King."

Canada Head Sends Regrets.

Ottawa (Tuesday), Jan. 21 (A.P.).—Baron Tweedsmuir, Governor General of Canada, early today sent to Great Britain's new Kink and Queen Mary messages of personal condolence from himself and Lady Tweedsmuir.

The message to the King said: "I am heartbroken at the news of the calamity which has befallen the Empire in the death of our beloved sovereign, and with humble respect offer for myself and Lady Tweedsmuir our profound sympathy in your great personal loss."

Baron Tweedsmuir sent the following message to the Queen: "My wife and I are deeply distressed at the news of the tragedy which has deprived the Empire of its great and beloved sovereign, and we beg most respectfully to express to your majesty our profound sorrow and heartfelt sympathy in your great loss."

A Camera History of George V, Britain's Sailor King

Associated Press Photo.

THE BEGINNING OF A ROYAL LIFE.—The future King George V on the back of his mother, the late Queen Alexandra.

Wide World Photo.

GEORGE V, King of England, Irelaland and Scotland, Emperor of India.

Associated Press Photo.

King George at the age of 5.

Associated Press Photo.

HIS MAJESTY at 15, as a naval cadet. Note the resemblance to the present Prince of Wales.

Wide World Photo.

KING GEORGE AS A BRIDEGROOM.—A photograph of King George V and his bride, Queen Mary, with the bridesmaids. They were wed on July 6, 1893.

Associated Press Photo.

King George and Queen Mary as newlyweds.

Associated Press Photo.

THREE GENERATIONS OF KINGS—The late King Edward VII (seated) with King George V on the left and the Prince of Wales, on the royal yacht in 1909.

Associated Press Photo.

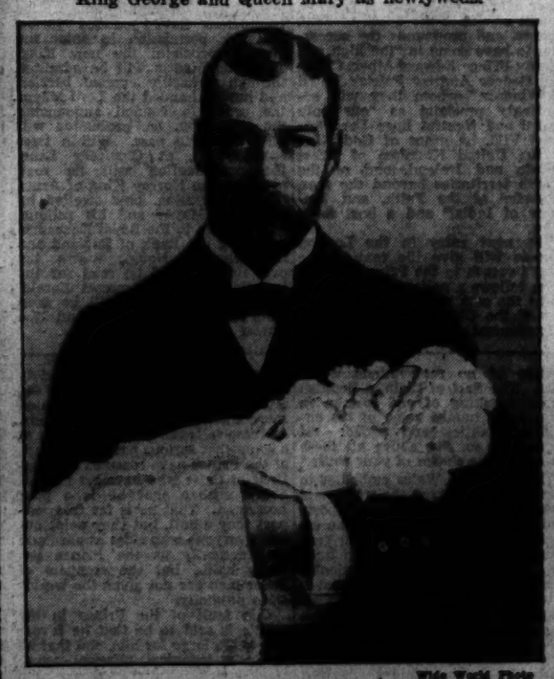
ADVENTURE!—The King takes an auto ride when it was a real adventure. Beside him is the Hon. C. C. Rolls.

Associated Press Photo.

THROUGHOUT THE WORLD WAR King George took an active role. Here he reviews American troops.

Wide World Photo.

FURTHER ADVENTURE.—The King hunts tigers in India from elephant-back.



Wide World Photo.

A RARE PHOTO of King George holding the infant Prince of Wales. The Prince now becomes Edward VIII, the "Bachelor King." If he does not wed, his niecee, Princess Elizabeth, now 9, is in line for the crown.

Associated Press Photo.

THE KING AND QUEEN at the races. He was an ardent sport enthusiast.

Prince of Wales, Ascending Throne at 41, Has Had Exciting Career

Birth in '94 Told by Crier Riding Horse

Educated at Oxford and Cambridge; Left College for War.

Is Keen Sportsman and Fond of Dancing; Set Dress Styles.

By the Associated Press.

London, Jan. 20.—The fierce glare of publicity focused on the Prince of Wales—now assuming the throne as King-Emperor—by the press and the people of almost all the literate world began playing upon him 42 years ago this coming June.

There were telegraphs and fast-working printing presses in those days, just as there are now, but the first people outside the royal family who knew that a Prince had been born into the direct line of succession to the British throne heard of it as their ancestors had learned of such happy events for ages—from the shouts and cries of a speeding horseman.

This horseman, a gentleman who had proudly predicted that the first of Queen Victoria's great-grandchildren would be a son, posted himself outside White Lodge, Richmond, as soon as he learned that Queen Mary was to have her accouchement there.

Born June 23, 1894.

In the early hours of the morning of June 23, 1894, the Prince was born. Jumping into the saddle, the horseman rode furiously into London, a few miles down the Thames, shouting as he went, "A Prince! A Prince!" The noise of his voice and clatter of his horse's galloping hoofs awoke dwellers all along his route. To the day of his death, this gentleman-crier boasted that he was the first to announce the Prince's birth.

He was right, so far as those who lived near Richmond were concerned, but London first got the news by telegraph. By the time work people had set out for their shops and desks and outdoor posts, the bells of nearly all the churches in London and through the rolling green countryside of England were ringing a gladsome acclamation.

The public enthusiasm for the Prince of Wales, which began that day as a national thing, grew to be international. His popularity knows no boundaries, and is shared heartily by millions of people who do not speak his language or know anything much about the Empire and the subjects he is destined to call his own.

Queen Victoria Early Visitor.

Queen Victoria was not present at the birth of her great-grandson, but the old and feeble sovereign was one of the first to go to Richmond to see him. She was staying at Windsor Castle several miles further up the Thames, at the time, and drove over by carriage to hold the new-born Prince in her arms, on the second day after his entry into the world.

His two grandmothers, the Princess of Wales (afterward Queen Alexandra), and the Duchess of Teck, looked upon his birth, and, with the nurse, carried the happy news to a nearby room where the boy's father and his grandfather, later King Edward, paced the floor nervously like fathers and grandfathers of commoner clay the world over.

Democratic peoples who live elsewhere than in Europe are often amused at the multiplicity of names which are wished upon aristocratic babies, and especially royal ones, at the baptismal fonts of countries that support monarchies. The Prince of Wales, with seven Christian names—Edward Albert Christian George Andrew Patrick David—has been an especial inspiration of smiles by faces that are identified to their democratic fellowmen by one or two, or, at most, three Christian appellations.

Signs Himself "Edward P."

To the world the Prince is known by his first name. He signs himself "Edward P." but it is by his last name that his family and his intimate friends call him. Among kin and friends, he is simply "David."

With Queen Vicoria he was, of course, the favorite, destined some day to sit upon her throne. Perhaps she admired his iron will, still a strong part of his make-up, for the little Prince, with his golden curls, was one of the few who could refuse to do what "Granny" wanted done, and not be punished.

He was not a stubborn child. On the contrary, he was usually amenable to the wishes and requests of others, as he remains today, but he had a will of his own and early learned the strength of the word "no." With all his renowned smile, his eagerness to fulfil more than his duties, his democratic spirit and manners, he still knows how and when to use, with unbendable will, that short, forceful word.

Until he was ready to take up college studies, the Prince of Wales was educated by private tutors. The first of these came into his life when he was a baby in his nursery. She was the late Mme. Bricka, a French woman.

Trained to Be King.

From the start the Prince was trained to be a King. Even before his great-grandmother had died and his grandfather had ascended the throne, Prince Edward of York, or little David, as his family knew him—was given to understand that he would one day be the liege lord and emperor over Britons and their subject peoples. In fact as a child he sometimes used to say what he would do when he became King—all manner of fantastic things.

For his careers both in the army and navy he also began to train as a tiny tot. He "played soldier" in the royal gardens, and when it was seen he liked the game, a real soldier was called in to drill him and his playmates. Similarly he was first interested in sailing toy ships about little ponds, and then taught how to handle a man-sized brig.

As soon as the Prince of Wales and his brother Albert were well in their teens they were sent to the royal naval colleges at Osborne and Dartmouth. Successively and successfully the Prince became cadet, midshipman, lieutenant and captain in the Royal Navy.

Corporal in Training Camp.

The Prince's first real experience of military matters was as a corporal in an officers' training corps and "Corporal Wales," as some of his friends styled him, was at once recognized as keen on his new profession. He next became a lieutenant in the famous Grenadier Guards and his relish for soldiering increased. He was a junior officer when the Great War began—a catastrophe which was to change the course of his life for several years quite as greatly as it changed the lives of millions of other men.

Sandwiched in between his military and naval training and his war experiences, the Prince tasted—the start of the war allowed him only a short taste—the joys of college life within the storied cloisters of ancient Oxford.

The charms of Oxford's leisurely student life appealed to the Prince's playful, joyous, energetic nature than books or lectures or conferences with tutors. The set that he fell in with, was, naturally, one most of whom, it happened, were not only wealthy but given to gaiety. Stories of their activities, magnified as such things always are by each retelling and every mile they travel, eventually began to reach the ears of the Queen.

Queen Goes to Investigate.

A strict disciplinarian, sometimes said to be almost puritanical in her standards, she got upon an Oxford-bound train one day, and, unannounced, came upon her son in his college. They had a talk, reported to have been quite serious in tone, and not long afterward the Prince was transferred away from Oxford to new surroundings and new friends at Cambridge. He had been there only a short while when the war broke out, and, like a great part of the college youth of the land, he left the classroom and the playing field, for the drudgery of military life.

The seemingly inexhaustible energy of the Prince of Wales, whose slight but well-knit body not infrequently stands the strain of swimming, polo, riding to hounds, attending teas and receptions and formal dinners all in one day, and then carries him dancing until dawn the next morning, was well-taxed during the war. He was only 20 years old when the Allies clashed with Germany on the Western Front, and for the next 4 years and more, almost all of his days were spent within the sound of the guns.

Even before he went to France the vigor and vim of the Prince, his tireless activity, amazed hard-boiled old sergeants to whom he was, outside the range of their voices, simply "His Nibs."

He was a junior officer when war was declared and, coming down from Cambridge, began drilling and training troops.

Went to War Gayly.

He went to the war, gayly, happily, and sensitive about only one thing—he did not want to be spared because of his position from dangers others were asked to face. It was only by the exercise of tact and discretion on the part of some generals and stern discipline on the part of others who ordered the Prince about as firmly as his equals in military rank, that he was, for the most part, kept, not out of danger, but at least, away, away from the occasions of greatest danger most of the time.

The war experiences of the Prince of Wales began not long after the war started, and ended only with the Armistice. He was only a few months over 20 years of age when he put on khaki and set out for France, and he was almost 25 before he returned to civil life.

As a junior officer, the Prince crossed the Channel with his comrades in arms when his battalion was ordered to the seat of war, after a short, hard period of training in England. His ardent wish was to share in the dangers and hardships of his fellow grenadiers, and, in a measure, this wish was gratified.

Given Staff Position.

The Prince was given a staff appointment in which he acquitted himself most creditably and earned the warm praise of Gen. Sir John French, the late Earl of Ypres, who was then commander-in-chief of the British Expeditionary Forces. Staff work was all very necessary and good in its place, but the Prince often expressed a wish to get well up and to the front. Often he succeeded in doing so. Many stories are told of his venturesomeness and his prowess.

By the time he was gazetted as aid de camp to Sir John French he had won complimentary opinions from many sources for his devotion to duty.

The British peoples are immensely proud of the popularity the Prince of Wales has attained throughout the world by his manner on all important occasions and in his tremendous travels, but it is the little everyday things he does that endears him most to all the populace.

Little Time With Kin.

The Prince of Wales has been kept so busy at working and traveling that he has had less time than his brothers to spend with his parents and other kin, yet he somehow has managed to join in considerably with the ordinary family life which the house of Windsor has liked to lead wherever there is an opportunity.

Once a week, at least, when he has been in London, the court calendar has reported that the Prince of Wales visited Buckingham Palace, "and remained to luncheon," or dinner, as the case may be. He made many short, hurried visits to his parents that the court calendar never recorded, and the public knew little about.

Similarly, when the court has moved out of London, he usually has gone at least for a few days to visit his royal mother and father, who, especially when they went to Sandringham, lived quietly and as much like ordinary country people of position as their places permit.

The Prince is 41 years old but he looks younger. Sometimes his face seems almost boyish. He is of medium height and of well-knit, slim, build. His hair is golden—women seem to think it a hue more fascinating than any they have ever seen before—and he is clean shaven with features somewhat aquiline.

Always, of course, he is well groomed and well dressed and the attractiveness of his personality millions have acclaimed. At home, and wherever else he has visited, girls are said to be "crazy" about him, and it is quite obvious to anyone that he has a most winsome manner.

The Prince has certain little mannerisms which have sometimes been attributed to nervousness, but would be better described as nervous energy, a sort of impatience to be up and doing. A man who is accustomed to address large audiences without signs of undue perturbation can not be a nervous person in the ordinary acceptation of that term, but the Prince will sometimes part his hair, re-arrange his necktie, feel the seams of his trousers and generally exhibit signs of restlessness.

His Royal Highness has a rather high-pitched resonant voice and speaks with clarity of enunciation, excellent judgment and absolutely convincing sincerity.

Smile Is Engaging.

His smile, as everyone who ever saw him or his photograph agrees, is most engaging. It is never a perpetual grin or an evidence of seraphic satisfaction. It is genial, spontaneous and frank smile, suggestive of no reservations whatever. The Earl of Elgin, a Scottish noble, speaking of and to him in Edinburgh, named some of his engaging qualities, and added: "If I may say so, Sir, above all these charms is the charm of your smile."

The Prince of Wales embodies to a remarkable degree the passionate love of outdoor activities and sports which for centuries has been an especial characteristic of British gentlemen. Like most high-born Britons, he excels in no particular sport, but participates in and loves a variety of them. The British always like to think that with them the desire to win is far less than the mere love of playing for the sake of the game, and so the leisure classes go in for many sports, but are seldom highly accomplished in any. This is the case with the Prince of Wales.

He is happiest when taking part in the two outdoor pastimes of aristocracy—riding to hounds and polo.

The horsemanship of the Prince of Wales in the past has been responsible for a great deal of anxiety and also levity on both sides of the Atlantic. He has been unseated more than a score of times. Some of these falls resulted in injuries of a somewhat serious nature. Friends of the Prince have resented assumptions of those who have read of his every mishap that he is a poor horseman. That he is far from expert they admit, but they point out that everyone who rides as hard and as frequently as the Prince has many spills, but the croppers of lesser men are not given the world-wide publicity.

One fault of the Prince in the saddle is said to be that he favors horses too large for him, and that he is, in a technical physical sense, weak-kneed. But whatever the quality of his horsemanship, there is no flaw in his courage in taking every obstacle in the hunt. He rides without caution or any dread of danger or aversion to risking his neck as often as interesting opportunities offer themselves.

The Prince swims a great deal, but more often as a refreshment after indoor exercise than as a sport for its own sake. Occasionally he plays squash racquets.

Fairly Good Boxer.

At boxing the Prince is reasonably adept, though he does not often put on the padded gloves. In sports he usually adapts himself to environment. When at home, with the green rolling countryside near, he prefers riding to hounds or polo, depending upon the season, to anything else.

The Prince has won several prizes in point-to-point steeplechases, and has only received some hard knocks. Bruises and concussions he has experienced several times, and he can also number among the results of his falls from the saddle a broken collar bone and a twisted ankle. No injury ever deterred him from recklessly riding into danger again on his next visit to the field.

No matter how busy and active in a physical way his days have been, the Prince has always been willing and anxious to dance when night came. Less energetic men, having done as much as he during the day, would be too weary for any exercise greater than going to bed. But going to bed seems to be something the Prince puts off as long as he can, if there is anything that at all interests him as an alternative. He is not the most graceful dancer one could meet, but it would be difficult to find one more courtly or enthusiastic. He never seems to tire of the exercise. Once while in Canada during a hot spell he retired three times during a dance to replace collars that had wilted.

Most Photographed Man.

The Prince of Wales, without doubt, has been photographed more times and in a greater variety of circumstances than any man who ever lived. Almost everything that he does in his daily life, except taking a bath, has been recorded on the films or plate of the camera. As a baby he was photographed asleep, and as a man, while on an outdoor camp, he has even been photographed washing his face. Every move that he makes, almost, the camera records.

What, people ask sometimes, is his attitude toward cameramen? The Prince has never once been known to speak harshly or act rudely to those whose attentions he finds at times annoying, though he has spoken vigorously about them.

Almost always he is kind and considerate of them. He appreciates the tremendous public interest in his doings, and, if that slips his mind, he is likely to remark that the photographers "have to make their living."

One day he appeared in public with a blackened eye and a swollen face as the result of an accident at racquets, and, of course, the inescapable cameramen were after him. Smiling, he pointed to his face and said, "Not today, if you don't mind; cut it out." The photographers acceded to his wishes.

Enters Cattle Breeding.

King George long was a successful breeder of prize cattle and pigs, so that it was not surprising when the Prince, his war days over and his boyhood behind him, also entered enthusiastically into his pleasurable business of business pleasure. He was already the owner of great tracts of farm land, as it was from the Duchy of Cornwall—the Prince being the hereditary duke—that he obtained the bulk of his income.

In 1919, when he first visited Canada, the Prince acquired a ranch near the foothills of the Rocky Mountains, which he has since visited, and to which he frequently has shipped blooded stock from the pastures of the motherland.

One of the many incidental tasks that his position has forced upon the Prince of Wales has been that of setting the styles for what the well-dressed men will wear. Not the well-dressed men of all the world, but surely of all Anglo-Saxon or English-speaking peoples.

The aristocracy and the wealthy of the Continent, to some extent, wear English clothes and adopt the characteristic cut and lines of men's raiment as London's tailors design them. But, in the case of the vast majority of men, one can usually tell a Latin from an Anglo-Saxon without seeing his face or hearing his voice—the cut of his clothes proclaims his origin.

Popularizes Men's Apparel.

There are some articles of wearing apparel for men that owe their popularity almost exclusively to their adoption by the Prince for his own wardrobe. The boisterous jazzy jerseys and sweaters knitted from the celebrated Fair Isle woolens were in only moderate demand a few years ago. Then, one day, the Prince wore one to play golf. He was photographed. Fair Island sweaters soon became popular on both sides of the Atlantic. Fair Isle, which was suffering poverty and dullness in its few industries, is now prosperous, thanks to the Prince.

Then the Prince introduced a new type of evening dress tie—shaped like a butterfly, which has been in favor ever since. Both sides of the bow are cut on one end of the tie—the other runs out as a plain tape. And, if tied properly, it stays set, no matter how strenuous the evening.

When he visited New York the anxiety to copy him on the part of men who are eager about their dress was evidenced more than once. One day, on Long Island, perhaps because it was hot, and sunny, the Prince wore the brim of his Panama hat turned down all around. The next day at the races or polo match, or whatever it might be that society was attending to get a glimpse of the Prince, thousands of men wore Panama hats with the brim turned down. Then the Prince came out with a felt hat. The brim instead of being turned up all 'round as Homburgs have been worn for years, was turned down to shade his eyes and one side of his face. That sort of hat became the fashion. In a few weeks the new style, instead of crossing the Atlantic westward, moved eastward from New York to London.

Hats at Rakish Angle.

There is one thing about the Prince's manner of wearing his clothes that few imitate successfully; indeed many of the wise know it is useless to try to imitate. That is the rakish angle at which he wears all his headgear, whether an old woolen cap for an outing, or a shining topper, for full-dress wear. He has the bearing and carriage of a genuine gentleman and can wear his hats at sharp angles without looking either dandified or slovenly. There are few men who can do likewise.

The Prince long has been importuned by the public and his press alike to find himself a bride, but he has preferred single blessedness. The nation which so dearly loves him woud rejoice to see him on the way to making secure the line of direct succession to the throne. It is certain that the never-dormant discussions of his bachelorhood will become very lively now that he is ascending the throne.

There are always rumors that the Prince does not intend ever to get married, but to be a bachelor monarch.

"England once had a virgin Queen; why not a bachelor King?" He was recently reported to have said to a friend.

Since the war and the passing out of so many of the Protestant families, the number of European princesses from whom the Prince might select a bride, has been reduced to very, very few. The British people, whose spirit of nationalism has, like that of their Continental neighbors, been keenly sharpened since the war, all seem to desire—almost demand—that he pick his bride from among his father's subjects.

Pictorial Highlights in the Life of the Prince of Wales, Now King Edward VIII

His Royal Highness, Edward Albert Christian George Andrew Patrick David, former Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester in the United Kingdom, Duke of Cornwall in England, Duke of Rothesay, Earl of Carrick and Baron of Renfrew in Scotland, was born at White Lodge, Richmond Park, June 23, 1894. Educated at Osborne and at Dartmouth, he was a midshipman in the Royal Navy in 1911 and promoted to lieutenant in 1913. He matriculated at Oxford in 1912 and at the outbreak of the World War was appointed second lieutenant in the Grenadier Guards, rose to captain in 1916, a major in 1918, a colonel in 1919, and lieutenant general in 1930. Above, left to right, the Prince in his rocking-horse-and-wagon at the age of 4; with King George and Queen Mary at the age of 6; when he was 7; in the robes of investiture as the Prince of Wales at 20; in a naval uniform at 21; and as an army officer when he went to the front. Lower panel shows the Prince as a Grenadier Guard; he comes a cropper, in the days when his riding spills were a world laugh; his plane is tuned up—he was an ardent flier; as an Indian chief at his ranch in Alberta, Canada; on the links and in his uniform as chief of his clan in Scotland.

Death of Monarch Is Prelude To Months of Regal Pageantry

Funeral to Be Attended by Reigning Heads of Many Countries; Heir Immediately Becomes King; Brilliant Coronation Rites Follow.

By the United Press.

London, Jan. 20.—The death of the reigning monarch signals literally months of ceremonial pageantry.

Although, according to the precedent since Henry VIII, the Prince of Wales became King as King George drew his last breath, there are many intricate details before the accession is formally recognized.

There is also the funeral of the dead King, within a week, attended by reigning powers from many countries. It will be one of the most impressive scenes since the death of King Edward VII. The coronation of the new King will be the final act in a spectacle which has no equal in the world.

The world knows that King George is dead, but a number of things must be done before he is "officially" dead according to law and custom. The first is a meeting of the Privy Council as soon as possible, at which orders for the proclamation of the new King will be given. Those attending the meeting will be re-sworn as members of the newly constituted council.

Will Proclaim Edward.

Several public announcements will follow in the course of the day. The first will be signed by the male members of the royal family, the Archbishop of Canterbury, the privy councillors in attendance, and the Lord Mayor, aldermen, and other officials of the city of London. It will announce the death of King George, and pronounce the succession to have come to "the high and mighty Prince Edward Albert Christian George Andrew Patrick David of Windsor," whom they will accordingly proclaim as "our only lawful and rightful liege Lord Edward VIII, by grace of God King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British territories beyond the seas, Defender of the Faith, and Emperor of India," and a host more titles.

The next entry in the London Gazette will give the text of the King's speech to the Privy Council. Then follows a notice of his having taken the oath relating to the security of the Church of Scotland.

Parliament will meet in the afternoon of the same day to take the oaths of allegiance and supremacy. Until 1867 Parliament was subject to dissolution on the change of a sovereign. Since then, however, the existing Parliament must meet at once and even in the event of it having been dissolved must be resuscitated, and permitted to last for as long as six months if its successor has not before that been elected.

The formal public proclamation of the new monarch will take place within two days of the King's death. The officers of arms, dressed in their tabards which depict the royal coat of arms, will assemble at St. James' Palace, and, attended by the sergeants at arms, will proceed to one of the balconies of the palace.

Reading of Proclamation.

There a fanfare of trumpets will be sounded, and the Garter Principal King of Arms, in the presence of the Earl Marshal, several members of the Cabinet and other officials, will read the proclamation.

A state procession of officials, with trumpeters, heralds, and an escort of life guards, will then make its way to Charing Cross, where the proclamation will be read again. The procession will then go along the Strand to Temple Bar, the ancient barrier between the city and Greater London, where the Lord Mayor, in his state carriage will be waiting.

The Blue Mantle, pursuivant of arms, will dismount, and, after trumpeters have sounded thrice, will ask permission to enter the city to proclaim the new King. The Blue Mantle will be admitted through a hastily erected barrier, and having handed the Lord Mayor the order in council announcing the succession, the procession will be allowed to pass. Within two-score yards, at Chancery Lane, the proclamation will be read again by the Norroy King of Arms.

The procession, now swelled by the Lord Mayor and his retinue, will then go to the Royal Exchange, adjoining the Bank of England and the Mansion House, where the proclamation will be read for the last time by the Somerset Herald, while a royal salute will be fired from St. James' Park and the Tower of London.

486 Millions Render Fealty To New Ruler

Literal Truth in Phrase 'Sun Never Sets on British Empire.'

Crown's Sway Extends to Many Remote Corners of Globe.

By the United Press.

London, Jan. 20.—A quarter of the habitable world had a new ruler today. George's 486,000,000 subjects hailed a new King, Edward VIII.

The vast British Empire is the greatest the world has ever known. The famous saying that "the sun never sets on the British Empire" is literally true, for its dominions and colonies are in every part of the globe.

More than 13,000,000 square miles are British. The Union Jack flies on every continent—Europe, Asia, Africa, North and South America and dominates one entire continent in itself, Australia. The seas are dotted with British islands. People of every color and religion are subjects of the British King.

Controlled by London.

All of these vast dominions are controlled from one central source—London, on one small island off the European coast. From this island Englishmen have gone through the centuries to carry "the white man's burden" and add new lands to the Empire. By exploration and discovery, war and by annexation British explorers and statesmen and soldiers have brought the world under the sway of "this precious stone set in the silver sea . . . This blessed plot, this earth, this realm, this England" of which Shakespeare wrote.

Controlling center of the British world is the United Kingdom, 94,284 square miles with 46,000,000 inhabitants. The United Kingdom, or British Isles, include England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland and The Channel Islands. On the neighboring island is the Irish Free State, self-governing Dominion, which despite years of agitation for independence still formally is a part of the empire.

On the continent of Asia lies India with its 270,000,000 population and more than a million square miles of land. Moslems and Hindus may worship their various gods but their fealty is to the Emperor of India, now King Edward VIII. Adjacent to India is Burma, with 233,000 square miles and 15,000,000 inhabitants, and British Malaya, 1,500 square miles and 4,500,000 persons. In British Malaya, lies the British naval base of Singapore where British warships guard her Eastern trade.

Other Asiatic Possessions.

Other Asiatic possessions include Aden, a peninsula on the Arabian coast, stategic center of control for the Red Sea. Its population is 50,000 and its territory 9,000 square miles. There is the Island of Ceylon off the tip of India, with 25,000 square miles of territory supporting more than 5,000,000 residents. At Hong Kong on the coast of China is a crown colony, one of the greatest trans-shipping points in the world.

On the great dark continent of Africa, other vast areas bear testimony to the pioneering efforts of David Livingstone, Cecil Rhodes and the battles of the Boer War. In the Union of South Africa, a dominion, live 7,000,000 blacks and whites on 471,900 square miles.

The Union comprises the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, Orange Free State, the Transvaal. British South Africa includes other vast stretches of land—Southern Rhodesia, Northern Rhodesia, Basutoland, Bechuanaland and Swaziland—where 3,375,000 persons live on an area of 734,000 square miles. The first two are crown colonies, the other protectorates.

On the Eastern Side.

On the eastern side of the continent is British East Africa, including Kenya Colony and Protectorate, the Uganda Protectorate, Tagan yika, and the Nyassaland Protectorate. More than 13,000,000 persons live in this territory of 733,000 square miles.

On the other side of Africa is British West Africa which comprises Nigeria Colony and Protectorate, the Bitish Cameroons, Gambia Colony and Protectorate, Sierra Leone Colony and Protectorate and Gold Coast Colony and Protectorate. This group covers 447,000 square miles on which 24,800,000 persons live.

Continent of Australia.

There is the great Commonwealth of Australia, an entire continent in itself covering nearly 3,000,000 square miles and supporting 7,000,000 persons. It includes the states of New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, West Australia, Tasmania, Northern Territory and the Federal Territory. Australian possessions include British New Guinea or Papua, the Territory of New Guiana and other islands.

Close to Australia lies the Dominion of New Zealand, including a number of small islands which give it a total area of 104,000 square miles and a population of 1,450,000. Other British island possessions in the Pacific include Fiji, Tonga, the British Solomon Islands.

In the New World there is the United States' great neighbor to the north, the Dominion of Canada, with a population of 10,300,000, covering an area of 3,700,000 square miles. On the eastern side of Canada lie Newfoundland, an island, and Labrador, a peninsula, with a combined area of 280,000 square miles, on which live some 500,000 persons.

To the South and East.

To the south and east of the United States are the British West Indies, colonies which include Jamaica, Bermuda, Barbados, Trinidad and Tobago, the Bahamas, and the Westward Islands. In Central America is British Honduras. In South America itself is British Guiana, with a population of 310,000 and a territory of 80,000 square miles. Off the South American coast at the southern end of the continent are the Falkland Islands and South Georgia.

Simple Rules Make Baking An Easy Task

Level Measurements, Proper Oven Heat and Mixing Insure Success.

By Dorothea Duncan.

CAKE tops the list of favorite winter desserts. Upside down cakes, hot gingerbread with whipped cream, lemon or foamy sauce, fudge squares or brownies served with sliced canned fruit or ice cream, cup cakes topped with drifts of snowy frosting—all these and scores of other cakes make delicious winter desserts.

D. DUNCAN.

Nowadays even an amateur can bake a light fluffy cake. Level measurements, the proper oven temperature and the right procedure of mixing are the three essentials of a good cake. Though some recipes can be followed by the guess method in measuring, it always suggested that measurements for cakes be followed to the letter, for a little too much flour, not enough butter, a bit too much sugar, an overdose of baking powder all tend to have a definite effect on the quality of your cake.

Too much flour, for example, may make your cake too dry and it will crack. Too much shortening will give it a crumbly texture, so that it must be eaten with a fork, and it will be so tender it will be difficult to remove from the pan without breaking. An overdose of baking powder, even a quarter of a teaspoon over the amount specified, will make your cake rise too rapidly and the cake will have an unpleasant flavor. Too much sugar may give your cake a thick sugar crust instead of an even, thin, tender one.

Temperature Varies.

The temperature for baking cakes depends, of course, upon the kind of batter and the type of pan in which it is to be baked. Cup cakes require a moderate oven (350 degrees-375 degrees F.) and should be baked from 20 to 25 minutes. Fruit cake requires a slower oven (250 degrees to 300 degrees F.) and should remain in the oven from 1¼ to 4 hours according to the ingredients. Gingerbread should be baked in a moderate oven (330 degrees F.) and requires 45 to 50 minutes. Jelly roll and sheet cake require a quicker oven and less time (400 degrees F.) for 12 to 15 minutes. Layer cake three-quarters to one inch thick should be baked for 20 to 30 minutes in a moderate oven (375 degrees F.). Loaf cake (1½ to 2½ inches thick) requires a moderate oven (350 degrees F.) for 40 to 50 minutes. Layer cake over two and a half inches rquires the same temperature for 1 hour or more. Pound cake takes 1½ to 2 hours in a slow oven (300 degrees F.). Sponge cake, which include angel cake, require a moderately slow oven for 1 hour or more.

You will find that a temperature chart for the different kinds of cakes tacked up in a conspicuous place in your kitchen will be a great help especially if you are using a recipe book that fails to mention baking temperatures.

Butter Cakes.

Butter cakes, which include all types of cakes except the sponges, are generally mixed in the same manner. The butter is creamed first until light and fluffy, then the sugar is added a small amount at a time, and the creaming is continued after each addition. The eggs are added next, some times beaten together, or if beaten separately, just the yolks. The sifted dry ingredients and the milk come next. The flavoring may be added to the milk. Add a little of the flour first, then a few drops of milk, and so on until both are used. The last of the two ingredients to be added should be flour. If the eggs have been beaten separately add them last, folding them carefully into the mixture so that the air which has been beaten into them will not be lost.

Sponge Cakes.

There are many types of sponge cakes, and each has its special rules for combining the ingredients, but a true sponge, that is a cake without powder or flour is mixed by the following method: To mix an angel cake, first whip the egg whites and salt with a wire wisk, then when foamy add the cream of tartar, providing the recipe calls for it, and continue beating the eggs until the mixture will stand in peaks, but is not dry. Fold in the sugar carefully, two tablespoons at a time, untill all is used. Then fold in the flour. Next sift a small amount of the flour over the egg mixture and fold in, continuing until all flour is used. The flour should be sifted once before measuring and at least four times after measuring to make it as light as possible.

A sponge using both the whites and yolks is mixed much the same way. Flour and salt are sifted together. The egg whites are beaten until they will stand in peaks but are not dry. Fold the sugar into this mixture first, then the well-beaten egg yolk with flavoring added, and lastly the flour.

Butter cakes should be baked in greased and floured pans, sponge cake in ungreased pans.

Recipes for the two desserts illustrated follow:

Butter Cup Cakes.

1-3 cup butter
1 cup sugar
2 eggs
½ teaspoon vanilla
1¾ cups pastry flour
2 teaspoons baking powder
2-3 cup milk
¼ teaspoon salt.

Cream butter and then add sugar gradually, creaming well after each addition. Add yolks of eggs and vanilla; then beat for 30 seconds. Sift flour once before measuring and add baking powder and sift again. Add flour alternately with the milk to the butter mixture. After adding the last of the flour beat for one minute. Beat egg whites and salt until stiff, then stir into the cake mixture. Pour into well greased 4 ounce oven glass custard cups and bake for 25 minutes at 350 degrees F. Amount 18 cup cakes.

White Frosting.

3 tablespoons water
1 egg white
¾ teaspoon cream of tartar
⅝ cup sugar
⅛ teaspoon salt
1 teaspoon vanilla

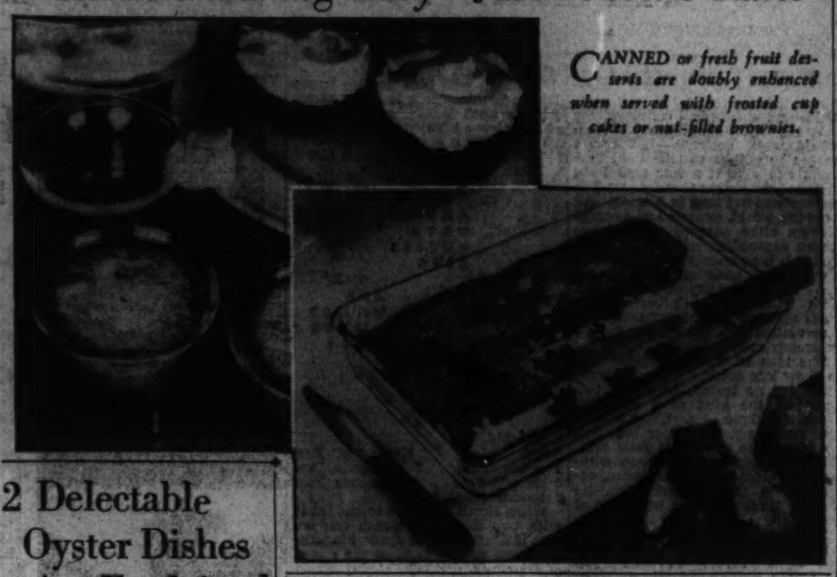
Put water, egg white, cream of tartar, sugar and salt in the upper part of double boiler. Place over gently boiling water in lower part of double boiler. Beat the mixture with a rotary egg beater, rapidly at first then steadily and continuously for about 7 minutes. Remove from stove and allow to stand for 5 minutes over cold water. Add flavoring. Stir until thick enough to pile in peaks.

Brownies.

½ cup butter or other shortening
1 cup sugar
2 eggs
¾ cup flour
¼ teaspoon salt
½ teaspoon baking powder
2 squares unsweetened chocolate
1 cup walnut meats, broken in small pieces
1 teaspoon vanilla

Cream shortening, add sugar and well beaten egg. Sift flour once, measure, then sift flour, salt and baking powder together and add to creamed mixture. Stir in nuts and vanilla. Pour into well greased pan of the type pictured. Bake in a moderate oven (325 degrees F.) for about 20 minutes. Brownies should be removed from the oven when they look a little under done. They will harden a little after they cool, and if removed from the oven in time will be tender and soft but a little chewy.

Successful Baking Easy—Just Follow 3 Rules



CANNED or fresh fruit desserts are doubly enhanced when served with frosted cup cakes or nut-filled brownies.

2 Delectable Oyster Dishes Are Explained

Mushroom Pastries and Panned Bivalves Food for Gourmand.

JANUARY has always been called the gourmand's month. Why?... Well, for one thing there are oysters. And for the truly happy gourmand that answer is sufficient.

Now really, can you think of a more delectable dish than, say, oyster and mushroom pasties . . . or panned oysters supreme? Here are these two unusual recipes. Put them in your private scrapbook and treasure them, but don't forget to use them often.

Oyster and Mushroom Pasties.

½ pint small oysters
¼ pound fresh mushrooms
3 tablespoons butter
3 tablespoons flour
1-3 teaspoon salt
⅛ teaspoon pepper
Few grains nutmeg
⅔ cup light cream or rich milk
1 tablespoon dry sherry
2 tablespoons apple brandy
Rich short pastry.

Pick over oysters and cut them in halves. Clean and slice the mushrooms and fry them in soft butter. Stir in the flour and seasonings, and gradually add the milk, stirring constantly. When boiling, add the oysters, the sherry and apple brandy. Transfer to six ramekins. Cover with rounds of pastry and bake 12 to 15 minutes in moderately hot oven 375 to 400 degrees F.) Serve at once.

Panned Oysters Supreme.

1 quart odd-sized oysters
2½ tablespoons butter.
1-3 teaspoon salt
Buttered toast
⅛ teaspoon white pepper
1 tablespoon sherry
3 tablespoons apple brandy

Wash the oysters. Melt the butter in a chafing dish. Add seasonings, wine, apple brandy and then the oysters. Cook gently until the edges curl; serve on buttered toast.

Rich Short Pastry.

2 cups cake flour
½ teaspoon powdered sugar
½ teaspoon baking powder
½ teaspoon salt
¾ cup shortening
1 egg yolk
6 tablespoons cold water

Measure the flour, sugar, baking powder and salt into a large bowl. Add the shortening and chop it lightly into the flour. Add the egg yolk and gradually stir in the cold water, using just enough to make the pastry barely stick together. Roll and use as crust for oyster and mushroom pasties.

Jelly Cup Cakes.

A little jam or jelly folded into the center of cup cakes gives the cake a delightful flavor and powdered sugar can be substituted for a rich icing. This makes a delicious dessert served alone or as an accompaniment for fresh or canned fruit.

Smoother Ice Cream Is Made From Rennet Powder Recipes

Substance Used in Cheese-Making Also Ingredient of Home Desserts; Comes Under a Variety of Trade Names, in Several Delightful Flavors.

CREAMIER ICE CREAMS with less cream can be made with rennet powder.

Rennet powder, which comes under a variety of trade names, is a combination of two inorganic enzymes, or ferments—renin and pepsin. Rennet's chief importance from a food standpoint is its power to coagulate milk, and its widest food use is in the manufacture of cheese. Rennet is sold, however, for use in making desserts, etc., in liquid, powder and tablet forms.

The first action of rennet on milk is to split up the casein and then to transform the whole volume of milk into a jelly. This is the dessert phase as we apply it in our kitchens. Later the jelly develops into a separate, white, solid curd (chiefly of casein and fat with some water and a little sugar) and a straw-colored liquid, whey (chiefly water and sugar). This once popular dish, "curds and whey," is one of the first stages of cheese making.

Ice cream made with rennet powder is the easiest ice cream to make, because it requires no cooking. It is also one of the least expensive, as it does not depend upon a large amount of cream or eggs. The rennet powder thickens the milk or cream, making the frozen mixture smoother and creamier.

The rennet powders are sold in many delightful flavors, as well as vanilla and unflavored. The unflavored powder may be used as a basis for fruit and nut ice creams.

In any of the recipes below, the milk and heavy cream may be replaced by one pint of light cream, without whipping. However, the recipes with whipped cream and milk make a lighter and fluffier ice cream, with a greater volume at the same expense if the ice cream is to be frozen in the trays of an automatic refrigerator. When the mixture is frozen in a regular ice cream freezer with a dasher, the light cream may be successfully used. The cream (if whipping cream is used) should be whipped only until it will hold its shape, but never until it is very thick. If it is over-whipped, it will make the ice cream granular and give it a buttery texture. If a richer ice cream is desired, light cream may be used in place of milk in any of the recipes.

All the following recipes have been worked out from the standpoint of automatic refrigerator freezing.

Vanilla Ice Cream.

1 cup milk (½ pint)
1 cup heavy cream (½ pint)
½ cup sugar (or ¼ cup sugar and ¼ cup corn sirup)
1¼ teaspoons vanilla
1 rennet tablet
1 tablespoon cold water

Dissolve rennet tablet in cold water. Mix milk, sugar and vanilla flavoring. Warm to lukewarm (110 degrees F.)—not hot—stirring constantly. Remove from stove, be sure the sugar is dissolved. And the dissolved rennet tablet. Stir a few seconds, and pour at once into the refrigerator tray. Let stand in room undisturbed until firm and cool—about ten minutes. Whip cream and stir into rennet mixture. Place in freezing compartment at as cold a temperature as possible. When partly frozen (it will be thick around the edges), scrape from the sides and bottom of the pan and then beat the contents up in the refrigerator tray quickly with a large fork or large spoon and replace in refrigerator to finish freezing.

The following rules for freezing ice creams in either the automatic refrigerator or the old-fashioned freezer should be followed if you wish to obtain the best results.

For freezing ice cream in an ice-cream freezer: Chip the ice into small pieces and use fine ice-cream salt. Allow one-sixth as much salt as ice, by measure. Have ice cream mixture cold and in freezer can. Insert dasher, put on cover and adjust crank and top. Fill the tub about one-half full of ice, sprinkle with salt and then fill with alternate layers of ice and salt. Turn crank slowly until the mixture is partly frozen, then churn rapidly to beat in the air. When cream is quite firm, remove dasher, scrape cream down from sides of can, and stop the hole in the cover with a cork or soft paper. If the cream is to stand before serving, and it is improved by ripening for an hour or longer, pour off the water and fill with layers of salt and ice. Cover with several thicknesses of newspaper or a blanket.

For automatic refrigerator ice cream: Have the freezing compartment as cold as possible to get the best results. Nearly all recipes call for beating during the freezing to make a smoother product. When the ice cream is partly frozen (it will be thick around the edges), scrape from the sides nad bottom of the pan and then beat the contents as described in the recipe for vanilla ice cream.

No definite time for freezing is given, as the temperatures of different iceless refrigerators vary.

Do not overfreeze. When the ice cream freezes to the desired consistency, set the temperature control back a trifle to prevent the ice cream from becoming harder.

It is important to remember that a defrosted set of coils will give quicker freezing than coils that have not been defrosted recently.

Recipe Is Reprinted Because of Error

The recipe for quick coffee cake found in last Saturday's food page is reprinted today because of a typographical error in the original copy.

Quick Coffee Cake.

2 cups sifted flour
4 teaspoons baking powder
¾ teaspoon salt
½ cup sugar
6 tablespoons butter or other shortening
1 egg, well beaten
½ cup milk

Topping.

1½ tablespoons melted butter
4 tablespoons sugar
½ teaspoon cinnamon

Sift flour once, add baking powder, salt and sugar, and sift again. Cut in shortening. Combine egg and milk; add to flour mixture, stirring until mixture is blended. Turn into greased nine-inch layer pan, spreading dough evenly. Brush top with melted butter. Mix together sugar, flour, and cinnamon for topping and sift mixture evenly over dough. Bake in a hot oven (400 degress F.) 25 to 30 minutes. Cut in wedges while in pan and remove pieces separately.

Natural Relief for Rheumatism
Mountain Valley Mineral Water
From Hot Springs, Arkansas
Carton—6 half-gallon bottles—$2.50 Plus bottle deposit. Single bottle, 75c
MAGRUDER, INC.
13th and M Sts. N.W. DI. 4120.

FOR BETTER BLOOD
DRINK JUNO
Possesses basic qualities provided by Nature that purify and stimulate the blood stream. Thus it relieves many ailments that feed upon impure and sluggish blood. Its benefits are frequently astonishing—especially to sufferers from arthritis, gout, rheumatism, etc. Taken warm before retiring. It banishes insomnia.
Order from your druggist or independent grocer. Ask for FREE Booklet.
BERNDT & CO.
Importers and Distributors.
Saratoga and Davis Sts., Baltimore, Md.

NEW CENTER MARKET
Fifth St. N. W.
K to L Sts.
TWO FREE PARKING LOTS

2 BLENDS - 2 PRICES
RED LABEL
America's finest quality
BROWN LABEL
High quality, low price
"SALADA" TEA
207

Sanitary & Piggly Wiggly

These Prices Prevail in Washington and Vicinity Until the Close of Business Wednesday, January 22.

5 CARLOADS of FLORIDA'S FINEST
TREE RIPENED
GRAPEFRUIT

Delicious thin-skinned Grapefruit—fresh from Florida—juicy and sweet because they're actually tree-ripened. NOW is the peak of the grapefruit season, so lay in a supply today and enjoy their goodness while these money-saving prices are in effect. If grapefruit disagrees with you we suggest that you use salt in place of sugar. Salt enhances the flavor and seems to neutralize the acid, making it more readily digestible.

SMALL SIZE 3 for 14c | MEDIUM SIZE 3 for 17c | LARGE SIZE 3 for 25c

3 Delicious Ways to Serve Grapefruit

HOT GRAPEFRUIT.

First, prepare the fruit as you always do. Cut each grapefruit in half, remove the seeds and the heart and loosen the segments with a sharp knife. Then sprinkle each half with granulated sugar, but not to the point of saturation. Have ready a small glass of currant jelly which has been melted in a little boiling water, and pour this over the fruit. Tuck the grapefruit halves under the broiler, not too close to the flame, and when the fruit is hot and the sugar brown and crusty, remove it from the broiler and serve at once. The flavor is something to talk about.

GRAPEFRUIT AND ORANGE COCKTAIL.

1 cup diced grapefruit pulp
1 cup diced orange pulp
Sugar
Lemon juice or grape juice
Maraschino cherries or preserved pineapple

Mix the orange and grapefruit pulp. Sprinkle with sugar and a little lemon juice or grape juice. Chill, and have glasses chilled so that the whole, when served, may be very cold. At the last moment fill the glasses with the fruit mixture, garnishing with cherries or preserved pineapple.

GRAPEFRUIT AND GRAPE SALAD.

2 cups grapefruit sections
2 tablespoons grape juice
2 tablespoons French dressing
½ cup Malaga grapes, peeled and seeded

Peel fine large grapefruit and separate the sections, removing every particle of the bitter white inner skin. Peel and seed the grapes and mix with grapefruit. Set, covered, in the refrigerator until very cold. Pour over them the grape juice and French dressing.

Stringless Beans	2 lbs. 25c	New Cabbage	lb. 5c
Fresh Spinach	3 lbs. 25c	Bunch Carrots	2 for 15c
Fresh Tomatoes	2 lbs. 25c	Sweet Potatoes	4 lbs. 15c
Bulk Turnips	4 lbs. 10c	Rutabagas	4 lbs. 10c

PARAGON APPLES 4 lbs. 10c
Original Basket 98c

BOX ORANGES

Extra Large	Doz. 35c	3 Doz. $1.00
Large	Doz. 30c	3 Doz. 89c
Med.	Doz. 25c	3 Doz. 73c
Small	Doz. 20c	3 Doz. 57c

CHECK THIS LIST OF VALUES

JUMBO BREAD	1-lb. Loaf	7c
Sanico Rye Bread	loaf	10c
Sanico Whole Wheat	loaf	10c
Sanico Raisin	loaf	12c
Butter & Egg Bread	loaf	11c
GREEN BAG COFFEE	lb.	20c
Airway Coffee	lb.	17c
Sanico Coffee	lb.	27c
Afternoon Tea	¼-lb. pkg.	15c
Lipton's Tea	¼-lb. pkg.	23c
SANICO FRESH EGGS	doz.	35c
Fresh Breakfast Eggs	doz.	39c
Selected Storage Eggs	2 doz.	49c
Cream of Wheat	14-oz. pkg.	14c
3-Minute Oats	42-oz. pkg.	19c
JUMBO BUTTER	1-lb. roll	38c
Land O' Lakes Butter	¼-lb. prints	lb. 43c
Brookfield Butter	¼-lb. prints	lb. 42c
Baker's Cocoa	½-lb. can	10c
Baker's Chocolate	½-lb. cake	14c
SHORTENING Compound	2 lbs.	25c
Pure Lard	lbs.	29c
P. & G. Crisco	3 lb. cans	57c
First Prize Margarine	lb.	15c
The New Nucoa	lb.	23c
SEALECT MILK	3 tall cans	19c
Carnation Milk	3 tall cans	23c
Borden's Milk	3 tall cans	23c
Eagle Condensed Milk	can	20c
Challenge Condensed Milk	2 cans	25c
PEANUT BUTTER	1-lb. jar	17c
XX Economy Peanut Butter	2-lb. jar	27c
Soda Crackers	lb. pkg.	10c
Educator Crax	lb. pkg.	21c
Martini Crackers	box	15c
APPLE BUTTER	White House 2 38-oz. jars	27c

DOG FOOD SALE

Here's your opportunity to lay in a supply of dog food at unusually low prices. Listed below you will find a large variety of the finest dog food available.

DOGGIE DINNER
6 cans 49c . . . 12 cans 95c
Case of 24 Cans, $1.85

STRONGHEART
6 cans 39c | 12 cans 75c | Case of 48 cans $2.95

MARCO Large: 6 cans 49c; 12 cans 95c
MARCO Small: 6 cans 29c; 12 cans 55c

REDHEART DOG FOOD
3 cans 25c | 12 cans 95c | Case of 48 cans $3.75

Three Washington Favorites

GREEN GIANT PEAS
There's no other peas quite like them. They're large and tender, juicy and flavorsome, just like big, fresh peas. They'll win in a forkful.
3 cans 47c . . . . . dozen cans $1.85

DEL MAIZ NIBLETS
Sweet, plump kernels—cut clean from the cob and packed in vacuum without cream or juice. Sliced from the cob just as you would yourself.
2 cans 25c . . . . . dozen cans $1.45

DEL MAIZ CORN
Cream Style
Not wishy-washy, but full-bodied and creamy-thick so you can eat it with a fork. The first taste tells the difference, uniform consistency.
3 cans 28c . . . . . dozen cans $1.05

DEL MONTE ASPARAGUS

Early Garden	2 cans	39c
Picnic	3 cans	43c
Mary Wash.	2 cans	45c

Why Not a Delicious Cherry Pie for Dinner—
2 Cans of Ribbon Brand PIE CHERRIES
And One Package of FLAKO PIE CRUST
All For 29c

LIBBY'S FRUIT JUICES

Pineapple Juice	2	No. 2 cans	25c
Orange Juice	2	No. 1 cans	25c
Tomato Juice	6	No. 1 cans	45c

SANICO HAMS
Here's a fine low price on these delicious hams. These are noted for their wonderful flavor. They are selected from the smaller, more flavorful stock.
Whole or Half lb. 30c

Select Pork Chops	lb.	29c
End Pork Chops	lb.	23c
Briggs Scrapple	lb.	18c
Briggs Pork Pudding	lb.	18c

SMOKED TONGUES
Remove tongue from wrapper, immerse in cold water to cover. Bring water to boiling point, boil 10 minutes. Pour off water. Recover with hot water and simmer, allowing 45 minutes to the pound. Remove from kettle, cool slightly, then remove skin. Serve hot or cold. lb. 25c

U.S. GRADED FRANKS
You save 4 cents a pound on these fine quality U. S. Graded Franks. These are delicious, tender, probably the finest you've ever eaten. lb. 25c

Chuck Roast	lb.	19c
Prime Rib Roast	lb.	27c
Sanitary's PURE PORK Sausage	lb.	28c
Brookfield Sausage	lb.	23c

QUALITY STEAKS
Now enjoy this fine quality corn-fed steer beef at these very reasonable prices. This beef is all U. S. Government inspected. Your choice of Round, Sirloin or Porterhouse cut to your favorite thickness. lb. 35c

On The Air Today

WHEN the next well-meaning and innocent listener approaches me with an inspired complaint of radio and its artists, I shall have a new story for an answer. It's Eddie Cantor's philosophy and goes like this, quoting Mr. Cantor:

"Anything said on the air, no matter how innocent or innocuous it may seem, is almost certain to offend somebody. For example, if I say on the radio, 'Gee, I like apple pie,' this might sound like a safe statement. But out in California some prune merchant may say, 'What a bum Cantor is; I'm trying to make an honest living selling prunes, and he goes around praising apple pie.' And hundreds, maybe thousands of others, may have their own reasons to take exception to the fact that apple pie tastes good to me."

That, my "gentle listener," crystalizes more sane, sound philosophy of the fickle business of trying to entertain by the air route than I have noted in many a moon.

* * * *

"Jumbo" will be on your dials tonight as usual—but without Jimmy Durante. The appearance of Eddy Duchin and his orchestra last week presaged a complete revision of the show. Beginning with tonight's production, it will be primarily a musical program. In fact, "special performers" (guests artists, any way you look at it) are to be heard.

Last Tuesday night was Durante's last with "Jumbo"—on the air. The strain of two stage shows daily, with attendant rehearsals and other professional work, was too much.

* * * *

Flash! An auto manufacturer has dibs on Ed Wynne for a time while it is being decided whether "the perfect fool" is to return to radio—that is, to work regularly from week to week over C. B. S. Lenny Hayton and his band cut in on the deal as support talent.

* * * *

Last week Georgia's Talmadge charged that the two major nets had refused to grant air time for the convention of Jefferson Democrats at Macon, January 29. The United Press now reports that Morris A. Bealle, publisher of Plain Talk, is ready to lease a wire from Macon to Dr. Brinkley's station at Reynosa, Mexico, for the purpose of having the broadcast made. Brinkley's station is XEAW. Bealle says the telephone company will make the connection "as soon as the Federal Communications Commission issues the permit." He also says that should the commission deny or "lose" the application he will go to court and demand "a writ of mandamus compelling the commission to act in accordance with the Constitution."

* * * *

WOL's Northern Dramatic Company is on the lookout for amateur radio play writers. Aspiring writers are asked to mail their manuscripts to WOL (typewritten copy only) and inclose stamped envelopes for return. If your manuscript rings the bell it will be used in forthcoming airings.

* * * *

Special today:

Morton Downey: sinks "Moon Over Miami," Lud Gluskin's orchestra in "Der Muskik Geht Rund and Rund," WJSV, at 10:15.

Radio Joe: In President's Ball Night (Marvin McIntyre expected), WMAL at 7:30.

Bob Hurleigh: Interviews Dr. Frank Shyne, osteopath of the visiting movie stars, WOL, at 8.

"The Road Killer": By Northern Dramatic Company, WOL, at 10.

WGN, Chicago: Presents second broadcast of "Liberty at the Crossroads." 7:30 (Republican political dramatics).

Fred Waring: And Pennsylvanians introduce novelty number, "The Telephone Girl," WJSV, at 9:30.

J. H. H.

Roosevelt to Join Knights of Pythias

Frederick, Md., Jan. 20.—Reno S. Harp, supreme chancellor of Knights of Pythias, today said President Franklin D. Roosevelt is a candidate of the fraternal organization and probably will be initiated February 19 at a special ceremonial in Washington.

Harp was advised Saturday from Minneapolis that the President has signed a membership application in the Nation-wide drive for new members to be initiated in honor of the Supreme Chancellor, who is recovering at his home here from pneumonia. Harp was stricken while visiting lodges in the Northwestern section of the United States.

By coincidence, Harp said, he had written a few days ago to the President, asking that Administration support be given to a plan to aid lodges throughout the country in refinancing indebtedness upon lodge buildings. It has been suggested that Home Owners Loan Corporation or Reconstruction Finance Corporation funds be made available.

Marriage Clause Repealer Delayed

Another unsuccessful attempt was made in the House yesterday to repeal the marriage clause provision of the economy act as urged by Representative Cellar (Democrat), of New York.

Representative Cochran (Democrat), of Missouri, objected to the bill on the unanimous consent calendar. Cochran is chairman of the House Committee on Expenditures in Executive Departments, and he steadfastly opposed the Celler bill last year.

The marriage clause requires that in instances of administrative economy forcing dismissals of personnel the first to go shall be husbands or wives when both are employed by the Federal Government.

The Post Radio Time-Table

Tuesday, January 21 Washington Eastern Standard Time.

	WRC 360M—950KC	WMAL 476M—630KC	WOL 229M—1,310KC	WJSV 206M—1,460KC	
6:00				Elder Michaux	6:00
6:15				" "	6:15
6:30	Gordon Hitt'm'k.			The Senator's	6:30
6:45	" "			Visit	6:45
7:00	" "	Grab Bag	Musical Clock	Sun Dial	7:00
7:15	" "	Sons of Pioneers	News	" "	7:15
7:30	" "	Philosopher	Art Brown	" "	7:30
7:45	" "	Govt. Standards	News	" "	7:45
8:00	News	Morning Devotions	Art Brown	" "	8:00
8:15	Gordon	Happy Jack	News	" "	8:15
8:30	Hittenmark	Cheerio	Art Brown	" "	8:30
8:45	" "	" "	" "	" "	8:45
9:00	" "	News	Jack Ward	" "	9:00
9:15	Streamliners	Breakfast Club	Varieties	Jean Abbey	9:15
9:30	" "	" "	Police Flashes	Bugle Call	9:30
9:45	" "	" "	News	News	9:45
10:00	News	News	This and That	Romany Trail	10:00
10:15	Home Sweet H'me	Edward MacHugh	Rowan Tudor	" "	10:15
10:30	Sweethearts	Today's Children	Favorites	Song Styles	10:30
10:45	3 Shades of Blue	The Doctor Says	Surprise Party	" "	10:45
11:00	Ida Bailey Allen	U. S. Marine Band	" "	Milky Way	11:00
11:15	Sons of Pioneers	" " "	" "	Helen Trent	11:15
11:30	"Your Child"	" " "	Morning Concert	Just Plain Bill	11:30
11:45	Piano Recital	" " "	Views of News	Be Announced	11:45
	AFTERNOON PROGRAMS				
12:00	News	Simpson Boys	Lost and Found	Voice of Exper.	12:00
12:15	Honeyboy & Sa'f's	CURBSTONE	News	Captivators	12:15
12:30	Matinee Today	Farm, Home Hour	Luncheon Dance	Mary Marlin	12:30
12:45	Merry Madcaps	" " "	Church of the Air	Rhythms	12:45
1:00	Sammy Kaye's	" " "	Picking on Strings	Luncheon Music	1:00
1:15	Orchestra	" " "	Patricia Roche	" "	1:15
1:30	Pat Kennedy	Castles of Ro'ance	Bob Shafer	" "	1:30
1:45	Music Guild	Carmen Jewels	Jean Rose	News	1:45
2:00	" "	Words and Music	Dance Tunes	Bet. Bookends	2:00
2:15	" "	" " "	Happy Lewis'	Happy Hollow	2:15
2:30	Mary Mason	Golden Melody	Revue	American	2:30
2:45	" "	" " "	News	School of Air	2:45
3:00	Forever Young	Nellie Revell	Sweet and Hot	Oleanders	3:00
3:15	Ma Perkins	Meetin' House	Musical Potpourri	Tito Guizar	3:15
3:30	Vic and Sade	" " "	Afternoon Concert	Our Souvenirs	3:30
3:45	The O'Neills	King's Jesters	" "	News	3:45
4:00	Woman's Radio	Betty and Bob	Today's Winners	Cleveland	4:00
4:15	Review	Ranch Boys	" " "	String Quartet	4:15
4:30	Sundown Revue	Tea Time	" " "	Science Service	4:30
4:45	Women's Clubs	News	" " "	3 Little Words	4:45
5:00	Your Health	Chamber Musicale	Tea Time Tunes	Evening Rhythms	5:00
5:15	" "	" "	" " "	Terry and Ted	5:15
5:30	Peter and Patsy	Singing Lady	" " "	Jack Armstrong	5:30
5:45	Chasin' the Blues	Orphan Annie	" " "	The Goldbergs	5:45
	EVENING PROGRAMS				
6:00	News	Southernaires	Today in Sports	Benay Venuta	6:00
6:15	Sports Review	Board of Trade	Your Investments	Arch McDonald	6:15
6:30	News	Bill Coyle	News	Mabelle Jennings	6:30
6:45	Bulletin Board	Lowell Thomas	Gover'ment Family	Opera	6:45
7:00	Amos 'n' Andy	Easy Aces	John Lawrence	Myrt and Marge	7:00
7:15	Popeye the Sailor	Norsemen	News Spotlight	Musical Toast	7:15
7:30	Fireside Hour	Radio Joe and	Rhythm and	Kate Smith	7:30
7:45	Your Government	His Budget Boys	Romance	Boake Carter	7:45
8:00	Leo Reisman's	Crime Clues	Bob Hurleigh	Lavender and	8:00
8:15	Orchestra	" "	Five-Star Final	Old Lace	8:15
8:30	Lady Esther	Edgar A. Guest	Salon Music	Lawrence	8:30
8:45	Serenade	in Welcome Valley	Detective Stories	Tibbett	8:45
9:00	N. T. G. and	Ben Bernie	Hawaiian Sunlight	Camel Caravan	9:00
9:15	His Girls	" "	Congress	" "	9:15
9:30	Jumbo	Helen Hayes	Hawaiian Sunlight	Fred Waring	9:30
9:45	"	" "	Martell's Orch	" "	9:45
10:00	Sigmund Romberg	Musical Cocktail	Northern Dramatic	To Be	10:00
10:15	" "	S. K. Ratcliffe	Company	Announced	10:15
10:30	Jimmy Fidler	POSTILION	News	Lud Gluskin	10:30
10:45	Ella Logan	Capitolians	Moonglow	" "	10:45
11:00	News	Slumber Hour	Old Favorites	Ozzie Nelson's	11:00
11:15	Levant's Orch	" "	Melody Singer	Orchestra	11:15
11:30	News	" "	Lucky Millinder's	Armstrong's	11:30
11:45	Jesse Crawford	" "	Orchestra	Orchestra	11:45
12:00	Club Habana	Shandor	Sign off	News	12:00
12:15	Orchestra	Sign Off		Kay's Orch.	12:15
12:30	Jack Little's			Will Osborne's	12:30
12:45	Orchestra			Orchestra	12:45
1:00	Sign off			Sign off	1:00

"FREE RADIO INSPECTION"
Repair Parts for All Makes
SUN RADIO
MEtropolitan 3500
938 F St. N.W. 11th & E Sts. N.W.
WE REPAIR ALL MAKES OF RADIOS

The Federal Diary

Registered in U. S. Patent Office.

By Morgan Baker.

UNQUESTIONED authority has been found to bring under civil service immediately, without action by the President or by Congress, approximately 10,000 employes in an important permanent agency who are now listed under "Schedule A," outside the civil service, it was revealed last night by E. Claude Babcock, president of the American Federation of Government Employes.

BAKER.

Mr. Babcock declares he is convinced, after a study of civil service rules and regulations, that this is possible.

The employes concerned are attendants in Veterans' Administration hospitals throughout the country. They were formerly under civil service, but were removed from it by Executive order some years ago. Mr. Babcock contends that under the terms of their exemption, the Civil Service Commission has full authority to restore them to the civil service, whenever it considers such a step practicable.

"The present," says Mr. Babcock, "is an ideal time for that purpose, because now the positions are filled by older and more settled men than was the case when the jobs were removed from the civil service. The positions are low paid, and in boom times of some years ago it was difficult to keep them filled; but now, many married men, who have held much better positions, are glad to take them, and the turnover in the hospitals has been greatly reduced."

He points out further that the recommendation for $2,000,000 more in the Veterans' Administration appropriation, to permit such employes to live off the stations if they are married and must support their families, will add considerably to the desirability of the positions, since at present deduction for quarters and subsistence are made from the pay of many such employes who actually never use either the rooms or the food for which they pay.

Mr. Babcock has written a letter to the Commission in which he urges a careful consideration be given the matter of restoring these 10,000 employes to civil service status, and to prepare registers of eligibles for positions which become open in the future. Excerpts of his letter follow:

"Reference is made to the Civil Service status of those employees of Veterans Administration facilities who work as attendants either ward or kitchen. These employes are excepted from the competitive features of the civil service act as a part of schedule A, section XVIII, paragraph 11, which reads as follows:

"11. Persons employed as chefs, cooks, and bakers; attendants (including kitchen helpers, barbers, matrons, housekeepers, maids, laundry helpers, seamstresses, orderlies, waiters, and waitresses); where, in the opinion of the commission, the establishment of registers is impracticable. . . .

"This federation has received many requests from its units in Veterans Administration facilities that it use every effort to bring about such a classification. . . .

"Another factor is the following:

"The present large force of noncivil service employes of the Government is resulting in rather widespread criticism. The problem of bringing them within the civil service is a difficult one. One of the factors involved in that difficulty is the fact that it is almost impossible for any one to say at present which of these agencies will or will not be permanent in character. There can be no question that the position of attendant in Veterans' Administration facilities will be permanent. There can be no question today, in my judgment, that the Civil Service Commission can maintain registers of persons available for this work.

"It will be noticed that the language of the Executive order placing these positions under schedule A is such as to leave with the commission absolute discretion as to whether or not it can in fact provide competitive classified employes. * * *"

Diary Guest Tickets.

IF F, P or C appears after your name in this column, call in person on the Federal Diary editor today only between 3:30 and 5 p. m. You will receive tickets to one of the following Loew's theaters: F, Loew's Fox (stage, Kazanova and her Tziganes and other acts; screen, Victor McLaglen and Freddie Bartholomew in "Professional Soldier;" or to P, Loew's Palace (second week of Ronald Colman, Elizabeth Allen and Edna Mae Oliver in "A Tale of Two Cities"); or to C, Loew's Columbia (Wallace Beery, Lionel Barrymore and Aline McMahon in "Ah, Wilderness").

Thumbs Down.

A bout between Siamese fighting fish—
Such was Freddie Orsinger's dish—
Mr. Roper cried, "Nay!
No findoggling today;
Esprit de corps is my wish!"

RALPH I. EGAN (F),
Commerce.

No Seeds This Season.

The Department of Agriculture seems to be having difficulty in convicing about 100,000,000 people of the country that it no longer has any free seeds for distribution. Last year it sent out a news story with the heading "A Thousand Times No to Requests for Free Seeds." This year a similar release is titled "Ten Thousand Times No to Requests for Free Seeds."

Years ago—previous to 1923—there was an annual appropriation for free seeds for Congressional distribution through the Department of Agriculture, but in 1923 the Government decided to discontinue this service, since it was only commercial garden seed such as could be bought from any good seed house. So now it has no seeds for distribution, either free or for sale.

G. A. Pearson, senior silviculturist, and R. E. Marsh, chief of the Division of Forest Economics, Forest Service, are the authors of "Timber Growing and Logging Practices in the Southwest and in the Black Hills Region," another bulletin just published by the Department of Agriculture.

Culbertson on Bridge

The Grand Slam Bid.

Only two short years ago I introduced the 4-5 no-trump convention to America's bridge players. I was dubious as to how it would be received. Long testing by my associates and myself had convinced me that this slam bidding convention would work perfectly—but would people be willing to take up a new thing and give it a fair trial until they had convinced themselves? The answer was not long in coming. All over the world, experts and average players alike adopted the 4-5 no-trump convention with enthusiasm. Today it is so widely used that even my dearest enemies, who always say, "I don't like anything connected with that man Culbertson—I'll make up my own system," make one reservation: ". . . but I'll use the 4-5 no-trump convention."

The idea of this convention was to show key cards. When a player bids four no trump, he shows two aces and the king of a bid suit; sometimes three aces. When he bids four no trump, then later bids five no trump, he shows all four aces. When he bids five no trump without first bidding four no trump, according to the original plan, he showed three aces and one king of a bid suit.

The four no trump part of it always has worked beautifully, but a year ago we discovered that the five no trump bid, to show three aces and a king, seldom was used and, when used, seldom was effective. It did not help materially in reaching grand slams. So we made the bid stronger, so that it would show three aces and two kings of bid suits.

We found that it didn't work any better that way. And suddenly it occurred to me that it never would work. When a person has such a strong hand, containing five honor tricks or more, he doesn't need to show anything. He is the captain of the hand, and it is up to his partner to show his groceries to him.

So here is the new Culbertson five no trump bid, designed to force the partner to a grand slam if he has the proper cards.

First requirement: The five no-trump bid must be a jump bid. The bidder must skip at least one round to reach it, such as bidding five no trump over four hearts, or over three of any suit.

Second requirement: The partner of the person who bids five no trump must bid seven if he holds the queen or better in the five no-trump bidder's trump suit, and at least one ace. Obviously, with the ace of his partner's trump suit, the one card fills both purposes and seven must be bid.

Third requirement: Without the high trump card and the ace, the partner must sign off at six, and in signing off, or in jumping to seven, he must make his bid in the lowest ranking suit previously bid by either partner.

The man who bids five no trump has no requirements to think about. All he need know is that if his partner has a high trump and an ace he can make a grand slam.

To illustrate the use of this bid: South, dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.

NORTH
♠K 6
♥A 7 5
♦Q J 6 4 3
♣5 6 2

WEST
♠5 4 3
♥Q J 8 6 3
♦9
♣K 10 9 8

EAST
♠9 8
♥K 10 9 3
♦10 7 5 2
♣Q J 4

SOUTH
♠A Q J 10 8 7
♥4
♦A K 8
♣A 7 3

The bidding:

South	West	North	East
1 spade	Pass	2 diamonds	Pass
5 no tr'p	Pass	7 diamonds	Pass
7 spades (final bid).			

When North responds to one spade with two diamonds South can see that if North has the spade king, the heart ace and as good as the queen of diamonds, the hand almost surely will make a grand slam. It is not a bad chance when your grand slam depends only upon your partner having as good as the queen of a suit he has bid.

Copyright, 1936, by Ely Culbertson.

JORDAN'S Radio Service
NA. 3223
Factory Trained Men
will check your set thoroughly, test the tubes, aerial and ground connections and make any minor adjustments.
If any repair work is necessary this $1 service charge will apply on labor cost.

IN NEW YORK
ROOM with BATH
$2 single $3 double
Rooms with running water...$1.50 single, $2.50 double. Moderate price restaurants. One block from Penn Station, 5th Ave. and Empire State Building. Direction, American Hotels Corporation.
HOTEL MARTINIQUE
BROADWAY AT 32ND STREET

Perfect Comfort
IN THE MIDST OF THIS MIGHTY CHILLY COLD SPELL

It's mighty cold these days. If your home has been chilly, we urge you to try Famous Reading Anthracite.

Then everyone in your home will be comfortable. The floors so warm that youngsters can play on them—older people warm from feet to head because Reading hard coal floods the home from cellar to roof with all-embracing heat.

Get some of the naturally superior Famous Reading Anthracite now when coal has to be extra good to warm you properly. See the RED PAGE in your 'phone book for the Reading coal merchant nearest you.

THE PHILADELPHIA AND READING COAL AND IRON COMPANY
1012 Washington Building, Washington, D. C.

Order FAMOUS READING ANTHRACITE Today

DIED.

BURDETTE, JOSEPH. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, at Gallinger Hospital, JOSEPH BURDETTE, beloved husband of Dora Burdette (nee Phillips), of 1407 Chewton ave., Capitol Heights, Md. Funeral services at Timothy Hanlon's funeral parlors, 641 D st. se., on Wednesday, January 22, at 2 p. m. Interment at Cedar Hill Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited.

CAVALIERE, MICHAEL. On Monday, January 20, 1936, at Casualty Hospital, MICHAEL CAVALIERE, beloved husband of Julia Theresa Cavaliere and father of Emanuele Michael and Bernard A. Cavaliere. Funeral from his late residence, 6212 Georgia ave., nw., on Thursday, January 23, at 8:30 a. m., thence to the Church of the Nativity, 6300 Georgia ave., nw., where mass will be said at 9 a. m. for the repose of his soul. Relatives and friends are invited. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery. Services by the W. W. Chambers Co. Southeast funeral home.

CHAPIN, SARAH V. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, at Garfield Hospital, SARAH V. CHAPIN, sister of John D. Chapin, of Richmond, Va., in her seventieth year. Funeral services at the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., on Tuesday, January 21, at 2 p. m. Interment Congressional Cemetery.

CLARK, MARGARET M. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, MARGARET M. CLARK, wife of the late Thomas C. Clark and beloved mother of Mrs. Margaret Mc-Nary and Thomas F. Bernard W. and Joseph E. Clark. Funeral from her late residence, 818 Lillington st., Silver Spring, Md., on Wednesday, January 22, at 9 a. m. Requiem mass at St. Michael's Church at 9:30 o'clock. Relatives and friends invited. Interments Glenwood Cemetery.

DE MOND, REV. ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of 1825 8 st. nw., at Freedmen's Hospital, Sunday, January 19, 1936. He leaves to mourn their loss a devoted wife, Mrs. Lulu Watkins De Mond; five children, Mrs. Ruth D. Brooks, Albert L. De Mond, W. Arthur De Mond, Mrs. Marguerite Davis, Charles O. De Mond, sr., sister, Mrs. Anna Dorsey, a niece, Mrs. Gladys Naylor, and a nephew, Mr. Claude D. Lewis, of New York City; a mother-in-law, Mrs. Sarah A. Watkins; a daughter-in-law, Mrs. Olwine De Mond; two sons-in-law, the Rev. R. W. Brooks and John P. Davis; three sisters-in-law, Mrs. Viola Scott, Jessica Musa Gertrude Watkins and Dr. Alice Garrott, of Los Angeles, Calif.; two brothers-in-law, Dr. P. Watkins and Charles Watkins, of Los Angeles, Calif. Funeral services at Frazier's funeral home, 389 Rhode Island ave., Wednesday, January 22, at 2:30 p. m. Dr. Fred L. Brownell, secretary of the American Missionary Association, of New York City, will officiate. Interment at Lincoln Memorial Cemetery.

DUDLEY, WALTER M. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, at his residence, 1378 K st. se., WALTER M. DUDLEY, beloved son of Agnes and the late Joseph Dudley. Funeral from the James T. Ryan funeral home, 317 Pennsylvania ave. se., on Wednesday, January 22, at 8:30 a. m., thence to St. Peter's Church, where requiem mass will be offered at 9 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Congressional Cemetery.

EWALD, MATTIE E. On Monday, January 20, 1936, at Columbia Hospital, MATTIE E. EWALD, beloved wife of Adolph J. Ewald and mother of Mrs. Helen Crouch, Rosier W., Oliver C. and Albert W. Pullman. Funeral services at her residence, 1374 Harvard st. nw. Notice of time later. (Alexandria, Va., papers please copy.)

HANES, LUCY ELTON. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, at her residence, 456 Massachusetts ave., nw., apartment 2, LUCY ELTON HANES, the beloved wife of William Marion Hanes and mother of Mrs. Esther E. Chaconas and sister of I. D. Talbot and L. B. Talbot, of Marshall, Va. Remains resting at the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., until Tuesday, January 21, at 9:30 a. m., thence to Marshall, Va., where services will be held at 2 p. m. Interment Marshall, Va.

HATCHER, IDA J. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, at Garfield Hospital, IDA J. HATCHER, beloved wife of the late George H. Hatcher, late residence 4215 8th st. nw. She is survived by four sons and two daughters. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., on Wednesday, January 22, at 10 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment at Remington, Va.

HICKEY, WILLIAM J. The officers and members of General Nelson A. Miles Camp, No. 1, United Spanish War Veterans, will assemble at Deal's funeral parlors, 816 H st. ne., at 9:40 a. m., January 21, 1936, to assist in the burial of our late comrade, WILLIAM J. HICKEY. Interment Arlington National Cemetery.
ELVIN M. LUSKEY, Commander.
PRINT E. SHOMETTE, Adjutant.

INGRAM, ELEANOR WEBER. On Monday, January 20, 1936, at her residence, 1521 18th st., North Clarendon, Va., ELEANOR WEBER INGRAM, beloved wife of the late John C. Ingram and mother of Charlton W. and Frederick W. Ingram and sister of William Frederick Weber. Remains resting at the Ivey funeral home, 2847 Wilson blvd., Clarendon, Va., where funeral services will be held Wednesday, January 22, at 2 p. m. Interment Glenwood Cemetery, Washington, D. C.

LAMB, DR. ISABEL HASLUP. Suddenly, on Saturday, January 18, 1936, at her residence, 2006 Columbia rd., nw., DR. ISABEL HASLUP LAMB, wife of the late Dr. D. S. Lamb. She is survived by one sister, Miss Alice E. Haslup. Remains resting at the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2001 14th st. nw. Funeral services at the Foundry Methodist Church, 16th and Church sts. nw., on Tuesday, January 21, at 11 a. m. Interment Arlington National Cemetery.

LYNCH, SARA PHEBE. On Saturday, January 18, 1936, at 8:20 p. m., SARA PHEBE LYNCH, of 2320 14th st. nw. Funeral from the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2001 14th st. nw., on Tuesday, January 21, at 3 p. m. Interment Rock Creek Cemetery.

NOYES, CLARENCE T. On Saturday, January 18, 1936, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Roger J. Whiteford, CLARENCE T. NOYES, aged 85 years. Funeral services at Lee's funeral home, 4th st. and Massachusetts ave., se., on Tuesday, January 21, at 2 p. m.

OPENSHAW, EMILY F. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, at her residence, 3034 24th st. ne., EMILY F. OPENSHAW, beloved wife of John A. Openshaw and mother of George F. Openshaw. Body resting at the above residence, where services will be held on Tuesday, January 21, at 2:30 p. m., followed by interment in Cedar Hill Cemetery. Relatives and friends are invited.

DIED.

PAUL, PETER L. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, at Children's Hospital, PETER L. PAUL, beloved son of Hetty and Kalman Paul. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., on Tuesday, January 21, at 2:30 p. m., thence to St. Constantine Church, 6th and C sts. sw., where services will be held at 3 p. m. Relatives and friends are invited. Interment Fort Lincoln Cemetery.

PURDY, EUGENE F. On Friday, January 17, 1936, EUGENE F. PURDY, beloved husband of Lucile Purdy, aged 28 years. Funeral from the S. H. Deal funeral home, 816 H st. ne., on Tuesday, January 21, at 1 p. m. Interment Arlington National Cemetery.

QUILL, DENNIS JOSEPH. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, at Garfield Hospital, DENNIS JOSEPH QUILL, beloved husband of Mary E. Quill (nee O'Hare), of 216 Kennedy st. nw. He also survived by one daughter, Mary Ellen Quill; three sisters, Mrs. Mary Hasso, Mrs. Margaret Carmody and Miss Annie Quill. Funeral from the above residence on Wednesday, January 22, at 8:30 a. m. Requiem mass at the Church of the Nativity at 9 a. m. for the repose of his soul. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery. Services by Chambers Southeast funeral home.

SADTLER, EMMA BEATRICE, Suddenly, on Monday, January 20, 1936, EMMA BEATRICE SADTLER, beloved wife of Anthony C. Sadtler and mother of Lawrence J. Sadtler and Mrs. Edith C. Johnson. Remains resting at the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 517 Maryland street southeast, until Wednesday, January 22, at 9 a. m. Funeral from her late residence, 1307 Corbin place northeast, on Thursday, January 23 at 9 a. m., thence to the Holy Comforter Catholic Church, where mass will be offered for the repose of her soul at 9:30 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery.

SCHENCK, RACHEL ELIZABETH. On Monday, January 20, 1936, at 9:45 p. m., after a brief illness, at her residence, 2401 Ashmead place, RACHEL ELIZABETH SCHENCK, sister of Belle D. Williams. Services at Joseph Gawler's Sons chapel, 1113 Seventh st. nw., on Wednesday, January 22, at 2 p. m. Interment private.

SERBIN, SARAH A. On Monday, January 20, 1936, at her residence, 1317 Girard street northeast, SARAH A. SERBIN, beloved wife of Thomas H. Serbin and mother of Paul E., Thomas H., Cora C., Mary H. and Viola Scott. Services Miss Gertrude Watkins and Dr. Alice Garrott, of Los Angeles, Calif.; two brothers-in-law, Dr. P. Watkins and Charles Watkins, of Los Angeles, Calif. Funeral services at Frazier's funeral home, 389 Rhode Island ave., Wednesday, January 22, at 2:30 p. m. Dr. Fred L. Brownell, secretary of the American Missionary Association, of New York City, will officiate. Interment at Lincoln Memorial Cemetery.

DUDLEY, WALTER M. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, at his residence, 1378 K st. se., WALTER M. DUDLEY, beloved son of Agnes and the late Joseph Dudley. Funeral from the James T. Ryan funeral home, 317 Pennsylvania ave. se., on Wednesday, January 22, at 8:30 a. m., thence to St. Peter's Church, where requiem mass will be offered at 9 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Congressional Cemetery.

EWALD, MATTIE E. On Monday, January 20, 1936, at Columbia Hospital, MATTIE E. EWALD, beloved wife of Adolph J. Ewald and mother of Mrs. Helen Crouch, Rosier W., Oliver C. and Albert W. Pullman. Funeral services at her residence, 1374 Harvard st. nw. Notice of time later. (Alexandria, Va., papers please copy.)

HANES, LUCY ELTON. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, at her residence, 456 Massachusetts ave., nw., apartment 2, LUCY ELTON HANES, the beloved wife of William Marion Hanes and mother of Mrs. Esther E. Chaconas and sister of I. D. Talbot and L. B. Talbot, of Marshall, Va. Remains resting at the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., until Tuesday, January 21, at 9:30 a. m., thence to Marshall, Va., where services will be held at 2 p. m. Interment Marshall, Va.

HATCHER, IDA J. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, at Garfield Hospital, IDA J. HATCHER, beloved wife of the late George H. Hatcher, late residence 4215 8th st. nw. She is survived by four sons and two daughters. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., on Wednesday, January 22, at 10 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment at Remington, Va.

HICKEY, WILLIAM J. The officers and members of General Nelson A. Miles Camp, No. 1, United Spanish War Veterans, will assemble at Deal's funeral parlors, 816 H st. ne., at 9:40 a. m., January 21, 1936, to assist in the burial of our late comrade, WILLIAM J. HICKEY. Interment Arlington National Cemetery.
ELVIN M. LUSKEY, Commander.
PRINT E. SHOMETTE, Adjutant.

INGRAM, ELEANOR WEBER. On Monday, January 20, 1936, at her residence, 1521 18th st., North Clarendon, Va., ELEANOR WEBER INGRAM, beloved wife of the late John C. Ingram and mother of Charlton W. and Frederick W. Ingram and sister of William Frederick Weber. Remains resting at the Ivey funeral home, 2847 Wilson blvd., Clarendon, Va., where funeral services will be held Wednesday, January 22, at 2 p. m. Interment Glenwood Cemetery, Washington, D. C.

LAMB, DR. ISABEL HASLUP. Suddenly, on Saturday, January 18, 1936, at her residence, 2006 Columbia rd., nw., DR. ISABEL HASLUP LAMB, wife of the late Dr. D. S. Lamb. She is survived by one sister, Miss Alice E. Haslup. Remains resting at the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2001 14th st. nw. Funeral services at the Foundry Methodist Church, 16th and Church sts. nw., on Tuesday, January 21, at 11 a. m. Interment Arlington National Cemetery.

LYNCH, SARA PHEBE. On Saturday, January 18, 1936, at 8:20 p. m., SARA PHEBE LYNCH, of 2320 14th st. nw. Funeral from the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2001 14th st. nw., on Tuesday, January 21, at 3 p. m. Interment Rock Creek Cemetery.

NOYES, CLARENCE T. On Saturday, January 18, 1936, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Roger J. Whiteford, CLARENCE T. NOYES, aged 85 years. Funeral services at Lee's funeral home, 4th st. and Massachusetts ave., se., on Tuesday, January 21, at 2 p. m.

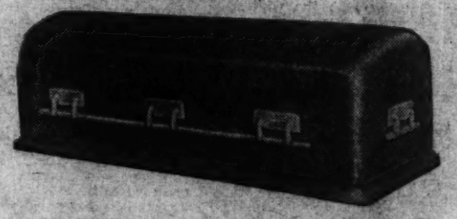
OPENSHAW, EMILY F. On Sunday, January 19, 1936, at her residence, 3034 24th st. ne., EMILY F. OPENSHAW, beloved wife of John A. Openshaw and mother of George F. Openshaw. Body resting at the above residence, where services will be held on Tuesday, January 21, at 2:30 p. m., followed by interment in Cedar Hill Cemetery. Relatives and friends are invited.

FUNERAL DESIGNS.
GUDE BROS. CO., Florists
1212 F STREET. National 4276.
GEO. C. SCHAFFER 1327 14TH ST. N.W.
Expressive Floral Tributes. Phone
Moderate Prices Open eve. & Sun. Nat. 0166

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.
CHAS. S. ZURHORST CO.
301 EAST CAPITOL ST. LINCOLN 6372.
J. WILLIAM LEE'S SONS CO.
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
CREMATORIUM
4th St. and Mass. Ave. N.E. LIncoln 8300.
Frank Geier's Sons Co.
1113 SEVENTH ST. N.W. Telephone
Modern Chapel NATIONAL 2472.
JAMES T. RYAN
317 PA. AVE. S.E. ATlantic 1700.
THOS. S. SERGEON
1011 TENTH ST. N.W. Telephone Nat. 1019.

For Reference
ASK YOUR NEIGHBOR
$75
No Extras!
For a Regular $150 Funeral
WASHINGTON'S LOWEST PRICES
$75 to $200 and up
DEAL
Funeral Home
Phone LL 8200-8201

Chambers is One Of The Largest Undertakers In The World
Answering The Purpose of A $5,000 Mausoleum
Chambers has proven to be one of the greatest undertakers for service at a price in the world today. Why $75 will buy a complete funeral here. Here is proof that Chambers thinks he is best. He is one of the largest undertakers in the world.
★ ★ ★ ★
FOUR HUNDRED POUNDS OF SOLID STEEL BURIAL VAULT
One of the Best That's Made



This Is Used in Place of the Old-Time Pine Case
For those who want the best you will find this affords the finest burial vault you can obtain in metal protection. We do the largest undertaking business in Washington and one of the largest in the world. It's easy to see we're equipped to serve any funeral at small cost.
Only $85
We Have 6 Chapels, 12 Parlors, 20 Cars, Hearses and Ambulances. 35 Assistants
In Case of Death Call . . .
The Greater Chambers Co.
One of the Largest Undertakers in the World
MAIN OFFICE 1400 Chapin St. N.W. Columbia 0432
SOUTHEAST BRANCH 517 11th St. S.E. Atlantic 6700

City News
Sports

The Washington Post

Comics
Classified Ads

**** WASHINGTON: TUESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1936 13

Bill Proposes Modification Of Red Rider

Rep. Sisson Attacks Ban on Teaching, Criticizes Secret Procedure.

Would Forbid Advocacy of Communism, but Permit Its Study.

The District controversy over whether communism is to be taught in Washington public schools promised to move to Capitol Hill yesterday when Representative Sisson (Democrat), of New York, introduced a bill to take the "teaching" ban out of the famed amendment to the 1936 appropriations act.

At the same time he denounced the methods by which the rider, drafted by Representative Blanton (Democrat), of Texas, was slipped through the House and Senate.

As the bill was properly referred to the House District Committee, the latter will have to decide whether or not to amend legislation drafted by the District subcommittee of the House Appropriations Committee.

Amendment Quoted.

The amended provision proposed by Sisson reads as follows:

"Provided, that hereafter no part of any appropriaton for the public schools shall be available for the payment of the salary of any person violating communism, advocating the use of force or violence within the Nation in overthrowing or changing the form of government of the United States, or advocating the use of force or violence in the settlement of international disputes in contravention of any treaty or pact to which the United States is a party.

"Provided further, that the immediately preceding proviso shall not be construed to forbid or restrict any person from giving instruction concerning, or directing or supervising the study of, the political, economic, or social system of any country."

Sisson, in a statement explaining the purpose of the bill, assailed without naming the House Appropriations sub-Committee, which secretly sponsored the original amendment last year.

Says Few Knew of It.

"The rider was slipped through without debate in either the House of Representatives or the Senate," he said, "and went through only because it came to the attention of only a few members of either body of Congress.

"It is somewhat significant that it follows a provision in the appropriation bill providing for the furnishing of free tuition to the children of Army and Navy officers in the District of Columbia. It might be inferred from this that it was inspired by some of the repressionists and restrictionists who are representing the Army and Navy and are constantly sticking their noses into legislation. I am strongly opposed to legislation of this kind.

"Let Facts Be Known."

"The best way to combat communism or anything else which is destructive of our present order is not to cloak it in mystery or secrecy, but to let the facts be known.

"My bill not only strikes out the prohibition against teaching about communism in the public schools of the District, but affirmatively permits giving the facts about it. It forbids the advocacy of force and violence in overthrowing our Government, which is as far as we have any right to go in any prohibition against speaking of communism or any other ism."

1,000 in Bizarre, Colorful Attire Participate in Annual Bal Boheme

Post Staff Photo.

One of the lavishly costumed groups at the Bal Boheme last night—the floor committee, in red from tip to toe, who were one of the first to enter in the grand pageant, "The Lost Opal," in which over 300 took part. With long feathers in their caps, they marched about the floor and set off flashlight bulbs.

Post Staff Photo.

Colorful costumes at the thirteenth annual Bal Boheme given at the Hotel Willard last night by the Washington Arts Club. Left to right, R. B. Patterson, as an explorer; Miss Helene Kravaty, as the Panther Woman, and Mrs. Vincent Callahan, as an angel.

Roberts Urges Crime Board's Adoption Here

Would Serve as Governor of Safety System, Says Peoples' Counsel.

A well-organized crime commission in Washington would serve as a "continuous non-obstructive governor to the safety system," People's Counsel William A. Roberts said yesterday.

His statement was included among comments received by the Citizens Committee which is taking steps to organize a criminal justice commission for the District.

"In connection with the study of the administration of the government of the District of Columbia," said Roberts, "it became evident that there would be distinct advantage in a well-selected small committee of citizens whose primary concern was the improvement of conditions with respect to public safety and crime.

"No police department, however organized, can continue to function with the maximum efficiency unless it has the co-operation of the public, and by co-operation I mean the active support in specific instances as well as lip service.

"Citizens' groups can raise their voices in protest when matters have reached an acute state, but a crime commission, organized effectively to secure and study vital statistics of police administration and crime-prevention efforts, serves as a continuous non-obstructive governor to the safety system.

"Those honored by selection for such a commission should be immune to personal pressure and willing to work hard at a thankless task."

Pledging his assistance and interest in the project, Fred A. Emery, president of the Society of Natives, said:

"I think those responsible for the arrangement for calling public attention to the needs of combating crime deserve very sincere thanks and congratulations from every responsible citizen. I am in thorough sympathy with the aims in this direction."

Pageant and Costume Parade Feature Arts Club Affair.

More than 1,000 persons, young and old, in false whiskers, devil's horns and Tahiti shorts, crowded into the ballroom of the Willard Hotel last night for the thirteenth annual Bal Boheme of the Washington Arts Club.

There were Chinese mandarins, Spanish beauties, Arabian sheiks, Persian soldiers, fairy godmothers and otherwise dignified old gentlemen who had defaced themselves with long, drooping mustachios.

The fun began at o'clock, with the orchestra blaring away in the colorfully decorated ballroom. Amplifiers carried the music to an adjoining room ready for the overflow crowd.

The feature was a huge pageant presented by the Arts Club shortly after 11 p. m. More than 300 persons, representing a dozen dance dance schools, presented "The Lost Opal," by William S. Hepner.

The groups gave a series of dances representing the superstitions surrounding the loss of an opal which had been given a bride (Constance Etz) by the bridegroom (Charles Bittinger, jr.) immediately before their wedding.

There was a grand costume parade, with prizes awarded by the judges, Herbert Johnson, Percy Crosby and Richard Lahey.

The prizes were awarded as follows:

First, for the most beautiful, Mrs. Marina Halsted Taft, as the Spider Web; second, for the most original, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Hay, as people from Tibet, and third, for the most amusing, Mary Ourslev, as the old lady with the big nose.

Trades Group Wins In Union Election

A faction representing the trades swept the annual election of the Central Labor Union last night, renaming all the officers. The clerical group had offered an opposition slate.

Those re-elected are: John Locher, president; Clyde Mills, vice president; Robert Lester, financial secretary, and Frank Lee, Harry Thompson and Agnes King, trustees.

J. E. Toone and Michael Tozzola were elected treasurer and sargeant of arms, respectively, without opposition.

Three delegates from the American Newspaper Guild, Washington Chapter, were received by the union. They were Robert M. Buck, Richard Baker and J. Bernard McDonnell.

What's Going On and Where

Today's Events.

Breakfast.

Early Birds, Willard Hotel, 8 a. m.

Luncheons.

Pi Kappa Alpha Fraternity, Lotus Restaurant, 12:30 p. m.

University of Maryland Alumni Association, Harrington Hotel, 12:15 p. m.

Washington S. U. I., University Club, 12:15 p. m.

Midweek Luncheon Club, Hamilton Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Women's National Press Club, Willard Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Birth Control Luncheon, Women's City Club, 12:30 p. m. Mrs. Mark Lansburgh to speak.

Civitan Club, Lafayette Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

University of Michigan Alumni, National Press Club, 12:30 p. m.

Officers of the Quartermaster Corps, Carlton Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Acme Corporation, Raleigh Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Washington Credit Men's Association, Raleigh Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Optimist Club, Mayflower Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Meetings.

Guidance and Personnel Association, National Education Building, Sixteenth and M streets northwest, 8 p. m.

Vincent B. Costello Post, No. 15, Inc., the American Legion Arcade ballroom, Fourteenth street and Park road, 8 p. m.

Five-State Dental Association, Wardman Park Hotel, 8 p. m.

Collectors Club, Branch No. 5, S. P. A., Thomson School, 8 p. m.

Roosevelt Delphian Society, Raleigh Hotel, 10 a. m.

Gold Star Mothers, Raleigh Hotel, 7:30 p. m.

Delta Sigma Nu, Lafayette Hotel, 8 p. m.

Washington Board of Trade, Mayflower Hotel, 8 p. m.

American Society of Landscape Architects, Mayflower Hotel, 10 a. m.

Archaeological Society, Mayflower Hotel, 8 p. m.

Catholic Daughters of America, Willard Hotel, 7:30 p. m.

Independence Chapter, D. A. R., Willard Hotel, 8 p. m.

District Bar Association, Willard Hotel, 8 p. m.

Dinners.

Washington Association Credit Men, Hamilton Hotel, 5:30 p. m.

Wisconsin Congressional Delegation, Hamilton Hotel, 6 p. m.

American Institute of Banking, Raleigh Hotel, 6:30 p. m.

Craftsmen Club, Lafayette Hotel, 6 p. m.

Shannon & Luchs, Lafayette Hotel, 6:30 p. m.

Sanitary Grocery Co., Mayflower Hotel, 7 p. m.

The Founders Day Celebration of the P. E. O. Sisterhood, Wardman Park Hotel, 8 p. m.

Entertainment and dance, Virginia State Society, Willard Hotel, 9:30 to 12:30.

Meeting, luncheon and dinner, executive committee National Conference of Catholic Charities, Willard Hotel, 10 a. m., 1 p. m. and 6 p. m.

Convention, United Mine Workers of America, Willard Hotel, all day.

Conference, District of Columbia Congress of Parents and Teachers, United States Chamber of Commerce, 10:30 to 12 and 1:30 to 3.

Card party, Young Peoples League of the B'nai Israel Synagogue, Fourteenth and Emerson streets northwest, 9 p. m.

Card party, Mother's Club of St. James' Church, church auditorium, Thirty-seventh street and Rhode Island avenue, Mount Rainier, Md., 8:30 p. m.

New Equipment Urged to Meet Transit Needs

Engineer Reports Changes Would Bring Huge Gain in Revenues.

Improvement of mass transportation service would increase the revenues of the Capital Transit Co. as much as $2,000,000 a year, Chief Engineer Fred A. Sager reported yesterday to the Public Utilities Commission.

The improvements might be accomplished either through the purchase of new equipment or the rebuilding of the present rolling stock, Sager said, in summarizing his findings of the recent hearings on street car and bus service before the commission.

Action by the commission on the report probably will not be taken for several days, in order to give Transit company officials an opportunity to reply to Sager's brief.

Suggests Plan.

Sager urged that the commission require the company to submit a plan for replacement of its present equipment or rehabilitation of the present rolling stock.

Appointment of a committee to study the effect of traffic lights on street car service, to be composed of representatives of the commission, the traffic director's office and the company also was suggested.

The hearings disclosed, Sager said, that the company did not know from hour to hour what was happening to its equipment on the streets and he urged that the company require its operators to make reports of their running time.

Such a procedure, he said, would prevent "breaks" in street car and bus headways, which are the cause of many service complaints.

Complaints of poor service on the Fourteenth street line, Sager said, were caused by slow equipment, which resulted in some cars being overcrowded and others not being filled to capacity. A decrease in the speed, he said, caused higher operating expenses.

Speed Advocated.

"If the actual speed of operations had been increased by 1 mile an hour, the saving in operating expenses for 1934 would have been $220,000 and $270,000 for 1935 on the Fourteenth street line," he said.

On the Chevy Chase bus line, which recently was serviced by street cars, there has been an increase of 19 per cent in patronage, he said. This he attributed directly to the greater speed of the service.

School Board Fight Nears On 'Gag' Rule

Meeting Adjourned Until Tomorrow; 'Red Rider Studied.

Action Delayed on Plan of Ballou to Seek Showdown.

A lively session of the Board of Education tomorrow was virtually assured when the board yesterday recessed its meeting until then without having taken up such controversial subjects as the Budget Bureau's "gag" rule, the anti-Communism rider in the current District appropriations bill and the proposed school building program.

Yesterday's meeting, which was called because the one scheduled for last Wednesday was cancelled due to the death of a member, Benjamin L. Gaskins, ended with a motion pertaining to the "gag" rule hanging fire.

Recommended by Dr. Frank W. Ballou, superintendent of schools, the motion authorizes the board to outline the purposes of its proposed five-year building plan and forward the statement to the District Commissioners "with the request that the Bureau of the Budget advise the District authorities as to whether preparation of such a bill is in accordance with the policy of the President."

Order Rouses Board.

Plainly incensed by the Budget Bureau's order, which seemingly forbids board members from advocating or opposing school improvements until they have been approved by the bureau, Member Henry I. Quinn was about to launch into a discussion of the motion when two of his colleagues, Henry Gilligan and George W. Whitwell, begged to be excused to keep appointments. Robert A. Maurer, another member, had left some time earlier.

Those remaining would have constituted a quorum, but it was voted to recess the meeting, an unusual occurrence, until tomorrow.

The board then will attempt to decide on the expediency of calling its annual citizens' meeting on needs of the public school system. Such a meeting would be useless, it was believed, if the "gag" rule is strictly applied to members of the Board of Education.

Quinn, who was expected to request the board to demand repeal of the anticommunism rider at yesterday's session, said afterward that he is doubtful of taking such action. He declined to say whether he has definitely changed his mind or if he has been influenced by anyone to do so.

Congestion Brought Up.

Abnormal congestion in the junior high schools was brought to the fore when the board considered requests of three Senators that 16 boys and girls, children of constituents, be permitted to enter Paul or Macfarland junior high schools upon graduation from Takoma Park (D. C.) Elementary School.

Approval of the 16 applications was urged by Senators Arthur Capper and George McGill, of Kansas, and Senator Millard E. Tydings, of Maryland. The children's parents are employed here but live outside the District, according to information received by the board.

Citing overcrowded conditions at Paul and Macfarland, as well as other junior high, Dr. Ballou indicated it would be a serious precedent to accede to the requests. He will consider the matter and announce his decision later.

Desiring more time to weigh recommendations submitted by Assistant Superintendents R. L. Haycock and A. K. Savoy, the board decided upon a special meeting January 29 to discuss maximum enrollments in kindergartens. In a formal report, the two investigators cited several instances in which one teacher is responsible for as many as 70 kindergarten pupils.

Recommendations Made.

Inadequate attention to the child and overburdening of the teacher result from overcrowded classes, the two officials stated, making the following recommendations:

In kindergartens where both morning and afternoon classes are under a single teacher, maximum enrollment shall be 60; where one teacher has only one class per day, she shall have no more than 35 in her charge; where two teachers divide the full day's work, maximum enrollment shall be 80.

Upon recommendation of Dr. Ballou, the board approved use in high schools of the magazine "Practical Home Economics." Approval of this periodical brings to 47 the list of indorsed magazines, running the alphabetical range from "Advertising and Selling" to "Theater Arts Monthly."

Public school enrollment on January 9 showed an increase of 1,631 over the corresponding date last year, Dr. Ballou reported.

The board voiced disapproval of a plan to distribute tickets for the President's Birthday Ball among school principals, who would be instructed either to mail in their contribution or return the tickets.

"It migh be construed as coercion," warned Chairman Marion Wade Doyle, who, at the same time, heartily praised the Nation-wide celebration's purpose, which is to raise funds for infantile paralysis sufferers.

Prior to the board meeting it was announced by Mrs. Mildred H. Gropp, chief examiner, that regular examinations for teachers of academic, commercial and scientific subjects in junior and senior white high schools will be held April 13 and 14. Applicants have until ten days of the tests' opening to file for positions.

Hero's Trophy Given Native of Washington

Lieut. Giovannoli Gets Cheney Plaque for Crash Rescue.

LIEUT. ROBERT K. GIOVANNOLI.

For "extreme bravery" in rescuing two men from a wrecked and burning airplane, Second Lieut. Robert K. Giovannoli, United States America, a native of this city, has been awarded the Cheney Trophy, it was announced yesterday at the War Department.

The plane, a four-motored "flying fortress," crashed at Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio, October 30, 1935, and caught fire. Three men were rescued without difficulty, but two, Maj. Poyer P. Hill, of the Air Corps, and Leslie Tower, a civilian test pilot, were trapped.

Lieut. Giovannoli, who for several years was stationed at Bolling Field here, climbed upon a wing of the burning plane, forced his way into the cabin and extricated Maj. Hill and Tower, knowing that at any minute the gasoline tank might explode. He was severely burned. Maj. Hill and Pilot Tower died later.

The Cheney Trophy was established in 1927 in memory of Lieut. William Cheney, who was killed in an air collision at Foggia, Italy, in 1918. The award consists of a plaque, a certificate and a sum of money.

Speeding Driver Spins on Ice; Nothing to Gain, He Admits

Slush and Frozen Pavements Join Forces With Careless Motorist; Mother of Child, Nearly Killed on Sled, Unworried.

(Editor's note: In an effort to determine the answer to Washington's present traffic problem, with its mounting toll of accidents, The Post has assigned a reporter to learn the reason behind violations of traffic regulations. A reporter, accompanied by an official of the Police Traffic Division, is cruising in a police car. Motorists who violate the law are stopped. Their side of the story is recorded. It is The Post's desire merely to learn "the reason why" of violations. This is the eleventh in a series of stories.)

Ice and slush joined forces with the careless motorist yesterday to make driving on Washington streets a risky business.

Caution ruled to an extent on downtown streets. But in outlying sections we found a number of heedless drivers "stepping it up"—with disastrous results.

Courting danger, these negligent operators swerved in and out of slow-moving traffic on ice-coated streets; quickly applied brakes and skidded into poles and trees; turned corners with wheels spinning and slush flying, sped across hazardous intersections without looking to the right or left and offered foolish excuses when stopped by our cruising companions from the police traffic division.

Roadway Sheer Ice.

On upper Thirteenth street northwest, the roadway was sheer ice. As we crept along with eyes open for reckless violations, an automobile whizzed past our cruiser. The driver approached the intersection ahead of us at a rapid rate of speed.

"Watch that fellow—something's going to happen," said our pilot.

We watched—and it did happen. The man behind the wheel of the speeding car neared the crossing. He saw another machine approaching on the right. But too late to avoid trouble.

The offending car had no chains. The driver jammed on his brakes. The machine swerved, spun around three times, careened across the intersection and onto the opposite sidewalk. The other motorist, who was traveling slowly, applied his brakes gently and came to a skidding stop against the curb.

We questioned this foolhardy driver who had risked his neck and the life of a fellow motorist to gain—well, he admitted he didn't know just what he did intend to gain.

"In Hurry," He Said.

"I was in a little hurry to get out of town," said the driver.

"I didn't realize the streets were so slippery," he added.

Yet he had been driving on icy thoroughfares since leaving his home in the Northeast. He said he obtained his first driver's permit back in 1921.

"You are too negligent to continue driving. You should be ruled off the streets. Maybe this will be a lesson," said our police observer, and handed the driver a traffic summons for violating the right-of-way regulation.

During the balance of our cruising search for the "reason why" of traffic violations yesterday we found that the experienced driver, and not the novice, was responsible for the majority of infractions.

Driving past "stop" signs—without even slowing down—topped the number of downtown violations. The first lawbreaker of this type we stopped gave the following "excuse:"

"I didn't dare stop for that sign, officer, because I wouldn't get started again in these slippery streets—you understand?"

"Sure, I understand," was the policeman's answer. "And now you understand." He handed the driver a "ticket."

This motorist said he had been driving for 12 years—and "never had an accident."

"Didn't Know" Excuse.

The next one we halted skidded around a corner, scattering pedestrians. He didn't stop until we drew abreast.

His was the same excuse—"I didn't know it was slippery." He was cautioned to be careful.

And here is a personal experience, encountered while driving our own car later in the day:

Near Eighteenth and K streets northwest, a youngster on a sled coasted from an apartment house driveway into the center of the street. Our car missed him by inches.

"Better be careful, sonny," we warned, after stopping at the curb. And the youngster—probably 8 years old—thumbed his nose.

Standing on the sidewalk was a woman. She called to the boy. It was her son. She smiled at him and took his hand.

"Go and coast some more, dear," she said.

We approached the mother and told her the practice was dangerous.

"Mind your own business," she retorted.

And the little boy continued his sledding—into the street.

!

Good Morning!

Now is the time of the year when provident men make certain purchases for the following winter. Top of the list, a fine Schloss overcoat. And every other important item of apparel may be bought also at greatly reduced prices in our Pre-Inventory Sale. Use your charge account and save money.

Meyers
MENS SHOP
1331 F STREET

D. C. Speeder Drive Aided By Maryland

Suspended Licenses Are Given Support of Officials.

Co-operation in Full Is Promised by Ruay to Van Duzer.

The State of Maryland, through Walter R. Ruay, commissioner of motor vehicles, yesterday agreed to co-operate with the District in the current campaign to curb speeding.

Washington's new order suspending drivers' permits for first offense speed convictions was indorsed by the Maryland traffic official. In a letter to William A. Van Duzer, traffic director, Ruay said he would act against motorists of his State convicted in local courts "just as though the offense and convictions occurred in Maryland."

Aware that drivers from nearby Maryland and Virginia contribute heavily to Washington's traffic problem, Ruay offered Van Duzer "full co-operation."

His action followed that taken by Virginia authorities several days ago.

Thus far, six Washington drivers have forfeited their permits under the new order. Approximately 30 cases are still pending before the Board of Review and Revocations of Operators' Permits.

A resolution praising the courage of Traffic Director William A. Van Duzer in his fight to curb speeding and reckless driving was adopted by the Lincoln Park Citizens Association last night. The resolution was introduced by J. W. Barse.

The association entered a protest against the granting of a liquor license for a store at 126 Fifteenth street southeast, citing the proximity of the premises to the Holy Comforter Convent and School.

The group voted to petition the Alley Dwelling Authority to do away with certain alley dwellings in its territory, which were described as "rat infested and unfit for human habitation."

A resolution asking that cafeterias in Government buildings be prohibited from serving breakfasts and dinners was adopted last night by the West End Citizens Association, which believe that the serving of these meals constitutes unfair competition with private restaurants.

The group reiterated its demand for an increase of 150 men for the police force and for additional funds for the fire department.

Rejection by Congress of the Guyer bill to make the District dry was proposed last night by the Sixteenth Street Heights Citizens Association, meeting in the A. R. Shepherd School.

After listening to speeches on both sides of the issue, the organization voiced its opposition by an overwhelming vote.

Dr. William S. Abernethy, Calvary Baptist Church pastor, and William H. Ramsay spoke for the bill, while James Kirkland and Charles Schaffer led the opposition. Samuel B. Loveless presided.

Thomas E. Lodge, president of the Federation of Citizens Associations, last night was eected chairman of the inter-federation conference. Others named were H. S. Yohe, of Montgomery County, first vice chairman; Arthur Orr, of Arlington Conuty, second vice chairman, and Judge Afred Dl Bedley, of Prince Georges County, third vice chairman.

The conference adopted a resolution urging the elimination of all grade crossings in the District and Arlington, Prince Georges and Montgomery counties.

Society to Entertain.

The West Virginia State Society will entertain at a reception honoring members of the State's Congressional delegation tonight at 9 o'clock in the Raleigh Hotel. A card party and dance will follow the reception.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

By Josef Hanc

What varied emotions are stirred, what memories evoked by this country's very name! No territory of its size holds such a combination of attractions. Mr. Hanc represents his country in New York in the capacity of Consul. He will conduct his audience on a pictorial trip throughout the land, visiting Prague, Carlsbad, Marienbad, Pistany, Bratislava and other beautiful cities.

Post Travel Lectures

. . . sponsored by The Washington Post, are open to the public. Admission is 25 cents. Tickets may be procured direct from The Post . . . or on the evening of the lecture at the Masonic Auditorium box office. Be sure to be there . . .

Tonight at 8:15

at the

Masonic Auditorium

13th Street and New York Avenue Northwest

BalBoheme's 1936 Edition Draws Many

Many Cocktail Parties and Buffet Suppers Precede Event.

Colorful Tradition of Arts Club Proves a Popular Affair.

The thirteenth annual Bal Boheme, most colorful and bizarre of Arts Club events, drew many members of Capital society and out-of-town guests to the Willard last night. Many cocktail parties and buffet suppers preceded the ball, and hostesses and their guests, dressed in costumes portraying the superstitions of all the centuries, arrived at the Willard about 10 o'clock when the dancing began, and then later took their places in the boxes in the brilliantly but weirdly decorated ballroom for the presentation of "The Lost Opal."

In the official box were the President of the Arts Club and Mrs. Fulton Lewis, Mr. Harold Allen Long, general chairman of the ball; Mr. Clifford K. Berryman, costume judge, and Mrs. Berryman; Mr. Herbert Johnson, judge, and Mrs. Johnson; Mr. Percy Crosby, judge, and Mrs. Crosby; Mr. Richard Lahey, judge, and Mrs. Lahey.

Mme. Troyanovsky, wife of the Ambassador of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, was a boxholder, and with her were the Charge d'Affaires and Mme. Skvirsky, the Second Secretary and Mme. Gokhan, the acting Naval Attache, Capt. Alexander Yakimichev, and the Attache of the embassy and Mme. Grigoriev.

In Mrs. Gilbert Grosvenor's boxes were Dr. and Mrs. Grosvenor, Mr. and Mrs. Max Hamilton, Miss Carol Grosvenor, Dr. Walter Myer, Mr. and Mrs. Cabot Coville, Mr. and Mrs. John Leland, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick V. Coville, Miss Polly Foote, Mr. Samuel Ansell and Mr. Kelly.

With Judge and Mrs. Rutherfoord were Mrs. Gilham Morrow, Miss Martha Morrow, Miss Virginia A. McCall, of Philadelphia; Mr. Oliver Wolcott Robbins, of Philadelphia, Mr. Charles T. Williams, jr., of Baltimore, and Mr. Ingraham Mack.

Mrs. James P. McKane entertained at a buffet supper preceding the ball. Her guests, who accompanied her to the dance were Dr. and Mrs. McPherson Crichton Mr. and Mrs. William Shearer, Col. and Mrs. J. C. Fegan, Col. Frederick E. Johnston, Maj. and Mrs. Joseph Clinton Tribby, Capt. Fernando Chiaperalli, Dr. and Mrs. Robert McCeney, Mrs. Colby Dodge, Mrs. Patsy Pieze, Mrs. M. Porter, Miss Gladys Woods, Miss Catherine McKane, Dr. Frank Govern,, Mr. Frank Whitman, Mr. Gibbs Baker, Mrs. Fritz Smith, Mr. John Calvert and Gen. Blanton Winship, Governor of Puerto Rico.

Miss Mary B. Adams had as guests in her box Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hickey, Miss Bessie Hickey, Capt. and Mrs. Frederick O. Smith, Mr. Eben Comins and Mr. Lewis Lofton Moneyway.

Mrs. Christian Heurich, Mrs. Jacob Leander Loose and Mrs. Robert Lee Keyser entertained parties in their boxes.

Maj. and Mrs. Richard La Garde had as their guests Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Frederick W. Coleman.

Mrs. David N. Dennis, of Allentown, Pa., had with her Mrs. Maxwell G. Mayo, Mrs. James Megee, Miss Lottie Megee and Miss Audrey Wolffe, of Fayetteville, W. Va.

Dr. and Mrs. Ray Lyman Sexton entertained a large party at the ball, and preceding the event they were hosts at a buffet supper at their home.

In Mrs. O. B. Campbell's box were Miss Maud Burr Morris, Miss Mary Hobart, Miss Grace Hobart, Miss Plunkett and Miss Best.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Frank Murphy had Mr. and Mrs. Paul B. Cromelin as their guests, and Mr. and Mrs. Ellwood Wagenhorst had as their guests Mr. and Mrs. William Monat Hannay.

Mrs. Margaret Scully Zimmele entertained Mrs. Albert Evans, Mrs. William Hamilton Bayly and Mrs. Lewis Emery, jr., of Bradford, Pa., and Jamaica, West Indies, in her box. Mrs. Pembroke Pitt had several guests with her, and Miss Frances Benjamin Johnston entertained Mrs. Walter Beh, of Greenlawn, Long Island, and Mrs. Elizabeth Lewis Willis, in her box. Mrs. Helen Ray Hagner had several guests, including Mrs. Thomas M. Myers, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Remen were accompanied by their daughter, Miss Ruth Remon.

The Chevy Chase School had two boxes and the guests included Mrs. Frederic E. Farrington, Miss Dorothy Dailey, Sue Campbell, of Little Rock, Ark.; Marjorie Dickens, of Enfield, N. C.; Clara Margaret Gille, Kansas City, Mo.; Betsey Hollingsworth, Scarsdale, N. Y.; Margaret McWeeney, Rye, N. Y.; Mary Carey, Pittsburgh; Rita Sanford, New York City; Matilda Heller, New Rochelle, N. Y.; Jane Beachem, Grand Forks, N. Dak.; Millicent Rykert, Brooklyn; Mary Louise Elliott, Pittsburgh; Eleanor Painter, Clarksburg, W. Va.; Kathryn Henske, Omaha, Nebr.; Helen Sawyer, Chicago; Lucy Webb Hayes, New York City; Daly Murray, Grand Forks, N. Dak.; Janice Curran, Toledo, Ohio; Marion Davis, Fairmont, W. Va.; Mary Holmes, Keene, N. H.; Marjorie Kerr, Mildred Ellicott, Virginia Catlett.

Open House Is Set By Women Voters

Visiting Members Will Be Received Thursday.

The National League of Women Voters will hold "open house" Thursday afternoon from 4:30 to 6 o'clock at its headquarters, 726 Jackson place, for members of the league who are in Washington attending the sessions of the Conference on the Cause and Cure of War.

The guests will be received by Mrs. Harris T. Baldwin, of Washington, vice president, and Miss Anna Lord Strauss, of New York, secretary, who is in Washington for several weeks. Mrs. Quincy Wright, of Chicago, chairman of the league's department of international relations, also will assist.

Charming Matron of Capital

Harris & Ewing.

MRS. JAMES McMILLAN GIBSON,
photographed in her attractive home, Elizabeth's Delight, near Silver Spring, Md. Before her marriage last March she was Miss Patience McCormick-Goodhart, daughter of Mr. Hamilton McCormick-Goodhart.

NOTES OF SOCIETY

Official and Resident

Mrs. John Nance Garner, wife of the Vice President, is the guest in whose honor Mrs. Homer S. Cummings, wife of the Attorney General, will entertain at a luncheon on Thursday.

Mrs. Garner will be honored at luncheon next Monday, when Mrs. David H. Kincheloe will be hostess at the Congressional Club.

The Secretary of Commerce and Mrs. Daniel C. Roper will return to Washington today from New York, where they spent yesterday.

Mr. Clarence Hewes entertained at a farewell luncheon at his home yesterday in honor of the Minister of Bulgaria and Mme. Petroff-Tchomakoff. Mr. Hewes will leave the end of this week for Palm Beach. After a visit there, he will go to New Orleans, and will return to Washington early in March.

Capt. A. O. Ackard, of Pittsburgh, is at the Carlton, accompanied by Mr. J. A. Hoover, also of Pittsburgh.

Miss Marian King and Mr. Frank B. Markriter will entertain at a cocktail party and tea in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Boyd E. Morrow, headmaster of the Gilman Country School for Boys, in Baltimore, in the Harvard room at the Men's University Club on Saturday from 4 to 7.

Mme. Clara Guthrie d'Arcis, of Geneva, Switzerland, will be at the Hotel Willard this week. On Friday she will speak before the annual conference of the National Committee on the Cause and Cure of War.

Mr. and Mrs. Gottfried K. Smith, of the Wardman Park Hotel, have been joined by Mr. James Smith, of Charlotte, N. C., for a short visit.

Londoners Guests In Washington

The Rev. and Mrs. A. M. Williams, of London, are guests at the Dodge while in the Capital.

Mr. Edouard F. Hebert and Mr. Adrien W. Hebert, of West Warwick, R. I., sons of former Senator and Mrs. Felix Hebert, of Rhode Island, are stopping at the Wardman Park Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. Holland, of Sharon, Mass., are spending a brief time at the Dodge.

Mrs. Irene Feist, of New York, was the guest for the week-end of Mrs. Louis Simon at Woodley Park Towers. A dinner was given in her honor by Mrs. Simon on Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Winthrop Coffen, of Seattle, and their daughter, Miss Barbara W. Coffen, are occupying a suite at the Wardman Park Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Fanning, of New York City, are passing a short time at the Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Scripps, of Miramar, Calif., are at the Shoreham for a week or more.

Mrs. and Mrs. Thomas L. Sidle, of Cleveland, also are at the Shoreham.

New Mexicans Here For a Short Visit

Mr. and Mrs. Albert G. Simms have arrived in Washington from Albuquerque, N. Mex., and are at the Carlton for a short stay.

Mr. and Mrs. Alcott Farrar Elwell, of Boston, are at the Wardman Park Hotel.

Mrs. Leo Baum and Mrs. A. E. Lichtman have gone to New York for a week's visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Rober C. Walker, of Philadelphia, are at the Carlton for a few days.

Miss Helen Brylawski passed the week-end in Baltimore as the guest of friends.

Miss R. A. Gleason, of Buffalo, is at the Carlton, accompanied by Miss A. V. McGowan, also of Buffalo.

Mr. Merritt Swift Back from Vienna

Mr. Merritt Swift, son of Maj. Gen. Eben Swift, of Washington, has arrived in the Capital from Vienna and is visiting his cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Melville Church, jr., at their residence on Q street. Mr. Swift was formerly in the diplomatic service.

Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. H. D. Hoffman, U. S. N., entertained in their quarters in the Navy Yard Saturday afternoon in honor of Capt. and Mrs. W. L. Fridell, U. S. N., who, with their daughter, Miss Lucie Fridell, will leave in February for the West Coast, where Capt. Fridell will assume command of the battleship Colorado.

Lady Pearson has arrived from New York City and is at the Carlton for a few days.

Mrs. Emily Stubblefield will not be at home on Sunday afternoon, due to absence from Washington.

Embassy Cancels Tea Set for Today As George V Dies

The Naval Attache of the British Embassy and Mrs. F. C. Bradley have canceled the tea which they were to have given this afternoon in their apartment at 2101 Connecticut avenue, due to the death of His Majesty, King George V.

Capt. and Mrs. Bradley had originally planned the party for December 4, but official mourning for Princess Victoria, sister of King George, obliged them to postpone it until the end of the mourning period.

The Minister of the Union of South Africa and Mrs. Ralph W. Close have canceled the dinner they were to have given on Thursday evening, because of the King's death.

Elizabeth Jackson Becomes a Bride

Wed to Mr. Charles Le Nat; on Honeymoon in South.

Announcement is made of the marriage of Miss Elizabeth Jackson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Howard J. Jackson, of Takoma Park, Md., to Mr. Charles W. Le Mat, son of Mrs. Eugenia Eggleston, of Detroit.

The ceremony was performed Saturday at 2 p. m. in the rectory of St. Paul's Catholic Church, Washington, by the Rev. C. J. Dacey. The bride's only attendant was her sister, Miss Ruth Jackson. Mr. Arnold Barnet, Brookland, was the best man.

The bride wore an apple green velvet gown with a turban to match and white accessories and a corsage of gardenias. The maid of honor wore a beige crepe gown and brown hat, with a corsage of tea roses.

A reception for about 70 guests immediately followed the ceremony at the home of the bride's parents. Tall green tapers in silver candlesticks surrounded a large wedding cake. Throughout the rooms white carnations and ferns were artistically arranged. Mrs. Jackson, mother of the bride, received her guests in a dark blue gown of velvet. The couple left for a week's motor trip to the South. Upon their return they will live at 221 Douglas street, Brookland.

Medical Society Tea Tomorrow

Mrs. Edward L. Morrison, President-Elect, Will Head Hostesses.

The Woman's Auxiliary to the District of Columbia Medical Society will give a tea tomorrow from 3 to 5 p. m. at the Medical Society Building, 1718 M street.

Receiving with Mrs. Edward L. Morrison, president-elect of the auxiliary, will be Mrs. R. Thomas West, first vice president; Mrs. Eugene R. Whitmore, second vice president; Mrs. James W. Esler, recording secretary; Mrs. Edgar M. McPeak, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Francis R. McGovern, treasurer, and Mrs. Grant S. Barnhart.

Alternating at the tea table will be the honorary members and past presidents of the auxiliary: Mrs. P. S. Rossiter, Mrs. Merritte W. Ireland, Mrs. Hugh S. Cumming, Mrs. Arthur C. Christie, Mrs. Samuel S. Adams, Mrs. Oscar B. Hunter, Mrs. Harry A. Fowler, Mrs. Charles W. Richardson, Mrs. Charles Stanley White, Mrs. John A. Foote, Mrs. Harry H. Kerr, Mrs. William H. Hough, Mrs. Joseph S. Wall and Mrs. Prentiss Willson.

Mrs. James G. Cumming is chairman of the social committee.

Mrs. Roosevelt Listed Among Noel Sponsors

Tops Group of Patronesses for Lecture on Feb. 17 by Photographer.

Mrs. Roosevelt heads the list of patronesses for the lecture to be given at Constitution Hall on Monday evening, February 17, by Capt. John B. Noel, under the sponsorship of the Guild of St. Gertrude's School of Arts and Crafts, of which Mrs. Robert Whitney Imbrie is president.

Other patronesses are Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, jr., Mrs. Pierce Butler, Mrs. William A. Becker, president general of the D. A. R., Mrs. James Couzens, Mrs. Milton Ailes, Mrs. D. J. Callahan, Mrs. Raymond Francis Garrity, Mrs. George Scriven, Mrs. Albert J. Gerrer, Mrs. James Gowan, Miss Mary Greeley, Mr. and Mrs. Fred E. Hand, Mrs. Jacob Leander Loose, the Misses Maitland, Miss Eleanor Ryan, Mrs. Andrew Saul, Mrs. B. F. Saul, Mrs. Edward Tierney, Mrs. Joseph Tumulty, Mrs. Lee Warren, Mrs. Francis Weller, and Mrs. Pere Wilmer.

Capt. Noel, internationally celebrated nature and pictorial photographer, will tell the story of the Miracle of Lourdes and of the canonization of St. Bernadette, pictured in color with music and singing.

Proceeds from the lecture will go to St. Gertrude's School of Arts and Crafts in Brookland, where special educational facilities are available to backward girls.

Dinner Honors Miss Mickler, Norman Martin

Mrs. Sanders, Mr. and Mrs. Foote Are Hosts Here at Other Parties.

Mr. Julius C. Martin, special assistant to the Attorney General, and Mrs. Martin entertained at dinner last evening at the Shoreham in honor of Miss Hortense Anita Mickler and their son, Mr. Norman Martin. Miss Mickler and Mr. Martin will be married tomorrow.

Preceding the dinner, Mr. and Mrs. Martin entertained at a cocktail party in their apartment at the Kennedy-Warren.

The dinner guests included Mr. and Mrs. Thomas P. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. James F. Tulley, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond T. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Schreier, Mr. William J. Rowan, Miss Margaret Mickler, Mr. S. Albert Mickler and Miss Dorothy S. Kirm, all of Washington.

The out-of-town guests were Mr. Bertram Mickler and Mr. T. Rogers Mickler, of St. Augustine, Fla., brothers of the bride; Mr. Milton W. Jordan, of Salem, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. Julus Martin II, of Asheville, N. C.; Mrs. Philip W. De Hoff, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. Mamie E. Little, of New Smyrna, Fla.; Mrs. Luther Estridge, jr., of Orlando, Fla., and Mrs. Atha Carter Jordan, of Tallahassee, Fla.

Mrs. Betty Gilbert Sanders was hostess at a dinner party at the Shoreham last night. Covers were laid for 12.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Shultz, who are leaving Washington soon to make their home in Cincinnati, were guests of honor at a dinner party given by a group of their friends last night at the Shoreham. The no-host party was arranged by Mr. and Mrs. Fred W. Catlett.

Mr. Shultz, who has been deputy assistant to Mr. Catlett, member of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, will become president of the Federal Home Loan Bank in Cincinnati.

In the party last night also were Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Kreutz, Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Nagle, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred S. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Emery J. Woodall, Mr. and Mrs. Fred W. Catlett, jr., Miss Dorothea Catlett, Mr. Charles Stewart and Mr. Warren Rabbitt.

The party assembled in the apartment of Mr. and Mrs. Shultz for cocktails before the dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Foote entertained at a cocktail party at their home, 3211 Northampton street, Sunday afternoon.

Among those present were the Attorney General and Mrs. Homer S. Cummings, Senator and Mrs. James Couzens, Senator and Mrs. Arthur H. Vandenberg, Representative and Mrs. Carl E. Mapes, Representative and Mrs. Roy O. Woodruff, Representative and Mrs. John J. Cochran, former Senator and Mrs. Harry Hawes, the Director of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and Mrs. Jesse H. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Emil Hurja, Mr. and Mrs. Edward W. Gableman, Mr. George W. Stimpson, Mr. and Mrs. Merle Thorpe, Mr. and Mrs. Bynum E. Hinton, Capt. and Mrs. Taylor Branson.

Mr. and Mrs. Phelps Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Brayman, Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle Bargeron, Mr. and Ms. James William Bryan, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. C. Bryant, Mr. and Mrs. George Benson, Mr. and Mrs. Ashman Brown, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Carson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Crawford, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Clapper, Col. and Mrs. Edward B. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Dickson, Dr. and Mrs. Paul J. Ewerhardt, Miss Doris Fleeson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles O. Gridley, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Groves, Mr. and Mrs. Jay G. Hayden, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Heath, Mr. and Mrs. McFall Kerbey, Mr. and Mrs. Gould Lincoln, Mr. and Mrs. Paul R. Leach, Mr. and Mrs. Leifur, Magnusson, Mr. and Mrs. William C. Murphy, jr., Mr. and Mrs. Oliver McKee, jr., Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Markham, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Marsh, Mrs. Junior Owens, Mr. John O'Donnell, Mr. and Mrs. Bryon Price, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. Lovell Parker, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Plummer, Mr. and Mrs. Marion L. Ramsay, Mr. and Mrs. William Raymond, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley H. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Stafford, Mr. Bascom Timmons, Mr. and Mrs. James L. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Lyle C. Wilson, Mr. Everett Watkins, Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Wendelken, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Walker.

Mrs. Howard Speaks Today

Domestic and Foreign Political Events on Program at Sulgrave Club.

"The National Question—Court or Congress" will be the main subject for discussion by Mrs. Georgette Ross Howard at her current topic lecture at the Sulgrave Club at 11:30 a. m. today. Other topics include "Recent Oratory in Congress," "The Munitions Committee Itself Under Fire," "Washington's Welcome to Dr. Toyohiko Kagawa, 'Japan's Gandhi,'" and "Why Can't Washington Vote?"

On the latter subject Mrs. Howard will discuss Representative Mary T. Norton's District suffrage bill and the book, "A Little Kingdom Within the Republic."

For her across the seas subjects Mrs. Howard will discuss "Eden's Task at Geneva" and "Kipling's Magic." The latter part of the lecture hour will be given over to a review of Alexander Meikeljohn's new book, "What Does America Mean" and a new weekly feature, "What's Going on in Town This Week?"

50c Service
Helen Lee BEAUTY SALON
1106 Vermont Ave. N.W. ME. 5764
"Beauty for a Purpose, Not for a Price."

Alabama State Society to Hold Annual Congressional Reception

Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Wallace to Be Guests of Honor at Entertainment and Ball Saturday; Musical Program, Dances to Be Features.

The Alabama State Society of Washington will hold its annual Congressional reception and ball Saturday evening from 9 until 12 o'clock in the ballroom of the Willard.

The guests of honor will be the Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Henry A. Wallace.

Mrs. Vera Ross, New York and Washington contralto, will sing. Marie Bozierich will present several of her pupils in a series of dances.

The receiving line will form at 9 p. m. and dancing will commence at 9:30.

The Alabama delegation is composed of Senator Hugo L. Black, Senator John H. Bankhead and Representatives William B. Bankhead, A. H. Carmichael, Frank Boykin, Henry B. Steagall and Lister Hill, Joe Starns, William B. Oliver, George Huddleston, Sam Hobbs.

Mr. A. G. Patterson, president, and Mr. Claude Sizemore, secretary, are in charge of guest tickets. On the evening of the ball there will be a special guest committee at the Willard.

Members of the Kentucky Congressional delegation and their wives will be honor guests at the January meeting of the Kentucky Society, to be held Friday at 9:15 p. m. in the ballroom of the Willard.

A musical program will be given by Maj. Charles Trowbridge Tittman, barytone, accompanied by Miss Lucy Brickenstein at the piano. Dancing will follow.

In the receiving line will be Col. Meriwether Smith, president of the society, and Mrs. Smith, Senator Alben W. Barkley and Mrs. Barkley; Senator M. M. Logan, Representative and Mrs. W. V. Gregory, Representative and Mrs. Glover H. Cary, Representative and Mrs. Emmett O'Neal, Representative and Mrs. Edward W. Creal, Representative and Mrs. Brent Spence, Representative and Mrs. Virgil Chapman, Representative and Mrs. Fred M. Vinson, Representative and Mrs. A. J. May, Representaivie and Mrs. John M. Robsion, Representative Isabella Greenway, of Arizona, and Representative Virginia E. Jenckes, of Indiana, will also be honor guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice H. Thatcher will have as guests in their box Col. Jeter H. Horton and Mrs. Horton.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Walthen will have as guests in their box Mr. and Mrs. Maurice White, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Benson, Mr. and Mrs. Fred H. Ugast, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Butler, Mrs. Bessie Zim, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Mullins, Mr. Arthur Mack, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Lyles and Mr. William Lynch.

Mrs. Mattie Wyatt Porter will have a party of about 2 guests. Among other boxholders who will entertain guests at the meeting will be Col. Basil Duke Edwards and Mrs. Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. A. Huddleston Tackett, Mr. and Mrs. William J. Price and Mrs. Brooke Baker.

The West Virginia Society will hold its annual reception and ball for the Senators and Representatives from that State at the Raleigh Hotel tomorrow at 9 p. m.

Mr. John W. Smith, a past president of the society, heads the reception committee and will be assisted by several members of the society.

The officers of the society are: President, Senator Rush D. Holt; the vice presidents, Mr. W. J. Lyle, Mr. David S. Davison, Mr. E. T. Morgan, Lieut. Col. Heber H. Rice, Mr. J. P. Moriarty and Mrs. C. P. Myer; recording and corresponding secretary, Mr. J. L. Bateman; financial secretary, Mrs. Sada C. Shinn; treasurer, Col. J. William DeGrange; historian, Mr. D. W. Gall; sergeant at arms, Mr. A. R. Helwig; assistant sergeant at arms, Mr. Felix Moriarty.

History of Art Lectures Here Attract Many

Series Is Sponsored by Social, Diplomatic Leaders.

The series of ten lectures on "The History of Art" by the vice principal of the Corcoran School of Art, Mr. Eugene Weisz, is interesting Washingtonians. Miss Margaret Yard, head of the Yard School of Fine Art, is receiving many reservations from the Capital's patrons.

The series is sponsored by Mme. Espil, wife of the Ambassador of Argentina; Senora de Irigoyen, wife of the Financial Attache of the Argentine Legation; Mrs. Hamilton Fish, Baroness Korff, Mr. C. Powell Minnigerode, Mrs. Isabel Farrington, Mrs. Demarest Lloyd, Mrs. Eugene Meyer and Mrs. L. Corrin Strong.

The lectures will all take place in the auditorium of the Washington Club through the courtesy of the board of that club. The lectures will begin Wednesday evening, February 5, at 8:30 p. m., and will continue weekly on Wednesday nights with two exceptions, which are Tuesday, February 25, when Mr. Weisz will speak on "The Romanesque and the Gothic," and again on Tuesday, March 24, when his subect will be "The Nineteenth Century."

The opening lecture will be called "The Art of Ancient Civilizations" and following the lecture will be a brief showing of a collection of beautiful slides assembled by Mr. Weisz.

Tickets are available at the Corcoran School of Art, and at the Yard School of Fine Art. Reservations may also be made through two downtown ticket bureaus.

Sorority Luncheon.

Kappa Beta Pi, international legal sorority, will meet for luncheon at 12:15 today at the Copper Bowl, 520 Twelfth street.

POINT WITH PRIDE
To the delectable, flavorful concoctions and pleasant atmosphere.

CLUB CARLTON
HOTEL CARLTON 16TH & K STS.

AN EASY WAY TO LOSE FAT

Without diet, without exercise, without drastic purgatives that drain the system. Thousands who have reduced the Marmola way might well tell you to take 4 of these tablets a day, containing a simple corrective for abnormal obesity prescribed by doctors the world over. Marmola is put up by one of the best known medical laboratories in America. Since 1907 men and women have purchased more than 20 million packages. Nothing succeeds like success. Start today! You will soon experience Marmola's benefits. When you have gone far enough, stop taking Marmola, and you will bless the day you first discovered this marvelous reducing agent. Marmola is on sale by all dealers, from coast to coast, price $1.

President's Ball Chairmen List Notable Patrons

Many Prominent Members of Capital Society Accept Invitations to Serve.

Prominent members of diplomatic and official society will be patrons and patronesses for the President's Birthday Ball on January 30, it was announced yesterday by Mrs. Frederick H. Brooke and Mr. Coleman Jennings, co-chairmen of the committee.

Among those who have already accepted invitations to serve as patrons and patronesses are the Ambassador of Turkey and Mme. Ertegun, the Minsiter of Sweden and Mme. Bostrom, the Minsiter of Norway and Mme. Munthe de Morgenstierne, the Minister of Uruguay, Mr. J. Richling; the Charge d'Affaires of the Soviet Socialist Republics and Mrs. Skvirsky, the Charge d'Affaires of Czechoslovakia, Dr. Josef Nemecek; the Charge d'Affaires of Nicaragua and Mme. de Bayle, the Attorney General and Mrs. Homer Cummings, the Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Harold Ickes; the Secretary of Labor, Miss Frances Perkins; Senator and Mrs. George McGill, Senator and Mrs. James Hamilton Lewis, the Assistant Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Henry Latrobe Roosevelt, Gen. and Mrs. Peyton March, Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Henderson, Mrs. Jacob Leander Loose, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Peter G. Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Warren, Mr. Charles Curtis, Mrs. Ridley McLean, Mrs. Frank Lett, Mrs. William Beverly Mason, Mrs. Jennings Randolph, Dr. and Mrs. Chrales C. Mathews, Miss Bell Gurnee, Dr. and Mrs. Edward B. Meigs and Mr. and Mrs. Gist Blair.

German Envoy Gives Luncheon At the Embassy

Daughter to Sail for Europe Jan. 29 With Guest, Frau Koerner.

The Ambassador of Germany, Herr Hans Luther, entertained at luncheon yesterday in the embassy on Massachusetts avenue. Frau Koerner, who has been a guest at the embassy since the autumn, will sail for Germany January 29, and will be accompanied by the Ambassador's younger daughter, Fraulein Eva Marie Luther.

Mme. Peter, wife of the Minister of Switzerland, entertained at luncheon yesterday in the legation on Kalorama Circle. There were 12 guests.

The Military Attache of the French Embassy and Mme. Lombard will entertain at a small tea in their home, 3006 Thirty-second street, today from 5 to 6:30 p. m., in honor of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Andrew Moses, who will leave Washington early in February for Hawaii. Gen. Moses will assume command of the Division of the Islands of Hawaii.

Gen. Moses formerly was attached to the office of the chief of staff.

P. E. O. Founders' Day To Be Celebrated Today

The P. E. O. Founder's Day will be celebrated this evening at 8 o'clock in the continental room of the Wardman Park Hotel. New chapters will be organized by Mrs. W. O. Reed, who will be assisted by the officers of the District of Columbia Chapter. A musical program will be presented during the evening by Mrs. Dean C. Turley and C. V. Burnside.

linen with an air about it—due to its tricky buttons, its swank tailoring and its crisp set of pleats. New pastels — aqua, yellow, green, blue, pink, white. 14 to 20. 2.95

Thrift Shop—Third Floor

The HECHT CO.
F Street at Seventh

IN WEAVING
New Process of Repairing Tears in All Woven Materials. (Silks—Linens—Woolens)
SOUTHERN STELOS CO.
613 12th St. N.W. NAtl. 3442

ARNOLD GALLERIES
1306 G ST. N.W.
Antique Jewelry, Silver, Sheffield Furniture, Mirrors, Brasses, Art Objects and Wedding Gifts.

Genuine Tonic Oil Permanent
The guaranteed wave for hard-to-do hair, complete, now only $2.95
Haircut, Manicure, Arch 25c Each. Hot Oil Shampoo, Finger Wave.
Tonic Lotion and Rinse Free With Shampoo and Wave.
STEWART'S
921 F st. nw. ME. 9795.

WHEN YOU COME TO NEW YORK
it will cost you no more to
STOP AT THE PLAZA
than at any other hotel of equal standing. Make the most of your visit to New York. Enjoy the elegance, the perfection of every detail, the charm of this distinguished hotel. Ideally located at the beginning of Central Park, in the social, shopping and amusement center. Subway station at hotel. Fifth Avenue buses pass the door.
Single Rooms from $5 . . Double from $7 . . Suites from $10
THE PERSIAN ROOM is New York's most popular rendezvous For Luncheon . . . The Cocktail Hour . . . Dinner . . . Supper
Henry A. Rost, President and Managing Director
The PLAZA New York
FACING CENTRAL PARK • FIFTH AVENUE AT FIFTY-NINTH ST.

Store Renews Old Furniture At Small Cost

Upholstering Service Solves Problem of Replacing Worn-Out Articles.

By Ruth Anne Davis.

WE KNOW a young couple who have an old, old sofa that's just about on its last legs. The upholstery is torn to shreds in places, the legs are wobbly, and the springs are derelicts. This one piece of dilapidated furniture mars the effect of their attractive apartment. But what can the couple do? As he said to her the other day, "It will take $50 if it takes a cent to put this sofa in shape again. We might as well buy another one—and we can't do that."

It looked like a pretty desperate situation until—she heard about the upholstering service offered by a downtown store. They will do over a sofa for as little as $25.95. A chair for $15.95. And doing over means—upholstering (fabric included) retwining of springs, new fillings, and even new springs if necessary. In other words, they make your sofa or chair "as good as new."

There's a lovely array of fabrics to choose from—fine friezettes, and tapestries, cut velours and damask, in grand and glorious colors.

Cure for Awkwardness.

IF YOU'RE clumsy, awkward, and self-conscious, may we suggest a cure? It's simple—but it works, nine times out of ten. Take dancing lessons. Take ballroom dancing, tap, musical comedy ballet, acrobatic, or corrective and reducing exercises.

And don't put off enrolling. If you call now at one dance salon—and one of the best in town—you can sign for 12 dance lessons for $10. This price is limited to 50 students, so you'd better not tarry.

There are daytime and evening classes, for both adults and children. And incidentally, if you're a parent, remember that dancing lessons are fine for your child.

Perfumed Rinse.

THE LATEST contribution to daintiness is a delightful something called "Frag-rinse." As its name implies, it is a subtly scented rinse. It comes in powdered form. You dissolve this in clear water and you have a veritable perfume in which to rinse your hose and lingerie. When they have dried you'll find that they retain their delicate scent.

"Frag-rinse" comes in two fragrances—lilac and gardenia.

Economical Tissues.

ROUND and round it goes. On and on. Almost indefinitely. We refer to the rolls of cleansing tissue shown in a downtown store. These are marvelously economical and handy. They come complete with a little frame which you fasten to the wall, by your dressing table. When you cream your face, you have the roll of tissues close. There are 500 to a roll.

Travel Bags.

ATTRACTIVE travel bags are those displayed in the toiletries section of a downtown store. Foremost among them are those with the patent leather lining. Outside, they're moire, gaberdeen or linen. They're spacious enough for your comb, toothbrush, soap, washcloth, cream, lotion, rouge, powder, lipstick and mouthwash.

They're conservatively priced at $1. You'll find them in a variety of colors and designs.

Call Ruth Anne Davis, of The Washington Post, National 4200, Extension 323, for further information, or write, inclosing stamped, addressed envelope.

Pleasant HOMES

By Elizabeth MacRae Boykin.

"DINING ROOMS never have any personality" wailed a lady with a dining room that needed redecorating. "But I'm determined that mine will be a little more interesting . . . I want a room worthy of good table talk—because at our house we love to sit

around the dinner table for hours settling the affairs of the universe." Her dining room and living room are connected by glass doors so she had them finished alike with ceilings a shade or two darker than powder blue and walls in a bamboo design wall paper of beige on coral. The chairs of her French dining room furniture she had covered with a deeper blue than the ceiling; then she selected a plain beige carpet for the floor. A sofa for the room she had covered in plain coral color . . . a full-length mirror further added interest to the pattern of the room. Venetian blinds and heavily lined taffeta draperies were both in plain beige. For accessories she used large pieces of silver—candelabra and a beautiful coffee service kept brilliantly polished.

If you have a dining room problem of your own to solve, send a stamp for Miss Boykin's bulletin, "Ideas for Dining Rooms."

WAS IT MURDER?

By JAMES HILTON

Author of "Goodbye, Mr. Chips" and "Lost Horizon."

Colin Revell, young writer, is called by Robert Roseveare, headmaster of Oakington School, to look into the mysterious death of Robert Marshall, younger brother of Wilbraham, head-prefect, and cousin of Mr. Ellington, his housemaster. Robert's skull has been pierced by a gas light fixture that had fallen on him in bed. Roseveare had found a note written by the boy the night before, leaving his belongings, "if anything should happen," to Wilbraham. Revell talks with Daggat, garrulous school padre; Lambourne, one of the masters, and Ellington and his young wife, but finds no solution. He revisits the school when Wilbraham is found dead, apparently having dived into the empty swimming pool in the dark.

CHAPTER VIII.

THE STORM BROKE in all its fury as Revell left Roseveare's house. He made a dash across the lawn to the schoolhouse, barely escaping a complete drenching. He felt he must do something, visit someone, talk to somebody about something. He thought of Lambourne—perhaps he would be in his room. It was, he knew, on the ground floor, next to the studies. He went to it and tapped on the panel of the door, but there was no answer. After a moment's pause he turned the handle and went in. The room seemed empty at first, but on closer inspection he perceived that a large armchair whose back was toward him was occupied by a huddled figure. He strode into the middle of the room and looked; it was Lambourne.

"Good Lord, man, whatever's the matter?" He saw that the fellow was shivering like a jelly. He put a hand on his shoulder and felt him start sharply.

"Oh, it's you, Revell, is it? I—I didn't know you were up here." It was a brave, rather pitiful attempt at self-composure. "Do sit down. I'm—I'm sorry to—to be like this. I can't help it. It's the storm. Since the war I——"

"That's all right," Revell assured him, as if the whole matter were the most natural thing in the world. "I think we've got the worst over now. Anything I can do? What about a spot of tea or something? I'll put the kettle on, eh? No, no—you needn't show me where everything is—I messed about in these rooms a good deal when I was here."

The casual method succeeded where any more intensely expressed sympathy would probably have made matters worse. While Revell chattered inconsequently and as the storm gradually subsided, Lambourne's condition returned to normal. "I'm afraid I'm not much of a host," he said as Revell pumped up the primus stove. "I can't stand a din. 'Heaven's artillery,' Daggat calls it in his sermons—he thinks it's a compliment to picture heaven as a sort of super great power in a state of perpetual and glorious warfare . . . There are biscuits in that box. I'll be all right in a minute or two. I suppose you're up here for speech day?"

Revell, caught just very slightly unawares, hesitated a second before replying: "Yes, that's it."

"It won't be much of a festival, I'm afraid, with this latest affair hanging over it. Of course you've heard."

"Oh yes. It was in all the papers. Pretty terrible, eh?"

Lambourne raised himself in his chair. "You know, Revell, you do rather give yourself away—to me, at any rate. Why don't you admit that you're here for the same reason as last time—because of the Marshall affair?"

"Your Suspicions Are Right."

Revell almost dropped the biscuit tin he was holding. "Really? Of course your suspicions about me are right—there doesn't seem to be any point in denying it. But I didn't think I was doing things quite so obviously."

"Oh, don't think that—you aren't. And you needn't fear I shall breathe a word of it to anyone else. But I really would be interested to know all about the affair from your point of view."

It was just what Revell had been wanting—to tell somebody. He did so, fully, and by the time he had finished the rain had stopped and sunlight was pouring into the room. "I must admit," he said, by way of conclusion, "that there seems just a touch of queerness about it all. Roseveare seemed far more suspicious about the first affair, when he hadn't any real cause, than he does now, when anyone would think he had cause enough."

"Suspicious?" echoed Lambourne, as if weighing the word. "Are *you* suspicious, then?"

"That's just the point—I hardly know. It might be almost anything, but I'm pretty certain it's something."

"What evidence have you?"

"None that would stand a moment's examination in a court of law. Just the coincidence of the two accidents, and the Head's puzzling attitude, and my own feeling about it. It's all queer, to say the least."

"As you say, to say the least. Why not say a little more and call it a double murder committed with diabolical ingenuity?"

"*What?*" Revell gasped. "I suppose you're joking——"

"Not at all. I suspected it, as a matter of fact, from the moment the news of the first accident reached me. But then I'm afraid I nearly always do suspect things—I have a thoroughly morbid mind. And it's such a dashed clever way of murdering anybody, you know—letting a gas pipe fall on 'em."

"But surely, man, if you have suspicions of this sort, you can't be satisfied to leave things as they are?"

"Oh, I don't know. Hardly my business, eh?"

Was Money the Motive?

Revell was indignant; he was even shocked. Lambourne's attitude of cynical indifference was one he had very often adopted himself, yet now he saw it in another he reacted against it instantly. "I don't know how you can say that," he said. "Look here, Lambourne, I do want to get to the bottom of things, if I can. You suspect a double murder, eh? Well, the first thing to look for, then, is a motive—unless, of course, we're dealing with a homicidal maniac. Do you agree?"

"Quite."

"Well, the only motive I can think of is money. It would be interesting to know where Wilbraham's money goes now?"

"I can tell you that—it's fairly common knowledge, in fact. Ellington get it."

"Ellington? The devil he does! How much—roughly—does it amount to?"

"Matter of a hundred thousand or so."

Revell whistled. "Quite enough to make some people commit a couple of murders."

"Oh, bless you, yes. Some folks would commit 20 murders for a fiver, for that matter . . . Anyhow, that's one thing settled. We've found the murderer. Ellington's our man, of course. But unfortunately there's not a scrap of evidence against him. All you can say is that he comes into a bit of money through the two successive accidents. Ah, but stay—there is just one other little matter. I'd almost forgotten it. Ellington was one of the very few people who knew that Marshall was sleeping in the dormitory on the night of the first accident."

"Good Lord—I never heard anything about that!"

"No, I don't suppose you did," replied Lambourne, relishing his little sensation. "Young Marshall, you see, had spent the greater part of his summer vacation abroad. Owing to time-tables and what not, the Head had given him special permission not to return until the Monday—the rest of the school, you will remember, having reassembled on the previous Saturday.

"Marshall was the dormitory-prefect of the junior dormitory. Now the rule is very strict about having somebody in charge, and as Marshall was to be away on the Saturday and Sunday nights, somebody had to step into the breach, and that somebody was Ellington. He did it on the Saturday night and was doubtless prepared to repeat the performance on the Sunday night as well. All the staff knew about it—he'd been cursing his luck in the common room. But then quite unexpectedly about half-past five on the Sunday evening, Marshall turned up.

Return Was Mystery.

"Ellington, as a matter of fact, didn't know that Marshall had come back until 9 o'clock when the boy went to see him in his room next to the dormitory."

"Not in his private house?"

"No. His wife was out visiting, so he was filling in the time marking papers, I believe. The boy went to bed in the dormitory at the usual time and Ellington stayed up to finish his marking—at least that's what he said at the inquest. The point is, you see, that his wife wouldn't be expecting him and might well be asleep when he did go to bed whenever that may have been."

"Pretty quick work, though, to plan a thing like that at such short notice. But I'm afraid it all shows how equally well the whole business *may* have been an accident. Assuming it was, it was pure chance that the boy got killed and not Ellington himself."

"Oh yes. Exactly what Ellington said himself the morning after."

"Which, of course, he would say, if he were the murderer."

should have a look round pretty soon—if there've been any clews left lying about, I don't suppose they'll stay there forever."

"Naturally. If I were you, I

It was a hint, perhaps, and Revell, who felt he would like to be on his own for a while to think things over, was glad enough to take it. "Come and chat with me again as often as you like," was Lambourne's farewell remark, and Revell assured him that he would.

(To be continued.)

Copyright, McClure Newspaper Syndicate.

Practical Dress For Young Girl Is Easy to Sew

ALMOST practical little dress for the young daughter is patterned for today. It buttons down the front. She can put it on quite unaided. This makes her a very self-dependent individual. You couldn't ask for anything more easy to sew than this dress with its brief French yoke. Plaits give necessary fulness for romping about.

Send 10 cents (coin is preferred) for pattern. Write plainly your name, address and style number. Be sure to state size you wish. New Spring Fashion Book costs 10 cents. Send for your copy today. Book and pattern together 20 cents. Address order to The Washington Post Pattern Department, 160 Fifth avenue, New York, N. Y.

Basic Reasons For Popularity Told by Doctor

People Who Buoy Self-Esteem of Others Liked; Ego Deflaters Suffer.

By Hope Ridings Miller.

WHY DO HALF the women in the world dislike the other half? Why does one woman have no friends at all, while her neighbor has them flocking around her like beaux around the belle of a ball?

Answers to these and similar questions have been ferreted out by Dr. Donald A. Laird, director of the Psychology Laboratory of Colgate University and author of a widely read book, "Why We Don't Like People" (A. L. Glaser Co., New York), that recently went into its second edition.

In this volume Dr. Laird analyzes an unpleasing personality and describes an attractive one in such terse terms that woman need never again be in doubt about her type.

Being popular boils down to one thing, according to Dr. Laird. "We like people who buoy our self-esteem. We dislike people who deflate our egos and shatter our self-ideals." He says further, "we like cheerful, natural, tactful people who like us; who do not try to reform us; who make us feel important; who do not flaunt their possessions in our faces."

Personality Problem Is Challenge.

The problem of women's personality—if it actually is a problem—is looming constantly larger in our civilization, Dr. Laird believes. He points out that today women control more than 40 per cent of the individual wealth of the United States; that more than half the world's purchases are made by women; that more than a third of the corporation stockholders in this country are women, and that eight and a half million women in the United States are engaged in more than 500 occupations, including blacksmithing.

"This growing participation of women in the work of the world and its financial control makes an accurate understanding of feminine personality of great importance," he thinks.

Through a series of tests given to several hundred college students of both sexes, he has discovered that women in general tend to be introverts—that is, they live their emotions largely within themselves; while men are extroverts. He has discovered, also, that women are apt to be more "yes-minded" than men. "Women more than men live by catch words and the pronouncements of others," he says. "They are readily induced to agree slavishly with bosses, political leaders, faddists or organizers no matter whether these be sound, sane and intelligent or not."

But he also found that although common usage makes hysteria synonymous with womanhood," there has been no actual demonstrable difference between the two sexes in hysteria symptoms." And he shatters another belief when he says "women are not naturally as jealous as men, or else they have less cause for jealousy."

Causes for Unhappiness.

Delving in causes for marital unhappiness, Dr. Laird sent a lengthy questionnaire to married persons of both sexes listed in "Who's Who in America." Results compiled from these indicate specific causes for discord between married persons are these:

Finances.
Troubles involving mothers-in-law and other relatives.
Arguments over children.
Attention to others.
Differences in education.
Meals—either irregularity or poor preparation thereof.
Sex relations.

Other causes not so important includes—differences in social status; husband's clubs, wife's clubs and golf.

Contrary to current opinion, Dr. Laird holds that "you can discuss your health in detail and still be popular." He also explains that it makes no difference in your popularity whether you are always easy-going or always in a hurry. You can be a go-getter, a prodigious worker, or relatively leisurely, calm and unperturbed. You can call acquaintances by their first names or their nicknames. You can swear, play practical jokes, be a spendthrift or a tight-wad, argue pro and con on religious questions or dress without any taste at all. "None of these things affect the feelings of other people in general toward you, nor does it make much difference whether you giggle, or use big words or slang or foreign phrases."

Important Traits.

Listing "important traits in making people like you," Dr. Laird mentioned these: Be depended upon to do what you say you will. Go out of your way to help others. Do not show off your knowledge or let yourself feel superior to your associates. Do not reprimand people, exaggerate, make fun of others behind their backs, or be sarcastic and domineering.

While the book as a whole emphasizes the importance of an attractive personality, Dr. Laird makes it clear that "the importance of personality in the practical world is recognized, but it is not held capable of supplanting real ability and hard work in bringing achievement and worthy success."

Strictly Speaking

What About These?

1. What is a *metis*.
2. Is Marshal Ney's name properly called NIGH or NAY?
3. Is *Sahara* preferably called sa-HAH-ra or sa-HAYra?
4. Is *real* properly pronounced with one or two syllables?

Check Here.

1. A man of mixed blood; a half-breed. may-IEES. A woman of mixed blood is called a *matisse*, pronounced the same.
2. Nay.
3. Sa-HAH-ra.
4. With two syllables. REE-al not REEL.

Trained Social Workers Replace Aimless Givers

Harris & Ewins.

MRS. RUTH MONTGOMERY.

Haphazard Charity of Past Superseded by Highly Organized Groups; Rehabilitation of Unfortunates Called Most Important Task by Bureau Head.

By Dudley Harmon.

"THE DAYS of haphazard giving for sweet charity's sake are disappearing. The gracious lady who packs missionary barrels and carries baskets to the family across the tracks is gradually being superseded by the trained social worker and the highly organized charitable institution."

Thus does Mrs. Ruth Montgomery, head of the volunteer placement bureau of the Washington Council of Social Agencies, define the change which has taken place in recent years in the technique of benevolence.

The Council of Social Agencies is made up of some 70-odd organizations whose purpose it is to render aid to the less fortunate. Included in these are such representative groups as the Red Cross, the Travelers Aid, the Juvenile Protective Association and the Bureau of Rehabilitation. The Volunteer Placement Bureau, under the direction of Mrs. Montgomery, endeavors to find for volunteer social workers a position in one of these agencies suited to their tastes and abilities.

Compassion Chief Factor.

The compassion which has hitherto prompted giving to the poor is still the most important factor in charity, according to Mrs. Montgomery, but now it is more likely to be tempered by careful study and scientific investigation.

"In the old days," said Mrs. Montgomery, "a well-doer simply dispatched a bundle of food and clothes to a poor family and then sat back and basked in the warm glow of self-esteem. Sometimes his donation did more harm than good, for under this system many recipients lost whatever initiative they might have had, and contented themselves with waiting hopefully the arrival of another bundle.

"But today we go deeper into the situation. We try to strike at the roots of poverty, instead of offering mere temporary sops to misery. Our case workers make a careful study of each family which applies to us for aid. They try to find out the 'why' of their condition and to educate the family, not to receive handouts, but to take care of themselves. We try to find jobs for members, or develop their interests along lines which will be of future benefit to them."

This method of rehabilitation requires specialized training on the part of case workers, according to Mrs. Montgomery. Her case investigators have taken courses in social work, now being offered to an ever increasing extent in schools and colleges.

The volunteer social worker of today, unless she is a case worker, does not have to be trained, however. But there is this important difference between her and her predecessors: nowadays she works under the direction of those who are trained, and thus learns to put her services to a more practical use than basket sending.

The literary inclined can get out information bulletins or work in the publicity field for a charitable organization. The woman who once took a business course and then resigned her job to get married can occupy her spare time with typing, clerical or secretarial work, for which there is great demand in organizations of this type. There is a place in settlement houses for women who can teach anything from algebra to jelly making. Volunteers interested in children can work with them in community nurseries or playgrounds.

Offers Fertile Field.

"In short," said Mrs. Montgomery, "social work offers a fertile field both for the trained and the untrained."

In order that volunteers may familiarize themselves with the problems encountered in their work, and obtain a general survey of the field, the Council of Social Agencies is sponsoring a series of lectures on subjects of a social interest. The lectures began on January 6 and will continue on Mondays up to and including February 24. There will also be a lecture on Thursday of this week. The speakers are men and women prominent in business, civic, educational and philanthropic circles.

Marriage Helps Men Improve College Grades

PALO ALTO, Calif. (U.P.)—Married men make better grades in college than they did before they were married.

Married women may make lower grades.

Those are among the deductions of Mrs. Helen Berg, education graduate at Stanford University, who is making a study of college marriages.

The increased scholarship of men after marriage is accounted for by their greater application to their studies and a more serious attitude toward college growing out of the added responsibility of marriage.

Mrs. Berg feels that when the married co-ed falls a little in scholarship it may be because of the added work and worry involved in housekeeping.

In company with other American universities, there has been a definite increase in the proportion of married students enrolled at Stanford.

"This is due," says Mrs. Berg, "to an increased need for higher education in business and industry today. Most of the married students are graduates who did not feel their A. B. degree was sufficient equipment for a good job."

Many students, she said, want to continue their education but, being of marrying ages, desire to combine college with matrimony.

Mrs. Berg urged that parents help married students as much as possible, until they win their final degrees, especially by continuing the same allowance as given them when unmarried.

"College marriages should pave the way for a happy wedded life," Mrs. Berg said. "If both are students, a mutual respect for each other's career should grow up, and the wife will have more understanding and appreciation of her husband's position if she has been with him during the years he was studying for his life work."

Observations have indicated, according to Mrs. Berg, that where only the husband is studying, the wife usually works until he has completed his course.

Family's Joke Often Turns Into Disaster

By Alice Clarissa Richmond.

"AND don't put any beans up your nose!"

The Smiths always left home with this parting injunction, which was a regular family joke. No one had ever done such a thing as put foreign objects into their noses or ears, and no one ever did.

But all families are not so lucky. Children delight in filling empty spaces, and noses and ears, whether their own or someone ele's are tempting cavities in which to bestow beans or any other small objects available. Sometimes a too enterprising beetle or gnat explores a child's ear and causes untold agonies by its effort to escape from the sticky cell in which it lands.

If such accidents occur, it is best not to try first aid at home. There is danger of forcing the foreign body farther in and also of injuring the ear drum or delicate membranes.

There is an old saying which is of value despite its exaggeration: "Never put anything smaller than your elbow into your ear." The delicate cavities of nose and ear should be untouched as far as possible, and to poke about in them with swab sticks, or force liquid in by spraying in the vain attempt to dislodge a bead or bean, is highly dangerous. Even blowing the nose under such conditions is a doubtful experiment. Nature may, of course, bring on a sneeze which will effect a cure, but it is well to leave sneezes to nature and not try to induce them.

The child should be taken to the doctor at once. He has suitable instruments and the special knowledge to enable him to deal with the crisis. He probably can remove the foreign body or the objectionable insect with the least pain and discomfort to the child and a modicum of danger to nose or ear.

"Nineties" Influence Styles.

Palm Beach, Fla., Jan. 14 (U.P.).—Influences from the gay nineties add charm to evening frocks and wraps at fashionable entertainments here.

Leg o' mutton sleeves, fitted waistlines and quaint, standing collars in evening coats are popular. Small capes are also favored.

This BUSINESS of LIVING

Modern Young Men Lack Courage to Say What They Think, Reader Believes.

By Mary Haworth.

DEAR MISS HAWORTH: I wish to submit my belated congratulations to the young man whose letter, signed "P. F.," appeared in your column Sunday, January 5. I admire his courage in speaking frankly and sincerely as, for instance, when he said: "None of them (women he has known) showed any desire to marry me, which to my mind is quite understandable." I would certainly like to know him.

• • • •

Young men of today for the most part seem to lack the courage and honesty to say what they really think, which often results in unhappiness for themselves and others. Our young people like to be classified as "modern," but I believe it would be better for all concerned if they reverted more to the good old-fashioned way of speaking sincerely from the heart. Sincerely yours, R. K. W.

Evidence to Contrary.

DEAR R. K. W.: The letter from "P. F." matrimonial minded young man, addressed in care of this column to "Unwanted," matrimonial minded young woman, seems to have created as much of a stir among certain unattached women readers as the young woman's did among certain unmarried men readers.

• • • •

Subsequent to publication of their respective communications, there has descended upon this desk a gentle rain of courting letters, directed to one or the other. Among these was an earnest proposal of marriage for the young lady, a proposal which has not come to the lady's attention for the reason that she failed to give her address in her first appeal, and since that time I have heard no more from her. This may be just as well, however.

• • • •

I should not like to have it on my conscience to have been an instrument in promoting, or even to have appeared to promote, a hasty, ill-advised marriage of two strangers. Marriage is a serious contract, properly reserved for persons of similar backgrounds, thoroughly tested congeniality, and mental, physical and financial fitness.

• • • •

It has not been my impression that modern young persons are less sincere than those of preceding generations. I had supposed they were, rather, more sincere, because less inhibited by conventional notions concerning what is conversationally permissible. If your understand their language, or, as someone has called it, "slanguage," I believe you will find the majority saying exactly what they think.

M. H.

Miss Haworth will be glad to help you in solving your problems. Write her in care of The Post Woman's Page.

Chinese Women Band To Fight Modern Dress

Chinese women of the wealthier classes are organizing against women who wear Occidental clothes, bob their hair and go without stockings.

Members of the new society invade the homes of suspected offenders and with scissors and pots of glue ruin "modern bobs." When they find women bare-legged they take them to the streets and throw mud on them.

Physicians Link Lack of Vitamin With Arthritis

Correction of Deficiencies in Diet Erects Bulwark Against Disease.

By Dr. Irving S. Cutter.

THE relation of vitamins to arthritis is now the subject of considerable intensive study. When we see such glaring examples of vitamin deficiency diseases as rickets, scurvy, or beriberi, the latter a true neuritis followed by paralysis, we may well inquire if many other conditions are not accentuated, or caused by, the lack of some particular vitamin.

Experimenting with guinea pigs numerous investigators have reported that when the animals are fed on a diet low in vitamin C, there is a marked tendency to joint symptoms similar to those occurring in arthritis (rheumatoid arthritis). There is an overgrowth of tissue about the joints, wasting of bone, and the formation of hard nodules beneath the skin. Any additional infection increases the symptoms. As a check it was shown that routine infections in the presence of an adequate amount of vitamin C would not alone cause the joint changes.

We should recall that vitamin C is supplied by citurs fruits—oranges, lemons, grapefruits and limes—and that absence of this vitamin in the diet brings on the well-known condition called scurvy. This disease has long been recognized. It created havoc among the crusaders in the thirteenth century, and was formerly one of the principal causes of disability and death among sailors on long sea voyages.

Scurvy Symptoms.

The first symptoms complained of by the victims are loss of strength, fatigue, and breathlessness. There are fleeting pains in the joints and limbs and soon the gums become sore, bleed easily, and are congested and spongy. Small hemorrhagic areas appear on the skin and not infrequenlty the urine contains blood. Unless the disease is arrested by prompt feeding of vitamin C, the teeth become loose and may fall out. Destruction of the jaw bone follows. Constipation, which is the rule, is often succeeded by a bloody diarrhea. Joint and rheumatic symptoms have long been noted. In fact, one older writer cautioned against treating cases of scurvy on the assumption that it was rheumatism.

Now comes the experimental evidence of J. H. Rinehart showing that bony changes quite characteristic of arthritis may occur as the result of vitamin C deficiency diets. He reports the case of a man aged 22 who presented himself with involvement of knees, elbows, wrists, and ankles. The symptoms appeared quite suddenly and the left knee was markedly swollen. The mouth was foul and the gums swollen. A study of his dietary habits showed that for years cracked oats, bread, coffee, beans, and meat stews formed the bulk of his food. The patient had lately been called upon for considerable physical exertion and exposure. Treatment consisted of the routine hospital diet with one quart of orange juice (vitamin C) daily. Improvement was rapid and recovery was complete with no further treatment.

Connection Seen.

Another case—that of a man aged 45—showed swelling of the knees and inability to move the shoulder. Until within the last five months his diet had contained a sufficient amount of vitamin C. Latterly, however, no fresh fruits or vegetables were available. Under vitamin C therapy, pain and swelling in the knees subsided and progressive improvement continued. Five weeks after admission to the hospital the patient was entirely free from arthritis.

It would appear that there is probably a close association between some forms of arthritis and scurvy, particularly in those individuals who have been subject to considerable fatigue or to infection. The suggestion is offered that dietary deficiencies, when corrected, may provide a bulwark against the basic cause of this serious disease, whatever it may be.

Copyright, 1936.

The new Jelleff's
1214-1220 F STREET

Women look their loveliest in . . . .

Lace

Charming ..fashionable..lace is more important than it has been in years.. and it is indeed a most flattering fashion! Cobwebby Alencons type lace in the evening gown pictured today--cowl neckline--skilful dressmaker darts for slimming lines--hip-length jacket with graceful swagger back for informal dining. White, tearuse and black--sizes to 44.

$29.75

From the Gown Salon Spring collections--Lace Gowns also in little women's sizes --Second Floor.

Bebe Daniels and Ben Lyon Return to Town to Headline at Earle Week of Feb. 14

Popular Couple Long Favorites On Local Stage

Fresh from Film Capital; Data on One Mr. Chaplin; Notes of the Theater.

By Nelson B. Bell.

It will be a source of pleasure to their many friends in Washington to learn that Bebe Daniels and Ben Lyon are returning to the Capital to headline the stage bill at the Earle Theater the week of Friday, February 14.

According to yesterday afternoon's announcement from the executive offices of the Warner Brothers, Mr. and Mrs. Lyon have just left Hollywood for a brief personal appearance tour and Washington will be one of their first stops.

Both recently have completed pictures on the West Coast.

Both, furthermore, are exceedingly popular in this city and this city is exceedingly popular with them, a concert of interest that always makes their visits occasions of social, as well as professional, importance.

Miss Daniels, a native of Dallas, Tex., practically was born on the stage. She made her debut behind the footlights at the age of 10 weeks. At the age of 4 years she was touring the country in "Richard III," with her mother. After several seasons in stock in Los Angeles, where she also attended school, she became Harold Lloyd's leading comedienne in his early series of "Lonesome Luke" comedies—one of the most felicitous comedy partnerships in the entire annals of the cinema.

One of her earliest screen successes in a picture of feature length was in Cecil B. De Mille's "Male and Female" which, of all things, was a camera version of Sir James Matthew Barrie's "The Admirable Crichton!"

Her most recent appearance before the cameras and "mikes" was in "Music Is Magic," with Alice Faye and Ray Walker.

Made History in "Rio Rita."

Music IS magic as Miss Daniels sings it.

One of the sensations of the development of the audible screen was her assumption of the stellar role in the screen version of "Rio Rita," one of the late Flo Ziegfeld's most sumptuous musical comedy productions. In this subject she revealed a voice that never before had been suspected and only a few times since has been equalled in its microphonic effectiveness.

Ben Lyon is to all intents and purposes a Washingtonian—by inclination, if not actual residence. Born in Atlanta, Ga., he was brought to Baltimore to be educated in medicine, but somehow permitted himself to be sidetracked to the stage. During his Baltimore residence he was a consistent and constant Washington commuter.

On their last visit to the Capital Ben and Bebe were handsomely feted on their last night in town in one of the opulent upper suites of the Carlton Hotel with everybody who was anybody in attendance.

Their graciousness on that occasion is a fragrant memory in the mind of everyone who was so fortunate as to be present.

They are among the theater's elect and will be welcomed back rather as old friends than transient and casual "show folks."

It is keenly regretted that inexorable circumstances made it impossible for this desk to attend yesterday afternoon's private preview of the German-French film that is to succeed "Three Kids and a Queen" as chief feature of the screen bill at the Belasco Theater. This subject is variously known as "Comradeship" in this country; "Kameradschaft," in Germany, and "Camaraderie," in France. It was directed by that exiled German genius of the celluloids, G. W. Pabst, from a scenario by Ernst Vajda, the Hungarian playwright, whose scripts are quite as familiar to the studios of Hollywood as they are to the major production plants of England and the Continent. The cast is made up of expert foreign players whose names mean little to the mass of American theatergoers.

The engagement of "Comradeship" at the Belasco will begin with a special, late preview tonight, following the last projection of the May Robson film. Beginning tomorrow morning it will be presented on the regular house schedule.

Mr. Chaplin's Record.

There come to hand some pertinent and personal reminiscences of the career of Mr. Charles Spencer Chaplin, whose new picture—his life in four years—"Modern Times" is about to be released.

It seems that in a one-reeler called "One A. M.," Charlie was the only visible character throughout the length of the film, barring a cab driver, who had a "bit" at the very beginning. However, there have been even longer solo performances since that remote day.

Chaplin is the only producer and star in the film industry who has kept the same staff on salary over a period of 18 years, right up to, and including, "Modern Times."

The comedian has talked less for publication and, in spite of that fact, has been more widely publicized than anyone else in the motion picture industry.

Conducted Sousa's Band.

He once led the late John Phillip Sousa's band through two numbers at the old New York Hippodrome. That was before Billy Rose brought about the huge metamorphosis in the "Hip," worked by his current production of "Jumbo," which has made the Hippodrome once more the Hippodrome.

When "City Lights" was produced as a silent picture, Charlie was warned that it never would be a success. To prove how right his advisers were it grossed more than any other picture he ever has made!

"The Woman of Paris," of which L. Monta Bell, former Washington newspaper man, was assistant director and which launched him on his way to independent direction, is popularly supposed to be the only picture he ever made in which Chaplin himself did not appear.

As a matter of fact, he did appear briefly in one scene as a porter.

"The Woman of Paris," while it gave a brief spurt to the fame of Edna Purviance, a fixture in all of the early Chaplin films, was the production that marked the beginning of the distinguished career of that impeccable gentleman, Adolphe Menjou.

So now you know.

Today at 1:30 p. m., unless tentative plans have gone awry, the drama desks are to be vouchsafed a preview peek at "The Rose of the Rancho," in the private projection room of the Fox Film Exchange. This is the musicalized version of the first of the Francess Starr vehicles under the managership and guiding genius of the late David Belasco, in which Gladys Swarthout and John Boles are cast in the co-stellar parts. As originally written, "The Rose of the Rancho" was a straight melodramatic romance of the early days in Southern California. It will be interesting to observe in what manner and with what skill it has been converted into a "musical."

It Must Be Kismet.

Destiny finally has caught up with Katherine Cornell.

I mean to say that 'way back yonder when "Saint Joan" was fresh-sprung from Adelphia Terrace, as Mr. Willard Keefe, of the Associated Press, so aptly expresses it, George Bernard Shaw was especially anxious that Miss Cornell assume the role of the Maid of Orleans, who heard "voices" and paid a supreme penalty for her valorous and exalted self-abnegation.

Miss Cornell at that precise time, however, was just entering into the artistico-economic, so to speak, association with Guthrie McClintic, her husband, which has eventuated in such a profoundly valuable coalition for the best interests of the American theater, and could not be interested. The part was taken with signal success by Winifred Lenihan.

And now, at long last, Miss Cornell Is playing it.

Fine Cast Assembled.

She has surrounded herself with an admirable cast, as has been made known in this space on various previous dates. Miss Cornell, nevertheless, refuses to rank her acting company above the original "Saint, Joan" cast.

"The company is excellent," she says. "I'm so happy to have Mr. Byron, Mr. Evans and Mr. Aherne. All have played in my companies before."

There is a swift efficiency about Miss Cornell's productions. Like Joan, she gets things done.

One of the things she ought to get done, in all conscience, is the matter of arranging for an occasional Washington premiere, instead of according them all to Baltimore.

"Saint Joan" is scheduled to open in Baltimore on Lincoln's Birthday, Wednesday night, February 12.

It's a long trek, especially if the roads are icy!

It may or may not interest you to know that Toby Wing, headlining next week's vaudeville bill at Loew's Fox Theater, was born in Richmond—or so the legend goes. I thought she was born in England. But then, there are three of these cinema blondes among whom I seem utterly unable to differentiate. Every time I encounter one of them, pictorially, I am more apt than not to think it one of the other two! These three are Toby Wing, Ida Lupino—she is the English one—and Mary Carlisle.

Honest-Confession Note.

During Miss Wing's personal appearance here, beginning Friday, I hope things can be arranged so that the source of my confusion may be reduced at least one-third!

Banks to Remain Open Despite Death of King

London (Tuesday), Jan. 21 (U.P.).—Banks and the foreign exchange will remain open today despite King George's death and it is understood that the stock exchange and commodity markets will do likewise. All will close for the King's funeral, the date for which has not been set.

Although the stock exchange closed weak yesterday, it was believed issues would steady when King Edward VIII takes over, and that a wave of empire patriotism might improve stocks.

To Be Seen at Earle in Person

A splendid new portrait study of that charming actress, Bebe Daniels, who with Ben Lyon, her husband in private life, will be seen on the stage of the Earle Theater as headliner of the vaudeville bill for the week of February 14. Having been schooled in Baltimore, although born in Atlanta, Ben Lyon almost is a Washingtonian. Both have appeared here on earlier occasions and number a host of personal friends among the theatergoers of the National Capital. It will be a genuine pleasure to welcome them back to a city of which both are fond.

Film Table

Earle—"Dangerous," at 11 a. m., 1:40, 4:30, 7:15 and 10 p. m. Stage shows at 12:45, 3:35, 6:25 and 9:05 p. m.

Palace—"Tale of Two Cities," at 11:15 a. m., 1:50, 4:25, 7 and 9:35 p. m.

RKO-Keith's—"The Magnificent Obsession," at 11:15 a. m., 1:20, 3:25, 5:30, 7:35 and 9:40 p. m.

Loew's Fox—"Professional Soldier," at 11 a. m., 1:35, 4:10, 7:05 and 9:50 p. m. Stage shows at 12:40, 3:20, 6:10 and 8:55 p. m.

Belasco — "Three Kids and a Queen," at 11:30 a. m., 1:24, 3:18, 5:12, 7:06 and 9 p. m. "Comradeship" preview, at 10:29 p. m.

Metropolitan—"Captain Blood," at 11:30 a. m., 2, 4:25, 6:55 and 9:25 p. m.

Columbia—"Ah, Wilderness," at 11:15 a. m., 1:20, 3:30, 5:30, 7:40 and 9:50 p. m.

Tivoli—"In Old Kentucky," at 2, 3:40, 5:40, 7:35 and 9:30 p. m.

Ambassador — "Dangerous," at 6:15, 8 and 9:50 p. m.

Little—"The Informer," at 11:26 a. m., 1:30, 3:33, 5:37, 7:40 and 9:44 p. m.

The Weather

Today's Sun and Tide Table

(Furnished by United States Department of Commerce, Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

	A.M.	P.M.
Sun rises	7:23	
Sun sets	4:16	
High tide	3:32	4:00
Low tide	12:07	12:06

Weather Conditions.

U. S. Dept. of Agri., Weather Bureau.
Washington, Monday, Jan. 20—8 p. m.

Forecast for the District of Columbia, fair with slowly rising temperature Tuesday; Wednesday cloudy, probably light rain; gentle variable winds becoming moderate southeast or south Wednesday.

For Maryland, cloudy and warmer in west and fair with slowly rising temperature in east portion Tuesday; Wednesday cloudy, probably light rain in east and light rain or snow in west portion.

For Virginia, fair with rising temperature Tuesday; Wednesday cloudy, probably light rain.

Conditions.

The Atlantic coast disturbance has moved northeastward to Newfoundland and the Gulf of St. Lawrence with further increase in intensity. St. Georges, N. F., 28.62 inches. It was attended by gales along the Atlantic coast and by snow in the north Atlantic States and the Appalachian region; heavy snow over much of this region. A disturbance of vast extent is centered over the Aleutian Island, St. Paul, Alaska, 28.26 inches. Pressure remains low over northwestern Hudson Bay, Chesterfield Inlet, 29.86 inches and minor disturbances are centered over eastern Lake Superior and northwestern Kansas, White River, Ont., and Goodland, Kans., 29.92 inches. These disturbances have caused light snow in the lake region, the Dakotas and the northern Rocky Mountain and the northern plateau region. High pressure prevails over most other sections with centers as follows: Kamloops, B. C., 30.36 inches, Coppermine, Dist. of Mackenzie, 30.34 inches and Meridian, Miss., 30.32 inches. The temperature has fallen in New England, the upper lake region, Manitoba and Saskatchewan and along the south Atlantic coast, while it has risen almost generally west of the Mississippi River.

Local Weather Report.

Temperature—Midnight, 23; 2 a. m., 22; 4 a. m., 23; 6 a. m., 22; 8 a. m., 22; 10 a. m., 24; 12 noon, 26; 2 p. m., 28; 4 p. m., 29; 6 p. m., 28; 8 p. m., 26; 10 p. m., 25. Highest, 31; lowest, 22.

Relative humidity—8 a. m., 53; 2 p. m., 44; 8 p. m., 46. Rainfall (8 p. m. to 8 p. m.), none. Hours of sunshine, 9.9. Per cent of possible sunshine, 100.

Departures From Normal.

Accumulated excess of temperature since January 1, 1936, 76 degrees.

Accumulated excess of precipitation since January 1, 1936, 3.49 inches.

Temperatures and Precipitation.

	Highest Mon.	Lowest night	Sun. 8 p.m.	Mon. 8 p.m.	Rainfall
Washington, D. C.	32	21	22	31	....
Asheville, N. C.	32	18	26	....	....
Atlantic City, N. J.	32	18	24	....	....
Baltimore, Md.	32	20	22	....	....
Birmingham, Ala.	38	20	32	....	....
Bismarck, N. Dak.	—4	—26	—4	....	....
Boston, Mass.	26	16	22	0.14	....
Buffalo, N. Y.	22	16	20	0.04	....
Chicago, Ill.	10	6	8	....	....
Cincinnati, Ohio	28	8	24	....	....
Cleveland, Ohio	24	16	24	....	....
Davenport, Iowa	10	—8	6	....	....
Denver, Colo.	40	18	36	....	....
Des Moines, Iowa	—2	—14	6	....	....
Detroit, Mich.	24	14	16	....	....
Duluth, Minn.	—4	—14	—10	....	....
Galveston, Tex.	44	32	44	....	....
Helena, Mont.	34	20	32	....	....
Indianapolis, Ind.	22	12	18	....	....
Jacksonville, Fla.	48	32	44	....	....
Kansas City, Mo.	14	6	8	....	....
Little Rock, Ark.	40	22	36	....	....
Los Angeles, Calif.	74	56	66	....	....
Louisville, Ky.	28	16	26	....	....
Marquette, Mich.	12	—2	2	....	....
Memphis, Tenn.	36	24	34	....	....
Miami, Fla.	64	54	52	0.08	....
Minneapolis, Minn.	—2	—14	—4	....	....
New Orleans, La.	48	32	44	....	....
New York, N. Y.	32	14	24	0.06	....
North Platte, Nebr.	32	—2	28	....	....
Omaha, Nebr.	—2	—16	10	....	....
Philadelphia, Pa.	28	16	26	....	....
Phoenix, Ariz.	66	32	62	....	....
Pittsburgh, Pa.	24	12	12	0.04	....
Portland, Me.	24	18	18	0.34	....
Portland, Oreg.	54	46	50	....	....
Salt Lake City, Utah	34	28	32	0.36	....
St. Louis, Mo.	22	12	20	....	....
San Antonio, Tex.	52	26	46	....	....
San Diego, Calif.	68	46	64	....	....
San Francisco, Calif.	58	46	58	....	....
Santa Fe, N. Mex.	38	10	36	....	....
Savannah, Ga.	50	30	42	....	....
Seattle, Wash.	48	44	46	0.06	....
Springfield, Ill.	18	8	10	....	....
Tampa, Fla.	60	40	46	....	....
Vicksburg, Miss.	42	26	38	....	....

Townsend Unit Rejects 3d Party Plan in House

Steering Committee Holds Move Would Impede Pension Program.

By the Associated Press.

Formation of a new third political party based on the Townsend old-age pension program was labeled "unwise" by the House "Townsend Steering Committee" last night.

Representative Monaghan (Democrat), of Montana, chairman of the committee, after a three-hour night meeting, issued the following statement:

"At a meeting of the steering committee sponsoring passage of the McGroarty-Townsend national old-age pension bill, * * * formation of a Townsend third party was brought up for discussion and it was the consensus of the committee that any movement toward a Townsend party was unwise and against the best interests of the Townsend movement in Congress."

Dr. F. E. Townsend, sponsor of the pension program, attended the meeting. He has indicated he would like to see the formation of a third party based on his proposal, but his supporters in Congress believe their greatest strength lies in votes from adherents of both political parties who will cast their ballots for candidates pledged to the Townsend pension plan.

Members of the steering committee, in addition to Monaghan, are Representatives McGroarty (Democrat), California; Binderup (Democrat), Nebraska; Buckbee (Republican), Illinois; Connery (Democrat), Massacusetts; Gearhart (Republican), California; Greenway (Desmocrat), Arizona; Lemke (Republican), North Dakota; Lundeen (Farmer-Labor), Minnesota; Massingale (Democrat), Oklahoma; Moritz (Democrat), Pennsylvania; Mott (Republican), Oregon; Murdock (Democrat), Utah; Main (Republican), Michigan; Marcantonio (Democrat), New York; Martin (Democrat), Colorado; O'Malley (Democrat), Wisconsin; Patterson (Democrat), Kansas; Sweeney (Democrat), Ohio; Scrugham (Democrat), Nevada; Peterson (Democrat), Florida; Taylor (Republican), Tennessee; Werner (Democrat), South Dakota, and White (Democrat), Idaho.

Lewis Faces Writ In Speeding Case

When John L. Lewis, burly head of the United Mine Workers, returns here from Cleveland in a day or two he is expected to appear voluntarily in Traffic Court to answer to a speeding charge.

When his case was called yesterday he did not appear, nor was he represented. Judge Schuldt issued an attachment against him.

Lewis' office associates said last night the United Mine Workers' head left Sunday to fill a speaking engagement in Cleveland, evidently under the impression he could forfeit the $10 collateral he posted at the Sixth Precinct Station Saturday night. Speeders are required to appear in court.

The arresting officer, H. D. Johnson, said Lewis was traveling 42 miles an hour in a 30-mile zone.

Because he showed an Illinois driver's permit, Lewis will not be affected by the new suspension rule for speeders.

Judge Schuldt said last night he doubted if it would be necessary to serve an attachment. He expects Lewis to come into court as soon as he returns and learns of regulations for speed-law offenders.

Louisiana to Wage Ballot Battle Today

New Orleans, Jan. 20 (AP).—With the Federal Government looking on, the friends and enemies of the late Senator Huey P. Long will fight it out with ballots in Louisiana's Democratic primary tomorrow.

Tonight, at the close of a weird campaign in which charges of "slander," "carpet baggery" and "corruption" were hurled by both factions, the State was tense with expectancy to see whether the faction of its old "dictator" would continue in power or lose to the anti-Long group.

The question of a "fair count of ballots" was raised by the anti-Longs in view of the act of the Legislature, which Senator Long controlled, laying election machinery in the lap of his would-be heir, Gov. O. K. Allen.

Led by Cleveland Dear, Eighth District Congressional Representative and candidate for Governor, the anti-Long faction charged the Allen administration planned to "steal the election."

Roper Says Homes Best Aid to Jobs

New York, Jan. 20 (AP).—Home building on a large scale was cited by Secretary of Commerce Daniel C. Roper tonight as "the present outstanding immediate opporunity" for new enterprise and re-employment.

"Poor housing for a nation such as our breeds discontent," he said; "good housing fosters social stability."

Secretary Roper, addressing the annual convention of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, said home building in the United States was 15 or 20 years behind other industries in method and procedure.

Pistol, Notebook Found In Airliner Wreckage

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 20 (AP).—Department of Commerce investigators today disclosed the finding of an automatic pistol and a memorandum book among the wreckage of the ill-fated "Southerner," which crashed near Goodwin, Ark., last Tuesday, killing the 17 persons aboard.

No comment was forthcoming as to the possible importance of the discovery, but Ed Hurlburt, American Airlines official here, said late today the pistol was being shipped to the Department of Justice at Washington for an examination to determine whether it had been fired.

Hollywood

By Sidney Skolsky

The Gossipel Truth.

Hollywood, Jan. 20.

GRACE MOORE is writing a book called "A Prima Donna's holiday" . . . After completing her present flicker, "Princess Charming," Miss Moore will return to the Metropolitan Opera House the first week of March and sing "La Boheme" . . . Buddy Rogers has told Mary Pickford that after they are married he will not reside in Pickfair . . . The Pandro Bermans except a baby . . . Jean Harlow and William Powell are the best customers at the oyster bar at the Trocadero—if that means anything . . . Gene Fowler's poem, "A Blue Book Tragedy" has been set to music by Cole Porter . . . Charlie Lederer went to visit Alexander Woolcott and used his Japanese gardener's dilapidated Ford. Charlie rattled up to Woolcott's house and Alexander asked:—"What's that?" . . . "It's my town car," said Lederer, proudly . . . Woolcott answered, "What town—Pompeii?"

* * * *

A racket being worked at the studios is that a tout phones a writer, star or executive and says: "I have a sure thing in the fourth at Santa Anita. It's the real thing. I'll give you the name of the horse if you'll put $25 on it for me." . . . If it is a seven-horse race, the tout phones seven people, making certain that there will be money for him on the winner . . . Charlie Adler, of the Yacht Club Boys tells about the fellow who owed everyone money at the track, standing and shouting for a horse named Pasha . . . he cheered and rooted and Pasha won . . . the people to whom he owed money wanted some of the winnings . . . "But I didn't bet," insisted the fellow. "I was only rooting for my opinion."

* * * *

Charlie Chaplin, after looking at "Modern Times" in his projection room, then runs off his previous flicker, "City Lights," and becomes discouraged . . . Jerome Kern and Oscar Hammerstein have written two new songs for "Show Boat," and now the problem is how to keep all the songs in the flicker . . . The new songs are, "I Have the Room Above Her," and "Got My Eye on You" . . . Jack Kirkland and June Travis are playing "Boy Meets Girl" . . . Virginia Faulkner was approached by a prominent juvenile actor who said, "Why don't you write a part for me in one of your scenarios?" . . . "I do," answered Miss Faulkner, "but it is always played by that capable actress, Myrna Loy" . . . All Hollywood will attend the testimonial dinner for Irving Berlin tomorrow night at the Ambassador Hotel . . . A noted director and his wife were heard quarreling at the Clover Club . . . "Fifteen years I've been married to you!" the director screamed," and what have I got from you? Nothing but loyalty."

* * * *

Ray Mayer has a routine in which he tells a producer that he should preview a picture before making it . . . Mayer says that he will deliver the scenario written in invisible ink and that he will accept a blank check for payment . . . After the picture is finally made and released, it should play only in empty theaters . . . Tom Brown and Natalie Draper are romantic . . . Joe Mankiewicz and Elizabeth Young expect a baby . . . A producer was complaining because another producer was getting ready to film the same story . . . "It's original with me," the first producer declared to Sid Silvers. "I read it in a book over 200 years old." . . . Harold Arlen insists that the RKO studio motto should be, "Hitch Your Wagon to Astaire."

* * * *

Mae West's flicker has been changed from "Klondike Lou" to "Klondike Annie" because after completing the flicker they discovered that the character Miss West plays is called "Annie" and not "Lou" . . . Patricia Ellis must be interested in a canary, for she's going with Fred Keating again . . . The balcony scene alone in "Romeo and Juliet" will cost about $100,000 when Leslie Howard and Norma Shearer play it . . . A beautiful set, costing $50,000, was already built when it was learned that this sound stage was too near the water tank at Metro . . . They could erase the sound of the water with a sound mixer but they didn't want to take any chances and a new set will be constructed on another set . . . Tess Slesinger has discovered that you can live by your wits but not with them. Albert Hackett and Frances Goodrich, who wrote that delightful sequence in which William Powell and Myrna Loy take the dog out for a walk in "The Thin Man," are being sued for plagiarism . . . Another writer claims he took a dog for a walk in his scenario.

* * * *

John Ford, who directed "The Informer," is now making a flicker called "Shark Island." Ford shoots about five to seven pages of a scenario a day . . . He fell two days behind schedule and a supervisor was sent on the set to tell Ford to speed up things . . . Director Ford was sitting in his camp chair, with the scenario in his lap, when the supervisor approached him and said: "The front office wants you to hurry up. You're a couple of days behind schedule." . . . Director Ford didn't look at the supervisor. He pulled out 14 pages from the scenario and said, "Gentlemen, we're right on schedule." . . . After seeing "Sylvia Scarlett," in which Katharine Hepburn endeavors to portray both a girl and a boy, Tom Jenk says that the acrtess probably has delusions of gender.

Copyright, 1936, by the Chicago Tribune-New York News Syndicate, Inc.

Broadway

By Ed Sullivan

Men and Maids.

New York, Jan. 20.

ASIDE to Police Commissioner Valentine: A. J. J. Faulkner, carpenter, quit his job with the Third Avenue Railway mysteriously, and never returned to collect two weeks' pay due him (you can check this scoop by contacting Chief Claim Agent Bill Foley)!!! . . . Because they believed Frank Rediker had slurred Capt. Anthony Eden's wife, the Marquis of Donegal and Capt. John Carmichael gave him a pummeling at one of the swankier clubs! . . . Prince Serge Obolensky and Mary Taylor, Bert's daughter, prefer the Colony for lunch . . . "Jumbo" has grossed $530,000 to date . . . Though he prefers an ambassadorship, Secretary of State Ed Flynn will succeed Postmaster General James A. Farley . . . Lou Holtz is a heavy loser at Miami . . . Jim Moffett's daughter Ruth and Warren Johnson are honeymooning . . . Herbert Marshall and Edna Best are patching it up over the tranatlantic phone . . . Gloria Swanson is in town (she's engaged Steve Hannegan to "sell" her to the public as he sold Gene Tunney to newspaper men) . . . Reports persist that Josephine Baker will quit the "Follies" before it reaches Broadway . . . Wire anniversary congrats to Pennsylvania's Governor George H. Earle and His Lady. . . . Tallulah Bankhead and Shipwreck Kelly pick the Kit Kat for billing and cooing.

* * * *

Margot Grahame and hubby Francis Lister won't reconcile . . . Harcourt Black is helping Alice Faye forget Billy Fiske . . . Kay Francis and Delmar Daves may pick Florida for the wedding . . . Edmund Lowe popped the question to Rita Kaufman before leaving for Europe.

* * * *

Charlie Chaplin doesn't want it known, but he's been seeing Natalie Talmadge, Buster Keaton's ex, frequently . . . Mary Brian is getting phone calls again from Buddy Rogers . . . Ronald Colman and his ex, Thelma Ray, may get back together again when she arrives on the Coast . . . The Eddie Sutherland-Cleo Black fever has chilled . . . Assistant District Attorney Sylvester Cosentino and Kitty Kostro have set January 30 as the date . . . Gloria Grafton, in the Billy Rose show, and Willard Alexander are mumbo-jumboing . . . Russell Johns scampered to Philly to see his Betty Dumbriss, in the "Follies" . . . Abe Sperber rushed there to escort Helene Travis, another Ziegfeld eyeful . . . Dorothy Blatt, heiress to the Atlantic City store, and Arthur Kaufmann, who were married yesterday, had postponed the wedding a week ago and cancelled reservations on the American airliner that killed 17 people . . . Annual rental of the Waldorf-Astoria to the N. Y. Central will be reduced about $400,000.

* * * *

Add Hands Across the Table: Smith Ballew and Dorothy Lee, Duke "Follies" McHale and Vera "Follies" Hall, Frances Sinclair and Lester Laden, Michael Bartlett and Florence Rice (they're sizzling), Russell Gleason and Cynthia Hobart, Eric Rhodes and Eleanor Dabney . . . The Bill Hawks-Bessie Love split announcement is due any minute . . . Sonny Werblin and Dorothy Crane, Bernie Cummins' vocalist, are in tune . . . The Lawrence J. Abbotts (he's of the Dr. Lyman Abbott clan) expect Sir Stork . . . Sands Point Bath Club, where the late Huey Long was slugged, is out of the red for the first time in seven years . . . Arthur Brown and his "Mousie" have Called It a Day . . . Ditto Helene Standish and Hy Blane . . . Ricardo Cortez is in town readying four weeks of personal appearance for heavy sugar.

* * * *

Fox Theater, at Philly, is booking the Dawn Patrol Revue back for an encore week as a result of terrific business . . . Peggy Fears is in Chicago with Libby Holman while her attorney proceeds with the A. C. Blumenthal divorce . . . Connie Bennett is due here on the 28th (she gets $40,000 against 10 per cent of the gross for her Gaumont-British flicker) . . . Recommended: Leslie Adams and Chrystal Herne in Dwight Wiman's "A Room in Red and White" M.-G.-M. should buy it for Charles Laughton) . . . McClelland Barclay is dining Jane Frances Mullen . . . RKO is willing to loan out K. Hepburn for the first time . . . Actress Jane Churchill and John Lloyd have the license . . . Notre Dame sub-quarterback Bill McNally and Jane Carney are blazing . . . Nellie Revell's assistant, Lou Frankel, gets a by-line in "Musical Digest" from now on . . . Hollywood Restaurant should grab the Ritz Brothers after their riotous week at the Palladium . . . Dave Herman rejoins Abe Lyman's band . . . Tinplate heir Bill Leeds gives silver reproductions of his yacht Moana as bracelet charms . . . Attention, Readers: Your "Forget-Me-Nots" appear Wednesday. They're grand!

Copyright, 1936, by the Chicago Tribune-New York News Syndicate, Inc.

Jury Selection Delayed In Liggett Murder Case

Minneapolis, Jan. 20 (AP).—Veniremen who admitted prejudice today slowed selection of a jury in the trial of Isidore (Kid Cann) Blumenfeld, liquor salesman, for the machine-gun killing of Walter W. Liggett, crusading publisher.

Blumenfeld is charged with first-degree murder in connection with the slaying December 9. It was not until the middle of the afternoon session that the first juror was selected. She was Myrtle Rydell, wife of an osteopathic physician. All the first nine veniremen were challenged for "actual bias" by Thomas W. McMeekin, Blumenfeld's counsel. Court attaches estimated the jury selection probably will require four or five days.

2 Italians to Be Deported.

Valetta, Malta, Jan. 20 (AP).—Two Italians, one of them a woman teacher in the government schools, were ordered deported today because, according to an official statement, they were "engaging in undesirable activities."

AMUSEMENTS.

GAYETY BURLESK
NOW PLAYING
The Dynamic
"GEORGIA SOTHERN"
and
HARRY CLEXX

BELASCO — STARTS TONIGHT
Direct from the White House
In BERLIN! LONDON! PARIS! NEW YORK!
CRITICS RAVED! AUDIENCES CHEERED
G.W. Pabst's (Director of Don Quixote)
COMRADESHIP
or KAMERADSCHAFT
Spoken in GERMAN and FRENCH
DIALOGUE TITLES in ENGLISH
LAST TIMES TODAY — 3 KIDS and a QUEEN

Loew's FOX — NO. 9003 — F at 14th
Now
VICTOR McLAGLEN
Freddie BARTHOLOMEW
in Damon Runyon's
"PROFESSIONAL SOLDIER"
Stage: KAZANOVA and her TZIGANES
Extra! CHARLES CARLILE
Friday: GLADYS SWARTHOUT-JOHN BOLES in "ROSE OF THE RANCHO"
Stage: TOSY WING & TONNY MONAHAN & DANCE
Extra: EMILE BORIO

2nd WEEK — Loew's PALACE — F at 13th
Charles Dickens'
A TALE of TWO CITIES
with
RONALD COLMAN
ELIZABETH ALLAN
EDNA MAY OLIVER
and CAST OF 8,000
Extra! AUDIOSCOPICS — New Screen Sensation!
Coming: CLAUDETTE COLBERT-FRED MacMURRAY, ROBT. YOUNG in "The Bride Comes Home"

Loew's COLUMBIA — Now
AH, WILDERNESS
with
WALLACE BEERY
LIONEL BARRYMORE
CALINE McMAHON
25¢ to 5:30 — NIGHTS $1.10-$2.20

NATIONAL — AMERICAN GUILD THEATRE
Nights at 8:30, 55c to $2.75. Wed. & Sat. Mats. at 2:30, 55c to $2.20.
THE THEATER GUILD
IN ASSOCIATION WITH
LEE EPHRIAM Presents
CALL IT A DAY
By DODIE SMITH with
PHILIP MERIVALE
GLADYS COOPER

TODAY AT 4:30
BURTON HOLMES
WEST COAST
SOUTH AMERICA
Orch., $1.10; Bal., 55c; 2nd Bal., 55c

Next Week Beg. Mon. Seats Thurs.
CORNELIA OTIS SKINNER
in
Mon., Tues., Sat. Nite—Wed. & Sat. Mat.
"MANSION ON THE HUDSON"
Wed. & Thur. Nite,
"THE WIVES OF HENRY VIII."
Friday Nite
"THE LOVE OF CHARLES II."
Nights, 55c to $2.75. Wed., Mat., 55c to $1.65. Sat. Mat., 55c to $2.20

OLD GOLD
Diamonds, Platinum, Old Jewelry, Silver, Curios, Etc.
Bought for Cash
Arthur Markel
918 F St. N.W. NA. 6354. Suite 210-11.

The Serene Confidence of the 8th WOMAN

How many readers are regular martyrs to pain, month after month, envious of those women who go serenely through their time? You probably know at least one woman who is never at a disadvantage, never breaks engagements, never declines dances (unless she wants to!) and whose spirits never seem to droop.

She is likely that eighth woman who relies on Midol. Eight million women once suffered regularly every month. Had difficult days when they must save themselves, and favor themselves, or pay the penalty. But a million have accepted the relief of Midol.

Are you compelled to favor yourself and save yourself, certain days of every month? Midol could change this. Might have you out dancing. And even if it didn't keep you absolutely free from all pain for the entire period, you would receive a measure of relief well worth while!

Midol is effective even when the pain has caught you unaware and has reached its height. It's effective for hours, so two tablets should see you through your worst day. They do *not* contain any narcotic.

AMUSEMENTS.

Constitution Hall, 18th & C
Next Sun. Aft., 4:00
THE VIENNA BOYS' CHOIR
Seats: $3c-$2.20
Mrs. Dorer's, 1300 G

LITTLE THEATRE — WE BRING BACK THE BIG ONES — 9th St., NORTH OF F — ADDITION NEARING END
"HELD OVER!"
"VICTOR McLAGLEN"
in
"THE INFORMER"
The Best Picture of 1935.

RKO KEITH'S 15TH AT G — A WASHINGTON INSTITUTION
2ND WEEK . . . !
IRENE DUNNE
& ROBERT TAYLOR in
MAGNIFICENT OBSESSION
CHARLES BUTTERWORTH • BETTY FURNESS
HENRY ARMETTA
Coming: FRANK "BACK AGAIN ALIVE" BUCK'S "FANG and CLAW"

CONSTITUTION HALL
The National Opera
Presents
Two Grand Operas
Tuesday Eve., Jan. 21, at 8:15.
"LAKME"
By Delibes.
Brilliant Star Cast: Bidu Sayao, "Brazilian Nightingale," Opera Comique, Paris; Armand Tokatyan, Metropolitan tenor; Edouard Albion, nationally known baritone, and others; Ballet St. Denis Ballet. Orchestra of 45. Eugene Fuerst, Conductor; Enrica Clay Dillon, Director of the Stage.
Prices, $1, $2 and $3. Tax exempt.
Special Matinee—Sat., Jan. 25, 2 p. m.
"HANSEL & GRETEL"
By Humperdinck.
All American Cast: John Guernsey, Cecile Sherman, Marion Seeds, Edith Piper, Selma Bojaland. Complete New York Production; Orchestra of 45. Eugene Fuerst, Conductor.
Prices, 50c, $1 and $2. Tax Exempt.
Box Office, Jelleff's, 1214 F st. Phone NAtl. 2438.

Warner Bros. EARLE
LAST 3 DAYS
BETTE DAVIS • FRANCHOT TONE
in Warner Bros.
DANGEROUS
— On Stage —
CROSS & DUNN • 12 Aristocrats and Other Acts
COMING FRIDAY
On Screen: HERBERT MARSHALL, JEAN ARTHUR, in Columbia's If You Could Only Cook
On Stage: MAJOR BOWES' Amateurs ON TOUR
ALL NEW UNIT—MOST RECENT NEW WINNERS.
2:15 to 11 P. M.

Warner Bros. METROPOLITAN
LAST 3 DAYS
CAPTAIN BLOOD
Warner Bros. Cosmopolitan Classic with
ERROL FLYNN ★ OLIVIA De HAVILLAND
Coming Friday:
HE'S BACK! FICTION'S FAVORITE ADVENTURER!
The LONE WOLF RETURNS
A Columbia Mystery Drama with
MELVYN DOUGLAS • GAIL PATRICK
TALA BIRELL
Mat. 25c—Eve. 25c & 40c

EDUCATIONAL.

Washington College of Law
Second Semester Begins
February 3
New Classes Both Day and Evening
2000 G St. N.W. MET. 4585

Accountancy
Pace Courses: B. C. S. and M. C. S. Degrees. C. P. A. Preparation. Day and Evening Classes: Coeducational.
Send for 29th Year Book.
BENJAMIN FRANKLIN UNIVERSITY
TRANSPORTATION BLDG. MET. 2515.

Strayer College
Announces the opening of the
MID-YEAR SEMESTER
MONDAY, FEBRU

Cox Trims Mehlhorn in Playoff to Win $3,000 Coast Tourney

Stars

Are All Heated Up Since Pay Lists Were Published.

By Jimmy Powers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 280.—Baseball players are all heated up since salary lists of corporation employes making $15,000 or more were published. Owners used to give fantastic figures to the press and then when envious men on the bench squawked the answer was "Oh, those are just Hollywood figures. Just good publicity, that's all." Now some stars have learned they sold themselves cheaply. Others have learned that clerks, bookkeepers and minor executives have reached the cash drawer first. The year Dizzy Dean was paid $7,500 and Ducky Medwick $5,500, Branch Rickey, vice president of the Cardinals, drew $50,000.

Bill Terry was paid $37,500, although most newspapers listed his salary at $35,000 . . . Billy Evans, former umpire, drew $17,500 for office work while Carl Hubbell received $17,500 for pitching the best ball in the league . . . Joe McCarthy and Ed Barrow, the two men who manage the Yanks, split $60,000 in '34 while Lou Gehrig received only $23,000. These accurate salaries failed to list our dear old Dodgers, who were represented to us as expensive entertainers well worth that $1.10 rap at the turnstile.

Because the New York U. basketball team humiliated North Carolina, Coach Mal Stevens fears reprisals when the Tarheel football team comes North next fall . . . Francis Wallace has sold another serial, "Kid Galahad" . . . Frank Menke's all-sports record book lists a new title, the Champion Skunk Catcher.

A DUCK HAWK flies 200 miles per hour. According to Frank, you can drop a duck off a 20-story building, wait until it passes the tenth floor, then release the hawk and he will spear Danny Duck before he reaches the curb!

Gunboat Smith, who fought Jack Dempsey twice, saved up $20 out of his salary as Wall Street runner. The Gunner decided to blow the wad Saturday night, so he proudly took his wife and daughter into Dempsey's tavern. Jack was busy or else he feared a touch; anyway, he failed to give the old Gunner a ripple. The annoyed former pug promptly deserted $18 worth of beefsteak, herded his party out the door and stalked down to a nightclub, where the remaining ten smackers were dissipated "on naked women."

Copyright, 1936, by the Chicago Tribune-New York News Syndicate, Inc.

Lentz Is Named To St. John's Sports Job

Special Dispatch to The Post.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 20.—Capt. Douglas L. Howard, U. S. N. (retired), dean of St. John's College, announced today that Valentine ("Dutch") Lentz would become head of athletics until July 1, when M. Talbott ("Tody") Riggs, athletic director, severs his connection with the college.

Capt. Howard, former Naval Academy football coach and athletic director, stated emphatically that no outsider would be brought in the athletic department to replace Riggs, cut loose as an "economy measure" by the college administration.

Lentz will hold the title of "head of athletics" and be head coach of football. John C. Donohue, recent addition to the coaching staff, will be head lacrosse coach and assistant to Lentz in both football and basketball.

There will be no director of athletics until after July 1, if then, Capt. Howard explained. He said that Lentz would take over all of Rigg's former duties. If the task is too burdensome, he added, some of the administrative work will be done in the main office.

This announcement gave rise to a rumor that after July 1, Capt. Howard will become director of athletics, serving in that capacity years ago at the Naval Academy with success.

Rinaldi Remains Ahead In Heurich Cup Series

Rinaldi Tailors averted being eliminated from their close race with Delaware & Hudson in the Heurich Cup series last night by eking out a 24-19 victory over Resettlement Administration in the Heurich gym.

Resettlement was off to a 14-6 lead after 16 minutes of play. Until that time the Tailors had been unable to score one field goal. However, six fouls kept the former Shoii Cafemen in the running.

Gene Augusterfer, former C. U. ace, provided the turning point of the game. He was charged with fouling Ollie Tipton, Rinaldi guard, who immediately sank both free tosses to put the Rinaldis on even terms, 15-15. After that the Tailors went ahead and were never headed.

Tailors.	G	FG	P	Resettlement.	G	FG	P
Lucas, lf.		2	0	4 Howell, lf.		2	5	9
Walker, rf.		0	2	2 Augusterfer, rf		1	1	3
Frye, rf.		0	0	0 Freeman, c.		2	1	5
Noonan, c.		1	6	8 Sothron, c.		0	0	0
Tipton, lg.		3	2	8 Cleary, lg.		0	1	1
Keyser, rg.		0	2	2 Rosenfield, lg		0	1	1
				Pucha, rg.		0	0	0
Totals.		5	12	24	Totals.		5	9	19

Girls' Court Games.

The schedule for tonight's games in the Girls Community Center League follows:

7:30 p. m. at Langley—Lelands vs. Sherwood.

8 p. m.—National City vs. Jewish Community Center.

9 p. m.—United Typewriter vs. Agriculture.

Basketball Scores.

Geo. Washington, 43; Emory-Henry, 27.
Michigan, 31; Iowa, 27.
Notre Dame, 46; Syracuse, 43.
Indiana, 28; Wisconsin, 14.
Minnesota, 39; Northwestern, 29.
Dickinson Teachers, 37; Bellinsgo Pursuit, 36.
Kansas, 45; Nebraska, 23.
Alma College, 28; Hillsdale College, 21.
Rice, 42; Southern Methodist, 26.
Texas A. & M., 58; Texas Christian, 19.
Pittsburg Teachers, 49; Emporia Teachers, 26.
Morningside, 31; Bethany, 18.

To Appear Here

JIMMY CARAS, former Washington youth, who will display his skill at pocket billiards at Woodward & Lothrop's Friday afternoon.

Tilden Spurns 'Farewell' in Boston

Says He Will Not Retire, So Luncheon Becomes 'Fare-Thee-Well.'

By the Associated Press

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—Some well-meaning friends tried to tender Big Bill Tilden a farewell luncheon today, but when the lanky veteran refused to say good-by to his Boston public they hastily toned the title down to "fare-thee-well."

The last active figure of the Nation's golden era of sports, who will be 43 next month, was a bit abashed when he arrived here yesterday and was informed he was down to sing a swan song over his competitive career.

"Why," he demanded, "should anyone think that I am going to retire? I realize that some critics describe me as decrepit, but I intend to continue in professional tennis as long as I retain the competitive urge, even if I have to be rolled on the court in a wheel chair."

After hearing those few but positive words, the luncheon committee, to keep the records clear, inserted the pair of hypheas and a "thee" in their event, which was graced by such outstanding amateur tennisers as Mrs. George W. Wightman, Mrs. Marjorie Morrill Painter and Irving C. Wright, the Longwood Cricket Club's new president.

And Tilden, instead of saying his farewells, devoted most of his remarks to a tribute to Mrs. Wightman, who won more national championships than any other woman in tennis.

"Only a great champion like Mrs. Wightman," Tilden said, "could have accomplished what she has done in furtherance of tennis progress. She has done more to promote interest in the game and has developed more first-rate players than any other person in history."

Brady Calls Louis Better Than Corbett

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Joe Louis, the Brown Bomber of Detroit, could lick Gentleman Jim Corbett at his prime, but he might have trouble with Jim Jeffries, William A. Brady, the theatrical producer and one time manager of both former champions, said here today.

"Louis is the greatest fighter of the age," opined Brady. "He can beat any one that's known today. Corbett didn't have a punch that could feaze Joe, and the colored boy could take him. But against Jeffries—well, that would be a real scrap. Jeffries would give him an argument."

Thil Retains Ring Crown After Foul

Brouillard Disqualified in Fourth Round for His Low Blow.

Fans Boo Decision, Try to Mob Ring, but Are Halted by Police.

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Lou Brouillard's bid for the world middleweight boxing championship failed tonight when the Worcester (Mass.) veteran was disqualified in the fourth round of his scheduled 15-round bout with Marcel Thil, of France, generally recognized as king of the division.

Brouillard, former holder of the welterweight crown and one-time claimant of a share in the middleweight title, was warned twice in the third round for butting with his head. In the fourth he floored the Frenchman with another low punch and the referee immediately awarded the fight to Thil. The champion had a slight advantage in the weights, tipping the scales at 158¾ pounds, as against 154¼ by Brouillard.

40,000 See Bout.

The 40,000 spectators, many of whom were from other European countries, booed the decision, while some tried to mob the ring. They were held in check by police, however. Brouillard at first refused to leave the ring. He backed the referee into a corner and argued against the decision, but finally, after challenging Thil for a return bout, he retired.

There was plenty of action before the fight suddenly ended. Brouillard took the offensive at the start and in the first round frequently drove Thil against the ropes, where he peppered the Frenchman with rights and lefts.

Thil Bounced Back.

Thil bounced right back in the second round and took the play away from the American. He chased Brouillard around the ring, jolting him with savage left hooks. For the most part, the challenger was on the defensive, trying desperately to ward off Thil's two-fisted attack.

Before Brouillard received his two warnings in the third, Thil again drove the American to the ropes. The fourth round was only a minute old when Brouillard let loose another low blow, sending Thil to the mat. The referee then stepped in and ended the fight, while Thil's seconds rushed in and carried the champion from the ring.

4 Dribbling Stars On Carnegie Team

Four of the Eastern Conference's fastest dribblers, all members of the Carnegie Tech quintet, will display their wares in Washington Friday night when the Plaid stacks up against Georgetown at Tech High School.

Needing a victory over the Hoyas to maintain its uncertain grasp on the league leadership, Carnegie will have its full strength available for the fray and is fully prepared for 40 minutes of real basket ball. Carnegie lost its opening conference game to West Virginia by a 5-point margin, but later whipped Temple and Pittsburgh to get back in the running.

Lou Fitzwilson, 6 foot, 5-inch center; Bernie Greenberg, "Hoot" Gibson and Lou Jagnow are the Plaid's quartet of stars who are expected to twinkle brightly against the sophomoric Hilltoppers. Jagnow did not play last year because of an injured knee, but was good enough to win a berth on the All-Conference team two years ago.

California May Buy Athletes Insurance

Berkeley, Calif., Jan. 20 (AP).—Accident insurance for athletes is being considered by the University of California.

W. W. Monahan, graduate manager of athletics, said today a broker had been engaged to investigate. If rates are not prohibitive, it is likely to be adopted, he said.

Maryland Boxers' Chances In Tourney Considered Poor

By Bill McCormick.

THE University of Maryland boxing brigade, dark horse entry in last year's Southern Conference championship tournament, probably will surprise this year by its poor showing in the annual fisticuffing fiesta in Charlottesville. Of course, with a coach of the caliber of Jack Harmony at the helm, it is entirely possible that the Old Liners will be whipped into a winning combination by the time the supreme test comes, but by his own admission Harmony does not feel too optimistic over the prospects.

Ivan Nedomatsky, always a certain winner in the lightweight class last season, has graduated to the 155-pound division—and looks like anything but a certain winner at that weight. In other classes Maryland is good, but probably not good enough to take conference championships except in the 125-pound division, in which Tom Birmingham has shown marked improvement.

Shegogue Just Fair.

Ed Shegogue, the Old Liners' 115-pound hope, is just fair at the present writing, but may improve with more seasoning. He has one glaring fault that probably never can be overcome—he becomes badly flustered when the fight is carried to him. Right now, he does fairly well when allowed to set the pace. He jabs nicely and likes to shoot for the body, a rare liking in a college boxer. Sometimes he leads to the body with a left a la Tiger Flowers.

Defensively Shegogue is very week, becoming flabbergasted as he does when rushed and being a sucker for a right to the head. At this stage of the game, Shegogue's timing is very poor, particularly with an overhand right to the head, upon which he places much dependence. These faults perhaps will iron themselves out as the season progresses.

Educated Left Hook.

In the 125-pound division, Maryland is particularly strong as long as Tom Birmingham continues to wield the mittens in that class. Like Shegogue, Tom also jabs to the body and he has perfected a highly educated left hook which speaks with much authority. He is a heavier hitter than most featherweights and wallops effectively enough with a right to lay out all but the most hardy college 125-pounders.

Mortimer Schwartz has fallen heir to the 135-pound berth left vacant when Ivan Nedomatsky began to become portly. Mortimer is the type of college boxer who probably will lose the majority of his bouts, but will remain a constant threat as long as he is right side up.

Schwartz has little to give, but takes plenty and is most dangerous in rough-and-tumble exchanges in which all science is discarded. He loves to stand toe to toe and trade

Continued on Page 18, Column 7.

Furr in a Guarded Moment

Noting Steve Halaiko's cocked left hand, the embattled Phil Furr holds his right high and backs away from the battle last night at Turner's Arena where he won a muchly-booed decision over the New Yorker.

This Morning . . .

With Shirley Povich

THE thought occurs to me that Stanley Raymond (Bucky) Harris has been very kindly dealt with by the local baseball writing gentry. Unless memory fails not a single typewriter key has been struck in derogation of or complaint against the Nats' manager since that November afternoon in 1934 when he reassumed the management of the Nats after seven years spent at Detroit and Boston.

POVICH.

The man was fair game for every second-guessing or hypercritical sportswriter and every disgruntled fan from the moment Clark Griffith appointed him to succeed Joe Cronin. Yet during a dismal season that saw the Nats narrowly escape the cellar and at no time figure as a serious pennant contender, the man miraculously escaped criticism. His ball team was ridiculed, his pitchers called the joke of the league, the old gag about "Washington—first in war, first in peace and last in the American League" was resurrected times without number, yet not a word against Harris, personally, found its way into type.

I doubt if this seemingly charmed life that Harris boasted throughout the disappointing season of 1935 is any reflection on Washington baseball writers as a class. Believe me, the temptation of a sports writer to throw the hooks into a gent, particularly a ne'er-do-well baseball manager, is plenty strong.

It always makes better reading when a fellow is heaping criticism and abuse on a baseball manager. A great percentage of the fans, particularly in a city where the team is hopelessly out of the race, is ready to believe the worst about a manager and thus the writer's audience is not only large but sympathetic. And another thing: It's always easier to crack down on a guy than it is to type praiseworthy pieces. Laudatory stuff runs the danger of reading like platitudes, but the field is greater if you're looking for a dirty crack.

NOW, then, wherefore all this seeming immunity to criticism that Harris has enjoyed? The guy made mistakes. His judgment, especially in appraising young talent, has been screwy at times. His appearances on the field were confined to squawks against umpires, usually. There was no apparent infusion of his own fire and dash into his ball club. He developed only one good rookie ball player—Jake Powell. His team was hopelessly beaten almost from the second month of the pennant race. Verily, his was a charmed life.

But it's hard to get sore at a guy like Harris. I don't mean that he's hail-fellow-well-met, or that the milk of human kindness is rampant in his veins. And it couldn't have been in sympathy, either, that the baseball scriveners laid off him. Why, the guy makes twice as much dough as any of the city's baseball-writing fraternity. What, then, explains this seemingly great bond of friendship and the apparent refusal of the writers to "bear down?"

I dunno, 'cept that you don't know Bucky long before you admire him. The fame and fortune of 1924-25 that went to his head he has dissipated in driblets. He accepts philosophically the fact that the $10,000 he draws now as manager of the Nats is $23,000 less than he drew each year for three years while at the peak of his popularity here. He tosses the comparison off with a laugh and lets you know that the important business at hand is winning ball games.

You can't hate a guy like Bucky. He's tough. He asks of his ball players very little that he couldn't do himself when he was in harness. He insists that they play the game up to the hilt, even as he played it oftimes with a body wracked with pain. If you ever knew Bucky, you know of the physical courage of the man. If you ever saw him play back in the 20s you saw a swell second baseman with little grace, little form, but still a swell second baseman wholly self-made, whose determination overcame his lack of natural ability.

THIS strange toleration and affection of the city's baseball writers for Harris is comparatively new. Bucky, you remember, left Washington at the end of the 1928 season under something of a cloud and in ill-repute as a manager. Press and public alike counted his departure as no loss. The team had been without a pennant for three years, Harris had outworn his popularity and what passed for social aspirations was being resented.

How, then, this seeming readiness to excuse him now for the Washington team's failures of 1935 which are far more dismal than in any year duirng his former regime here? Well, by no stretch of logic could the Nats' sixth-place finish be blamed upon Bucky. The team that he took over from Joe Cronin was a seventh-place ball club. Harris was powerless to do better. He couldn't pitch for his pitchers and he couldn't run the bases for his hitters. He could only send 'em out there with a prayer attached, his team being what it was.

And there was one more item. Harris' presence here as manager probably impressed we guys by the sheer contrast to the rah-rah, Boy Scout spirit of Joe Cronin, the Pollyanna kid. To Harris, every ball player was not a great guy. He didn't hesitate to call a spade a spade, a bum a bum. And he was always willing to take the rap. He is a guy who would say "——And you can print that." He played ball—with us.

Landis Quits Hospital Following Operation

Chicago, Jan. 20 (AP).—Kenesaw Mountain Landis, commissioner of baseball, today was released from a hospital after 10 days' confinement due to a minor operation to relieve a bronchial ailment.

The 69-year-old former Federal judge plans to leave within a week for the South to recuperate.

Bergman Is Confined To Home With Grippe

Dutch Bergman, Catholic University's director of athletics, is confined to his home with an attack of grippe and probably will not return to his desk for at least a week.

Bergman was at the university and complained of feeling ill, but carried out routine duties before leaving.

Halaiko Bows To Furr as Fans Boo

Split Verdict Greeted by 10-Minute Chorus of Derision.

Occasional Hard Blows By D. C. Champion Win Decision.

By Bill McCormick.

PHIL FURR, District welterweight champion, was awarded a split decision over Steve Halaiko, of New York, in the 10-round main event at Turner's Arena last night, the likes of which never before had been witnessed here.

The fight itself set a new high in the punchbowl which has seen some of the most hectic action in the East. For ten rounds Halaiko outpunched Furr, 3 to 1, but one of the District lad's wallops spoke with so much authority it completely nullified four or more of Steve's on The Post scoresheet.

At the finish, Judge Bob Eller voted Halaiko the winner as Judge O. U. Singer and Referee Eddie LaFond balloted for Furr. Then broke the storm. Almost all of the near-capacity crowd remained on the site to boo the decision and cheer Steve and his handler, Ray Arcel, as he begged District Boxing Commissioner Kenneth Parkinson to reverse the official award.

To Be Rematched.

Parkinson refused, but so high was the feeling that Matchmaker Goldie Ahearn immediately rematched the pair to meet at the Arena February 10, with Furr posting a forfeit to make the weight limit, which all seemed to think played an important part in last night's contest.

Halaiko entered the ring outweighed 9½ pounds by Furr, who tipped the beam at 149. Furr, who had signed articles to make 147 pounds, appeared at the official testing of tonnages recording 150 pounds, but was made to drop 1 pound by Arcel. Rather than withdraw his boy from the bout, Arcel agreed to let him fight Furr at 149 rather than ruin the show.

Once the bout began, Furr did all right as long as he forgot to try to box with the cagy, experienced New York beak-biffer and contented himself with slugging. When he tried to box—as he did too often—Furr found himself impaled on a sizzling left jab from bell to bell, but when he waded in to swap swats, the District 147-pound hope won decisively, rocking Steve from stem to stern with crashing rights and lefts.

The bout tally gave Furr five rounds—the first, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth and Halaiko the remainder. By points, The Post scoresheet showed Furr 46½ points and Halaiko 44½.

After the bout the customers not only remained in the arena to boo, but lined up outside the dressing room to greet Furr or Halaiko, as their choices went, as they departed the arena.

Cary Wright, of Washington, took a six-round decision over George Essrick, Baltimore welterweight, in the semi-final.

Manley K. O.'s Fisher.

Roy Manley, Washington welterweight, scored a first-round knockout over Bud Fisher, of Brooklyn, in a preliminary scheduled for six rounds.

Manley set Fisher down for a full count with a left hook to the jaw. The count was finished at the end of 2 minutes 15 seconds of the round.

Sam B. Acala, Baltimore welterweight, outpunched Chief Wilson, Cherokee North Carolina Indian, to win a split decision in a fast and furious four-rounder.

In the four-round opener Jesse James, of Washington, took a close decision from Billy Lancaster, Wilmington, Del., lightweight.

Pay Boosted, Hubbell Signs Giant Contract

New York, Jan. 20 (AP).—The signed contract of Pitcher Carl Hubbell was received at the New York Giants' offices here today, giving the elongated southpaw from Meeker, Okla., the distinction of being the first Giant to autograph his 1936 papers.

Wins Playoff

Post Staff Photo.
WIFFY COX.

Kiesel Is Star As Colonials Win, 43-27

Center, Along With Goldfaden, Rakes Wasps' Defense Easily.

THE elongated frame of Hal Kiesel, towering Colonial center, meant the difference between victory and defeat last night as George Washington hung up its seventh consecutive victory, a 43-27 triumph over Emory-Henry.

Whereas Ben Goldfaden, with 17 points, and Tommy O'Brien, with 11, figured more prominently in the scoring lists, it was Kiesel's control of the tap-off and his excellent work in retrieving the ball under the backboard that ultimately turned the tide in his team's favor.

Emory presented a well-coached and sharp-shooting team that for a brief period in the first half maintained a 1-point lead over the downtown school, but, with George Washington in control of the sphere over the greater portion of time its scoring opportunities were extremely limited.

George Washington led at the half, 24-13, thanks to a prolonged outburst of scoring, Goldfaden leading the attack. Emory scored but 1 point, that on a foul, as the Colonials came from behind a 12-9 disadvantage to gain the upper hand at the intermission. The visitors never seriously threatened in the final half.

Geo. Wash.	G	FG	P	Emory-Henry.	G	FG	P
Goldfaden, lf	7	3	17	Fulk, lf.	2	1	5
Sakun, lf.	0	0	0	Garnard, rf.	1	0	2
O'Brien, rf.	5	1	11	Akre, rf.	0	0	0
Kusel, c.	3	1	7	Tyrdell, c.	4	0	8
Frielicher, lg	1	0	2	Fielder, lg.	4	2	10
Schonfeld, lg	1	0	2	Countiss, rg.	0	1	1
Leemans, rg.	2	0	4				
Totals.	19	5	43	Totals.	11	5	27

Lloyd Waner, Ill, Is Nearing Crisis

Pirates' Slugging Star in Critical Condition.

By the Associated Press.

Oklahoma City, Jan. 20.—Lloyd Waner, slugging outfielder of the Pittsburgh Pirates, was critically ill of pneumonia at his home here tonight.

His condition was described tonight as "very good, considering the nature of the illness."

Dr. Leonard C. Williams said he was pleased with Waner's progress and there was no immediate danger.

A crisis is not expected now until some time tomorrow or tomorrow night. There was "no cause for alarm tonight," Dr. Williams siad.

His announcement was made after a visit to his patient late tonight. Previously the condition of the baseball player has been described as critical.

Waner became ill two days ago with influenza and pneumonia developed.

Members of his family said this is the first serious illness for the 29-year-old star since 1930, when his appendix was removed.

Relatives said they were hopeful that improvement in Waner's condition would not make necessary the summoning of his older brother, Paul, also a Pittsburgh Pirate outfielder, from Sarasota, Fla.

Scribes Vote Mr. Zaharias As Successor to O'Mahony

By Jack Diamond.

Copyright, 1936, by the United Press.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—George (Cry Baby) Zaharias, the pouting pachyderm with the happy faculty of making the wrestling customers hate him before he launches some of his quaint routines, has been voted the new heavyweight grappling champion of the world.

I trust Dr. Jacques Curley, mogul of all the matmen, will act accordingly when this matter reaches his attention.

Georgie, who already gloats in the distinction of being wrestling's "meanest man," won the heavyweight crown here the other night from the doctor's No. 1 bad boy, Danno O'Mahony.

The transfer took place at a round-table discussion of itinerant sports writers the night Joe Louis disposed of Charley Retzlaff in 85 seconds, thus leaving them with a goodly part of the evening still on their theoretically ink-stained hands.

They felt they certainly were entitled to a voice in the matter, particularly in view of the fact that Dr. Curley is known to be preparing to place Danno's moldly laurel wreath upon the brow of some other willing worker in the indsutry.

Such notables as Ernie Dusek, Ed Don George and even Man-Mountain Dean have been mentioned as likely candidates. Good men, yes, with many sterling qualities—but none of these won the unqualified approval of the assembled journalists.

It required only one ballot to declare Zaharias the new champion, aonther log was placed on the fire and a committee appointed to notify Dr. Curley of the vote.

I would like to be among the first to congratulate the weeping Greek from Cripple Creek, Colo., and predict that his reign as champion will be one in which he will make many new enemies among the mat fats, who have learned to hate him so well and even become accustomed to paying for the privilege.

Mr. Zaharias, 27 years old and christened Theodore Vetoyania, means to be mean and has practiced long at the art of making all the facial calisthenics of Frankenstein, Dracula and a red-faced subway guard packing another sardine on the Seventh avenue express.

His public relations counsel pictures him as the sort whose greatest pleasure is to lead blind persons out into the middle of a busy intersection choked by traffic and then to desert them there. Other advertised Zaharias delights include the snatching of bottles from the mouths of babies in their buggies and the smashing of them on the pavements.

George's mat career has been a long and profitable one, nurtured in a blasphemy of boos and Bronx cheers and embellished by his amazing repertoire of dirty tricks and his incredible assortment of whines, grunts, whinnyings and groans.

There is no reason to believe it will not flourish further now that he is voted champion.

Eagle 3 Aids In Victory of D. C. Pro

75-Yard Shot Holed Out on 13th Helps Him Register a 74.

Foe Is 3 Strokes Behind; Both Far Off Form on First Nine.

By the Associated Press

SACRAMENTO, Calif., Jan. 20.—Wiffy Cox, of Washington, D. C., sank an eagle three on the thirteenth green today, and defeated Bill Mehlhorn, Louisville, Ky., in a play-off for the $3,000 Sacramento Open golf championship.

Cox won the 18-hole play-off by three strokes, shooting a 74, two over par, and took first prize of $750. Mehlhorn collected second-place money of $450. They also divided about $300 in gallery receipts.

The two professionals, who tied for first place at 86 strokes in the regulation 72 holes of playing ending yesterday, fought a see-saw battle for 12 holes. Each ran into trouble repeatedly on the first nine, Cox taking a seven on one hole.

Holes Out Third Shot.

Coming to the 545-yard thirteenth, Cox led by a stroke. Mehlhorn got a good drive to the right of the fairway but Cox hooked his ball behind a tree. Mehlhorn found his ball in a bad lie and smothered his brassie. Cox played a hook shot into the open, 75 yards off the green.

Mehlhorn approached wide. Cox, taking a sand wedge, lifted the ball high over a trap. It hit about 10 feet from the pin and trickled in for an eagle.

Ending the match, Cox ran down a 25-foot putt on the par 3 eighteenth for deuce.

Out—				
Par	453	434	544	36
Mehlhorn	463	544	555	41
Cox	453	735	544	40
In—				
Par	544	543	443	36—72
Mehlhorn	535	543	443	36—77
Cox	544	334	542	34—74

Mehlhorn, who led the play for the first two days, missed putts today from as close as a foot away. He was out in 41, 5 over par, and back in 36.

Cox went out in 40 and came home in 2 under par, 34, experiencing but one bad hole, the fourth. There he took a 7, 3 over par.

The break put Mehlhorn a stroke ahead.

Evens Match on Fifth.

Cox evened the match at the fifth, when Mehlhorn's approach was too strong and he took a bogey 4. Cox putted badly at the sixth, but Mehlhorn took bogey 5s on eight and nine, missing putts of 3 and 1 feet, and dropping a stroke behind.

Mehlhorn got his only birdie at No. 11, sinking an 8-foot putt, and the match was square. But he putted too strongly on the next hole and got another bogey 5, falling a stroke behind again. Cox followed with his eagle. Mehlhorn getting a par 5.

They halved the next two holes in par, Cox lost a stroke at the sixteenth, where he 3-putted for a bogey 5, and halved the seventeenth in par. Cox's birdie at the short eighteenth put him three strokes in front.

The tournament was a triumph for Golfdom's "Old Guard," Mehlhorn and Cox having been prominent in national golf circles for the last 15 years.

Cox came from behind yesterday to tie Mehlhorn, leader for the first 36 holes, with a 72-hole total of 286, two under par, for one of the most difficult courses on the Pacific Coast.

Radio Stations Hit In Drive of Majors

By the Associated Press.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—A vigorous campaign to stamp out unauthorized dissemination of accounts of baseball games from major league parks has been started, President Will Harridge of the American League said today.

Details of the drive, aimed at radio stations which have followed the practice of "pirating" play-by-play accounts of games, include a decision by major league clubs to have printed on the back of every ticket a paragraph advising the holder that admittance to the park does not include the privilege of sending out accounts of a game. Detection will mean immediate dismissal from the park.

Clubs which do not permit broadcasting of accounts of games and those which charge for broadcasting privileges are behind the campaign. Baseball writers will be pledged not to send out accounts of games except to their own newspapers.

Authorized Service
Harrison Radiators
CREEL BROTHERS
1811 14th St. N.W. DEcatur 4220

More Miles With Safety
TIRES
REGROOVED
While You Wait
POTOMAC TIRE CO.
28th and M Sts. N.W.
DEcatur 0780

Rollfast Bicycles
SIDEWALK BIKES, VELOCIPEDS and ROLLER SKATES
Other good wheels. Wheel goods repaired. Your old wheel taken as part payment on a new wheel.
Hamilton Bicycle & Sporting Goods Co.
424 Ninth St. N.W.

Bellum Outlasts Col. Greene to Take Handicap at Hialeah

Gelding Given Good Ride By Stout

Cold Snap Brings Crowd From Beaches; Double Is Worth $41.20.

By Walter Haight,

A Staff Correspondent.

HIALEAH RACE TRACK, Jan. 20.—Bellum, a 4-year-old son of Pompey which did not graduate from the maiden ranks until the recent Tropical Park meeting, scored the second victory of his career today in the running of the Arcadia Claiming Handicap, feature of the Monday program. A length and a half in advance of Col. Greene, Bellum was a driving winner under the skillful handling of Jimmy Stout, leading rider of the meeting. Col. Greene, strongly backed along with Reservist, his stablemate, had his hands full to take the place money by a head from a game-closing Blackbirder.

Bellum, the property of the Wheatley Stable, was the medium of some concerted play in the "tote" and marched postward a luke-warm to pay a $6.30 mutuel after running the mile in 1:37 2-5.

Cool Weather Helps.

"Most unseasonable" weather helped swell the crowd to 10,000. It was cold enough for vests and topcoats and many who had planned to visit the beaches shifted their attention to the track.

Jockey Stout sent Bellum away in the first flight in the feature race and, following a little early hustling, the colt went to the front. Along the backstretch, Wacoche began to wilter and Bellum again took the lead. Col. Greene, now virtually teamed with Blackbirder, made a game but futile effort to displace Bellum. Five horses in the field of nine failed to make a move during the contest.

The daily double brought a return of $41.20 with Fitkin, a member of the West-Haughton entry, and Broad Meadows filling the necessary positions.

Hialeah Park Entries.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST RACE—Seven furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward, maidens.

No.	P.P.	Horse and Jockey.	Wt.	Odds.
6	1	Fractious (Rosen)	106	30-1
2	2	Double Finesse (Renick)	106	6-1
8	3	Close Call (Kacala)	116	4-1
9	4	A. O'Connell (C.Hanford)	102	10-1
10	5	*Wiggle In (Anderson)	101	3-1
11	6	Lady Grandace (Kopel)	101	20-1
12	7	*Finisher (Fallon)	97	Coupled
1	8	Red Spark (Stout)	104	20-1
2	9	*West Day (Coffman)	101	30-1
3	10	Count Me (Litzenberger)	106	6-1
4	11	Peerless Pal (K. Watson)	106	15-1
12		Panic (G. Wright)	99	10-1

SECOND RACE—Nursery course (about 3 furlongs); purse, $800; allowances; for 2-year-olds.

11	1	Fair Gem (Arcaro)	110	15-1
12	2	Mauritius (Stout)	113	20-1
2	3	†Pathos (Malley)	110	10-1
14	4	Happy Road (Gilbert)	118	4-1
3	5	Aftermath (Wright)	113	8-1
13	6	Fly Play (Thurber)	110	10-1
1	7	Moss Gal (Litzenberger)	110	3-1
4	8	Hi-Lad (Porter)	113	20-1
9	9	Peggy Porter (S. Renick)	110	20-1
6	10	Brush Handle (R.Watson)	113	10-1
7	11	‡Proph (J. Renick)	113	10-1
10	12	‡Threems (Hunter)	113	10-1
9	13	Montana (Wall)	114	4-1
14		Rockabye Babe (Steffen)	110	4-1

†R. L. Gerry entry.
‡J. W. Parrish entry.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

6	1	*Lady Hock'ger (Phillips)	105	6-1
7	2	Pinluck (Bethel)	115	30-1
5	3	*Surcouf (Fallon)	108	5-1
9	4	*Merovech (Jackson)	115	6-1
10	5	Wedding Ring (J. Renick)	115	6-1
11	6	Scotch Pepper (Wright)	115	8-1
12	7	Fred Almy (M. Garner)	115	10-1
8	8	John P. W. (Merritt)	101	15-1
4	9	*Pryor (Wimmer)	110	20-1
3	10	Airatrix (Dabson)	108	20-1
11	11	Hunt B. (Gaynor)	106	4-1
1	12	Brother Newt (Maschek)	106	20-1

FOURTH RACE—One mile; purse, $1,100; allowances; for 3-year-olds colts and geldings.

6	1	The Hare (Meade)	107	6-1
4	2	Sunanair (Rosen)	112	6-1
3	3	*Play Chance (Fallon)	107	6-1
7	4	Reaping (Wright)	115	4-1
1	5	Sonsmaker (Laidley)	112	6-1
2	6	Captain Jinks (Gilbert)	110	3-1
5	7	Gallant Gay (Stout)	110	3-1

SIXTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $1,000; claiming; for 3-year-olds.

6	1	Genesis (Wright)	112	5-2
7	2	Aura (Merritt)	98	6-1
8	3	Emer J. (J. Renick)	101	12-1
1	4	Muscle In (S. Renick)	106	6-1
2	5	Krona (Stout)	112	5-1
3	6	Bombastic (Litzenberger)	104	8-1
4	7	Indiana Flyer (Scabo)	106	8-1
5	8	Sweet Susan (Maschek)	101	15-1

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-quarter miles; purse, $1,000; claiming; for 4-year-olds.

6	1	*Lawmaker (T. Hanford)	104	8-1
7	2	Top High (Stout)	112	4-1
5	3	Fusco (Fasseo)	117	4-1
1	4	Mt. Hood (Wall)	112	6-1
2	5	Seawick (Litzenberger)	104	4-1
3	6	*Homework (Kastner)	109	3-1
4	7	Tribunal (S. Renick)	109	12-1

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Santa Anita Entries.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST RACE—Seven furlongs; purse, $1,000; for 3-year-olds and upward; maidens. California foaled.

1	Evelyn Louise	108	7 That Stuff 113
2	Uncle Gus	100	8 Artful Shot 100
3	Woodhill	113	9 Bawtry 95
4	Desert Knight	113	10 I the Kid 113
5	Willadie	113	11 Tomlin 100
6	Laurian	100	12 Capable 95

SECOND RACE—Three furlongs; purse, $800; for 2-year-old maiden fillies.

1	Brass Bottle	115	8 Tonta 115
2	Star Singer	115	9 Radnor 115
3	Bugle Ann	115	10 Miss Balk 115
4	Mud Fence	115	11 Not Asleep 115
5	Lady Valorous	115	12 Time Me 115
6	Bonluna	115	13 Patty Cake 115
7	Harp o' Gold	115	14 Lady Lakeside 115

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; allowances; grade C; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1	Old Traveller	106	5 R. D. Powers 106
2	Faithful Maud	104	6 Uncle Less 118
3	Erin Lad	106	7 Cuyamaca 114
4	Bartering Kate	113	8 Chatter Queen 106

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; allowances; the San Pedro; for 3-year-olds.

1	Dusky Prince	109	4 Festoon 114
2	He Did	109	5 Harrocrate 103
3	Blue Train	112	6 Galsac 106

FIFTH RACE—One mile; purse, $1,000; claiming; for 3-year-olds.

2	Ophelia	109	6 Bold Courtier 107
3	Lady Roma	104	7 *Pret. Patricia 103
5	Natalie Alice	111	8 *Blind Blarney 104
6	*Jocks Image	97	9 Toro Prodigy 108
9	Georgia Miss	104	10 Gallienne 106

SIXTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $1,200; the Mount Wilson Handicap; grade A; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1	Prince Abbot	109	4 Cold Water 106
2	Ann o' Ruley	110	5 South Gallant 102
3	Mickeys Man	104	6 Black Gift 106

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $1,000; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	Hoosiers Pride	112	4 *Impeach 111
2	Dancing Lane	112	5 *Silver Sickle 101
3	*McCarthy	101	6 Dutch Uncle 111

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-quarter miles; purse, $1,000; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	El Cheevito	106	6 Eighth Pole 108
2	*Sweetman	107	7 *Texas Moon 96
3	*Rosemaid	100	8 Dormido 114
4	Chas. Clarke	103	9 *Nappus 103
5	*Len Helker	107	

NINTH RACE (Substitute)—One mile; purse, $1,000; allowances; grade E; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1	Distribute	111	7 Happy Hunter 109
2	Pepper Patch	95	8 Squeezer 109
3	Dear Fly	113	9 Onalark 109
4	Erebus	118	10 Revonah 111
5	Brilliant Duke	109	11 Estery Tommy 109
6	Loafer	115	12 Emigrants 98

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather, clear. Track, fast.

Chart of Hialeah Park Races

Monday, January 20, 1936.

(Copyright, 1936, by The Daily Racing Form, The Royal Press, Inc.)

WEATHER, CLEAR. TRACK, FAST.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $800; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 2:17. Off at 2:21. Winner, Mrs. Floyd West's b. g. (6), by Apex or Runantell—Dovetail. Trained by Edward Haughton. Value to winner, $600; second, $135; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:12 3-5.

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
FITKIN	112	5	2	1½	1h	1½	1½	1¼	Phillips	$12.30
FERVID	112	12	1	3h	2h	2½	2hd	2h	Porter	3.30
GENERAL A.	112	10	3	2h	3h	3½	3h	3h	Wall	1.80
PLAYFUL MARTHA	109	4	8	5½	5h	4h	4h	4h	Wright	20.90
BELLE CRIER	107	7	10	9h	9½	8h	8½	5h	Stafford	7
M. J. BRENNAN	115	6	7	8h	8h	9h	9hd	6h	Merritt	8.85
FIRST PIGEON	103	9	9	7h	6½	6h	6h	7h	Fallon	7.10
GALLOPING	99	1	5	4h	4h	5hd	5h	8h	Maschek	97.30
DOUBLE SWEEP	110	10	12	12	12	12	10h	9h	Pollard	284.70
TRANSPOSE	107	11	11	11h	11h	11h	11½	10h	Guymon	41.90
MISS CHICRO	107	8	6	6h	7h	10h	12	11h	Meade	22.50
CHICLE SHIP	110	3	9	10h	10h	12	12	12	Pascuma	187.95

†Mrs. F. West and Mrs. E. Haughton entry.

Two-dollar mutuels paid—FITKIN (entry), $8.70, $4.20, $2.60; FERVID, $5.10, $3.00; GENERAL A., $2.50.

FITKIN, going in his best form, assumed command in the opening furlong, met strong opposition from FERVID and outstayed the latter under a severe drive. FERVID, away nicely and a keen factor from the beginning, rallied nicely when put to a drive, but could not gain during the closing stages. GENERAL A., rated off pace until home stretch, moved up fast to join the leaders when coming to the outside and fought it out stoutly all during final issue.

SECOND RACE—Three furlongs. Purse, $800. For 2-year-old fillies; maidens. Start good. Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 2:48. Off at 2:50½. Winner, Mrs. W. A. Bridges' ch. f. (2), by Tell Timber—Naharanna. Trained by W. A. Bridges. Value to winner, $600; second, $125; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 0:37 3-5.

Horses	Wt.	Pots	Start	Stretch	Finish	Jockeys	Straight
GOLDEY F.	117	2	1h	1h	1nk	Litzenberger	$39.00
OWALLER	117	3	3	2h	2h	King	1.50
SOPHIA TUCKER	117	11	2	3h	3h	Rainey	2.10
LADY BRIAR	117	12	8	7h	4½	Gilbert	3.60
CLOUDS	117	8	7	4h	5h	Wall	117.80
STORY TIME	117	7	5	6½	6h	Stout	20.10
LOVELY DAY	117	5	6	5½	7h	Arcaro	71.40
DIVIDED SKIRT	117	9	10	9h	8h	Merritt	75.40
RELIANT	117	6	11	11½	9h	Hunter	11.40
SQUARE	117	4	9	8h	10h	Wright	11.90
QUEEN'S COLOR	117	10	9	10h	11½	Porter	103.10
GUMPTION	117	1	12	12	12	Meade	72.85

Two-dollar mutuels paid—GOLDEY F., $80.00, $29.40, $8.30; OWALLER, $4.60, $3.50; SOPHIA TUCKER, $2.90.

GOLDEY F., away nicely and hard ridden while showing good speed, bumped OWALLER nearing the furlong pole, responded willingly to severe pressure, and Litzenberger clearly outrode J. King when it came to the finish. OWALLER, away clear and having good speed, was straightened out quickly after being bumped in the opening furlong, but was weakly ridden all during the closing stages. SOPHIA TUCKER raced closest to the leaders, but could not make up any ground under strong urging.

THIRD RACE—Seven furlongs. Purse, $1,000; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 3:18. Off at 3:20½. Winner, Mrs. A. G. Tarn's br. g. (9), by Black Servant—Bit of White. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $700; second, $150; third, $100; fourth, $50. Time, 1:25 2-5.

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
BROAD MEADOWS	113	11	6	2nk	2½	2h	2½	1½	Longden	$4.70
JODA	105	10	2	1h	1h	1h	1h	2h	Jackson	25.20
PORTDEN	113	5	11	5½	5h	7nk	5h	3h	Litzenberger	4.70
HEROWIN	113	9	7	8½	6h	6½	6h	4h	May	14.85
BLIND BROOK	113	1	4	3½	3½	3½	3½	5h	Wright	9.85
L. B. WILSON	113	8	3	3½	4h	4½	4h	6h	Wholey	19.80
MISS PURRAY	105	7	5	6h	4½	4½	5h	7½	Stafford	2.90
AMERICAN PRINCE	113	4	9	9h	9h	9h	8h	8½	Garner	41.45
PARKDALE	109	2	10	11h	10h	8h	9h	9hd	Stout	12.90
BALIOS	113	3	8	10½	11½	11½	11½	10h	Seabo	49.15
CHATTERDOO	109	12	1	4h	5h	5½	10½	11½	Meade	190.50
MASKED REVUE	105	6	12	12	12	12	12	12	Coffman	75.80

Two-dollar mutuels paid—BROAD MEADOWS, $10.60, $5.80, $3.60; JODA, $17.40, $8.30; PORTDEN, $3.50.

BROAD MEADOWS, away in the first flight and forcing a steady pace while in pursuit of BLIND BROOK, rallied strongly when placed to punishment in the home stretch run and was up in the final sixteenth of a mile. JODA bettered her position readily on the outside, improved her position slightly, and was rallying strongly at the close. PORTDEN, slower than usual to gain his best stride, worked his way into contention steadily and finished stoutly approaching the finish.

FOURTH RACE—One mile. Purse, $1,200; claiming. Arcadia Handicap. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 4:20. Off at 4:27. Winner, Wheatley Stable's b. g. (4), by Pompey—Lady Belle. Trained by George C. Tappen. Value to winner, $850; second, $200; third, $100; fourth, $50. Time, 1:37 2-5.

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
BELLUM	108	8	3	1½	2½	1nk	1½	1¼	Stout	$2.15
COL. GREENE	101	1	2	3½	3½	2h	2h	2h	R.Watson	3.45
BLACKBIRDER	114	9	6	5½	4h	4½	4h	3h	Wright	5.70
WACOCHE	99	6	2	2h	1h	2½	3h	4½	Watson	3.50
WOODLANDER	100	7	4	4½	5h	5½	5h	5½	Kastner	8.50
CHANCE KING	105	5	7	6h	6h	6h	6h	6h	Stafford	44.55
RESERVIST	109	1	1	7½	8h	8h	8h	7h	Porter	7
APPRENTICE	112	3	8	8½	7h	7h	7h	8h	Litzenberger	15.35
CROSS RUFF	110	4	9	9	9	9	9	9	Pollard	69.80

†F. W. Woodman-W. W. Adams entry.

Two-dollar mutuels paid—BELLUM, $6.30, $3.50, $3.00; COL. GREENE (entry), $3.70, $2.70; BLACKBIRDER, $3.30.

BELLUM, given a mild breathing spell before reaching the final bend, shook off WACOCHE after seven furlongs, rallied nicely after being straightened into the home stretch and came out slowly nearing the end. COL. GREENE obtained racing room between horses to reach a forward position midway of the back stretch, responded readily for the closing drive and held on gamely. BLACKBIRDER, taken to the outside when making his run, came between horses when straightened into the home stretch and finished in determined fashion.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $1,000; allowances. For 3-year-olds. Start good. Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 4:20. Off at 4:27. Winner, Bert Blume's gr. g. (3), by Royal Canopy—Marion May. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $775; second, $175; third, $100; fourth, $50. Time, 1:12.

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
SILVER FLEECE	105	4	2	1h	2½	1h	1nk	1nk	I.Hanford	$1.85
GROG	108	11	1	2h	1½	2½	2h	2h	Hanford	5.50
TORITA	100	7	6	4h	3½	3½	3h	3½	Wall	4.75
LOLSCHEN	95	3	4	5nk	5½	4½	4h	4h	Fallon	9.60
IRISH TED	106	5	10	7½	7½	7½	7½	5½	Renick	93.35
BAR NOTHING	108	8	8	8½	8½	8h	8h	6h	Meade	69.10
TOM KATE	105	10	3	11½	11h	11h	11h	7h	Poole	70.15
GOOD OMEN	105	12	5	6½	6½	6½	6½	8½	Jackson	47.15
RAI HAI	108	2	9	10nk	10½	10½	9h	9h	Dabson	176.90
PIPES PAL	104	1	7	9½	9½	9½	10h	10h	Phillips	200.50
SOUTHERN WAY	108	8	11	11	11½	11½	11h	11h	Stout	3.70
OFFICE BOY	107	9	12	12	12	12	12	12	Wimmer	575.10

Two-dollar mutuels paid—SILVER FLEECE, $5.70, $4.00, $2.50; GROG, $6.80, $3.80; TORITA, $3.50.

SILVER FLEECE, kept under severe pressure after relinquishing command momentarily at the turn out of the back stretch, rallied nicely to join the pacemaker entering the home stretch, regained command in the closing furlong and withstood a tenacious drive to outlast GROG. Latter had much speed from the start, saved ground after taking the lead and fought it out with rare courage when forced to a hard drive. TORITA raced in the thick of contention in the early racing, lost some ground entering the home stretch when driving to the leaders, and held on determinedly.

SIXTH RACE—One mile. Purse, $800; claiming. For 3-year-olds. Start good. Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 5:03. Off at 5:05½. Winner, Mrs. Bert Sherman, A. G. Tarn's br. g. (6), by Nassak—Rhea. Trained by R. Price. Value to winner, $600; second, $125; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:39 4-5.

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
LUM JOY	113	2	1	8h	8h	3½	1h	1¼	Watson	$2.10
MAJOR GREENOCK	113	1	2	1h	1h	1h	2½	2h	Wright	4.30
CHRYSEIS	106	3	3	2h	2h	2h	3h	3nk	Phillips	12.15
LOLLIES	108	7	10	9nk	9½	8h	4½	4½	Watson	9.60
FEEDLING	111	6	7	10½	10½	9½	5½	6h	Porter	2.65
ENTREE	103	10	8	6½	6nk	5h	6h	7h	Renick	17.85
MASKED SMILE	105	8	9	11	11	11	9nk	7h	Jackson	501.35
JOHN TIO	110	11	11	3h	3nk	2h	7½	8½	Stout	19.75
EL HERO	110	9	5	4½	4½	4½	10h	10h	Wall	300.25
EXETER	108	4	3	1½	1½	1½	8h	10½	Litzenberger	22.25
EL CONTENTO	110	9	4	3½	2h	7½	11	11	Arcaro	26.65

Two-dollar mutuels paid—LUM JOY, $6.20, $3.50, $2.90; MAJOR GREENOCK, $4.40, $3.60; CHRYSEIS, $5.30.

LUM JOY, rated behind the leaders until settled into his best stride, went to the outside when engaging leaders nearing home stretch, opened up a winning lead midway of the home stretch, but had to be kept under strong pressure to stall off MAJOR GREENOCK. Latter, shuffled back soon after the break, bettered his position readily when in close quarters on full stride coming into stretch, was gaining rapidly at the close. CHRYSEIS, blocked midway of the final turn, came to the outside after recovering and finished with a rush.

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles. Purse, $1,000; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 5:25. Off at 5:27½. Winner, Paul P. Ratti's ch. c. (5), by Chance Shot—Ratti. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $700; second, $150; third, $100; fourth, $50. Time, 1:52.

Horses	Wt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
PASS SHOT	110	10	10	10	9h	8½	1½	1h	Meade	$5.35
JEZREEL	110	3	1	2½	2½	2½	2½	2h	Pollard	26.80
DANCING CLOUD	110	9	6	7h	6h	5½	3½	3¼	T.Hanford	3.15
SWEAR	113	8	5	8h	7h	7½	4½	4h	Stafford	3.05
NIGHT RAY	94	5	7	5½	5½	4½	5½	5½	Dunbar	98.55
CASABLANCA	115	6	8	4h	4½	3½	6½	6h	Gilbert	9.30
BOOCAP	105	2	1	9h	10h	10h	8h	7h	Jackson	8.00
GOLDPIN	108	5	9	6nk	8h	9h	9h	8h	Stout	51.10
PARTY	114	1	11	11½	11h	11h	7½	9h	Watson	9.65
PERIODICAL	112	3	3	3½	4h	2h	10h	10h	Garner	52.45

Two-dollar mutuels paid—PASS SHOT, $12.70, $8.10, $5.40; JEZREEL, $21.80, $7.00; DANCING CLOUD, $2.80.

PASS SHOT, slow to get going, gained rapidly in the last half-mile, moved to the front with a rush when straightened into the stretch, then drew out at the approaching the finish. JEZREEL, crowded back when leaving the back stretch, recovered when reaching the home stretch, came through between horses in last quarter-mile and finished gamely. DANCING CLOUD, taken off the pace, rallied nicely when shaken up and finished with excellent courage.

Alamo Downs Results.

By the Associated Press

FIRST — Six furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.

No More, 113 (Dudley)..... 3.60 3.30 2.90
Ficki, 106 (Copeland)..... 3.10 2.80
Aidas Pal, 113 (Crais)..... 14.40
Myrtle Brooks, *Moms Polly, Frank K., *Lileal, *Eva R., Golden Saint, Gold Sweep, Kinsie, Foolhardy also ran. Time, 1:12 3-5. *Field.

SECOND—Six furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.

Animate, 103 (Pierson)..... 9.90 4.90 3.10
Altena, 103 (Nolan)..... 8.60 4.30
Weedidit, 106 (Caperton)..... 2.80
Hard Boiled, Statecraft, Wanderoo, Golden Tip, *Googie, *Hicree, Moral Miss, Honey All also ran. Time, 1:12 4-5. *Field.

THIRD—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.

Transen, 103 (Caperton)..... 4.50 3.10 2.40
High Bottom, 108 (Dudley)..... 3.90 3.10
Heavy Sugar, 108 (Nolan)..... 3.50
March Line, Genevieve, Nopalosa Boy, *Meddling, *Uncle Tally, Baldy, Step In Time also ran. Time, 1:06 2-5. *Field.

FOURTH—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; 3-year-olds.

M'ked Clown, 107 (Calvert) 7.10 4.00 2.80
Adze W., 110 (Morgan)..... 4.00 3.10
Poly Royal, 100 (Caperton)..... 3.50
Autumn Leaves, Cycas, Miss Anthony, *Lord Coventry, Bungler, Tornillo, *Stanhill, Persian Step, *Perfect One also ran. Time, 1:06 3-5. *Field.

FIFTH—Six and one-half furlongs; purse, $700; the Castroville; allowances; 3-year-olds and upward.

Whirlking, 112 (Nolan)..... 4.30 3.30 2.90
Money Getter, 112 (Beck)..... 7.10 3.80
Salaam, 112 (Dudley)..... 2.50
Wise Will, Glynson also ran. Time, 1:17 2-5.

SIXTH—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $500; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.

Lasalle, 106 (Gonzales)..... 8.00 4.50 3.30
Sarsita, 109 (Allen)..... 7.10 5.60
Mardromel, 106 (Calvert)..... 6.20
Baby Wrack, Union, Black Hat, Northsails, Kins Pin, Ned O., Dunrock also ran. Time, 1:46 1-5.

SEVENTH—One mile; purse, $500; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.

Proposins, 108 (Pierson)..... 22.00 8.90 5.90
Tug o' War, 115 (Thornton)..... 4.10 2.90
My Miss, 107 (Scurlock)..... 11.60
Prince Heather, Caleb, Leonard Wilson also ran. Time, 1:38 4-5.

EIGHTH—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $500; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

Gay Dream, 98 (A. Morgan) 13.90 4.90 3.30
The Choctaw, 114 (L. Jones)..... 5.10 2.80
Monastic, 104 (R. Hightshoe)..... 3.20
Great Chance, Rayleen, Mary Peg, Valise and Annan also ran. Time, 1:44 2-5.

Racing Selections

Fair Grounds.

(For fast track.)

1—Stepsnit, Morning Cry, Pelawaka.
2—Wotan, Cold Scan, Jib Boom.
3—Preferred, Elihu, Vee Eight.
4—Skotchy, Elanac, Dilwin.
5—Hugus, Wilan, Hearthcake.
6—Redress, Gilbert Elston, Prewar.
7—Teeny Weeny, Canteron, Sporting Maude.
8—Scimitar, Simon, Saint.

Best bet—Hugus.

Alamo Downs.

(For fast track.)

1—Little Van, Thistle Kay, Instead.
2—Albert Beck, Valdina Entry, Canavia.
3—Don Alvardo, Brookside, Young John.
4—Elanbee, Apronette, Judge Schilling.
5—Overshoes, Capitalist, Lo.
6—Racketeer, Prince Tokalon, Owen.
7—Beau Bon, Mad Air, Dr. Jillson.
8—Free Advice, Damascene, Hurry Hawk.

Best bet—Overshoes.

—Louisville Times (A).

Santa ANITA.

(For fast track.)

1—Desert Knight, That Stuff, Capable.
2—Star Singer, Lady Valorous, Not Asleep.
3—Uncle Less, Barteriga Kate, Erin Lad.
4—Pestoon, Dusky Prince, He Did.
5—Bold Courtier, Lady Roma, Jock's Image.
6—Mickey's Man, South Gallant, Ann O'Ruley.
7—Center Lane, Hoosiers Pride, Impeach.
8—Sweetman, Eight Pole, Dormito.
9—Erebus, Loafer, Distribute.

Best bet—Pestoon.

—Louisville Times (A).

Santa Anita Results.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST—Three furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; 2-year-old maidens.

*Denbigh, 118 (Luther)..... 4.00 2.80 2.40
Speed Home, 118 (Burns)..... 4.20 4.00
Bon Mint, 113 (Stevenson)..... 10.00
Shasta Shark, Mortgage Pride, Red Tree, Presidio, Shasta Boy, Jaipur, Glory Gap, Sporting Green, Gretna, *Bon Boots, *Sky King also ran. Time, 0:35.

*Field.

SECOND—Mile and a sixteenth; purse, $1,000; claiming; 3-year-olds.

Quad, 111 (Brammer)..... 5.00 3.20 2.80
Georgann, 106 (McCormick)..... 4.40 3.60
Christine Adee, 100 (Snyder)..... 15.40
Polo Field, 116 (Linse, Blankenship)..... 94.40
Thea, Brilliant Son, Valerie Jean, Early Hour, Black Valley also ran.

THIRD—Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.

Linden T., 113 (McCormick) 7.00 3.60 2.20
Mah Grant, 106 (Stevenson)..... 3.40 2.60
Single Radan, 113 (J. Deering)..... 5.80
Bamboula, Amy Cooper, Joe Flores, Eugine Ariel, Ariel Tempest, Rubio, Jimmy Crack also ran. Time, 1:11 1-5.

THIRD—Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; maiden 3-year-olds and upward.

Happy R., 105 (Kurtsinger) 5.40 2.80 2.40
Wise Bird, 105 (Peters)..... 6.20 4.00
John Doe, 105 (Corona)..... 3.60
Palsano, Prince Pharoah, Garryvogne, Mary Flyer, Star Brogan, Tarbucket, Whee also ran. Time, 1:11 4-5.

FIFTH—Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

Sergeant Al, 118 (Mojena)..... 5.00 3.40 2.60
Miss Marlboro, 111 (Atkins)..... 9.00 5.40
Quick Vine, 111 (Manifold)..... 4.60
Vivolus, Blue Hour, Linnie Steinbuchel, John M. Kover, Starry Flag also ran. Time, 0:35 1-5.

SIXTH—Six furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.

For Romance, 111 (Man'd) 19.80 8.20 4.80
Greyman, 111 (Martin)..... 4.20 3.80
Whitewill, 115 (Morian)..... 3.40
Josie G., Isenberg, Disapproval, Herbar, Fairest Flag also ran. Time, 1:14.

SIXTH—One mile; purse, $500; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

Centennial, 104 (Chojen'ki) 8.60 4.00 3.40
*Defier, 109 (Miller)..... 6.20 4.20
Two Brooms, 106 (Vail)..... 4.40
Rapid Prince, Blue Hour, Cooper, Avaval, Rex Regent, *Beaver, Chiefs Troubadour, Wise Mona also ran. Time, 1:42 3-5. *Field.

SEVENTH—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $500; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.

Sainted, 114 (Smith)..... 20.20 8.60 4.00
Imperial Blondy, 104 (

Local Bankers Hold Annual Winter Meeting

R. V. Fleming Is Guest of Honor; P. H. Whaley Chief Speaker.

Several hundred bank officers and directors gathered in the main ballroom of the Raleigh Hotel last night at the midwinter session of the District of Columbia Bankers Association. The guest of honor, Robert V. Fleming, president of Riggs National Bank, who was recently elected president of the American Bankers Association, received the congratulations of the Washington bankers in an address by Henry H. McKee, president of the National Capital Bank, who stressed the extent and character of the service Mr. Fleming had rendered to the banking interests of the country.

Charles H. Doing, first vice president of the Washington Loan & Trust Co., who was in the chair as president of the D. C. Bankers Association, announced that Ord Preston, president of Union Trust Co., had been selected to head the committee in charge of the 1936 convention of the bankers' association at Hot Springs next May.

Christmas Club Gains.

The report of the advertising committee of the association, made by Robert L. Flather, assistant secretary, American Security & Trust Co., revealed a membership in the 1936 Christmas Clubs of 77,614, with a total subscription of $6,332,915. Last year 66,154 enrolled for $5,279,575, so the gain is almost 20 per cent.

The speaker of the evening was P. H. Whaley, president of the Whaley-Eaton Corporation, who said in part:

"The value of money, in this country, depends upon public opinion. The safeguarding of the dollar lies not in the Constitution, but in the voting booths. As bankers, you are custodians of mony and credit. You take in tokens at one window and you pay out tokens at another. The safeguarding of the value of these tokens is no more your concern than it is that of the depositors, the owners. It is the value of their property that is being progressively diluted, 'cut,' just as the bootlegger in other days worked the miracle of changing one bottle of whisky into two by the simple expedient of adding water. You have a greater responsibility than the layman only in that your knowledge of the function of money is more exact, only that you are in a position to educate the public to understand the mayhem that is being practiced on it as a body.

Too Much to Absorb.

"We must all be bold to tell the truth because only the truth can save us. The indicated expenditure for 1937, including the bonus, is in excess of $9,000,000,000. No national economy can absorb expenditures of that sort.

"But to whom will you lend? There were millions of people who could have consumed the excess farm commodities had they possessed the power to buy; there are other millions who would gladly use your excess credit facilities, only you have to consider the likelihood of being repaid. Where, then, are your borrowers to come from, since you will deal with good ones only, and how can the enormous excess reserves, now present in the Federal Reserve System, be utilized? Can a demand be developed that will measure up to your credit surplus and thus restore normalcy in the banking world?

National Requirements.

"The National Association of Manufacturers reports that in the field of factory expansion and rehabilitation, $20,000,000,000 can be profitably spent. The committee for economic recovery estimates a delayed demand for durable goods of approximately $50,000,000,000. The lowest responsible estimate is $26,000,000,000 and the highest about $85,000,000,000. Using the most conservative figures (New York Trust Co. index) the other potential spending for miscellaneous purposes will total $27,000,000,000.

"Therefore, the credit surplus, vast as it is today, need not fill bankers or anybody else with grave concern. It means that the Nation is amply supplied with the medium through which all enterprise is conducted, to wit, credit. Given confidence, every dollar of it will be required for the normal development of this country and every dollar of it will be needed, even more immediatley, should such a devastating thing as war occur."

Tobacco Markets.

Special Dispatch to The Post.

Baltimore, Jan. 20.—Maryland—Receipts 169 hogsheads and sales 160 hogsheads are the figures for the past week. The demand continues inactive for most grades.

Ohio—Nothing to report.

Maryland fine leaf, nondescript, 3@4; common, 4@10; medium, 10@30; good, 30@40; fine red, 50. Seconds, common, 3@5; medium, 5@18; good to fine, 18@45.

Ohio, fine and fine cured, common to medium, 4@8; good to fine, 8@18; spangles, common to medium, 7@20; good to fine yellow, 20@45.

N. B.—Unsound and badly mixed packages, from 2 to 3 cents lower.

Stock in Warehouse.	Maryland	Ohio	Total
Stock, January 1	27,712	233	36,945
Receipts since	289	1	290
Totals	29,001	234	29,235
Delivered since	2,426	2	2,428
Stocks today	26,575	232	26,807
Sales—			
This week	160	...	160
Previously	154	...	154
Totals	314	...	314
Ground leaves to date	121		

The Market

By Carlton A. Shively, a Special Correspondent.

Stocks Drift About in Less Active Trading; Bonds Are Weary; Dollars Rise.

New York, Jan. 20.—Markets were disappointed over further delay in the Supreme Court on the public utility case, but apart from that they showed increased disposition to mill around, pending settlement in Congress of such important matters as the bonus, a new farm plan, and possibly new taxation. Uncertainties on those points were increased by the growing anxiety over the future of gold and silver, and by speculation on the question of how marked the spring rise in business activity likely would be. May wheat closed ½ lower at 100⅛ cents.

Stocks began the day as though they had only half-hearted expectations of help from the Supreme Court. Morning trading was slow and irregular, although shortly before noon some of the utilities perked up a bit. Following announcement that no decision would be handed down on TVA the market had a mild setback, lasting for a quarter of an hour. After that most stocks were allowed to drift.

Early trading in utilities was marked in Commonwealth & Southern, which sold at a new high price of 4. The stock was the only one on the list to show genuine activity. Radio was hot and cold by spells, which was true of a number of other specialties.

Airplanes Tune Up.

Airplane shares came back into favor in the early trading. Douglas was the feature with a climb of more than 4 points to the highest price since listing. Wright was buoyant. Chemicals dropped 1 to 2 points, du Pont being an exception. Fractional losses were taken in the majority of rails. Steels were down a point or so by the head. Oils held fairly firm and motors were steady. Other groups (excepting the firm silvers) were mixed to lower most of the time.

In the specialties, both classes of Brooklyn Queens Transit went into new high ground. Cuban American forged ahead. Artloom preferred gained more than 6 points on one sale. Hiram Walker, a newcomer from the curb, rose more than a point, but volume was small.

In spite of the current talk along inflationary lines, and the threat of the bonus, the dollar was firm in the foreign exchange dealings. Francs were quite weak, probably because of the approach of a Cabinet crisis there rather than because of concern over future dollar devaluation. Activity of the Daladier group threatens the life of the Laval cabinet, regarded as the stanchest friend of the gold standard. Silver continued its decline, and the Treasury's retreat from its untenable position at the higher prices continued to exert some pressure on commodities which had been subjected to inflationary hope buying.

Potential Inflation.

Expecting the Senate to pass a bonus bill and anticipating also that the measure in the Senate form eventually will become law, the markets are trying to guess what the early effects will be. The long-run effect needs little conjecture; all too clearly it will help to boost the public debt to a peak which must be crowned with repudiation, excessive taxation or great currency inflation, or perhaps all three.

While a bond payment might not bring inflation, it certainly will increase the potentialities of it by adding greatly to bank deposits and by tending to weaken confidence in Government credit. The counter influence on business is unlikely to be enormous, for the money will go into consumers' goods, which are active enough now, and which anyhow will have plenty of stimulation from Government spending during the remainder of this year at least.

No Payment Plans.

Neither the Treasury nor the Reserve banks have made any plans to pay soldier bonus bonds and probably will not work out the machinery until the bill becomes law. In the event it does it is expected that the Treasury will have to borrow, in the usual manner, the full amount of the cash which is estimated to be required to redeem a majority of the bonus bonds to be issued. If the redemption is handled through the postoffices, which keep no large sums of cash, it is probable that either the Treasury or the Reserve banks, as fiscal agents, will set up the machinery, as well as provide the payment, leaving to the postoffices the receipt, authentication and identification of applications for cash. Subsequently Treasury checks will be issued to the veterans, to be made out by Government disbursing agents and forwarded to the postoffices through which the applications and bonds were filed.

Effect on Reserves.

The Treasury, instead of issuing bonds at one time to provide cash for an as yet indeterminable liability, is expected to finance the cash redemption requirements in installments, probably by issues of Treasury bills or notes, subsequently refunding the amount of notes or bills issued. The effect of the whole bonus payment, if the Treasury floats new securities and receives the bulk of the money in cash, as it has in recent financing, will be first to decrease excess reserves by the amount of the cash payments to the new security issue. Second, it will increase private and commercial bank deposits by the amount of the veterans' checks issued. Third, it will increase bank reserves as the banks deposit with the Reserve banks the Treasury warrants, and restoring the excess reserves, in part, which had been previously drawn down. The ultimate effect will be to decrease excess reserves

Curb Business.

Hiram Walker came over to the stock exchange from the curb, following a rapidly deepening rut in that road. In public speech the SEC officials often have said that they wish to prolong the life of the small exchanges, although some say that privately they aren't so keen about it. In any event the life of the small exchanges depends on business done. If the stock exchange sucks away all the commission-paying stocks of the curb (Electric Bond & Share is the only big money maker left), a crisis will come whether SEC wishes it or not. A small exchange might be useful as the seasoning ground for stocks, but unfortunately the stock exchange itself is too well supplied with an assortment of low-priced mongrels, many of them the counters for companies in receivership.

3 Washington Banks Among Leading 200

Deposits of 10 Largest in Nation Average Over a Billion.

Special Dispatch to The Post.

New York, Jan. 20.—Washington, D. C., has three banks among the 200 largest commercial institutions and trust companies in the United States, according to the copyrighted annual list of the Nation's great banks published today by the American Banker, daily banking publication now near the end of its 100th year. The Riggs National Bank, with deposits of $87,947,725 on December 31, ranks sixty-ninth; the American Security & Trust Co., with $44,928,749, is 119th, and the National Metropolitan Bank is 195th with deposits of $25,941,074.

Only 39 cities in the country have banks that rank among the nation's first 100. Only 73 cities have banks which rank among the country's first 200 institutions.

Deposits concentrated in the first 100 banks of the Nation at the 1935 year end were $25,101,857,500, compared with $21,892,329,800 at the end of 1934; $17,440,034,800, the low point, at the end of 1933; $22,158,278,300 at the end of 1930, the previous peak year, and $15,993,820,100 ten years ago.

15,400 Banks.

In percentage of the total deposits of about $45,000,000,000 in the Nation's 15,400 commercial banks and trust companies, the hundred largest last year carried 56 per cent compared with 55 per cent in 1934, 53 per cent in 1933, 45 per cent at the end of 1930, and 31 per cent at the end of 1925.

It is noted that while these first 100 banks are paying over 50 per cent of the Federal Deposit Insurance cost on the basis of total deposists, their own deposit liabilities are only about 25 per cent insured since the bulk of their deposits exceeded the $5,000 FDIC limit.

According to the American banker's tabulation, 25 per cent of the commercial banks' and trust companies' deposits in the United States were carried in the 10 largest banks, which average more than a billion each in deposits and have deposit liabilities of $11,234,043,600 combined. These "Big Ten" banks, in order of their deposits and ranking on December 31, 1935, are:

Chase National Bank, New York City	$3,075,121,091
National City Bank of New York City	1,652,366,244
Guaranty Trust Co. of New York City	1,513,931,163
Bank of America N. T. & S. A., San Francisco	1,155,265,465
Continental Illinois Nat'l. Bk & Tr. Co., Chicago	1,121,313,904
Bankers Trust Co., New York City	910,376,043
First National Bank, Chicago	860,490,743
Central Hanover Bk. & Tr. Co., New York City	831,020,293
First National Bank, Boston	632,851,952
Irving Trust Co., New York City	501,306,698

In the first 25 banks in the country is concentrated 38 per cent of the commercial banks' deposit load, i.e., $17,103,398,200. In the first 50 banks, deposits total $20,964,269,300, or 47 per cent of the U. S. commercial banks' deposits.

The 200 largest banks altogether have deposits of $28,704,849,600, or 64 per cent of the United States total. Deposits in the second 100 banks totaled $3,602,992,125 at the end of 1935 compared with $3,211,820,500 at the end of 1934.

There are 571 mutual savings banks in the United States with deposits in excess of $9,900,000,000. In the above figures used for commercial banks and trust companies, these mutual deposits are not included. They bring the Nation's gross deposit total at the 1935 year end to $55,000,000,000 if included, compared with $59,000,000,000 at the end of 1930, the highest figure on record.

Institute Estimates Steel Output 49.9%

New York, Jan. 20 (AP).—Steel production during the current week was estimated today by the American Iron & Steel Institute at 49.9 per cent of capacity compared with 49.4 in the preceding week.

A month ago operations were at the rate of 49.5 per cent, and a year ago they were 49.5 per cent of capacity.

The Day's Movement In Leading Markets

Stocks.

	Mon.	Sat.
Advances	224	146
Declines	481	505
Unchanged	160	165
Total issues	865	816

Decline in less active trading; aircraft shares strong; volume, 1,823,475.

Bonds.

Most groups lower; transfers, $12,846,000.

Curb.

Prices tend downward; turnover, 583,000.

Commodities.

Wheat lower; cotton steady; sugar and coffee higher.

Exchange.

Generally lower; Great Britain, $4.95; France, 6.59¾ cents.

Cotton Rallies After Decline

By the Associated Press.

New York, Jan. 20.—Cotton rallied today after an early decline and closed steady with January net unchanged and other months 3 to 8 points net higher.

Futures Price Range.

	High	Low	Close
January	11.70	11.62	11.69
March	11.36	11.32	11.35
May	11.02	11.00	11.00
July	10.69	10.66	10.68
October	10.24	10.10	10.22
December	10.17	10.08	10.16

Spot steady; middling, 11.85.

COTTONSEED OIL.

Bleachable cottonseed oil was steady today, closing 1 to 2 points net lower. Sales, 59 contracts. Bleachable spot nominal; January closed 9.75; March, 10.00; May, 10.02; July, 10.03.

Silver Drops Further; Down 1 Cent to 44¾

New York, Jan. 20 (AP).—The price for imported bar silver in New York fell 1 cent today to 44¾ cents a fine ounce, the lowest price since June 5, 1934.

The quotation, posted by Handy & Harman, New York bullion brokers, came after an increase of 3-16 of a penny to 19 3-16 pence a standard ounce in London (equivalent to 42.62 cents in New York).

Today's decline was a resumption of a total loss of 4 cents an ounce in last week's New York price which had remained unchanged at 49¾ cents an ounce from December 24, 1935.

Chrysler Shipments Gain 41% in Year

New York, Jan. 20 (AP).—The Chrysler Corporation announced today that shipments of passenger cars and trucks in 1935 were 41 per cent larger than during the preceding year.

Last year's shipments, which included Plymouth, Dodge, De Soto and Chrysler passenger cars and Dodge trucks, totaled 842,520 units, compared with 597,683 shipped in 1934, a gain of nearly 245,000 units for last year.

Burlington Orders Two Zephyr Trains

Philadelphia, Jan. 20 (AP).—The Edward G. Budd Co. announced today that the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad had given it an order for two ten-car, lightweight, stainless-steel trains, designed for overnight service between Chicago and Denver. The trains are scheduled for delivery in June.

Currency Plan A 'Horse Laugh' To H. P. Willis

Banking Professor Says U. S. Foreign Trade Needs Planning.

By the Associated Press.

New York, Jan. 20.—"A hearty horse laugh" was the answer suggested today in a speech by H. Parker Willis, Columbia University professor of banking, to those who advocate a managed currency.

In a plea for international stabilization of currencies, before the school of politics of the Women's National Republican Club, Willis declared that those who advocated replacing a gold-based money with a managed currency system, "singularly" often maintained merely that it would afford a stability as nearly as possible similar to that provided by the gold standard.

Calling attention to the inward flow of some $800,000,000 in gold to the United States since September, he said:

"During the (past) two years, we shall have taken from the rest of the world close to $2,500,000,000 of gold, although we were ourselves, at the beginning of the period, the largest holders of gold not only of the world but in human history. Today we have over $10,000,000,000 of gold in our vaults which we not only do not use, but will not allow private persons to possess."

"If we should continue to settle for what we send abroad in gold, as we have been doing," Willis said, "we should collect during the next three years another $3,000,000,000 of gold, and we should practically strip bare those foreign treasuries and banks that still have some gold which they can spare."

"In this world where everybody is talking 'national planning,'" he said, "the time has come to direct the planning fever toward the planning of our foreign trade and international relationships."

Bank Stocks

New York, Jan. 20 (AP).—(New York Security Dealers Association)

Bank and Trust	Bid	Ask.
Bk of Man (1½)	30½	32½
Bankers Tr (2)	66	68
Bklyn Tr (4)	112	115
Con Han Bk & Tr (4)	115	118
Chase Nat (1.40)	39	41
Chem Bk & Tr (1.80)	165	171
Commercial (8)	165	171
Cont Bk & Tr (.80)	19½	21
Corn Ex Bk & T (3)	64½	66½
Empire Tr (2)	22½	23½
Fifth Ave (34a)	1030	1060
First Nat (Bos) (2)	48¼	50¼
First Nat (100)	1820	1860
Guaranty Tr (12)	290	295
Irving Tr (.60)	16¼	17¼
Manufacturers Tr (1¼a)	47	49
Natl City (1)	23½	24½
N Y Trust (5)	118	121
Public (1½)	41½	43½
Title & Tr (½a)	13½	14½
United Bk & Tr (70a)	2100	2150
Insurance.		
Aetna Cas (3a)	106	108
Aetna Ins (1.60)	65½	67½
Aetna Life (.80a)	34½	36½
Agricultural (3)	83	86
Am Ins Newark (½)	16	17½
Am Reinsur (3)	71½	73½
Am Surety (2)	55½	57½
Automobile (1.20a)	41½	43½
Balt Amer (½a)	9½	10½
Boston (21a)	700	710
Carolina (1.20a)	31¼	33¼
City of N Y (1.20)	30½	32½
Conn Gen Lif (.80)	42¾	44¼
Fid & Dep (2)	96	100
Firemens Newk	14	15½
Frank Fire (1.05a)	23½	25½
Gen Alliance (.80)	18½	20½
Glenn Falls (1.60)	42½	44½
Globe & Rep	16½	18½
Globe & Rut	47	51
Great Amer (1.20a)	20	22
Halifax (.90)	21	22½
Hanover (1.60)	39¾	41¾
Hartfd Fire (2)	88	90
Home Fire Sec	5½	6½
Home Ins (1.05a)	37¼	39¼
Homestead (1)	30	32
Lincoln Fire	6¾	7¾
Mass Bond	49½	51
Natl Fire (2)	79	81
Natl Liberty (.30a)	10	11½
N Y Fire (.60)	21¾	24¾
Nor River (.85a)	28¾	30¼
Phoenix (2½a)	102	104
Prov Wash (1¼a)	44	46
St Paul Fire (1¾a)	205	210
Springfield (4¾a)	143	146
Sun Life	450	480
Travelers (16)	611	621
U S Fire (1.70a)	48¾	50¾
Westchester (1.10a) XD	39½	41½

(a)—Including extras. (s)—Declared or paid so far this year.

Liverpool Break Depresses Wheat

By the Associated Press.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Lower prices in all grains formed the rule today. A material break of quotations at Liverpool formed Chicago May wheat contracts down temporarily to below $1 a bushel.

Wheat closed easy, unchanged to ⅝ lower, compared with Saturday's finish; May, 1.00@1.00⅛; corn, ⅛@¼ down; May, 60⅛@60¼; oats, ¼@⅜ off, and provisions varying from 10 cents setback to 10 cents advance.

Futures Price Range.

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	1.00	1.00⅛	99⅞	1.00⅛
July	88⅝	88⅞	88⅛	88¼
Sept.	87⅛	87⅝	87	87¼
Corn—				
May	60⅝	60⅝	60⅛	60⅛
July	60⅝	60⅝	60⅜	60⅜
Sept.	60⅛	60⅜	60¼	60⅜
Oats—				
May	28⅝	28⅝	28⅛	28⅛
July	27⅞	27⅞	27⅛	27⅛
Sept.	27⅛	27⅛	27	27⅛
Rye—				
May	54⅜	54⅞	54⅜	54⅝
July	54⅞	54⅞	54⅜	54⅝
Sept.	54⅝	54⅝	54⅜	54⅝
Barley—				
May	43½	43½	43½	43½
Lard—				
Jan.	11.00	11.00	10.95	10.95
March	11.05	11.06	10.97	10.97
May	11.20	11.22	11.02	11.05
July	11.07	11.07	10.92	10.97

Cash Grain Prices.

WHEAT—No. 3 hard, 1.10; No. 3 mixed, 1.04.

CORN—No. 4 mixed, 58; No. 3 yellow, 55¼@56⅛.

OATS—No. 3 white, 27¼@29¼; sample grade, 23¾@27.

RYE—No sales.

SOYBEANS—No. 2 yellow, 84 (nominal).

Chicago: No. 4 yellow, 78½ (nominal). Chicago.

BARLEY—Actual sales, 80@85; feed, 30@46 (nominal); malting, 54@85.

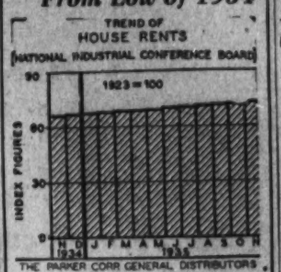
TIMOTHY SEED—3.10@3.15 cwt.

CLOVER SEED—12.00@17.50 cwt.

Steel Prices.

New York, Jan. 20 (AP).—Steel prices per 100 lbs. f. o. b. Pittsburgh: Blue annealed sheets, hot rolled, 2.00. Galvanized sheets, 3.10. Black sheets, hot rolled, 2.45. Steel bars, 1.85.

Rents Advance 17% From Low of 1934



Boston, Mass., Jan. 20.—The low point in house rents was early in 1934. Since then the trend has been upward with scarcely a break, amounting to a 17 per cent increase. On the other hand, rents are still 20 per cent lower than at the end of 1929, and 28 per cent below ten years ago.

U. S. Becomes Mecca of Ocean Tourist Traffic

Dollar Exchange Proves Stimulus to Travel From Europe.

By the Associated Press.

New York, Jan. 20.—The United States was the chief objective of tourist traffic in 1935, figures released today by the Atlantic passenger conference indicated.

While transatlantic passages between Europe and the ports of Canada and the United States totaled 594,698, compared with 571,044 in 1934, the major part of the increase was in westbound passengers. These amounted to 258,396, a gain of 14,511 over the 1934 figure of 243,885.

Passengers traveling from American ports to Europe also showed some gain, amounting to 248,145, an increase of 8,633 over the 239,512 passengers eastbound in the previous year.

The rise in westbound travel, the conference said, was mainly the result of the status of the dollar in world exchange, which encouraged Europeans to travel where they would get the maximum exchange value for their money.

Ship lines and tourist agencies organized travel groups of Europeans, many of which came here for glimpses of the United States lasting ten days or less.

While such business resulted in a large increase in the sale of low priced accommodations, the conference reported improved business conditions in many countries were reflected in an increase in first-class passages both to and from American ports.

In only one of the four divisions of travel, eastbound from Canada, was there a reduction in 1935 from the 1934 levels, the drop being 642, to a total of 45,761.

Associated Power Output.

New York, Jan. 20.—For the week ended January 11, Associated Gas & Electric System reports net electric output of 76,762,173 units, an increase of 11.4 per cent above the same week a year ago.

Money Markets

By the Associated Press.

Foreign Exchange.

New York, Jan. 20.—Foreign exchange easy. Great Britain in dollars, others in cents.

Great Britain—Demand, 4.95; cables, 4.95; 60-day bills, 4.94.

France—Demand, 6.59¾; cables, 6.59¾.

Demand Rates.

Italy	8.02	Czechoslov	4.18
Belgium	16.91	Yugoslavia	2.31
Germany—		*Austria	18.90
Free	40.31	*Hungary	29.60
Res. tourist	24.25	Rumania	.90
Res. coml.	21.80	*Argentina	33.00
Holland	67.95	*Brazil	8.59
Norway	24.67	Tokyo	28.99
Sweden	25.43	Shanghai	29.95
Denmark	22.11	Hongkong	32.35
Finland	2.20	Mexico City	27.85
Switzerland	32.59	Montreal in New York	100.00
Spain	13.67	New York in Montreal	100.00
Portugal	4.50⅝		
Greece	.94½		
Poland	18.98		

*Nominal.

New York.

Call money steady; ¾ per cent all day. Prime commercial paper, ¾ per cent. Bankers' acceptances unchanged, 30 days, ⅜@½; 60-90 days, ⅜@½; 4 months, ½@⅝; 5-6 months, ⅝@¾. Rediscount rate, New York Reserve bank, 1½ per cent.

Bar silver weak, 1 cent lower at 44¾.

London.

Money, ½ per cent. Discount rates, short bills, ⅝@⅝; 3-month bills, ⅝ per cent.

Bar gold advanced ½ penny to 140s 10½d (U. S. equivalent 134.89).

Bar silver firmer, ⅛ higher at 19⅛d (U. S. equivalent 42.93 cents).

Paris.

Three per cent rentes, 70 francs 40 centimes; 4½ per cent rentes, 78.55. Exchange on London, 75.00. The dollar was quoted at 15.18.

Visible Grain Supply.

New York, Jan. 20 (AP).—The visible supply of American grain shows the following changes in bushels: Wheat decreased 1,371,000; corn increased 198,000; oats increased 74,000; rye decreased 146,000; barley increased 22,000.

Securities Averages.

Stocks.

	Ind 50	RR's 20	Utils 20	Tot'l. 90
Yesterday	126.7	46.3	87.7	107.4
Previous day	127.6	46.4	89.0	108.3
Week ago	129.0	47.0	87.0	109.0
Month ago	122.0	42.7	79.9	102.3
Year ago	88.7	36.4	49.4	73.7
Two years ago	97.8	49.8	77.2	86.8
High, 1935	127.9	45.3	84.8	106.9
Low, 1935	78.6	28.6	39.5	64.0
High, 1934	105.0	54.3	90.3	93.8
Low, 1934	76.0	34.1	47.1	66.4

Bonds.

	Ind 20	RR's 20	Utils 20	Tot'l. 60
Yesterday	92.5	88.7	104.8	95.3
Previous day	92.6	88.3	104.9	95.5
Week ago	92.9	88.8	104.5	95.3
Month ago	90.0	82.9	103.1	92.3
Year ago	86.7	85.4	91.6	87.9
Two years ago	77.0	81.4	83.0	80.5
High, 1935	91.5	86.4	103.6	93.1
Low, 1935	83.8	71.0	89.3	83.0
High, 1934	86.9	90.0	90.6	88.1
Low, 1934	72.6	74.1	77.2	74.8

(1926 averages equals 100.)

Copyright, 1936, Standard Statistics Co.

Naval Stores Market Closed

Savannah, Jan. 20 (AP).—The naval stores market here was closed today, Gen. Lee's birthday.

APPLICATIONS INVITED FOR
F. H. A. Mortgage Loans
Loans Up to 80% of Actual Valuation
Frederick W. Berens
McLachlen Building
10th & G Sts. N.W.
Phone NAtional 8280
Mortgage Loan Correspondent for Security Mutual Life Insurance Co.

AUCHINCLOSS, PARKER & REDPATH
719 Fifteenth Street, Washington
Metropolitan 3116
Our facilities for executing orders in Security and Commodity Markets include Direct Private Wires to each of our offices in
New York Washington Philadelphia
Baltimore Wilkes-Barre
Members
New York Stock Exchange | Chicago Board of Trade
Washington Stock Exchange | Chicago Mercantile Exchange
N. Y. Curb Exchange (Assoc.) | Commodity Exchange, Inc.

FIRST TRUST LOANS
CONSTRUCTION OR REFINANCING
IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, NEARBY MARYLAND OR VIRGINIA
TERMS AS LOW AS $7.50 per $1000.00 PER MONTH
PRUDENTIAL BUILDING ASSOCIATION
1331 G St. N.W.
Room 305 DIst. 6270

LONG TERM Mortgage Loans 5% INTEREST
Monthly Payments of $6.60 on each $1,000 borrowed, include interest and pay off loan in 20 years.
• Interest charged only on unpaid balance of principal.
• Amount loaned—up to 60% of appraised value.
• Valuable prepayment privileges.
Other plans of financing first mortgage loans available
H. L. RUST COMPANY
1001 Fifteenth St. NAtional 8100

EQUITABLE CO-OPERATIVE BUILDING ASSOCIATION
915 F STREET N.W.
Organized 1879
Do You Desire a Loan
—on Real Estate or to Take Up First Mortgage?
THOSE desiring money to purchase a home, refinance present indebtedness or improve property should consult us. Applications will receive prompt and courteous attention.
No Charge For Appraisal If Loan Is Not Made.
Loans Repayable Monthly
Interest Charged Only On Unpaid Balance of Principal.

See American Security
Suppose Your Estate were worth $120,000,000!
IN that case, the idea of naming an individual as executor would not occur to you. You would certainly name a trust company. Why? Because you would rightly assume that only the broad experience of such an institution was equal to the task of supervising so vast an estate.
But whatever the size of your estate, you want to know that it will be administered wisely. You want an experienced executor—one trained to cope with all the problems involved in managing estates.
Consider carefully the experience of the American Security—an institution which today is handling trust business with a total value of more than $120,000,000—by far the largest of any institution in the District. Come in and talk with us about your estate problems. Our trust experience and facilities are at your service.
AMERICAN SECURITY AND TRUST COMPANY
Largest Capital and Surplus of any Washington Trust Company
Main Office: FIFTEENTH STREET AND PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE
CENTRAL BRANCH 7th and Massachusetts Ave., N. W.
SOUTHWEST BRANCH Seventh and E Streets, S. W.
NORTHEAST BRANCH Eighth and H Streets, N. E.
NORTHWEST BRANCH 1140 Fifteenth Street, N. W.
Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
Member Federal Reserve System

Complete Transactions Yesterday on New York Stock Exchange

By the Associated Press.

Total yesterday, 1,823,475; previous day, 1,072,791; week ago, 2,509,250; year ago, 837,180; two years ago, 2,628,290; January 1 to date, 42,409,003; year ago, 14,700,316; two years ago, 33,000,652.

Dow-Jones Averages

By the United Press.

New York, Jan. 20.—Dow-Jones averages:

Stocks—	Open	High	Low	Close	Net ch.
30 industrials	144.61	145.23	143.60	144.06	—0.87
20 rails	42.43	42.58	42.22	42.33	—0.31
20 utilities	30.87	31.10	30.41	30.83	—0.30

Transactions in stocks used today.

Industrials	1,440,000
Rails	39,500
Utilities	257,900

Commodities Range

	Yesterday.	Prev. day.	Week ago.	Month ago.	Year ago.
Wheat (May)	1.00	1.00½	1.00	1.02¼	98 ⅝
Cotton, New York (Jan.)	11.69	11.80	11.78	11.56	12.51
Corn, Chicago (May)	60.1	60.1	59 ⅞	57 ⅝	87 ⅝
Oats, Chicago (May)	28 ⅛	28 ⅝	28	27	52 ½
Cattle, choice steers (Baltimore)	9.25	9.50	9.75	9.75	8.50
Hogs, choice, Baltimore	10.80	10.70	10.85	10.25	9.45
Lambs, choice, Baltimore	11.75	12.00	12.00	11.75	10.75
Eggs, special, New York	29	29	27	32	30 ½
Butter, N. Y. creamery	34 ½	33 ½	34 ½	34 ½	31
Flour, New York	6.85	6.85	6.85	8.15	7.17
Coffee, New York	9 ¼	9 ¼	9 ⅛	8 ⅝	11
Raw sugar, New York	3.36	3.25	3.15	3.16	2.80
Steel, Pittsburgh bar	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.80
Rubber, New York	14.46	14.28	14.27	13.16	12.03
Pig iron, foundry	19.50	19.50	19.50	19.50	19.50
Tin	47.00	47.37	47.87	49.00	51.12
Copper, electrolytic	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.25	9
Bar gold, London (s)	34.85	34.91	35.04	34.78	34.66
Bar silver, New York	44 ⅝	45 ⅝	49 ⅝	51 ⅜	54 ½
Zinc, East St. Louis	4.85	4.85	4.85	4.85	3.75
Lead, New York plz	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	3.70

—1935— High	Low	Name and Dividend Rate	Sales—Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge.
		A					
74⅜	51	Acme Stl (2½a)	4	68⅜	68⅛	68⅛	— 1⅞
12¾	4¼	Adams Exp (.10g)	21	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
100⅛	84¾	Ad Exp pf (5)	2.10	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	— ⅛
37⅞	28	Adams-Millis (2)	1	34½	34½	34½	— ⅜
24½	8	Addressog (.60)	14	23⅞	22⅝	22¾	— ¼
21½	1⅛	Advance Rume	102	4⅜	4⅛	4¼	—
8¾	6½	Affiliat Prod (.60)	14	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
194	104¾	Air Reduc (3a)	6	185⅛	184½	185	— 1
3⅜	¾	Air-Way El Ap	1	3	2⅞	3	+ ⅛
29⅝	13¼	Alaska Jun (.60a)	6	15½	15¼	15⅜	+ ¼
3⅛	¾	Alleghany	43	3¼	3	3	—
19½	1¾	Allec pf xw	16	19⅜	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
20¾	2¾	Allec pf $30 ww	2	30	30	30	+ ¼
34½	6¾	Allec pr pf	20	33⅞	33¼	33¾	+ ¼
33⅜	21	Allej Steel (1e)	20	139	138	139	+ ⅜
173	125	Al Chem & Dye (6)	6	166	165	165	— 2
129	120	Al Chem & Dye pf (7)	19	120¾	120¼	120¼	
27⅜	22½	Allied Mills (½e)	15	23¾	23½	23⅝	
9	3⅝	Allied Strs	1	7½	7¼	7⅜	
39¼	2	Allis-Ch Mfg	25	36⅛	36	36¼	— ⅛
23¾	14	Alpha P Cem (1)	5	22	21⅝	22	— ⅛
.5	2⅛	Amal Lea	6	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
42½	26	Amal Lea pf (½k)	3	41¼	40	41¼	+ ⅛
87	48½	Amerada (2)	2	82	81	82	
57⅜	41⅛	Am Ag Ch Del (3)	12	56	53⅜	56	+ 2½
48⅝	13½	Am Bank Note (¼e)	8	45	45	45	
70	43	Am Bank N pf (3)	20	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	+ ⅛
49¼	21	Am Brake Shoe (1a)	3	47	46½	46½	+ ⅛
140⅝	110	Am Can (4a)	3	130	130	130	
38⅛	10	Am Car & Fdy	12	33	32⅜	33	— ⅛
64¼	25½	Am Car & F pf	1	63	63	63	— ½
38⅞	8	Am Chain	37	38½	37⅞	38¼	+ ⅛
12⅞	2⅜	Am Colortype	43	12½	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
35¾	22	Am Comi Alco	11	29¼	29	29¼	+ 1⅛
19¼	4½	Am Crystal Sug	3	17⅞	16⅞	17⅛	+ ⅛
94	72	Am Cyanamid B (2)	5	85⅝	84	85	— 1
64⅜	31⅝	Am Smelt & R (.40g)	33	59½	58¼	59	+ ⅛
144	121	Am Smelt pf (7)	1	142¾	142¾	142¾	+ 1⅛
117¼	101⅝	Am Smelt 2 pf (6)	1	104¼	104¼	104¼	+ ¼
76	63	Am Snuff (3a)	1	73	72¼	73	+ ¼
143	120	Am Snuff pf (6)	1.20	139¾	137¼	139¾	+ 3¼
32	12	Steel Fdrs	17	25	24	25	+ ¼
43	32½	Am Stores (2)	2	34½	34½	34½	
70½	50¼	Am Sugar Ref (2)	12	56¼	55¼	55¾	— 1½
140½	126	Am Sugar pf	2	24	23¾	24	+ ⅜
27⅞	18½	Am Sumat Tob (1a)	2	25	24¾	25	+ ⅛
161½	102	Am Tel & Tel (9)	15	160¾	159¾	160¾	+ ⅛
104¼	72½	Am Tob (5)	1	98¼	98¼	98¼	— ¼
167	74¾	Am Tob B (5)	5	101	100⅝	100⅝	— ⅛
10¼	2½	Am Type Fdrs	2	3	3	3	
38½	9	Am Type F pf	4.60	34⅝	32¾	32¾	— 1¾
24¼	7⅞	Am Wat Works	85	22⅝	21⅜	21⅞	— ⅛
11	4⅞	Am Woolen	92	11	10¾	10¾	+ ⅛
69¼	35½	Am Wool pf	119	69¼	67	68¼	+ ⅛
2⅝	⅝	Am Wtg P	5	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
11¾	2¼	Am Wtg P pf	7	5½	5⅜	5⅜	
3¼	3	Am Zinc L&S	88	28⅜	28	28	— ⅛
30¼	8	Anaconda	30	30	30	30	
20⅛	10⅞	Anchor Cap (.60)	3	19	19	19	
109	96½	Anchor Cap pf (6½)	30	108	108	108	+ 1¼
4⅛	1¼	A P W Paper	7	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
52	36	Arch-Dan-M (1a)	9	46	45	46	— ¼
110½	78	Armour Del pf (7)	4	110¼	110¼	110⅜	+ ⅜
6⅜	3¼	Arm Ill	94	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
72⅜	55½	Arm Ill pr pf (6)	7	71¼	71¼	71¼	
57½	25¾	Armstrong Cork (1a)	4	8	8	8	
9⅜	4	Arnold Const (½)	1	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	+ ⅛
11	2⅜	Artloom	6	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ 6⅝
60	40	Artloom pf	6	43½	43	43	
18⅜	7½	Assd Dry Gds	6	14¾	14	14¾	— ⅛
78⅝	35¾	Assd Oil (1e)	20	46⅛	46	46⅛	— ⅛
78⅝	35¾	Atch T & S F (2e)	43	67	66⅛	66⅛	— 1¼
99½	66⅛	Atchison pf (5)	1	98¼	98¼	98¼	— ¼
37½	19⅝	Atl Coast Line	29	29¾	29½	29½	— ¼
31⅜	20	Atl Refin (1)	35	30⅛	29⅝	30⅛	
52¾	32¾	Atlas Pow (2)	51	50	49⅝	50½	— 2
28¾	4	Atlas Tack	4	23⅜	23⅛	23½	
45⅛	15	Auburn Auto	10	41	40½	40⅝	— ⅛
14⅛	5	Aust Nich	6	9¾	9¾	9¾	
63	35½	Aust Nich pr A (2)	1.20	44¼	44¼	44¼	
7	2¾	Aviation Corp	23	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
		B					
6⅜	1½	Baldwin Loc	35	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
42¼	7½	Bald Loc pf	8	39	38⅛	38⅛	— 1⅜
18¾	6¼	Balt & Ohio	64	17½	17	17⅜	— ⅛
18¾	9¼	Balt & O pf	1	23½	23½	23½	
17⅛	3¼	Barker Bros	10	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	
88	32	Barker pf	4	85½	85½	85½	
12⅞	5¼	Barnsdall (.60a)	53	16	15⅝	16	— ⅛
70	37½	Baruk Cigar (1e)	2	64¾	64¾	64¾	— ⅛
115	104	Bayuk 1 pf (7)	10	114	114	114	
20½	14	Beatrice Cr (½e)	6	19¼	19	19	
95	72	Beech-Nut P (3a)	4	89	89	89½	+ ½
14⅜	11¼	Belding-Hem (1a)	3	13⅞	13⅝	13⅞	— ⅛
24⅜	11¼	Bendix Aviat (1)	53	22¼	21⅝	22	— ⅛
23½	13¼	Bendf Ind Ln (1½a)	9	20⅞	20¼	20⅞	+ ⅛
57½	34	Best & Co (2a)	5	53¾	52¾	52¾	+ ⅛
84¾	21⅝	Bethlehem Stl	165	51¾	50¼	50⅝	— 1
132½	55¾	Beth Stl pf (3½k)	17	16⅞	16⅜	16½	— ⅜
17½	9¼	Blaw-Knox (.10g)	104	23⅝	22¼	23¼	+ ⅛
27⅜	7	Boeing Airpl	104	23⅞	22¼	23¼	+ ⅛
98⅝	90	Bon Ami A (4a)	20	94¾	94½	94½	— ⅛
47¾	38¾	Bon Ami B(2½)	(1.70)	42	41⅞	41⅞	— ⅛
27¾	21	Borden (1.60)	15	26⅛	26¼	26¼	— ⅛
74¾	28½	Borg-Warner (2)	10	65½	65	65	— 1
10⅛	2¾	Boston & Me	3	9	9	9	— ⅛
17⅝	8½	Bridgeport Brass (.40)	11	10⅛	10	10⅛	
55⅝	24½	Briggs Mfg (2)	1	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝	— ⅛
55	23½	Briggs & Strat (3)	1	49½	49½	49½	
43¾	33⅜	Bristol-My (2a)	81	41½	41½	41½	
38⅞	8	Bklyn & Qu T	81	8⅜	8⅛	8⅜	+ ⅛
30	14	Bklyn & Q T pf (¾k)	35	39	36⅛	38	+ 2
36⅛	16	Bklyn-Man T (3)	13	42	41⅝	42	
71½	43	Bklyn Un Gas (3)	5	55⅜	55	55	
13⅛	4¼	Brunswick-Bal	1	9¼	9¼	9¼	
12¾	3⅜	Bucyrus-Erie	2	11	11	11	
19½	8¼	Buczy-Erie cvt pf	4	18	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
11	3¼	Budd Mfg	71	10¼	9⅝	10⅛	+ ⅛
3	¼	Budd Mfg rts	34	12½	12¼	12⅜	— ⅛
24⅜	2½	Budd Wheel	11	25⅛	25	25	— ⅛
26⅜	8	Bullard Co	11	25	25	25	— ⅛
14⅜	3⅜	Bulova Watch	3	12½	12½	12½	— ⅛
3⅜	1¼	Burns Bros A	3	1¾	1¾	1¾	
1½	¼	Burns Bros B	20	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
9	3	Burns Bros pf	1.50	9	8¾	8¾	
28½	13¼	Burr Ad Mach (.60a)	25	27¼	26⅞	27	— ⅛
5	¾	Bush Term	35	5⅛	4⅞	5	— ⅛
18	5¼	Bush T 7% deb	10	16⅜	16	16½	— ⅛
10	3¼	Bush T Bldg pf ctf	1.40	22¼	20⅞	21½	— ⅛
23⅜	1¼	Butte Cop & Z	3	3⅛	3	3⅛	+ ⅛
3	⅜	Butterick	3	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
23¼	11⅜	Byers Co	29	21¾	20⅞	21⅝	— 1⅛
74	32	Byers pf	3.20	73	72	73	+ 1¼
		C					
42½	30½	Calif Pack (1½)	11	34¼	33¾	34¼	— ⅛
2	¼	Callahan Z-Ld	45	1¼	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
7⅞	2½	Calumet & Hec	27	6¾	6¾	7	— ⅛
32⅜	21½	Campbell Wy (1)	4	30½	30½	30½	— ⅛
15¾	8¼	Can Dry G Ale	7	14⅞	14½	14⅝	— ⅛
13⅜	8⅝	Canad Pac	36	11	10⅞	11	— ⅛
43½	30	Cann Mills (2)	2	42¼	42¼	42¼	— ¼
48⅛	32½	Cap Adm pf A (3)	20	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	+ ⅛
8⅝	7	Carriers & Gen (20)	3	8	8	8	
48½	32½	Case (J I) pf (4)	30	121	120½	120½	— 1½
60	36½	Caterpil Tract (½s)	5	55⅞	55	55	— ⅛
35⅝	19½	Celanese	34	29½	28¾	29	+ ⅛
24½	16½	Celotex new	19	23½	23½	24	
29	22¼	Cent Aguir (1½)	1	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	
62½	26	Celotex pf new	2	61½	61	61	— 1
12⅜	6¼	Century Rib M	1	9¼	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
65⅜	38⅜	Cerro de Pas (1g)	52	49¾	48½	49	— ⅛
16¾	3⅜	Certain-teed	20	15⅝	14⅝	14⅞	— ⅛
57¾	31⅜	Ches & Ohio (2.80)	33	54¼	54	54	— ⅛
67⅛	36	Ches Corp (3)	1	64¼	64	64	— ⅛
6	⅛	Chi & E Ill pf	5	5	4¾	5	+ ⅛
5⅝	1¾	Chi & N W	26	4	3⅞	3⅞	+ ⅛
10⅝	3⅜	Chi & N W pf	1	8½	8½	8½	+ ⅛
8⅝	1⅜	Chi Gt West	5	3½	3½	3½	
6⅝	1⅜	Chi Gt W pf	1	5	5	5	
35	15⅝	Chi Mail Or (1a)	3	28¾	28¼	28¾	+ ⅛
3	¼	Chi M St P & P	9	2¼	2¼	2¼	+ ⅛
5	¾	Chi M St P & P pf	17	4¼	4	4	— ⅛
20⅝	4⅜	Chi Pneu T	10	17⅛	16½	16½	— ⅛
54½	20	Chi Pneu T pf	9	52½	52¼	52½	+ ⅛
7⅝	¾	Chi Rk Is & P	10	2¾	2½	2¾	
7⅝	1½	C R I & P 6% pf	6	6	5¾	5¾	— ⅛
26	9¼	Chi Yell Cab (1)	1	21½	21½	21½	— ⅛
31¾	25	Chick Cot Oil (2)	4	29	28⅝	29	+ ⅛
11¼	3¼	Childs Co	24	10⅜	10	10¼	
93¼	31	Chrysler (2e)	200	87⅜	86½	86½	— ⅜
24⅞	12	City Ice & F (2)	2	16	16	16	+ ⅛
100	69¾	City I & F pf (6½)	50	83½	83	83	
7	3¾	City Strs	17	6¾	6½	6½	
48½	27⅝	Clev Graph Br (1a)	1	42¾	42¾	42⅝	— 1¼
59¾	20	Cluett Pea (1)	3	55	54½	55	— ¼
126	110	Cluett Pea pf (7)	30	125	125	125	+ 1
93	72½	Coca-Cola (2a)	3	88¼	87½	88¼	+ ⅛
21	15⅛	Colgate-Palm (1½a)	10	19⅜	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
107¼	107	Colgate-Palm pf (6)	1	105	105	105	— ¼
50	9	Coll & Alk (⅛e)	33	47⅝	47½	47½	— ⅛
28⅜	7	Col & Sou pf	20	23½	23	23½	— ⅛
8¼	⅛	Col Fuel & Ir	40	6⅞	5¾	6⅜	+ ⅛
49	5	Col F & Ir pf	1.90	41	38	41	+ 4
16	3¾	Colum G & E (.20e)	109	15	14½	14½	— ⅜
98¼	35½	Col G & E pf A (6)	4	94¾	94	94¾	— ⅛
48¾	40	Colum Pict vtc (1a)	10	43¾	42½	42¾	— ⅛
97⅛	48	Colum Pict pf (2¾)	1	50½	50½	50½	+ ⅛
103¼	67	Colum Carb (4a)	3	100⅞	99¼	99¼	— 2¼
58	39½	Coml Credit (2½)	21	47½	46¾	47⅛	+ ⅛
72	58¼	Coml Invest Tr (3a)	16	60⅜	58¾	58¾	— ⅛
105	97¾	Coml Inv Tr cv pf (4¼)	1	99¼	99¼	99¼	— ⅛
23⅞	14½	Coml Solv (.60)	138	21¼	20⅜	20⅜	+ ⅛
4	¾	Com'wlth & Sou	1272	4	3⅝	3⅝	
74	29	Com & Sou pf (3)	6	71½	70	70	— 1⅛
45⅜	27	Congoleum-Na (1.60a)	3	43⅞	43	43	— ⅛
49	14⅜	Conn Ry & L	80	19	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
68⅛	24	Conn Ry & L pf	30	30	30	30	— 1⅜
12⅜	7	Consol Cigar	23	12¼	11⅞	12¼	+ ⅛
78	62	Con Cig pf (7)	40	77½	77½	77½	— ⅛
82	68	Con Cig pr pf ww (6½)	30	76¾	76	76	— 1⅛
7½	3¼	Con Film	9	6	6	6	
23½	14¼	Con Film pf (¼k)	4	18½	18¾	18¾	— ⅛
34⅝	15⅜	Con Gas (1)	127	33¾	32½	32½	— ⅜
107	72½	Con Gas pf (5)	1	106½	106½	106½	+ ⅛
13⅞	6¼	Con Oil (⅛e)	16	12¾	12⅜	12⅝	— ⅛
10¼	2¼	Con R R Cuba pf	1	9	9	9	
1¼	¾	Con Text	63	1¼	1¼	1¼	+ ⅛
23½	20¼	Container Corp new	7	20⅝	20½	20½	+ ⅛
16⅞	4¼	Cont Bak A	30	15¾	15¼	15⅜	+ ⅛
2½	⅝	Cont Bak B	22	2⅛	2	2⅛	
77⅜	49¼	Cont Bak pf (4)	4	73	72½	73	— 3
90½	67¾	Cont Can (3)	27	85	82½	84½	+ 1½
20⅛	7	Cont Diam Fib (1.05e)	2	18½	18¾	18¾	— ⅛
44⅞	28¾	Cont Ins (1.20a)	11	42¾	42¾	42¾	— ⅛
2¾	¾	Cont Mot	1	2½	2½	2½	
28	15¼	Cont Oil (¼e)	34	35	34¾	34¾	— ⅛
69¾	11¾	Corn Exchange (3)	1.40	65¼	65	65	— ⅛
71	56	Corn Prod (3)	8	72½	71⅝	71⅝	— ⅜
7⅞	4¼	Coty	5	6¼	6¼	6¼	
39⅞	35¾	Cream of Wh (2)	3	37¾	37½	37½	
19⅜	11¾	Crosley Rad (¼e)	11	17¾	17½	17½	— ⅛
54¾	23½	Crown Cork (1a)	11	52	51	51½	+ ⅛
8⅛	3½	Crown Zeller	3	7¾	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
38⅜	14	Crucible Stl	7	35¾	35½	35½	— ⅛
3⅛	1	Cuba Co	5	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛	
14⅞	5	Cuba R R pf	40	13½	13½	13½	+ ⅛
5⅜	2⅝	Cuban-Am Sug	143	4¾	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
83	40½	Cuban-Am S pf	25.70	85	78⅞	84½	+ 3½
47½	37	Cudahy Pack (2½)	3	42½	42½	42¾	— ⅛
24⅜	15	Curtis Pub	12	20½	20⅜	20⅜	— ⅛
105½	86¼	Curtis Pub pf (7)	3	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	+ ⅛
2	2	Curtiss-Wright	101	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
12⅝	6¼	Curtiss-Wright A	136	11⅛	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
95	73	Cushman 7% pf (7)	10	87	87	87	+ 1
		D					
59½	22½	Deere & Co	14	56¾	56⅛	56¾	— ⅜
29	19	Deere & Co pf (1.40)	8	28¾	28½	28¾	+ ⅛
25⅛	18½	Diesel Wem Gil (½a)	9	23⅝	23¼	23⅜	+ ⅛
43½	23½	Del & Hud	11	37⅛	37	37¼	— ⅛
14¼	11	Del Lack & W	27	16¼	15¾	15¾	— ⅛
8⅜	1½	Den & Rio G W pf	11	4⅛	4	4⅛	
137½	65	Detroit Ed (4a)	11	137½	136½	137	+ 1
50¾	35⅛	Devoe & Ray (1a)	1	43	43	43	— ⅛
41	26½	Diamond Mat (1.95e)	1	37¼	37¼	37¼	
34½	9½	Dist Corp Seag	19	32½	31¾	32⅜	+ ⅛
41½	40¾	Dom Mat pf (1½)	3	89	89	89	
46	34½	Dome Mines (2)	34	46	45	46	— ⅛
12⅜	6¾	Dominion Stores	14	11¼	10⅝	11¼	+ ⅛
59½	17½	Douglas Airc (¾e)	300	59½	54	58¾	+ 3⅝
3	⅛	Dul S S & A	2	¼	¼	¼	
3	⅛	Dul S S & A pf	1	2¼	2¼	2¼	
146½	86⅜	Du Pont de N (3.60a)	11	144½	143	143	— 1
132	126	du Pont deb (6)	1	129¾	129¾	129¾	— ⅛
		E					
8½	4¾	Eastern Roll	1	7¾	7¾	7¾	+ ⅛
172¼	116½	Eastman Kod (5a)	4	160	160	160	— ¼
31⅝	16⅜	Eaton Mfg (1a)	3	29⅝	29⅛	29⅜	— ⅛
8¼	5¾	El & Mus (.20e)	16	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	
40⅝	19⅝	El Auto L (.30g)	39	37¼	36⅝	36⅝	— ⅛
15⅜	3⅞	El Boat	40	14¾	14¾	14¾	
8⅜	1½	El P & L	130	8½	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
39½	2½	El P & L 1st pf	22	38½	38¼	37¾	— ⅛
41⅜	3	El P & L pf	44	41¼	40½	41⅜	— ⅛
58⅝	39	El Stor Bat (4½e)	4	53½	53½	53¼	+ ⅛
1¼	⅛	Elk Horn Coal	13	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
3¾	⅝	Elk Horn Coal pf	11	2⅞	2½	2⅞	+ ⅛
8½	1⅛	Eng Pub Svc	3	8	7⅞	8	
55	14½	Eng P S pf ww	1	53	53	53	
7½	4⅜	Equit Off Bldg	1	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	+ ⅛
14	7¾	Erie R R	7	12	12	12	
19½	8½	Erie 1st pf	1	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
13½	10½	Erie 2d pf	1	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
14⅞	10¼	Eureka Vac Cl (.80)	3	13⅜	13⅜	13¼	+ ⅛
40½	15	Evans Prod (1)	30	33	34	34¼	— ⅛
		F					
15	4	Fairbanks pf	.90	12¼	12	12	+ ⅛
39½	17	Fairbanks Mor	7	37½	37	37¼	— ⅛
22½	5¾	Fed Lt & Trac	2	20½	20¼	20¼	— ⅛
89	48	Fed Lt & Trac pf(6)	.20	89	89	89	+ 1½
9	3¾	Fed Mot (.20e)	1.75	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	
5⅝	2	Fed Screw	3	5	5	5	— ⅛
4	⅛	Fed Wat Svc A	10	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
45½	2½	Fid P Fire Ins (1.20a)	4	44	43⅜	43⅜	— ⅛
26½	3¼	Firestone T & R (1.20)	16	25⅜	25	25⅛	— ⅛
102⅞	48½	Firestone T & R pf (6)	1	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	+ ⅛
58½	45	First Nat Strs (2½)	3	47½	47	47	— ⅛
8⅜	2¼	Follansbee	16	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
40⅛	39¼	Food Mach new (1)	3	39¼	39¼	39¼	+ ⅛
10¾	9⅞	Foster Wheel	7	27⅜	27¼	27¼	— ⅛
26⅛	19¾	Fourth Nat Inv (¾g)	7	35⅛	34	34⅛	
70	30¾	Frank Stm pf (7)	10	105	105	105	+ 3
23	17½	Freeport Tex (1)	8	32½	32¼	32¼	— ⅛
47½	43¼	Fuller 2d pf	10	39½	39½	39½	+ ⅛
		G					
6¾	⅛	Gabriel A	19	5⅜	5¼	5¼	
16⅜	7	Gamewell	50	14¼	14¼	14½	
11⅞	5½	Gen Am Inv	13	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
52

Transactions on N. Y. Bond Market

Range of United States Government Issues

By the Associated Press.

Bond sales—Total yesterday, $12,846,000; previous day, $10,095,000; week ago, $20,453,000; year ago, $11,575,000; two years ago, $18,417,000; January 1 to date, $335,530,000; year ago, $230,242,000; two years ago, $308,002,000. XDN Ex interest.

(Sales in $1,000, Dollars and 32ds.)

1936 High	1936 Low	Jan. 20 Sales		High	Low	Last	Net chge.	Closing Bid	Closing Asked	Yield
117.7	113.6	9	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	115.19	115.14	115.14	— .1	115.13	115.16	2.70
107.28	102.8	2	Treasury 3¼s, 1943-45	106.14	106.14	106.14	— .1	106.14	106.14	2.78
112.6	108.24	7	Treasury 4s, 1944-54	111.14	111.12	111.14	+ .1	111.15	111.14	2.56
108.23	104.13	1	Treasury 3¼s, 1940-43 June	108	108	108	— .1	108	108.4	1.47
107.29	103.28	3	Treasury 3¼s, 1943-47	107.4	107.4	107.4	— .2	107.5	107.7	2.31
107.29	104.14	200	Treasury 3¼s, 1941-43 Mch	108.15	108.15	108.15	— .1	108.15	108.16	1.65
108.28	104.18	20	Treasury 3¼s, 1941	108.28	108.24	108.24	— .1	108.24	108.26	1.58
106.19	102.24	31	Treasury 3¼s, 1944-46	106.7	106.1	106.1	— .4	106	106.2	2.43
105.11	101.26	13	Treasury 3¼s, 1946-49	104.13	104.9	104.9	— .2	104.9	104.12	2.64
104.9	101.15	5	Treasury 3¼s, 1946-52	104.8	104.8	104.8	— .1	104.7	104.10	2.75
101.16	100.20	47	Treasury 3s, 1946-48	103.16	103.13	103.12	— .1	103.14	103.15	2.82
104.10	100.30	5	Treasury 3s, 1951-55	103.10	103.7	103.7	— .1	103.7	103.10	2.74
101.28	98.28	119	Treasury 2¾s, 1955-60	100.20	100.16	100.18	— .1	100.17	100.18	2.84
101.19	99.28	286	Treasury 2¾s, 1945-47	101.18	101.14	101.14	— .3	101.15	101.16	2.37
101.29	98.24	1	Federal Farm Mtg 3¼s, 1942-47	100.21	100.21	100.21	— .1	100.22	100.24	2.83
102.24	100	1	Federal Farm Mtg 3s, 1947	102	102	102	— .1	102.3	102.4	2.84
102.20	99.16	20	Federal Farm Mtg 3s, 1949	101.17	101.16	101.16	— .2	101.16	101.17	2.80
104.5	99.20	2	Federal Farm Mtg 3s, 1949 reg	101.12	101.12	101.12	+ .24	102		
103.9	101.14	10	Federal Farm Mtg 3¼s, 1964	103.2	103.2	103.2	— .1	103.1	103.2	2.83
102.16	99.16	15	Home Own Ln 3s, A 1952	101.11	101.8	101.11	— .1	101.9	101.12	2.82
101.6	98.20	68	Home Own Ln 2¾s, 1939-49	100.1	99.30	99.31	— .4	99.31	100	2.75

CT—Certificates.

CORPORATION BONDS.

Sales		High	Low	Last
	A			
30	Alleghany 5 '44	93½	92	92¼
21	Alleghany 5 '49	98½	97½	98½
94	Am&For P 5 2030	75¼	74½	75
3	Am F G C 5½ '49	114¾	114¾	114¾
101	Am Roll M 4½ '45	123	121	121½
36	Am T&T 5 '65	113¾	113¾	113½
133	Am W W 6 '34	101	100½	100½
51	Arm Del 4 '55	97¾	97¾	97¾
29	AT&SF 4 '95	112½	111¾	112
85	A C Line 1st 4 '52	99¼	99	99
	B			
38	B&O rfg 5 '95	93	92¼	92¾
103	B&O 4 '60	109	108	108
85	B&O cvt 4½ '60	67¾	67½	67½
11	B&O 4 '48	104	103¾	104
4	Bell TPa 5 '48 B	120	119¾	119¾
30	Bost & Me 5 '67	84½	83½	83½
42	Bost & Me 5 '67 A	84½	83½	83½
9	Can Nat Ry 4½ '56	111¾	111¾	111¾
12	Can Pac 4½ '60	102	101¾	101¾
34	Can Pac 4½ perp	86¼	85	85¼
3	Can Ill E & C 5 '51	101	100½	101
26	Cen Pac 5 '60	95	94	94
24	Can Pac 1st 4 '49	106½	105	105
8	Certain-td 5½ '48	98½	98¼	98½
60	Chesa & O Conv 5 '47	138	136	136
2	C&Q gen 4½ '92	120	119¾	120
187	CB&Q gen 4 '58	108¾	108¾	108¾
2	Chi G L & Ck 5 '37	105¾	106	105¾
21	Chi Gt West 4 '59	29½	29	29¼
15	Chi Ind & L 6 '35	22	21	21½
274	CMSP&P ad 5 2000	8¾	8½	8¾
158	Chi & NW cv 4¾'49	15¼	14¾	15¼
60	CRI&P cvt 4½ '60	9½	9	9¼
21	CRI&P rfg 4 '34	18	17¾	17¾
102	CRI&P rfg 5 '72	102	101½	101½
16	Chile Cop 5 '47	102¾	102¾	102¾
8	Cinn G & E 4 '58	104¾	104	104¼
36	CCC&StL 4½ '77 E	85	83½	84½
30	Cleve U T 4½ '77	97¾	97¾	97¾
20	Col Indus 5 '34	52½	51¾	51¾
1	Col & So 4½ '80	84½	84½	84½
4	Colombia G 5 '52	101½	101¼	101½
18	Colombia G 5 '61	100¼	100	100¼
18	Comml Inv T 5½ '49	112¾	112	112¾
1	Con Coal 5 '50	34	34	34
39	Con Gas NY 5½ '48	108¾	108¾	108¾
2	Con Gas NY 4½'51	108¾	108¾	108¾
18	Cuba N Ry 5½ '42	83¼	82¾	83¼
	D			
11	Del & Hud rfg 4 '43	80¼	79¾	79¾
23	D & R G 4 '36	31¾	31¼	31¼
12	Del Rd 4½ '81	113¾	113¼	113½
	E			
14	Erie gen lien 4 '96	81½	80¼	80¼
35	Erie rf 5 '57	73	72½	73½
	F			
3	Gen Cable 5½ '47	104¾	104¼	104¼
6	Gen StCast 5½ '49	93¾	93½	93¾
35	Goodrich 6 '45	104¾	104¼	104¾
14	Goodyr T&R 5 '57	105¼	105	105
6	Gr Tk Ry Can 6 '36	103¾	103¼	103¼
114	Gt Nor Ry 7 '36	102¾	102¼	102¾
35	Gt Nor 4½s '77 B	99¾	99¾	99¾
	H			
5	Hous O Tex 5½ '40	102¾	102¾	102¾
7	Hudson Coal 5 '62 A	41	40¼	40¼
88	Hud&Man rfg 5 '57	85¾	84½	84½
88	Hud&Man inc 5 '57	38	37	37¾
	I			
23	Ill Cen 4¾ '66	66¾	65¾	66¾
16	IC&CSL&NO 5 '63A	77¾	77¼	77¼
2	Ill Steel 4½ '40	106¾	106¾	106¾
38	Inland Stl 4½ '78	103	103	103
8	Interb R T 6 '32	63	62¾	62¾
3	Interb R rfg 5 '56	92	92¾	92
11	Int Hydro El 6 '44	83	83	82½
11	Int Paper 5 '47	96¾	96½	96½
58	Int T&T 4½ '52	84¾	84	84
48	South Ry 5 '56	80	88¼	88¼
	K			
1	K C Pow&Lt 4½ '61	113	113	113
11	K C South 5 '50	71½	70¾	71

Dow-Jones Bonds.

By the United Press.

Bonds.	High	Low	Close
40 bonds	109.74	—0.67	
10 1st rails	106.94	+0.04	
10 2d rails	81.34	—0.31	
10 utilities	105.81	+0.02	
10 industrials	106.27	—0.05	

Sales		High	Low	Last
	K C Term 4 '60	107¾	107¾	107¾
	L			
18	Lac Gas 5½ '53	80½	78½	79½
86	Lautaur Nit 6 '54	26¾	25¾	26
1	Liggett & M 7 '44	134	134	134
1	Lorillard Co 5 '51	121	121	121
3	Louis & N 4 '40	106¼	106¼	106¼
	M			
5	McKes&Rob 5½ '50	103¾	103¾	103¾
5	MuEIRy&L 5 '65	104¼	104¼	104¼
6	MSP&SSM con 4 '38	101¾	101¾	101¾
40	M-K-Tex 1st 4 '90	78¾	78	78¾
71	Mo Pac 5½ '49	10¾	9¾	9¾
44	Mo Pac 5 '77 F	31¾	30½	30¾
86	Mo Pac gen 4 '75	13¼	12¾	13¼
86	Mo Pac 5 '81 I	31¾	30½	30¾
3	Mont Pw rfg 5 '43	106¾	106¼	106¼
	N			
31	Nat Dairy 5½ '48	103¾	103¾	103¼
12	Natl Steel 4 '65	106¼	106¼	106¼
2	New Eng T&TS '52	122½	122	122½
8	N O Pub Sv 5 '55 B	93	92¾	93
322	NYC cvt 4 '64	111	109	110¾
44	NYC 4 2013	87½	87½	87¼
79	NYC con 4 '98	96	95	96
81	NYC&HR 4½ 2013	81¾	81	81¼
90	NYC&StL 4¼ '78	78¾	75¼	75¾
10	NY L&W 4 '73	97½	97½	97½
3	NYNH&H cv 6 '48	39¾	38¼	38¾
80	NYNH&H 4½ '67	39	38¼	38¾
56	NY Ry inc 6 '65	33	31¾	33
25	NY Tel 4½ '39	111	111	111
33	NYW&Bost 4½ '46	18¾	17¾	17¾
7	Niagara Sh 5½ '50	97½	96½	96½
2	N A 4½ '96	106	106	106
4	Nor Am Co 5 '61	106¼	106	105
1	Nor Am Ed 5 '69 C	105	105	105
56	Nor Pac 6 2047	107¾	107½	107¾
39	Nor Pac 4 '97	106¾	106¼	106¼
29	Nor St Pw 5 '41	105¾	105½	105½
	O			
5	Or-W R R &N 4 '61	106	106	106½
3	Otis Steel 6 '41	102	102	102
	P			
21	Pac G & E 5 '42	104¾	104¼	104¼
3	Pac T & T 5 '37	103¾	103¾	103¾
3	Penn Dix & N 4	96¾	96¼	96¼
15	P E & C 4½ '61	107	106¾	107
2	Pen R R gen 6 '69	117	117	117
21	Pen R R gen 4½ '65	110½	109	110½
6	Pen R R 4¼ '84 E	106¾	106¾	106¾
2	Pen R R 4½ '84 F	106¾	106¾	106¾
25	P OL & C 5 '47	108¾	108	108
4	Phila Co 5 '67	105	105	105
45	Phil R C & I 6 '49	30½	28½	29
177	Phil Rap T 5 '53	47¾	45¾	45½
29	Port Gen E 4½ '60	75½	75¼	75½
99	Post Tel & C 5 '53	39¾	38¾	39
	R			
9	Readg 4½ '97 A	106½	107½	107½
60	Rem Rand 5½ '47	104¾	105	105¾
	S			
12	StLIM&S4 R&G '33	74¼	73	73
55	St L S 4½ '78	17	16	16
3	St L S F 4 '50 A	19	19	19
8	StP&KC ShL4¼ '41	19¾	19½	19½
14	Seab AL con 6 '45	10¾	10	10¼
1	Shell Un 5½ '52	104	104	104
4	Skelly Oil 5½ '39	101½	101½	101½
2	So Bell T&T 5 '41	107	107	107
2	So Pac 4½ '81	85	84½	84½
41	So Pac 4½ '69	85¼	84¾	84¾
58	South Ry con 5 '94	96¼	96	96¼
48	South Ry gen 4 '56	59	57¾	58
16	Studebaker 6 cvt '45	85½	84	84¼
	T			
9	Ten El Pow 6 '47A	99¼	98½	98½
34	Tex Corp 5 cvt '44	104½	104¼	104¼
18	Tex & Pac 5 '79 C	99	98½	98½
443	Third Ave adj 5 '60	35	32½	34¼
	U			
2	Un Pac 1st 4 '47	113	113	113
20	Unit Drug 5 '53	93¾	93¾	93¾
76	U S Rub 5 '47	104½	104	104
27	Util P & L 5½ '47	67	66½	66½
27	Util P & L 5 '50 ww	61	61	61
	V			
4	Vanadium 5 '41	93	92	92
4	Virginian Ry 5 '62	111¼	111¼	111¼
	W			
35	Warner Bros 6 '39	89½	88¾	89
35	West Md 4 '52	97¾	97¼	97¼
2	West Pac 1st 5 '46	38¾	38	38
1	West Union 6½ '36	103	103	103
33	West Un cv 5 '50	104¼	104¼	104¼
33	West Un 4½ '50	106¾	106¼	105¾
34	West Un 5 '60	105½	105	105¼
66	Wick-Sp cvt 7 '35	24¾	23½	24
	Y			
22	Youngst S&T 5 '78	106	104¾	105
	FOREIGN BONDS			
43	Abitibi P&P 5 '53	42¾	40¾	41¾
6	Argentine 6 '57 A	98¾	98½	98¾
5	Ars 6 sf 59 June	98¾	98½	98¾
1	Ars sf 6 1960 May	98¾	98½	98½
4	Argentine 6 '62	98¾	98½	98¾
3	Australia 5 '57	105	105	105
3	Australia 4½ '56	99¾	99¾	99¾
3	Austria 7 '57	93¾	93¾	93¾
10	Belgium 7 '56	108½	108¼	108½
1	Belgium 6 '55	107	107	107
2	Berlin City 6½ '50	28½	28½	28½
39	Bolivia 8 '47	15¾	14¾	14¾
5	Bolivia 7 '58	9¾	8½	9¼
15	Brazil 8 '41	32¾	31½	32¼
47	Brazil 6½ '26-57	26¾	25¾	25¾
9	Brazil 6½ '27-57	26¾	25¾	25¾
3	British 5½ '37	106½	106½	106½
1	Budapest 6 '27-62	38	38	38
25	Buenos A 6 '61 sta	60	59¾	60
9	Buen A 6½ '61	60¾	60¾	60¾
8	Canada 5 '52	113¾	113¼	113¾
4	Canada 4 '60	106¾	106¼	106¼
5	Chile Mt Bk 6¾'61	13	12¾	13
24	Chile 6 '60	14¾	14¼	14¾
3	Chile 6 '61 Feb	14¾	14¼	14¾
3	Chile 6 '61 Oct	23¼	21¾	23¼
43	Cuba 5½ '45	44¾	43¼	44¼
13	Denmark 4½ '62	95¼	95	95
8	El Pow Ger 6½ '50	32¾	32¾	32¾
4	French 7½ '41	173¾	173¾	173¾
40	French 7 '49	44¾	43¾	44¼
24	GerGov Intl 5½ '65	28	27¾	28
1	Ger Govt 7 '49	37¾	37¾	37¾
1	GtCenEiPJap 7 '44	95½	95½	95½
15	Hlsdey Steel 6 '45	107	106¾	107
1	Ital Pub Util 7 '52	53½	53½	53½
23	Italy 7 '51	64¾	64¼	64¼
4	Japan 6½ '54	99¾	99¼	99¾
2	Met Water 5½ 50	100¾	100¼	100¾
49	Mex 10 4 add sm '48	5¾	5¾	5¾
23	Milan City 6½ '52	54½	54	54½
4	N Sou Wales 5 '58	103	102½	102¾
1	Norway 6 '44	107	107	107
1	Norway 5 '65	103½	103½	103½
2	Nor Hyd El 5½ '57	101	101	101
1	N Y Auction	3¼	3¼	3¼
1	N Y Steam	19¼	19¼	19¼
1.25	N Y Tel pf (6½)	118	117¾	117¾
37	Niag Hud Pow	10¼	9¾	10
9	Niag Hud A war	1¾	1¾	1¾
1	Niag Hud B war	1¾	1¾	1¾
1	Nia Sh-Sec M (5.02e)	10	10	10
2	Niles-Bem-P	34¼	33¾	33¾
9	Nipissing M (¼s)	2¾	2¾	2¾
8	Noma Elec	4	4	4
42	Nor Am L & P	4¼	4¼	4¼
3	Nor Am Ut P 5 '65	45½	45½	45½
5	Nor Am Ut Sec	4	3¾	4
45	Nor Europ Oil		¾	¾
75	Nor NY Ut 1 pf (7)	104¾	104¾	104¾
19	Nor St P A	24¼	23¾	23
2	Novadel-Ag (2)	38¼	37½	37¾
	O			
4	Outbrd Mot B	1¾	1¾	1¾
1	Overseas Sec (¼s)	7¼	7¼	7¼
	P			
3	Pac Eastern	5¼	5¼	5¼
5	Pac G&E 1 pf (1½)	29½	29¾	29¾
1	PacG&E 5½pf(1¾)	27½	27¾	27¾
25	Pac Lighting pf(6)	106	106	106
70	Long Isl pf (7)	79	78½	78½
50	Long Is L pf B (8)	67	67	67
34	Louis L&E (.40)	11¾	11½	11¾
4	Lynch Corp (2)	41	40¾	41
	M			
2	McCord Rad B	9¾	9½	9½
2.50	McWill Dredg (2a)	64	63½	63½
66	Maryland Cas	5¼	4¾	5
1.50	Masonite (1¾e)	71	70¾	71
5	Mavis Bot	5¾	5¾	5¾
.50	Mayflower Ax (2)	58	58	58
2	Mead John (3a)	82	82	82
3	Memph N G (1.60)	5½	5½	5½
3	Mercant Stra	22¾	22	22
8	Merritt-C & S	4¾	4	4
1	Merritt-C&S pf A	42	42	42
8	Mesabi Iron		¾	¾
2	Michigan G&O	2½	2½	2½
14	Michigan Sug	2¾	2¾	2¾
2	Michigan Sug pf	6¾	6½	6½
7	Mid St Pet A vtc	4¾	4¼	4¼
16	Mid St Pet B vtc	1¼	1¼	1¼
135	Mid West Util	¾	¾	¾
2	Mid West Ut pf	3	3	3
50	Midvale (1e)	45	45	45
1.25	Minn M&M (.70a)	24¾	24	24
2.25	Moh-Hud 2d pf	67	65	65
5	Molybdenum	10¼	10¼	10¼
1	Mount & Gulf(.07e)	1¾	1¾	1¾
22	Mount Prod (.60)	6¼	6	6¼
20	Mount St T&T (8)	143¾	143½	143½
1	Mueller Brass (.80)	27	27	27
1	Murphy Co (1.60)	151½	151½	151½
6	Murphy Co new wi	51¾	50½	50½
87	Nat Bellas Hess	2¾	2¾	2¾
4	Nat Fuel G (1)	21½	21¼	21½
6	Nat Invest	2½	2½	2½
7	Nat Invest war		¼	¼
7	Nat Leather	1¾	1¾	1¾
2.50	Nat P&L pf 6	81½	81	81
1	Nat Rub Mch	6¼	6¼	6¼
22	Nat Service	1¾	1¾	1¾
2	Nat Sve pf	1½	1½	1½
1	Nat Sug Ref (2)	24½	24½	24½
3	Nat Trana (¾e)	14½	13	13½
11	Nat Un Rad	1¼	1¼	1¼
1	Nehi Corp	4½	4½	4½
.25	Neisner Bros pf (7)	110¾	110¾	110¾
3	Nelson (H)	14½	13¾	14¼
4	Nestle-Le Mur A	3¼	3	3
1	New Bradford (.20)	3¾	3¾	3¾
2.50	N J Zinc (2)	74¾	72	72
5	N Mex & Ariz	3¾	3¾	3¾
10	†Newmont M (1½e)	85½	84	85½
2	†N Y&Hd (1a) XD.	32	31	32
1	†N Y Auction	3¼	3¼	3¼
1	†N Y Steam	19¼	19¼	19¼
1.25	†N Y Tel pf (6½)	118	117¾	117¾
9	†Niag Hud Pow	10¼	9¾	10
9	†Niag Hud A war	1¾	1¾	1¾
1	†Niag Hud B war	1¾	1¾	1¾
10	†Nia Sh-Sec M (.02e)	10	10	10
2	†Niles-Bem-P	34¼	33¾	33¾
9	†Nipissing M (¼s)	2¾	2¾	2¾
8	†Noma Elec	4	4	4
42	†Nor Am L & P	4¼	4¼	4¼
3	†Nor Am Ut P 5 '65	45½	45½	45½
5	†Nor Am Ut Sec	4	3¾	4
45	†Nor Europ Oil		¾	¾
75	†Nor NY Ut 1 pf (7)	104¾	104¾	104¾
19	†Nor St P A	24¼	23¾	23
2	†Novadel-Ag (2)	38¼	37½	37¾
4	†Outbrd Mot B	1¾	1¾	1¾
1	†Overseas Sec (¼s)	7¼	7¼	7¼
3	†Pac Eastern	5¼	5¼	5¼
5	†Pac G&E 1 pf (1½)	29½	29¾	29¾
1	†PacG&E 5½pf(1¾)	27½	27¾	27¾
25	†Pac Lighting pf(6)	106	106	106
1	†Un Gas Can (.10e)	9	9	9
1	†Un Pub Ser	15	15	15
2	†United Aire Ser	15	15	15
2	†Unit Chem pt pf	40¾	40	40
13	Unit Corp war	2¼	2¼	2¼
1	†Unit Dry Docks	31½	31½	31½
139	United Gas	8¾	8¼	8¼
30	Unit Gas war	¾	¾	¾
3	Unit Gas pf	91¾	91	91
47	Un Lt&Pow A	4¾	4½	4½
31	Un Pub Ser pf	37¾	36¾	37
1	†Un Prof Sh	1½	1½	1½
132	U S Elec Pow	3	3	3
189	U S Elec Pow war	3-32	1-32	1-32
1	†U S Foil B	1¼	1¼	1¼
1	†U S Lines pf	1¾	1½	1¾
3	†U S Radiator	6¼	6	6¼
3.25	†U S Rad pf	37	37	37
1	†Unit Stores vtc	¾	¾	¾
32	†Unit Wall Paper	4½	4¼	4¼
2	†Univ Pict	9¾	9	9½
.50	†Univ Prod (4s20e)	29	29	29
9	†Utah Apex M	1¼	1	1
1	†Utah P&Lpf(.58½k)	52	51	52
8	†Utility Equities	5½	5	5
.25	†Util Equit pf (3½)	82	82	82
46	†Util Power&Lt	1¾	1½	1½
2	†Utility & Ind	1¾	1¾	1¾
3	†Util & Ind pf	4¾	4¼	4¼
3	†Venezuel Pet	1¾	1¾	1¾
3	†Waco Aire	9¼	8	8¼
32	†Wayne Pump	24	23¾	23¾
1	†Weeden Corp	¾	¾	¾
8	†West Va C & C	4½	4¾	4¾
17	West Air Exp	5¾	5½	5½
.10	†Western Pow pf(7)	105¼	105¼	105¼
1	†West T & S stc(1e)	16¼	16¼	16¼
1	†WmsOil-O-Mat(¼e)	11½	11½	11½
3	†Wil-Low Caf	2	1¾	1¾
8	†Wil-Low Caf pf	12¾	12¼	12¾
1	†Wilson Jones (2)	39	39	39
11	†Wolverine Port Cem	4¼	4¼	4¼
6	†Woodley Pet (.40)	7¾	7¾	7¾
9	†Wright Harg (.40a)	8	7¾	8
16	†Yukon Gold	2¾	2¾	2¾

New York Curb Stock Quotations

By the Associated Press.

Total stock sales yesterday, 583,000 shares; year ago, 127,500. Total bond sales today, $3,700,000; year ago, $4,589,000.

Sales in hundreds.		High	Low	Close
	A			
3	Acme Wire vtc(¾e)	44	44	44
1	Aero Sup Mfg B	3¼	3	3
2.50	Ala Pow $7 pf(7)	75½	74	74
94	Ala Pow $6 pf (6)	68	68	68
11	Alabama Cons		½	½
34	Alsoma Cons pf		½	½
3.50	Alum Co Am	98	96	96
1	Alum Co pf (1½)	111¾	111½	111¾
53	Alum Ltd (.75e)	53	52	53
1	Am Capital	1½	1½	1½
1	Am CP&L A (3h)	47¾	47¾	47¾
13	Am CP&L B	6¾	6	6
23	Am Cyan B (.65e)	34½	33¾	34¾
2	Am & Fgn P war	4¼	4¼	4¼
154	Am G & E Hold(.80a)	21¾	20¾	20¾
16	Am G & E (1.40)	39¾	38¾	39¼
30	Am G & E pf (6)	108	108	108
8	Am Gen	10¾	10	10¾
2	Am Gen 42 pf	38¾	37¾	37¾
1	Am Hard Rub	36	35	35
1	Am Laund Mch(.40)	20	19¾	19¾
15	Am Lt & T (1.20)	18	17¾	18
25	Am Mfg	17½	17½	17½
90	Am Maracaibo	1	1	1
4.75	Am Meter	24	23½	23¾
1.50	Am Pot & Chem	24¼	24	24
200	Am Sup Pow	3¾	3	3¼
1	Am Sup P 1 pf(6)	93½	93½	93¼
9	Am Sup P pf	54	51½	51½
5	Am Thread pf (¼)	4¾	4¾	4¾
5	Anch Post F	1¾	1¾	1¾
1	Ang Wump (.20)	4¾	4¾	4¾
10	Appal El P pf (7)	106	106	106
17	Arctur Rad Tube	1¾	1¾	1¾
5	Ark Nat Gas	4¾	4¾	4¾
20	Ark Wat Gas A	4¾	4½	4¾
215	Ark Nat Gas pf	8	7¾	7¾
10	Ark P&L pf (1¾k)	101	101	101
1	Art-Met Wire(.60)	9¼	9¼	9¼
7	As G & E	1¾	1½	1½
46	As G & E A	1¾	1¾	1¾
95	As G & E war	½	½	½
8	As G & E pf	7¾	7¾	7¾
2.50	As Invest (.80a)	27½	26¾	26¾
4	Am Laund vtc	½	½	½
1	As Razon	2	2	2
1	Atl Gas Fish	14	13½	13½
10	Atlas Corp war	3¼	3¼	3¼
40	Atlas Corp (.30a)

Thousands Have Discovered the Ideal Room in Post Want Ads!

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

HOUSES—Rent—Furnished 54

FURNISHED corner house in Chevy Chase; 5 rooms, bath, and screened porch; $75 mo. For inspection call NAt. 0334.

LARGE, airy, detached house; no adjacent property; 9 rooms, 2 baths; lavatory on first floor; 2-car garage; oil heat. 4323 16th st. nw. MEt. 0771.

IN SELECT NW. SECTION.
3135 Ellicott Street N. W.
On account of leaving city, owner must rent his exquisitely furnished detached stone 6-room home, including 3 bedrooms, 3 baths, kitchen and pantry with all modern equipment; Frigidaire, etc.; living room, with fireplace; large dining room, breakfast rm., sun rm., porches; rare antiques thruout; 235 ft. frt.; shrubbery; fruit trees pvt. frt. driveway; built-in gar. Must be seen to be fully appreciated. CL. 8657.

Furnished or Unfurnished 55

3223 WARDER ST.—$55.
6 Rooms and Bath.
2-Car Brick Garage.
NATIONAL MORTGAGE & INV. CORP.,
1004 Vermont Ave. National 5833.

HOUSES—Rent—Unfurnished 56

CHEVY CHASE, D. C.—Center hall, brick, large living rm., dining rm., kit., den, 2nd fl., 4 bedrm, 2 baths; 2-car gar; oil heat; near Conn. ave. $125. 6 rms., bath, $85; also 5 rms. bath, bungalow, nr. Baltimore Blvd., $40. Fulton R. Gordon, 1427 Eye st. nw. Dist. 5230. Evenings, CL. 5091.

CHEVY CHASE, MD.—Detached, Dutch Colonial, 6 rooms, bath, fireplace, oil heat, refrigerator, 2-car garage. DIXIE REALTY CO., NA. 8880.

COLUMBIA RD.—9-room brick; 2 baths, h.-w. h., frig., garage; $75. Immediate possession. MEtropolitan 5400.

FOXALL—5 bedrooms, 2 baths, double rear porches, maid's room, garage, gas heat, fireplace, electric refrigeration. Phone NAt. 1040 or EM. 7768, or call for key at 1541 44th st. nw.
WAVERLY TAYLOR, INC.

MARIETTA PARK—Unusually attractive brick home; 6 rooms, 2 baths, recreation rm.; reas. rent. Call NAt. 2626.

NICHOLSON ST. NW., 506—Young empl. has house; refs. exch. GE. 2362.

NORTH CLEVELAND PK.—Det. 6 rooms, bath, incl. sleep porch, h.-w. h.; gar.; $70. A. D. Crumbaugh, CL. 1-3-6-4.

PETWORTH—Modern, six rooms, glassed porch, screened porch, oil burner, gas refrig., newly papered; garage; vacant. WASHINGTON REALTY CO., GE. 8300.

233 S ST. NE.-CORNER—8 rooms and bath, modern, h.-w. h.; large yard, $67.50. H. I. COLEMAN, 1410 G nw. WE. 3888.

$75—6 BEDROOMS, 1 BATH; ELECTRIC refrigeration; just off 16th st. nw. near Sacred Heart Church and other churches, schools, stores, cars, bus.
BRODIE & COLBERT, INC.,
1707 Eye St. N.W. National 8875.

6 rooms, 3629 11TH ST. NW.; kitchen and pantry; thoroughly redecorated; $65.00.
1617 VARNUM ST. NW.
6 rooms, 2 baths and inclosed sleeping porch; $110.00.
1437 MADISON ST. NW.
Detached house, 8 rooms, kitchen, bath and lavatory, electric refrigeration, oil heat and garage; rent, $105 per month.
H. G. SMITHY CO.,
811 15th St. NW. National 5904.

WANTED—TO RENT 62

List Your Vacant Properties With Us.
BOSS & PHELPS,
1417 K St. N.W. National 9300.

WANTED HOUSES AND APARTMENTS.
For Reliable Tenants.
LEE D. LATIMER CO.,
722 Investment Bldg. NA. 4146.

6-ROOM FURNISHED house in city or nearby, for family, $55. Write Box 92, Washington Post.

BUSINESS PROPERTY—Sale 64

INDUSTRIAL SITE—Full city block, bordering on 2 railroads. Ideal for coal yard, oil storage tanks, truck transfer warehouse for manufacturing site. Price, $710 per sq. ft. WASHINGTON & KANE, REALTORS, Alex. 1621.

INVESTMENT Property Sale 65

JUST COMPLETED — NEW 4-FAMILY APARTMENT, N.W. SECTION, INDIVIDUAL DETACHED BUILDING, 100 PER CENT RENTED. RENTAL INCOME $2,460. DIRECT FROM OWNER. NO BROKERS. PHONE EM. 5744.

PRICE, $4,250.
Attractive 6-room and bath brick home, hot-water heat and electricity; good northwest location. Rented to excellent colored tenant, $540 per annum. Call Mr. Schwartz, 1404 K. CAPRITZ. DIST. 9080.

NEW 4-FAMILY APT.
Just completed and rented.
1st Trust, $8,500.
Rented for $2,232 Per Annum.
BARGAIN AT $12,750.
SEE MR. R. S. CLARK,
1011 6th St. N.W., or Your Broker.

HOUSES FOR SALE 66

BUNGALOW—N.W. section, $5,750; terms. A. D. CRUMBAUGH, CL. 1-3-6-4.

UNUSUAL OFFERING IN MICHIGAN PARK—7-room detached home; two baths; automatic heat. NA. 2626.

VISIT The Washington Post Model Home at 202 Roosevelt pl., Huntington Terrace, Bethesda, Md. Open daily. Built by J. R. Henderson; furnished by Hilda Miller and presented by Morgan E. Morgan, 1108 16th st. nw. District 2133.

10TH ST. NE.—Attractive 6-room, semi-detached brick, a. m. i., 3 garages, $5,250. Terms. MEtropolitan 5400.

$22,500—A home in beautiful WOODLEY PARK, D. C., priced just $10,000 less than owner paid for it, and in excellent condition. A valuable property in a superb location. Detached Center-Hall Colonial brick, 11 rooms (7 bedrooms), 3 baths, study, automatic heating plant and refrigeration, big screened rear porch and many other interesting features. BOSS & PHELPS, NATIONAL 9300.

$9,500—A BARGAIN and no mistake about this one, that word. Appraised for an $8,000 first trust, now reduced to $6,000. Just west of Mt. Pleasant car line. 23½-foot brick house, finely built, 7 rooms (4 bedrooms), spacious reception hall, 2 baths, 2 big screened rear porches, automatic heat and refrigeration, large attic. Vacant. BOSS & PHELPS, NATIONAL 9300.

$7,750—Located in a most desirable Northwest residential section, this modern nearly new brick home has been put in perfect condition. Six rooms, tile bath with built-in tub and shower, electric refrigeration, and built-in garage.
H. G. SMITHY CO.,
811 15th St. N.W. NAtional 5904.

$9,500—In Woodley Park, near Wardman Park Hotel. A splendid home of 7 rooms and bath, recently reconditioned. There is a detached brick garage. The price is several thousand dollars below the original sales price. A real value.
H. G. SMITHY CO.,
811 15th St. N.W. NAtional 5904.

Why Overload Yourself

with an expensive house? Experienced builder will build 4-room house complete for $2,500. Attic space for 2 rooms later if desired. Larger and smaller houses in proportion. Phone GReenwood 1986 or 2397-J.

$5,250.
Semidetached brick; S. E., 6 rooms, like new; arranged for 2 apts.; 2-car garage; accessible to Navy Yard; easy terms. NA. 8682; after 5, CO. 5264.

This house will be built in Georgetown. Plans are complete and work will start in the near furture. Changes can be made before construction begins. Lot is 26½' wide by 135' deep to a 20' paved alley. The charming characteristics typical of the fine Early American home will be incorporated in this house. For particulars consult Madison Building Company, Harry K. Boss, President, Room 301, 1417 K St. N.W.

Gasoline Alley

Just to Simplify the Transaction

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

HOUSES FOR SALE 66 (Continued.)

Open Every Day
242 Jefferson St. N.W.
Furnished.
WM. H. SAUNDERS CO., INC.,
1519 K St. N.W. Di. 1015.

THE POST MODEL HOME

Is Open Today and Tonight

AT 5008 THIRD ST. N.W.

Be sure to see the six beautifully furnished rooms, 2 baths and handsome big recreation room.
Drive Out Tonight.

1501 Kalmia St. N.W.
Center Hall Brick $13,950

Large living room with open fireplace, dining room, paneled library or den, first-floor lavatory, 3 bedrooms, 2 tiled baths, screened sleeping porch, attic, insulated, weather-stripped, furred and screened. Copper gutters and downspouts. Oil heat, electric refrigeration and garage.

Open, Heated and Lighted Till 9 P. M.

Drive out 16th St. to Kalmia St., and turn right ½ block to home.
H. G. Smithy Co.
811 15th St. N.W. National 5904.

North of Grant Circle

Substantial Gruver-built, 20-ft. brick home, wide front porch, 6 rooms, tile bath, built-in garage, 2 large screened rear porches; new gas range, new hot-water heater; frigidaire; house in excellent condition; reasonably priced. Phone Mr. Maloney, CLev. 7649.

CHEVY CHASE, MD.

4616 4618 Nottingham drive—2 new brick dwellings, 6 rooms, 2 baths, finished recreation room, detached garage. Reduced for quick sale. Brady Bros., Inc., 410 Bond Bldg. NAt. 3934, eve. NO. 2104.

COLORED—1015 and 1260 Florida ave. ne., 6 rooms, a. m. i., newly dec. Open daily, 6 to 8 p. m. Sunday 2 to 8. DE. 1160.

COLORED—$250 CASH.

N. E. near Union Station, 2-story brick, new-house cond., 6 rooms, h.-w. h., Frigidaire; $3,950, $40 mo. A. M. COOPER, 1008 Eye st. nw. National 1332.

SALE or EXCHANGE 68

KENSINGTON, MD.—8-room house, a. m. i., with 3 nicely shaded lots; will exchange for city property.
KENSINGTON REALTY CO.
Kensington, Md. Kensington 132.

KENSINGTON, MD.—8-room modern home, garage; lot 150x150; $8,000; will exchange for D. C. prop. (Invest. or home.)
KENSINGTON REALTY CO.
Kensington, Md. Ken. 132.

LOTS for SALE 69

GREAT BARGAIN—Chevy Chase, D. C., near 33d and Military rd.; all utilities and paved alley. NAtional 2626.

I HAVE the best reasonably priced N.W. lots; zoned to meet your needs.
J. FRANK TILLER. CLeve. 1479.

NORTH OF BETHESDA—Near bus and school; beautiful lots 60x120 feet at $720; electricity, gas, water and sewer available. Louis P. Shoemaker, 1719 K st. nw. National 1166.

WIDE DESIRABLE lot in Woodside Park on paved street with improvements. Cheap. Toledo Guaranty Corp. NA. 2626.

SUBURBAN for Sale 70

CRYSTAL SPRING AVE., N. Marlboro Pk., opp. Co. Club, Dept. G. Can. Hutt; 5-r. & b.; h.-w. h.; el.; fine repair; 2-car gar.; sold for $5,000; $3,350, $350 cash, $37.50 mo.; ideal home for investment, can secure tenant at $37.50 mo. Md. Pk., 5-rm. bungalows, houses, $2,950 up; $150 cash, bal. easy. For Md. bargains see us. N. E. RYON CO., 1216 N. Y. Ave. 3418 14th. Va. 2203 Wilson Blvd.

FURNISHED—7-room, brick, lot 50x137, a. m. i. Furniture alone worth $1,500. Price, $7,000. 50 Oakwood rd., Hyattsville, Md. GReenwood 2678.

NEARBY VA.—New 5-room brick bungalow; finished attic, basement, h.-w. h., garage. Paved street; well located. Easy terms. $5,500. J. A. Baker & Co., 1112 N. Irving st., Clarendon, Va. Wa. 7667-Cle. 8692.

25 NORTH HIGHLAND ST.—½-block from Lee Blvd.—5-room house, electricity, city water, gas, hot-water heater, lot 60x119; landscape shade. Price, $3,650. Call B. M. Smith, 2408 Columbia pike, Clarendon 2038.

FARMS—LAND for SALE 73

BOOKLET describing farm bargains in Montgomery Co. on request. Counselman & O'Brien, 6823 Wisc. ave., Wisc. 4240.

ESTATES and country homes in northern Va., convenient to Washington. Buell Farm Agency, Herndon, Fairfax Co., Va.

$30 CASH; 2¾ acres farm land, near Maryland; paved highway; 12 miles District; $200. NA. 3753. AT. 5206-J.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE 76

CASH FOR OLD HOUSES UP TO $4,500; any condition.
HARRY B. PITTS CO.,
1019 15th St. NW. MEt. 0100.

FOR QUICK results, list your property for sale or rent with us.
JOHN P. DONOHOE & SONS.
314 Penna. Ave. S.E.

I WILL PAY CASH for your property; white or colored; brick or frame. G. G. DUTY, 1024 Vermont ave. NA. 4482.

LIST your property for sale or rent with
WALTER A. BROWN
1415 Eye St. N.W. NAtional 1652.

WE PAY CASH FOR SMALL HOUSES. Immediate settlement.
HARRY B. PITTS CO.,
1019 15th St. NW. MEtro. 0100.

MISCELLANEOUS for SALE 83

DEALERS' ADS under this heading contain a firm name or a business address or state the word "Dealer." Other ads are presumed to be from private individuals. Readers who find dealers masquerading in this column as private individuals are urged to report the matter to The Washington Post.

BOX SPRING—Single size only; originally $29.50; to close out, $15.95; guaranteed Ideal Bedding Co., 622 E st. nw.

DISPLAY CASE—8 ft., reconditioned; full display; compressor and coils; 1-year guarantee; $495. 1731 14th st. nw.

FURNITURE—If interested in living room suits, see mine; also odd rocking chair. 6645 GA. ave. nw., Apt. 106.

GENERAL Electric Refrigerator; all porcelain; perfect condition; $85.00. Don't miss this bargain. Others as low as $40.00. 2030 14th st. nw.

Jordan's January Sale
SAVE
$50 to $100
On a Piano ($1 Weekly)
Arthur Jordan
PIANO CO.
1239 G St. N.W.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

MISCELLANEOUS for SALE 83 (Continued.)

LAW BOOKS, set of Ruling Case Law and supplement; in good condition, $100. Call Cavanaugh, DIs. 2811, ext. 2015.

PIANOS—Kitt's big midwinter clearance is now in progress with over 300 fine new and used instruments drastically reduced for immediate selling! All types and sizes are on sale—baby grands, apartment uprights, new vertical and spinet grands, period models, concert grands, etc.—such well-known makes as Knabe, Chickering, Steinway (used), Weber, Geo. Steck, Estey, Castle-Nelson, Webster, Everett, Lindeman and many others. Reconditioned uprights are priced at $18, $20, $25, $28, $30 and up; reconditioned grands at $145, $180, $195, $215, $225, and up; new small uprights, $165, $175, $195, $215; new grands at $260, $295, $310, $315, $325 and up; $5 down delivers any piano over $30. Only once a year do we allow reductions this large, so if you are considering the purchase of a piano don't fail to see these values . . . we promise it will be well worth your while. Kitt's, Inc., 1330 G st. (In the middle of the block.)

RADIOS—Demonstrators and floor samples: Philcos and R. C. A. Victor; 50% off; new guarantee. 2900 14th st. nw.

RADIOS—We are closing out Philco floor sample sets at reductions of from $12.50 to $75. The radios are the latest 1936 models and include midget baby grands, cabinet models and radio-phonographs at prices from $20 up; a once a year opportunity to buy a fine set at a worthwhile saving. New set guarantee. Easy terms. Kitt's, 1330 G st.

SEWING MACHINES, spec. prices on all used machines. Renting, repairing. Sewing Mach. Ex., 2412 18th nw. CO. 3245.

TYPEWRITERS—Remington, $20; L. C. Smith, $25; Underwood, $20; guar. perf. Standard Typewriter Co., 723 10th nw.

TYPEWRITERS—Current model Coronas and L. C. Smiths for rent. Bargains in rebuilt and reconditioned machines. The L. C. Smith and Corona Typewriters, Inc., 1018 15th st. nw. NA. 0411.

TYPEWRITERS—Reconditioned standard and portables, lowest prices; all makes sold, rented, repaired. Typewriter Sales and Service, 811 17th st. nw. NA. 5666.

TYPEWRITER keys: rubber sets; regular $3.50; with this ad, $1.95. "United." 813 14th st. nw

CASH REGISTERS—New and Used. THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CO., 1206 H St. N.W.
Phones: Sales, NA. 1376; service, NA. 1390.

OFFICE FURNITURE. Large assortment of used pieces at low prices. H. Baum & Son, 616 E st. nw. NA. 9136.

CENTURY OIL BURNERS.
RUDOLPH & WEST CO.,
1332 N. Y. ave. nw. Nat. 4870.
PIANOS FOR RENT
$3.50—$4.00 PER MONTH AND UP.
Finest Rental Stock in Washington.
W. W. KIMBALL CO., 721 11th St. N.W.

COAL, FUEL OIL, WOOD 83A

OAK fireplace wood, $10 cord; pine, $9 a cord. Seasoned 1 year; cut any length. NOrth 0868.

WOOD burning in the fireplace lends a cheerful atmosphere to any home. Be sure it's dry! Order now.
JOHN MEIKLEJOHN, INC.
212 Van Buren St. N.W. GE. 0621.

ARLINGTON COAL CO.

2,240 LBS. TO THE TON.
Coal Carried Into the Bin Free.

	1 Ton.	2 Tons.
Blue Banner Egg	$8.50	$16.00
Pa. Hard Buckwheat	8.50	16.00
Pa. Hard, Stove or Nut	13.00	25.00
Pocahontas, Briquettes	11.00	21.00
Pocahontas, Egg	10.50	20.00
Pocahontas, Chestnut	9.00	17.00
Pocahontas, Stove	10.00	19.00
Run of Mine, 80% lump	8.00	15.00
Va. Hard, Pea	8.00	
Va. Hard, Stove or Egg	10.50	20.00

Phone Walnut 9213-9214

COAL
FINEST PENNSYLVANIA ANTHRACITE, 2,240 LBS. TO THE TON
Egg $12.50
Stove $12.50
Nut $12.50
Pea $10.00
Buckwheat ... $7.90
All Kinds and Sizes of Soft Coal at Special Low Rates.
Phone Georgia 4384
MOYER COAL CORP.
Blair Road at Sheridan St. N.W.
Macon L. Moyer, Pres.
Wm. C. Bond, Jr., Sec.-Treas.

WANTED—TO BUY 87

BOOKS—Highest prices for good books, old prints, autographs. Bargain Book Shop, 808 9th st. nw. DI. 5007.

BOOKS—All kinds; any number; highest cash prices paid. MEtro. 5415. Pearlman's Big Book Shop, 1407 G st. nw.

CASH FOR GOLD, silver, watches, rings, chains, bracelets, discarded trinkets get you money. Schiller Bros., 922 F st. nw.

DISCARDED and broken old gold, jewelry, antiques, silver, gold teeth, watches; spot cash paid. Miliam's, 436 9th st. nw

FURNITURE—Best prices for furniture, household goods, office furniture, merchandise; prompt attention. Dist. 6112.

GOLD OR PLATINUM JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE AND GOLD TEETH, ANY CONDITION. WE HAVE U. S. GOVT. LICENSE TO BUY GOLD AND PAY CASH. A. KAHN, INC., 44 YEARS AT 935 F ST. N.W.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

WANTED—TO BUY 87 (Continued.)

OLD GOLD, silver, platinum, diamonds bought by oldest estab. Washington dealer. Louis Abrahams, 711 G st. nw.

SPOT CASH PAID IMMEDIATELY.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND ANY OLD Discarded Jewelry or Gold Teeth.
SELINGER'S, 818 F St. N.W.

WANTED—AUTOMOTIVE 88

CASH! INSTANTLY! For your car. Auto loans. Used Car Clearing House, Inc., 1166 18th st. nw. ME. 7686.

CASH FOR YOUR CAR.
National Auto Sales, Inc.
1417 Wisconsin ave. nw.

Norris Inc., 2018 14th st. NOrth 3946
SEE US BEFORE SELLING.

More Cash for Your Car.
'C' Mack, 1525 14th. De. 5897

CASH FOR YOUR CAR
PHONE DECATUR 2300
Whether Car Is Paid For or Not.
SEE MR. BARNES, 1729 14th St.

AUTO ACCESSORIES 94

THE Place to Buy Quality Merchandise at the Lowest Price Is
MANHATTAN AUTO & RADIO CO.,
1708 7th St. N.W.

AUTO TRUCKS—TRACTORS 97

CAPITOL MOTORS Used Truck Headquarters. '31 Ford dump truck, $225. '31 Ford stake body, $265. '30 Ford panel, $170. Chevrolet bucketer body, $70. Auto car heavy duty chassis and cab, $245. Ford furniture body, $70. LI. 6303. 1522 Pa. ave. se. Open evenings.

AUTOMOBILE LOANS 97A

NOTICE, TAXI OWNERS
Reduce your payments
and get extra cash
943 NEW YORK AVE. NW.
N. E. Corner 10th. Phone NA. 5555.

QUICK AUTO LOANS
CAPITAL AUTO FINANCE SERVICE.
901 New York Ave. N.W. ME. 1355.

AUTOMOBILES for SALE 98

AUBURN—'32 Sedan, $295. Auburn Wash. Co., 2424 18th nw. COl. 9164. Auburn Sales and Service.

AUBURN $150
1931 model 898 custom sedan; 6 wire wheels, trunk rack, good black finish with white sidewall tires; a very classy looking car in the very pink of condition, priced way below the market; a real value; terms if desired. Open evenings.
ROSEN-RICE MOTORS
1423 Irving St. NW. COlumbia 10324.

BUICK $195
'30 Victoria Coach. Beautiful black Duco finish, spotless mohair upholstery; practically new tires, six-wheel equipment, trunk rack and ready to go.
HANDLEY MOTOR
3730 Georgia Ave. N.W. AD. 6060.

BUICK $595
1933 Model "97" seven-passenger Sedan (4 door), rich dark finish in excellent condition. Best buy of the day for the price and terms. Open evenings.
HYATTSVILLE AUTO & SUPPLY CO.
Hyattsville, Md. GReenwood 1610.
Buick Dealer. "Buick's the Buy!"

BUICK—'31 Phaeton; beautiful blue Duco finish with red wheels, trunk rack, tires practically new, leather upholstery all around; only $219. Buy a Carter-cared car. Parkway Motor Co., 3040 M st. nw. WEst. 0181.

CHEVROLET $259
'32 Coach. Beautiful finish, wonderful motor, tires perfect, upholstery spotless; $9 down, balance easy monthly terms.
STANDARD MOTOR SALES,
2022 14th St. N.W. North 9139.

CHEVROLET—'34 Coupe. This car has been reduced to $395. Fleming Motor Corp., 2156 Champlain st. nw., Pontiac Dealers. COl. 1020

CHEVROLET $289
1933 Coach. Beautiful black finish, red wire wheels; fine motor and practically new tires. Ask to see Car No. 6689 at 1835 14th St. Nearly 100 more LATE MODEL "Better Conditioned Cars" at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
TAYLOR MOTOR CO.
14th at T.

CHEVROLET
1932 Sedan. Motor reconditioned in our shop; very good tires and new battery ready for WINTER driving; only $40 down and balance easy payments.
ADDISON CHEVROLET, INC.,
1437 Irving St. ADams 5411.

CHEVROLET
If you have a bonus coming and want to buy a car, see one of "Washington's Finest" today.
EVANS-PALMER, Inc.
14th and L sts. nw. NAtional 3474.

CHEVROLET $385
1934 "5" Sedan; excellent black paint, cream wire wheels, fine mohair upholstery; this car has had good care and is in splendid condition; inspect and compare our price; "safety tested." C. C. C. guarantee. Open evenings and Sunday.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22nd St. N. W. NAtional 3300.

CHEVROLET
1933 Coach. Original finish spotless; motor thoroughly checked and in excellent shape; good tires; ready for safe winter driving; only $19 down, balance in easy payments.
ADDISON CHEVROLET, INC.,
1437 Irving St. ADams 5411.

CHEVROLET $395
1934 Sedan (2-door); trunk equipment; beautiful new-car appearance, performance; low mileage and careful handling by original owner make this the outstanding buy of the day! Terms and trade.
NORTHEAST MOTOR CO.
920 Bladensburg Rd. N.E. ATlantic 0200.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

AUTOMOBILES for SALE 98 (Continued.)

CHEVROLET—1932 Sport Coupe. Rumble seat. Beautiful maroon body and fenders. Runs perfect. Excellent tires. Special terms. Only $5 down. Bal. 18 months.
SIMMONS MOTORS,
1333 14th St. Di. 5173.

CHEVROLET 1931 Sport Coupe. $199. Black finish, with red stripe and wheels. Sure to please the particular buyer. "Winterized and Safety-tested," with a "Good Will Guarantee." Ask for car 2380. L. P. Steuart, Inc., 1325 14th st. nw.

CHRYSLER $285
1931 Coupe; 6 wheels, trunk equipment; new tires; a real value; only $5 down and $19.71 monthly.
Gardner-Stuart Motors
804 Bladensburg Rd. N.E. LIncoln 8138.

DODGE—'34 Coach, $450; clean as a pin throughout; fully guar.; new-car appearance. McReynolds Motor, 1721 14th nw.

DODGE—'32 Sedan, $275; perfect in every detail. F. M. McLaughlin, 3103 R. I. ave. ne. DE. 4691. Call De Pue.

FORD 1933 De Luxe Tudor; trunk, extras, wonderful motor; real buy at $37 down and $21.41 per month; money-back guarantee. Nolan's Used-Car Stadium, 18th and M sts. nw. Open evenings.

FORD '34 de luxe 4-door sedan; original hair upholstery exceptionally clean; mileage very low for this model car; safety glass in every window; clear vision ventilation throughout; excellent value at $429.
TAKOMA MOTOR CO.
Takoma Pk., Takoma Thes. GE. 9852

FORD 1932 Cabriolet; looks like a showroom car; motor tested and proved; rich ebony, waxed finish; a steal at $7 down, $16.19 per month; money-back guarantee. Keep Rollin' With Nolan, 1111 18th

FORD
1933 V-8 Sedan. Powerful and quiet motor; 5 very good tires; spotless interior. See this fine car, drive it . . . give it any test . . . then decide. Only $25 down, balance easy payments.
ADDISON CHEVROLET, INC.,
1437 Irving St. ADams 5411.

FORD '33 Coupes, Tudors and Fordors. Fifteen to choose from, all in wonderful mechanical condition. Some with de luxe equipment, some with new tires, new batteries. Drop in and get our prices; they are below the market. Capitol Motors, 215 Pa. ave. se. LI. 0303. Open evenings and Sunday.

FORD
If you have a bonus coming and want to buy a car, see one of "Washington's Finest" today.
EVANS-PALMER, Inc.
14th and L sts. nw. NAtional 3474.

FORD $545
'35 De Luxe Coupe. Beautiful Baize baked enamel finish, very low mileage. This motor runs like a chime, mohair upholstery spotless; had one owner that took marvelous care of this car. It's absolutely perfect.
HANDLEY MOTOR
3730 Georgia Ave. N.W. AD. 6060.

FORD $395
1934 Tudor Sedan; finished in green with cream wheels; it all practically new tires; motor same as a new car; trade and terms.
HANDLEY MOTOR
3730 Georgia Ave. N.W. AD. 6060.

FORD 1934 Coupes, 2-door and 4-door, all perfect condition. Priced below market. Liberal trade and terms. Capitol Motors, 215 Penn. ave. se. Lincoln 0303. Open evenings and Sundays.

FORD '35 Coupe. Looks and runs like new car. Fully guaranteed. $459. Stohlman Chevrolet, 3307 M st. nw.

FORD 1929 Coupe; special, with rumble seat; original finish, owned by prominent bank executive; chauffeur-driven. Kept in garage; a true pet car; only $7 down and $8.45 per month; money-back guarantee. "Keep Rollin' With Nolan." 1111 18th st. nw. Open evenings.

FORD
1932 Tudor Sedan, and very good condition; motor thoroughly reconditioned, very clean thruout; $19 down, small monthly payments.
ADDISON CHEVROLET, INC.,
1437 Irving St. ADams 5411.

FORD 1935 Business Coupe, $459. Radio, attractive tan finish. You'll find this car way above the average. "Winterized and Safety-tested," with a "Good Will Guarantee." Ask for car 2341. L. P. Steuart, Inc., 1325 14th st. nw.

FORD 1934 De Luxe Sport Coupe, $395, rumble seat. Has radio. Finished in black. Spotless. A car you can be proud to own. "Winterized and Safety-tested," with a "Good Will Guarantee." L. P. Steuart, Inc., 1325 14th st. nw.

FORD '35 2-door D. L. Sedan, $515. Practically a brand new car. Clean as a pin. Stanley H. Horner, Inc., 811 14th st.

FORD 1934 V-8 De Luxe Fordor Sedan; ebony finish, driven only 10,400 miles; motor perfect; immaculate interior, built-in trunk, white sidewall tires mounted in Chinese red wheels; $27 down, balance to suit; money-back guarantee "Keep Rollin' With Nolan." 1111 18th st. nw.

FORD
'34 De Luxe Conv. Coupe; rumble seat. Henry's Motor Sales, 1220 14th st. MEt. 9106.

FORD 1931 Special De Luxe Roadster; side mountings, trunk, driven by a lady, kept in heated garage; $7 down and $13.37 per month; money-back guarantee. Keep Rollin' With Nolan." Used-Car Stadium, 18 and M sts. nw. Open evenings.

HUPMOBILE '33 de luxe Sedan. Beautiful two-tone tan with six wire wheels, two mounted on the well fenders. Trunk rack. Perfect mechanically and ready to go. Ask for our price. Capitol Motors, 215 Pa. ave. se. LI. 0303. Open evenings and Sunday.

HUPMOBILE—1931 De Luxe, 4-door Sedan; good condition; $225. Leeper Motor Sales, 8010 R. I. ave. ne. OR. 1381.

LA SALLE $1,095
1935 Convertible Coupe; this car was only driven 8,000 miles and certainly is in excellent condition throughout; its appearance is like a new car! C. C. C. guarantee; "safety tested." Open evenings and Sunday.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22nd St. N. W. NAtional 3300.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

AUTOMOBILES for SALE 98 (Continued.)

LA SALLE $245
1930 Club Sedan; you rarely find a car of this particular year in the exceptional condition of this one; the original paint is perfect; the upholstery is spotless; mileage is low, "safety tested;" C. C. C. guarantee. Open evenings and Sunday.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22nd St. N. W. National 3300.

LA SALLE $145
1929 Sedan; all good tires, excellent paint, clean upholstery; this car certainly offers remarkable transportation value; "safety tested." Open evenings and Sunday.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22nd St. N. W. National 3300.

NASH $219
1931 model 8-890 five-passenger sedan. You will find this a very clean car with good paint, tires and a splendid motor. A real buy.
"SAFETY TESTED" USED CARS.
WISCONSIN MOTORS
29th and M STS. N.W. WEst 2972.

NASH SEDAN — $15 down, $10 month. Warrington Motor Car Co., 2035 17th st, nw. FOt. 0701.

OLDS '29 Coupe. Very good condition. Only $95. Community motors, 8621 Wisconsin Ave. WI. 2676.

OLDSMOBILE
If you have a bonus coming and want to buy a car, see one of "Washington's Finest" today.
EVANS-PALMER, Inc.
14th and L sts. nw. National 3474.

OLDS '34 Fordor Touring Sedan. Beautiful green duco finish with built-in trunk. Very low mileage. Tires practically new. Motor quiet and excellent. You absolutely cannot tell this car from new. A rare bargain. Capitol Motors, 215 Pa. ave. se. LI. 0303. Open evenings and Sunday.

OLDSMOBILE $245
1932 Convertible Coupe; 6 wood wheels, trunk rack, fine black paint, tan leather upholstery, good clean top, all good tires; you will find this a clean car; "safety tested;" C. C. C. guarantee. Open evenings and Sunday.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22nd St. N. W. NAtional 3300.

PACKARD $575
1932 model 902 club sedan; excellent black paint, clean cloth upholstery; good tires; you will find a very clean car throughout; "safety tested;" C. C. C. guarantee. Open evenings and Sunday.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22nd St. N. W. NAtional 3300.

PLYMOUTH $445
1934 Sedan. Equipped with radio and heater. Excellent condition throughout; clean upholstery, beautiful black finish. Motor and tires A-1. Low mileage. Easy terms.
DUKE & OTEY
1365 H St. N.W. ATlantic 6020.

PLYMOUTH 1932 P. A. Sedan, $189. Dark blue finish with cream wheels. A late model car at a low price. "Winterized and Safety-tested," with a "Good Will Guarantee." Ask for car 2423. L. P. Steuart, Inc., 1325 14th st. nw.

PLYMOUTH
If you have a bonus coming and want to buy a car, see one of "Washington's Finest" today.
EVANS-PALMER, Inc.
14th and L sts. nw. NAtional 3474.

PLYMOUTH 1933 Sedan, $349. Fine black finish with red stripe and wheels. A car that will make a home motorist. "Winterized and Safety-tested," with a "Good Will Guarantee." Ask for car 2419. L. P. Steuart, Inc., 1325 14th st. nw.

PLYMOUTH $595
'35 Touring 2-door sedan in excellent condition throughout; new-car guarantee. Coast-In, Inc., 6th and Fla. ave. ne.

PLYMOUTH
1933 Sedan. Hydraulic brakes, floating power, motor in best of cond.; 5 excellent tires; spotless thruout and low down payment of $35; easy terms on balance. See Mr. owls.
ADDISON CHEVROLET, INC.,
1437 Irving St. ADams 5411.

Plymouth '34 Tudor; excel. condition throughout, good tires, etc. $395. Justice Motor Co., 2303 14th st. nw.

PONTIAC 1931 Sport Coupe, $199. Smart black finish with red stripe and wheels. Our mechanics have completely checked this car. "Winterized and Safety-tested," with a "Good Will Guarantee." Ask for car 2233. L. P. Steuart, Inc., 1325 14th st. nw.

PONTIAC 1934 Coach, $475. Rich black finish, clean throughout; smooth and powerful motor. "Winterized and Safety-tested," with a "Good Will Guarantee." Ask for car 2290. L. P. Steuart, Inc., 1325 14th st. nw.

PONTIAC 1933 Coach, $363. Spotless black finish. Enjoy its comfort. Mechanically O.K. See it today. "Winterized and Safety-tested," with a "Good Will Guarantee." Ask for car 2403. L. P. Steuart, Inc., 1325 14th st. nw.

PONTIAC 1934 Convertible Coupe, $465. Finished in black. Here's good looks, plus economy. "Winterized and Safety-tested," with a "Good Will Guarantee." Ask for car 2377. L. P. Steuart, Inc., 1325 14th st. nw.

PONTIAC $465
1934 Five-Passenger Sedan; beautiful brown paint, all clean mohair upholstery, excellent tires and in splendid mechanical condition; you cannot find a better value in a really clean car; "safety tested;" C. C. C. guarantee. Open evenings and Sunday.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22nd St. N. W. NAtional 3300.

PONTIAC 1935 2-door Touring Sedan, built-in trunk. Green finish; checked to give 1936 performance. "Winterized and Safety-tested," with a "Good Will Guarantee." Ask for car 2390. A real buy at $695. L. P. Steuart, Inc., 1325 14th st. nw.

STUDEBAKER '34 Dictator Custom 8. R. Sedan. Philco Radio; $525. Alber & McNeil 1418 P st. nw. Studebaker Dealers.

BEST USED CARS—No down payment if you are working. Royal Motor Sales, 1724 14th st. DE. 5819.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

AUTOMOBILES for SALE 98 (Continued.)

STUDEBAKER $150
'29 Sedan. A wonderful family car that has lots of unused mileage left; beautiful new paint, new tires and made by the builder of champions.
SEMMES SALES, INC.
Pontiac Sales and Service.
4121 13th St. N.W. AD. 8300.

FORDS. FORDS. FORDS. FORDS.
STEWART MOTOR CO.,
8th St. and New York Ave. N.W.

TREW

"Cap" Stubbs — Pop's Escaped! — By Edwina

POP, I COULD HELP A LOT IN YOUR OFFICE — I WOULDN'T CHARGE MUCH, EITHER —
I TOLD YOU NOT TO BOTHER YOUR FATHER —
I'M NOT BOTHERIN' — I'M GONNA HELP HIM —
HE'S TOO TIRED TO ARGUE WITH YOU TONIGHT —
THERE'S PLENTY FOR YOU TO DO RIGHT AROUND HERE IF YOU WANT TO HELP ANYBODY —
GOOD NIGHT! HE'S GONE!

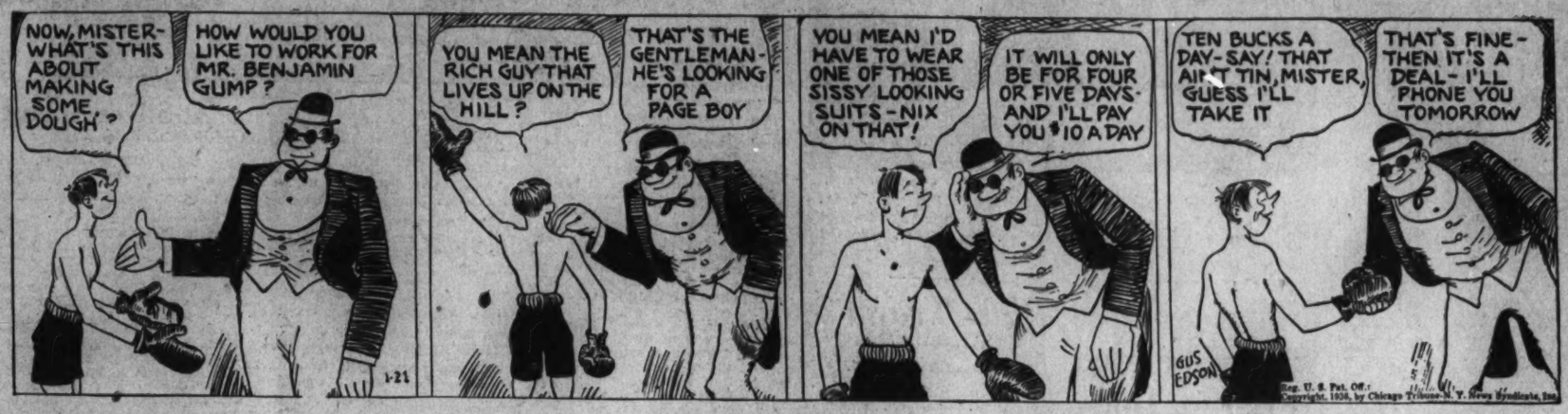
ARE YOU SUPERSTITIOUS? — By Clyde H. DuBose

Copyright, 1936, by The Washington Post.

DICK TRACY — Among the Wolves

WELL, LET'S GO UP TO THE APARTMENT, BOYS! I WANT BOYLE, HERE, TO GIVE US MORE DOPE ON HOW HE DUCKED THE G-MEN.
REALIZING HIS DISGUISE IS WORKING OUT PERFECTLY, TRACY PONDERS HIS NEXT MOVE....
GAD! I'VE DUPED THEM COMPLETELY. I MIGHT BE ABLE TO STICK UP THE WHOLE BUNCH AND NAB THEM RIGHT NOW. STILL—I SHOULD TIP OFF JIM TRAILER AND HAVE A LITTLE HELP!
TO HIMSELF
YOU KNOW, BOYLE—YOU'VE BEEN HOLDING OUT ON US! YOU'RE A DARN SIGHT CLEVERER THAN WE THOUGHT YOU WERE.
THANKS, 'CUT'
AREN'T YOU GOING OUT TO EAT, JIM?
NIX. I'M SITTING RIGHT BY THIS TELEPHONE TILL I HEAR FROM TRACY. HE PROMISED HE'D CALL AT THE FIRST POSSIBLE CHANCE.

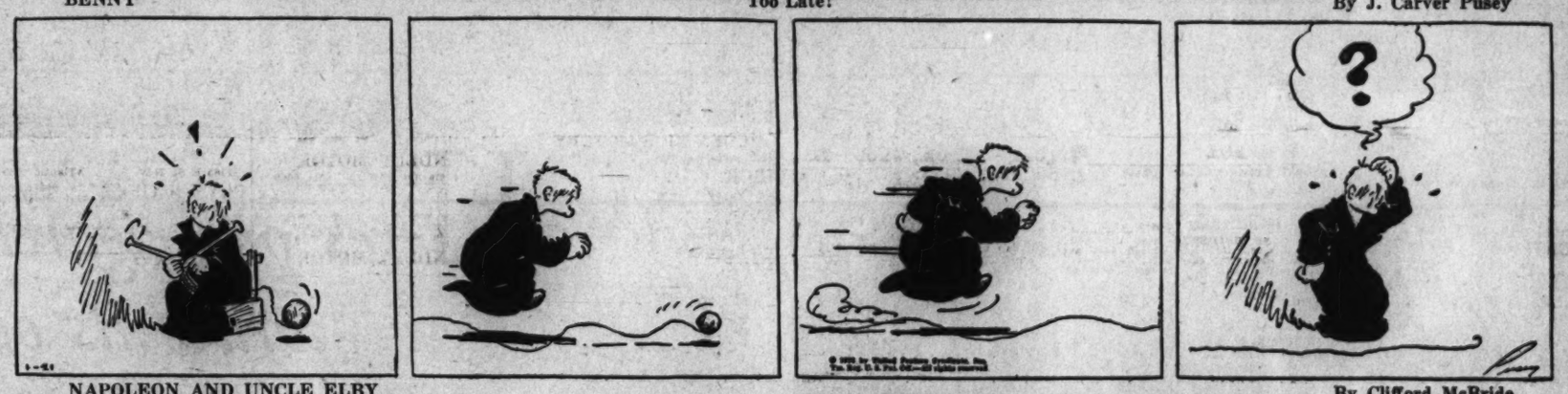
THE GUMPS — The Plot Thickens


NOW, MISTER—WHAT'S THIS ABOUT MAKING SOME DOUGH?
HOW WOULD YOU LIKE TO WORK FOR MR. BENJAMIN GUMP?
YOU MEAN THE RICH GUY THAT LIVES UP ON THE HILL?
THAT'S THE GENTLEMAN—HE'S LOOKING FOR A PAGE BOY
YOU MEAN I'D HAVE TO WEAR ONE OF THOSE SISSY LOOKING SUITS—NIX ON THAT!
IT WILL ONLY BE FOR FOUR OR FIVE DAYS—AND I'LL PAY YOU $10 A DAY
TEN BUCKS A DAY—SAY! THAT AIN'T TIN, MISTER, GUESS I'LL TAKE IT
THAT'S FINE—THEN IT'S A DEAL—I'LL PHONE YOU TOMORROW

JOE PALOOKA — He's Okay — By Ham Fisher

I DON'T KNOW WHAT YOU CAN DO MRS. PALOOKA. YOU'D BETTER GO BACK HOME WITH THE FAMILY.
OH MY JOSIPH—MY LITTUL JOSIPH—
LOOK! SHE'S COMIN' OUT!!
WHAT DOES SHE SAY? I DON'T UNDERSTAND 'ER.
SHE SAY, HE AWRIGHT NAOW. GONNA GIT WELL. SHE GOT POW'FUL MAGIC.
HEAH SON—TAKE A SWIG O' THIS MULE AN' GIT YO'SEF SOME SLEEP.

BENNY — Too Late! — By J. Carver Pusey



NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY — By Clifford McBride

YEAH, I WANT A NEW PAIR OF SHOES. I'M ASHAMED TO BE SEEN IN THESE RELICS. HERE, NAPOLEON, TAKE 'EM OUT AND BURY 'EM.
SORRY SIR, WE'VE TRIED ON EVERYTHING IN THE STORE. I'M AFRAID I CAN'T FIT YOU.

DIXIE DUGAN — Always a Chance — By J. P. McEvoy and J. H. Striebel

MICKEY—CALL YOUR FOLKS AN' TELL THEM YOU'RE STAYING HERE ALL NIGHT
SWELL IDEA! —GEE, MEBBE THAT HANDSOME MYSTERIOUS SALESMAN WILL BE BACK T'SEE YOU
—YOU SAID HE WAS GOOD LOOKING BUT VERY CONCEITED.....I WONDER WHY HE CAME BACK IN THAT DISGUISE — I'LL BET HE WAS JOKING OR—
MICKEY, BEHAVE!
C'MON ALONG, MICKEY, I HAVE TO GO TO THE GROCERY FOR MA — THE WALK'LL DO YOU GOOD
UH—I WAS JUST THINKING, DIXIE.
—MAYBE I'D BETTER STAY HERE AN'—AN' HELP YOUR MOTHER GET SUPPER READY
HMM—I GET IT—!

NED BRANT — A Story of College Athletics — By Bob Zuppke

HOW COME WE'RE STARTING PRACTICE AN HOUR EARLY TODAY?
WE ALWAYS WORK OVERTIME WHEN WE'RE PREPARING TO MEET CARTER
LET'S GO, GANG! GOT ONLY A COUPLE MORE DAYS TO GET READY FOR LUCKY BRANT AND HIS FIVE HORSESHOES, YOU KNOW!
I GUESS YOU FELLOWS KNOW I'D RATHER WIN THIS GAME THAN ANY OTHER ON THE SCHEDULE
WE'LL BATTLE EVERY INCH OF THE WAY, COACH SLADE!
THAT'S THE STUFF! THAT'LL GET 'EM—NED BRANT'LL BE LOOKING FOR A JOB COACHING PUPPIES HOW TO SIT UP AFTER THIS GAME!

Today's Crossword Puzzle

ACROSS

1 Formerly
5 On the ocean
9 Sun
12 Open wide
13 Damage
14 Finial of a spine
15 Think
17 Fell
19 Clears
21 Guiding straps of a harness
22 Choral compositions
26 Old exclamation
27 Liquor
28 Aromatic seed
30 Those addressed
32 Quadrilateral with opposite sides parallel
36 Like
37 Thin fine silk net
38 Biblical character
39 Preposition
40 Possessing consciousness or feeling
43 French city
46 Pulled apart
47 In India, irrigating dams
50 Beverage
53 Pronoun
54 American journalist and diplomat
56 Shallow receptacle
57 Untruth
58 Gambling game
59 Circuit court

DOWN.

1 Self
2 Knock
3 Kind of football play
4 Article of belief
5 Exclamation
6 Mournful
7 Make a mistake
8 Cupid
9 Rich brown color
10 Begin
11 Covers
16 Greek letter
18 Masculine name
20 Stops unintentionally
22 Spanish cloak or mantle
23 Word of sorrow
24 Amount
25 Mute
29 Thus
30 Story: colloq.
31 Send out
33 Garret
34 Symbol for lutecium
35 Card by which a player regains the lead
39 Ascend
41 Pull after
42 Angry
43 Bucket
44 One opposed
45 Waves breaking on the shore
48 Light repast
49 Term of address
51 Organ of hearing
52 Cereal grass
55 Answer the purpose

YESTERDAY'S ANSWER.

S	H	A	H		P	L	A	T	A		S	L	A	B
T	O	G	A		R	A	W	E	R		L	A	D	E
A	B	E	T		O	R	E	A	D		U	N	I	T
B	O	R	R	O	W	E	D		E	G	R	E	T	S
			E	L	L	S		G	N	U				
H	A	N	D	L	E		R	E	T	A	I	N	E	R
O	N	E		A	R	G	O	N		M	O	O	S	E
C	E	N	T		S	A	L	O	N		N	O	T	E
U	N	T	I	E		P	L	A	I	T		S	O	D
S	T	A	N	D	E	E	S		C	R	E	E	P	Y
			A	N	D		P	O	O	L				
B	L	O	O	M	S		S	E	T	T	L	E	R	S
R	O	A	D		A	M	A	T	I	L		O	V	A	L
A	N	T	E		T	O	R	A	N		P	I	N	E
N	E	S	S		E	M	I	L	E		S	L	A	W

Copyright, 1936.

1	2	3	4		5	6	7	8		9	10	11
12					13					14		
15				16		17			18			
		19			20			21				
22	23					24	25		26			
27					28			29			30	31
32			33	34						35		
36			37							38		
		39			40			41	42			
43	44			45			46					
47					48	49		50			51	52
53				54			55		56			
57				58					59			

Auto Death Probed.

Special Dispatch to The Post.

Morgantown, W. Va., Jan. 20.—State police and Dr. R. C. Farier, Monongalia County coroner, are investigating the death of Hayes Fox, 40, of Mount Morris, Pa., in the belief that he was dead at the time an automobile, driven by Ralph B. Thorn, of Morgantown, struck him near the Rocky Forge Inn on the Morgantown-Mount Morris highway.

Thorn said the man was lying across the snowlcovered road when he saw him and that he could not avoid striking him. The right front wheel of the car passed over Fox's knees, and he was dead when Thorn examined him.

Movie Tax Aids Charity.

Special Dispatch to The Post

Cumberland, Md., Jan. 20.—Many charities and public institutions benefit from the recent Sunday motion picture tax. Since its inception, June, 1933, taxes have totaled $15,840.34, and of this amount $14,721.28 has been voted to various groups by the city council.

Five Directors Of R.F.C. Board Are Renamed

Stephens, Former Senator, Is Omitted from List at Own Request.

By the Associated Press.

With the exception of one director, President Roosevelt yesterday proposed to retain intact the top executive personnel of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

Mr. Roosevelt renominated Chairman Jesse H. Jones and all other members of the board except Hubert D. Stephens, New Albany (Miss.) Democrat, who asked that he not be renamed.

Stephens said he had accepted appointment to fill out the unexpired term of Harvey Couch last March with the understanding he would not be reappointed. After a brief rest at his Mississippi home, he said, he probably will resume the practice of law.

Terms Are One Year.

If confirmed by the Senate, those renominated will serve additional one-year terms. Besides Jones, they they are Charles T. Fisher, jr., Detroit automobile executive; Carroll B. Merriam, Topeka (Kans.) banker; Frederic H. Taber, New Bedford (Mass.) manufacturer, banker and attorney, all Republicans; Charles B. Henderson, of San Francisco, former United States Senator from Nevada, a Democrat.

As Secretary of the Treasury, Henry Morgenthau, jr., serves as an ex-officio director.

Jones, who was elected chairman of the corporation in 1933, is expected to continue in this position. He was one of the original directors of the RFC when it was organized under the Hoover Administration.

Native of Tennessee.

Sixty-one years old, Jones was born in Robertson County, Tenn., and moved to Dallas, Tex., in 1894. There he engaged in banking, building and lumber enterprises.

Two months ago Jones was offered the presidency of the Export-Import Banks, succeeding George N. Peek, who resigned after differing with Administration tariff policies. Shortly after the offer was made, Mr. Roosevelt said at Warm Springs, Ga., the RFC chairman would accept it.

Jones, however, has not yet acted. He has said the banks are now doing little active work, and for this reason he has not hurried his decision.

Auto Crash Victim Dies.

Frank McNamara, 25, of Rosedale, N. J., injured on December 22 in an auto accident near Laurel, Md., yesterday at Casualty Hospital.

Wirephoto: 8 Trapped a Mile Down

Copyright by A. P.

The shaft house of the Monarch coal mine at Louisville, Colo., yesterday as crowd began to gather when eight men were trapped by an explosion a mile beneath the surface. Tons of debris blocked rescue parties.

Two Licensees Are Suspended By Liquor Body

Silver Spring and Four Corners Dealers Also to Go on Probation.

Liquor Licenses of Dorsey A. Ellin, proprietor of Pop Ellin's Lunch, Silver Spring, and Julian W. Belber, proprietor of the Northwest Hunt Club, near Four Corners, were suspended for a month yesterday by the Liquor Control Board of Montgomery County.

They had been charged with selling beer to intoxicated persons. They were also placed on probation by the board for the remainder of the license period, which ends April 30.

Charges against Charles A. Collins, of Gaithersburg, were dismissed.

Classes in lip-reading started in the Takoma-Silver Spring Junior High School yesterday, with Miss Helen Collins, special instructor, as teacher. Miss Collins, who has been employed by Montgomery County since the first of the year, has been organizing classes in various schools for children hard of hearing.

Audiometer tests previously made are being supplemented by other tests and examinations to determine if the children can be cured through medical treatment. Between 40 and 50 pupils in county schools are receiving the instruction.

Blast Traps 8

Continued from Page 1.

rescue crews could make any headway against the debris. There is room for only seven men to work at a time. Stretchers were taken down the shaft.

T. E. Jenkins, mine superintendent, expressed belief the explosion resulted from gas generated from the fire.

The trapped men were Kester Novington, Ray Bailey, Tom Stevens, Leland Ward, Steve Davis, Louis Jaramillo, Oscar Baird and Tony De Santis.

Lee Birthday Address Given By Huddleston

Sons of Confederate Veterans Observe Anniversary in Alexandria.

THE WASHINGTON POST BUREAU,
907 Prince St., Alexandria, Va.
Phone Alexandria 553.

Representative George Huddleston, of Birmingham, Ala., was the speaker last night at the dinner given in the George Mason Hotel, Alexandria, commemorating the 129th birthday of Gen. Robert E. Lee. The local Sons of Confederate Veterans selected the day after Gen. Lee's birthday for the observance.

R. Samuel Luckett, commander of the Robert E. Lee Camp, Sons of Confederate Veterans, presided and introduced the speaker whose subject was "General Lee."

Gen. Lee's farewell address was read by William Lindsay Carne, adjutant of the Sons of Veterans Camp, reading from the original copy, the property of Robert E. Lee Camp, United Confederate Veterans, of Alexandria, which ceased to function with the death of the last Alexandria member, Gen. Edgar Warfield, November, 1934.

The dinner was served at 7:30 p. m. in the Lee room of the George Mason, with the three Confederate battleflags belonging to the camp and a large painting of Gen. Lee as a background. There were no Confederate veterans present and only one woman who remembers the War Between the States, Mrs. C. C. C. Peyton, who as a girl of 9 years fled from Alexandria with her parents, the late Capt. and Mrs. William Pauli, as the Union troops entered the city. Approximately 50 members of the sons and of the United Daughters of the Confederacy were present.

A musical program was given by Mrs. D. C. Book, pianist, and Mrs. Margaret F. Bailey and Miss Margaret Moncure, soloists.

The Alexandria Medical Society has announced the election of the following officers for the year: Dr. W. Clyde West, president; Dr. Francis Bloise, vice president; Dr. William B. Wilkins, secretary-treasurer.

The following have been appointed on the public relations committee to co-operate with the City of Alexandria on public health matters: Drs. W. C. West, W. T. Burch, W. B. Wilkins, H. D. Wolff, C. L. Fifer, Hugh McGuire, M. D. Delaney, J. W. Love, O. A. Ryder, H. A. Latane, Llewellyn Powell, H. A. Hornthal and S. B. Moore.

Dr. Carson L. Fifer, chairman of this district of the American Society for the Prevention of Cancer, has presented the local organization with a program of public instruction in the early diagnosis and treatment of malignant disease. The medical society plans to co-operate with civic organizations in showing the pictures and giving free lectures in the interest of public health.

Martha Washington Chapter, Order of Eastern Star, will observe Masonic night at their meeting at 8 o'clock tonight. Past Grand Master of Masons in Virginia William Mosley Brown will give a talk on "The Guilt of Incompetency." All Master Masons and their wives are invited.

J. [illegible] McKinney, of the Naval Air Station, Washington, reported to the Alexandria police shortly after 3:45 a. m. yesterday that his automobile had been stolen from in front of the Pair o' Dice Inn on the River Road, in the city limits. Within an hour after the local police had broadcast the theft, a young man, giving the name of William E. Bosman, 2008 Cecil avenue, Baltimore, was caught in Fredericksburg.

Detective Lieut. Edgar Sims and Police Sergt. George Everly went to Fredericksburg yesterday and brought the man to Alexandria for a hearing.

Bank Holiday for Lee Balks Cup Presentation in Fairfax

Gift for Richardson Safely Locked in Vault Guarded by Time Lock.

There was a crisis in old Fairfax, Va., yesterday, an exceedingly embarrassing crisis.

Three members of the Fairfax County Bar Association—Virginians, all of them apparently forgot that yesterday was the birthday of Robert E. Lee.

The crisis seriously affected the bar association's plans for presenting a silver loving cup to F. W. Richardson out of respect for the 55 years he spent, until his retirement December 31, as clerk of the circuit court.

In fact, the crisis forced the postponement of the presentation ceremony which was to have taken place yesterday in Fairfax Courthouse.

Leading attorneys throughout the State—about 100 altogether—had been invited. All the officers of the association were to have been there. Circuit Judge Walter T. McCarthy was to have been present. In truth, the ceremony was just about to happen, when someone thought of the loving cup.

The committee in charge of arrangements—R. Walton Moore, assistant secretary of State; Wilson M. Farr, former Commonwealth attorney, and John Barbour—had seen to it that the cup was locked in the vault of the National Bank of Fairfax for safe keeping. The cup is worth $125.

Thoughts of the cup—so necessary to the success of the ceremony—led to the remembrance of Lee's birthday and the fact that throughout the State all banks were closed.

The Fairfax bank's vault operates on a time lock. None, not even the bank president, will be able to reach the loving cup before 8 o'clock this morning.

Mrs. Clark Dies At Silver Spring

Mrs. Margaret M. Clark, 63, died at her home, 815 Islington street, Silver Spring, Md., Sunday after a long illness.

Born in Washington, Mrs. Clark lived here until six years ago, when she moved to Silver Spring. She was the widow of Thomas C. Clark, of Washington. She was a member of St. Michael's Catholic Church in Silver Spring.

Surviving are three sons, Thomas E. Clark, of Silver Spring, and Bernard W. and Joseph E. Clark, of Washington, and a daughter, Mrs. Margaret McNayer, of Washington.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow at 9 a. m. at her home, to be followed by requiem mass at St. Michael's Church at 9:30 a. m. Burial will be in Glenwood Cemetery.

City's 'Best Democrat' Now Resides at Jail

"I'm the be tsDemocrat in Washington and I'm going to vote for President Roosevelt next time. I think you ought to give me a break."

But Police Court Judge Walter J. Casey, who is a Democrat, didn't like Joe Bailey's appeal for clemency when Bailey was arraigned yesterday for drunkenness. The court called for $20 or 20 days. Bailey didn't have $20.

Maxwell Lawyers Preparing Appeal

Edith Maxwell's attorneys yesterday continued their work preparing her appeal, which will be heard by the Virginia State Supreme Court of Appeals.

It is their hope that this court will set aside the conviction of the Wise County, Va., school teacher, who has been sentenced to serve 25 years in prison for the murde of her father. She pleaded self defense.

Three contributions received yesterday brought The Post's Edith Maxwell Defense Fund to $826.68. The donors were L. E. C., 50 cents; Mrs. L. E. W., $1, and J. L. Price, $2.50.

Cut of $64,500 In Electric Rate Is P. U. C. Plan

Hearing to Be Held Shortly; 1935 Corporate Income Was $5,029,000.

A cut of $64,500 in consumer rates of the Potomac Electric & Power Co. is in prospect for this year, it was disclosed yesterday at the Public Utilities Commission.

The disclosure was made after the utility company had filed a report with the commission that its net corporate income for 1935 was $5,029,000.

Plans are now bing made for hearing this month on the annual adjustment of electric power rates based on the company's sliding scale rate plan.

Proposals that the rate of return be reduced below the present 7 per cent rate will also be considered by the commission at the annual hearing.

People's Counsel William A. Roberts and William McK. Clayton, chairman of the Public Utilities Committee of the Federation of Citizens Associations, have demanded that the rate of return be reduced to 6 per cent.

Should their demands be heeded, the reduced rate would not become effective until 1937.

The rate base for 1935 increased to $70,000,000, it was reported at the commission. Under the rate agreement of providing for an initial return of 7 per cent, the return would amount to $4,900,000, leaving about $129,000 available as excess profits.

Half of this excess profits, or $64,500, would be used for consumer rate cuts.

Bakers Urged by Head To Back New Farm Plan

Chicago, Jan. 20 (AP).—Bakers were advised today by their president, Henry F. Stude, to line up behind some farm program to succeed the AAA. The baker cannot hope to have prosperity unless the farmer does, Stude said in his annual report to the board of governors of the American Bakers Association.

I'll never be bald

WE are all born with the scalp structure necessary to grow hair and to keep it growing. That structure continues to produce a normal growth of hair until (1) some local infection attacks it; or (2) neglect and improper care chokes and stunts the growing hair.

Even when the hair disappears from your scalp, your hair-growing structure is still alive and ready to function. To make your hair continue to grow normally you must first remove local scalp infections and then stimulate and nourish the tiny glands which are asleep in your scalp.

Thomas treatment accomplishes these ends quickly and surely. Dandruff disappears; hair-fall stops; and new hair starts to grow on the thin, and bald spots. Come in today and find out more about this reliable, proved scalp treatment. No charge is made for a complete scalp examination at any time.

THE THOMAS'

World's Leading Hair and Scalp Specialists—Forty-five Offices

Suite 1050-51 Washington Building
(Corner N. Y. Avenue and 15th St. N.W.)
HOURS—9 A. M. to 7 P. M. SATURDAY to 3:30 P. M.

Here's one cigarette that writes its own advertising..

It's like this—

You see I'm reading a Chesterfield advertisement and I'm smoking a Chesterfield cigarette, and all of you are smoking Chesterfields.

Now listen—Chesterfields are mild (not strong, not harsh). That's true isn't it?

Then you read "and yet they satisfy, please your taste, give you what you want in a cigarette." That says it, doesn't it?

Wait a minute—

It says now that Chesterfields have plenty of aroma and flavor. One of you go out of the room and come back. That will tell you how pleasing the aroma is.

Chesterfield writes its own advertising

© 1936, Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.